DIWANG INDUSTRIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

帝王實業控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

(Stock Code: 1950) (股份代號: 1950)



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Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Hua

Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel

Mr. Sun Jingang

Mr. Cheung Ka Wai (Appointed on 31 July 2024)

Mr. Tse Chun Chung (Resigned on 31 July 2024)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Au Hei Ching

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace

Ms. Zhou Xiaochun

Mr. Huang Zhenming (Appointed on 24 January 2024)

Mr. Zheng Yu (Resigned on 24 January 2024)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (Chairman)

Mr. Au Hei Ching

Ms. Zhou Xiaochun

Mr. Huang Zhenming (Appointed on 24 January 2024)

Mr. Zheng Yu (Resigned on 24 January 2024)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (Chairman)

Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel

Mr. Au Hei Ching

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Hua

Ms. Zhou Xiaochun

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Mr. Wong Ka Sing (Appointed as company secretary on 1 March 2024 and redesignated as joint company secretary on 7 June 2024)

Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel (Appointed as joint company secretary on 7 June 2024)

Mr. Chan Ming Kei (Resigned as company secretary on 1 March 2024)

董事會

執行董事

陳華先生

林錦洸先生

孫金剛先生

張家偉先生(於2024年7月31日委任)

謝震中先生(於2024年7月31日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

區禧靖先生

李暢悦先生

周筱春女士

黄振明先生(於2024年1月24日委任)

鄭宇先生(於2024年1月24日辭任)

審核委員會

李暢悦先生(主席)

區禧靖先生

周筱春女士

黄振明先生(於2024年1月24日委任)

鄭宇先生(於2024年1月24日辭任)

提名委員會

李暢悦先生(主席)

林錦洸先生

區禧靖先生

薪酬委員會

李暢悦先生(主席)

陳華先生

周筱春女士

聯席公司秘書

黃家昇先生(於2024年3月1日獲委任為公司秘書及於2024年6月7日獲調任為聯席公司秘書)

林錦洸先生(於2024年6月7日獲委任為聯席公司秘書)

陳銘基先生(於2024年3月1日辭任公司秘書)

Corporate Information 公司資料

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel Mr. Wong Ka Sing *(Appointed on 1 March 2024)* Mr. Chan Ming Kei *(Resigned on 1 March 2024)*

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

KTC Partners CPA Limited Room 1305-07, 13/F., New East Ocean Centre 9 Science Museum Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANK

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.dwhl1950.com

STOCK CODE

1950

REGISTERED OFFICE

Ogier Global (Cayman) Limited 89 Nexus Way, Camana Bay Grand Cayman KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

授權代表

林錦洸先生 黃家昇先生(於2024年3月1日委任) 陳銘基先生(於2024年3月1日辭任)

獨立核數師

中瑞和信會計師事務所有限公司 香港九龍尖沙咀東部 科學館道9號 新東海商業中心 13樓1305-07室

主要往來銀行

交通銀行股份有限公司中國銀行(香港)有限公司

公司網站

www.dwhl1950.com

股份代號

1950

註冊辦事處

Ogier Global (Cayman) Limited 89 Nexus Way, Camana Bay Grand Cayman KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

Corporate Information

公司資料

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

No.2, Jiangshan Road Meicheng Town Jiande County Hangzhou City Zhejiang Province PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

1101, 11th Floor, Gloucester Tower, The Landmark, 15 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ogier Global (Cayman) Limited 89 Nexus Way, Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

總部及中國主要營業地點

中國 浙州市 建德城鎮 梅城路2號

香港主要營業地點

香港 皇后大道中15號 置地廣場告羅士打大廈 11樓1101室

主要股份過戶登記處

Ogier Global (Cayman) Limited 89 Nexus Way, Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "Year" or "Reporting Period"), the revenue of the Group was approximately RMB566,475,000 (2023: RMB570,572,000), representing an slight decrease of approximately RMB4,097,000 or 0.72% as compared to the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "Prior Year").

The gross profit of the Group for the Year was approximately RMB257,299,000 (2023: RMB233,383,000), representing an increase of approximately RMB23,916,000 or 10.3% as compared to the Prior Year.

For the Year, the Group recorded net profit of approximately RMB30,015,000 as compared to the net profit of approximately RMB24,874,000 for the Prior Year. Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company was approximately RMB30,030,000 (2023: RMB19,451,000).

The basic and diluted earning per share was RMB4.17 cents (2023: basic and diluted earning per share was RMB4.11 cents.

The Board has resolved not to declare the final dividend for the Year.

截至2024年12月31日止年度(「本年度」或「報告期」),本集團的收入較截至2023年12月31日止年度(「上一年度」)輕微減少約人民幣4,097,000元或0.72%,為約人民幣566,475,000元(2023年:人民幣570,572,000元)。

於本年度,本集團的毛利較上一年度增加約人民幣23,916,000元或10.3%,為約人民幣257,299,000元(2023年:人民幣233,383,000元)。

於本年度,本集團錄得淨利潤約人民幣30,015,000元,而上一年度為淨利潤約人民幣24,874,000元。本公司擁有人應佔年度利潤約為人民幣30,030,000元(2023年:人民幣19,451,000元)。

每股基本及攤薄盈利為人民幣4.17分(2023年:每股基本及攤薄盈利人民幣4.11分。

董事會已決議不宣派本年度的末期股息。

Statement from the Board of Directors

董事會致辭

To all shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Diwang Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company"), we are pleased to present the annual report along with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year.

China's economy is expected to rebound in 2024, with GDP growth projected to be around 5-6%. This recovery will be supported by government stimulus measures, increased domestic consumption, and a rebound in manufacturing. Following the lifting of COVID-19 restrictions, consumer confidence is on the rise. Retail sales are anticipated to grow as households increase spending on services and goods, particularly in tourism and entertainment. As we review the 2024 global economy, we see a mix of opportunities and challenges. While growth is expected, external factors such as geopolitical tensions and inflationary pressures will require careful navigation.

During the year, the Group continues to strive in its businesses, which include the research, manufacturing, and sales of coating agents and synthetic resins (the "Faux Leather Chemicals Business") as well as the production and sale of Chinese liquor products (the "Chinese Liquor Business"). Throughout the reporting period, the domestic economy of Mainland China is likely to see steady growth, driven by both domestic demand and exports. However, global trade tensions and shifts in supply chains may impact certain industries. Despite these challenges, the Faux Leather Chemicals Business remained stable during the year due to our increased efforts in sales and marketing activities. Simultaneously, the Chinese Liquor Business has continued to experience growth, with customers welcoming our Chinese baijiu products, which seem to have sustainable demand. This business has become a significant contributor to the Group's revenue.

As market challenges evolve, the Company is equipped with a diverse range of strategies to address these issues. The year 2025 presents a complex array of challenges. Our Company must be proactive in adapting to regulatory changes, shifting consumer preferences, and geopolitical dynamics. Those that prioritize innovation, sustainability, and strategic flexibility will be better positioned to thrive in this competitive landscape.

致各位股東:

我們謹代表帝王實業控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」),欣然呈報本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)於本年度的年報連同經審核綜合財務報表。

中國經濟有望在2024年實現復蘇,預計GDP增速將達到約5%至6%。該復甦將受益於政府刺激政策、內需增長及製造業回暖三大支撑因素。隨著COVID-19防控措施解除,消費者信心持續回升,零售銷預計將因家庭在服務與商品(尤其是旅遊和娛樂領域)的支出增加而提升。繼觀2024年全球經濟,機遇與挑戰共存。儘管增長可期,惟外部風險(如地緣政治緊張局勢與通脹壓力)仍需審慎應對。

隨著市場挑戰持續演變,本公司已構建多元化策略組合以應對各類問題。2025年將面臨錯綜複雜的挑戰,我們必須以積極主動姿態適應監管政策變動、消費者偏好變遷及地緣政治動態。在當前的競爭格局中,唯有優先重視創新突破、可持續實踐與戰略靈活性的企業,方能構築競爭優勢實現持續發展。

Statement from the Board of Directors

董事會致辭

The Group is experiencing energetic growth and development across its Chinese Liquor Business. As we look to the future, it is essential for us to pivot our focus from the traditional Faux Leather Chemicals Business to the burgeoning Chinese liquor market, particularly the dynamic Chinese liquor sector. This strategic shift is driven by our recognition of the immense growth potential with evolving consumer preferences and demand within the domestic alcoholic beverage industry. The Chinese baijiu business provides us with an opportunity to enter a market that is not only rich in cultural significance but also has a continuously growing demand, making it a focus for our business development. To facilitate this shift of business focus, the Group will undertake several key initiatives through constant Chinese liquor market research and product development, seeking strategic partnerships with e-commerce platforms to maintain sustainable growth and elevate our brand position in the Chinese liquor industry. Also, the Company has been actively exploring new opportunities and possibilities, which aims to promote return to shareholders including but not limited to various potential markets and products involving traditional Faux Leather Chemicals. Announcement(s) will be made on the Group's development in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (where applicable) as and when appropriate.

本集團白酒業務正呈現增長熊勢。展望未 來,我們必須將重點從傳統的人造皮革化 學品業務轉向蓬勃發展的中國白酒市場, 特別是充滿活力的中國白酒產業。這一策 略轉變是因應國內酒精飲料行業巨大的成 長潛力和不斷變化的消費者偏好及需求而 推動的。中國白酒業務為我們新一年度重 點發展之業務,並提供了一個進入這個不 僅具有豐富文化意義而且需求不斷增長的 市場的契機。為促進此業務焦點的轉變, 本集團將透過持續的中國白酒市場研究和 產品開發、尋求與電子商務平台的策略合 作夥伴關係等採取多項關鍵措施,致力於 保持永續成長並提升我們在中國白酒產業 的品牌地位。此外,本公司一直積極探索 新的機遇及可能性,旨在促進股東回報, 包括但不限於涉及傳統人造皮革化學品的 各種潛在市場及產品。本公司將根據香港 聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(如適 用),於適時刊發有關本集團發展的公告。

APPRECIATION

Finally, we would like to express our gratitude to all employees, shareholders, and business partners of the Group. As we look positively toward the future, the Group will continue to seek opportunities and create long-term value for our shareholders and society.

致謝

最後,本人謹在此向集團所有員工、股東和業務合作夥伴表示衷心的感謝。本集團將把握時機,勇闖未來,繼續為股東和社會創造長遠價值。

On behalf of the Board **Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel** *Executive Director* Hong Kong, 28 March 2025 代表董事會 *執行董事* 林錦洸 香港,2025年3月28日

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS BUSINESS REVIEW

During the Year, the Group engaged in two primary business activities: the Faux Leather Chemicals Business and the Chinese Liquor Business.

FAUX LEATHER CHEMICALS BUSINESS

Revenue generated from the Faux Leather Chemicals Business amounted to approximately RMB262,495,000 for the Year (2023: RMB262,546,000), which remained stable as compared to the Prior Year. The gross profit of this segment for the Year was approximately RMB55,700,000 (2023: RMB55,489,000).

The gross profit margin remained stable at approximately 21.2% for the Year comparing to approximately 21.1% for the Prior Year.

Selling and distribution expenses for the Year were approximately RMB15,187,000 (2023: RMB12,920,000). The increase in selling and distribution expenses was mainly due to the increase in sales and marketing activities. Selling and distribution expenses for the Year accounted for approximately 5.79% (2023: approximately 4.92%) of the segment revenue. Segment profit was approximately RMB14,270,000 (2023: RMB21,505,000).

CHINESE LIQUOR BUSINESS

The Group began manufacturing and selling of Chinese baijiu products in the PRC with a view to exploring business opportunities in the food and beverage business in the PRC in year 2022.

業務回顧及前景

業務回顧

於本年度,本集團主要從事兩個主要業務: 人工革化學品業務及白酒業務。

人工革化學品業務

本年度人工革化學品業務產生的收入為約人民幣262,495,000元(2023年:人民幣262,546,000元),與上一年度相比保持穩定。本年度此分部的毛利約為人民幣55,700,000元(2023年:人民幣55,489,000元)。

本年度的毛利率保持穩定,為約21.2%, 而上一年度則為約21.1%。

於本年度,銷售及分銷開支約為人民幣 15,187,000元(2023年:人民幣12,920,000元)。銷售及分銷開支上升的主要原因是從事的銷售及營銷活動增加所致。於本年度,銷售及分銷開支約佔分部收入的約5.79%(2023年:約4.92%)。分部溢利約人民幣 14,270,000元(2023年:人民幣21,505,000元)。

白酒業務

2022年,本集團已開始於中國生產及銷售 白酒產品,旨在探索於中國開展食品及飲 料業務的商機。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

During the Year, our Chinese Liquor Business was mainly operated a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company by 福建王池帝醬酒業有限公司 (Fujian Wangchidi Sauce And Wine Company Limited*) ("Fujian Wangchidi") established under the laws of PRC.

In operating the Chinese Liquor Business, we focus on the development of drinking formula, design and brand-building strategy of the baijiu products and as such, we procure all necessary raw materials via the materials procurement services provided by an independent wine factory in producing the Chinese baijiu products and outsources the manufacturing process to such independent wine factory to produce the Chinese baijiu products via an original equipment manufacturer arrangement.

Our Chinese baijiu products comprise a comprehensive range of aromatic-flavour baijiu products formulated by us with varied packaging, alcohol content, design, taste, etc. with competitive prices targeting the young to middle-aged public to middle class consumer market in the PRC.

During the Year, the segment revenue from Chinese Liquor Business slightly decreased for approximately RMB4,060,000 or 1.31% from approximately RMB308,026,000 for the Prior Year to approximately RMB303,980,000 for the Year. The gross profit was approximately RMB201,598,000 (2023: RMB177,894,000) after accounting for the cost of raw materials and production fee. The Company promotes and explores sales channels of its Chinese baijiu products by (i) placing advertisements at airports, train stations and online media platforms; and (ii) hosting wine tasting events and various wine exhibitions and wine trade fairs in the PRC. Segment profit was approximately RMB29,669,000 (2023: RMB23,407,000)

DIVIDENDS

The Board has resolved not to declare the final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024.

* English translation of the name for identification only

於本年度,我們的白酒業務主要運營根據中國法律成立之福建王池帝醬酒業有限公司(「福建王池帝」)擁有之本公司之全資附屬公司。

於經營白酒業務時,我們專注白酒產品的飲用配方開發、設計及品牌建設策略,因此,我們通過獨立白酒工廠提供的材料採購服務採購生產白酒產品所需的所有原材料,並通過原設備製造商安排將製造流程外則予該獨立白酒工廠生產白酒產品。

我們的白酒產品包含我們配製的全系列醇 香白酒產品,包裝、酒精度、設計、口味 各異,且價格具競爭力,瞄準中國年輕一 代大眾到中產階級的消費市場。

於本年度,來自白酒業務的分部收入由上一年度的約人民幣308,026,000元輕微減少約人民幣4,060,000元或1.31%,至本年度的約人民幣303,980,000元。經計及原材料成本及生產費用後,毛利約幣人民幣201,598,000元(2023年:人民幣201,598,000元(2023年:人民幣217,894,000元)。本公司將通過以下方式推廣及探索其白酒產品的銷售管道:(i)在機場、火車站及網絡媒體平台投放廣告管題、火車站及網絡媒體平台投放廣告等及酒類商品展銷會。分部溢利約人民幣29,669,000元(2023年:人民幣23,407,000元)。

股息

董事會已決議不宣派截至2024年12月31日 止年度的末期股息。

管理層討論及分析

PROSPECT

Our Business Strategies and Future Prospects

The year 2024 was characterized by significant global uncertainty stemming from the ongoing political instability between Russia and Ukraine. This turmoil adversely affected the global economy, influencing the trading landscape, the financial sector, and interest rates, necessitating a period of adjustment and recovery. As a result, we anticipate that challenges such as economic uncertainty, market volatility, and unpredictable geopolitical tensions will persist in their impact on the global economy throughout 2025.

In forecasting China's economic growth for 2025, although the trade conflicts between China and the U.S. represent a complicating factor. Both governments are considering their respective interests in taxation, while their economies are interconnected and mutually influential. They face unique challenges and competitive dynamics that shape their future trajectories, affecting global trade as well. Nevertheless, China's economy is expected to rebound. The domestic economy is anticipated to recover, supported by government stimulus measures and increased domestic consumption, which will benefit consumer confidence. Retail sales are expected to grow as households increase spending on services and goods, particularly in tourism and entertainment. In conclusion, China's economy is projected to grow, bolstered by government policies that support an optimistic macroeconomic outlook for the consumption market.

Our Group is aligning further targets to increase our market share through strategic management, planning, and the expansion of our two core businesses, as well as establishing protective measures from a sustainable perspective. We will continue to enhance our overall competitiveness and market share by improving our premium long-term relationships with existing customers, proactively developing new customers, strengthening our research and development capabilities, and further expanding our product portfolio and geographical coverage.

Given an optimistic forecast of the macroeconomics in China consumption market, the business environment is still expected to be challenging in the future with more entrants of competitors following by economy recovery; thus our Group is preparing to address relevant issues and needs by stronger market campaign in order to increase our market share. We will remain focusing on enhancing the Faux Leather Chemicals and Chinese Liquor Business through maintaining sustainable growth and exploring our product varieties to wider classes of customers.

前景

我們的業務策略及未來前景

2024年以俄烏間持續政治不穩定所引發的顯著全球不確定性為特徵。這種動盪對全球經濟造成負面影響,波及貿易格局、金融業和利率,迫使各國進入調整與恢復期。因此我們預計,經濟不確定性、市場波動性和難以預測的地緣政治緊張局勢等挑戰,將在2025年持續對全球經濟產生影響。

本集團將通過戰略管理、規劃及拓展兩大 核心業務,並從可持續發展視角制定保護 性措施,進一步調整目標以提升市場份額。 我們將持續深化與現有客戶的優質長期合 作關係,積極開拓新客戶資源,強化研發 能力,進一步擴充產品組合與區域覆蓋範 圍,從而全面提升整體競爭力與市場佔有 率。

儘管對中國消費市場宏觀經濟持樂觀預期, 惟隨著經濟復蘇帶來的競爭者涌入,未來 營商環境仍將充滿挑戰。為此,本集團 劃通過強化市場推廣活動應對相關問題和 需求,以提升市場份額。我們將持續聚焦 人造革化學品與白酒業務板塊,在保持可 持續增長的同時,拓展產品種類以覆蓋更 廣泛的客戶群體。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Meanwhile, the Group sees the opportunities in expansion of our Chinese Liquor Business in coping with the expected growth in consumption capacity. Our Group's Chinese liquor products were repositioned and renamed with our in-house brands "Dihuangchi" (帝皇池) and "Dilongchi" (帝龍池) to effectively target specific customer segments and replace the brand "Diwang Chi" (帝王池) for the Group's Chinese liquor products since September 2023. From July 2024, the Group's Chinese liquor products under the brands "Dihuangchi" and "Dilongchi" are exclusively produced by 貴州省仁懷市茅台鎮華星酒業有限公司 (Guizhou Province Renhuai City Maotai Town Huaxing Wine Co., Ltd) ("Huaxing **Liquor Factory**"). Additionally, from November 2024, 貴州省 仁懷市茅臺鎮大唐酒業有限公司 (Guizhou Province Renhuai City Maotai Town Datang Liquor Co., Ltd) ("Datang Liquor"), a company incorporated on the People's Republic of China, was designated as the bottling base and responsible for producing the Group's alternate brand of Chinese liquor products. Datang Liquor has developed into a comprehensive enterprise integrating Chinese liquor production, storage, packaging, marketing, product research and development, where Datang Liquor produces thousand tons of high quality Maotai flavor Chinese liquor annually with an abundant reserve of base liquor. With the expertise of our company's management team and Fujian Wangchidi, we can ensure the smooth operation of the Chinese baijiu production and facilitate effective communication and collaboration with the outsourced Chinese Liquor processing factories. Our sales channels are also expanding through implementation of various marketing strategies and advertisement. The Company believes that the Chinese Liquor Business will contribute a more significant value to the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

與此同時,本集團認為,白酒業務的擴張 機遇可迎合預期的消費能力增長。自2023 年9月起,本集團的白酒產品重新定位並更 名為自有品牌「帝皇池」及「帝龍池」,以有 效針對特定客戶群,並取代本集團的白酒 產品品牌「帝王池」。自2024年7月起,本集 團旗下「帝皇池 | 及 「帝龍池 | 品牌的白酒產 品由貴州省仁懷市茅台鎮華星酒業有限公 司(「華星酒廠」)獨家生產。此外,自2024 年11月起,本集團指定在中華人民共和國 註冊成立的貴州省仁懷市茅臺鎮大唐酒業 有限公司(「大唐酒業」)作為封壇基地,負 責生產集團另一品牌的白酒產品。大唐酒 業已發展為集白酒生產、儲存、包裝、行 銷及產品研發於一體的綜合性企業,每年 可生產千噸級優質茅台風味白酒,並擁有 充足的基酒儲備。憑藉本公司管理層及福 建王池帝的專業知識,可以確保白酒生產 的順暢運營,促進與外判白酒加工工廠的 高效溝通與合作。透過實施各種營銷策略 及廣告宣傳,亦可以拓闊我們的銷售渠道。 本公司相信,白酒業務將整體上為本公司 及其股東貢獻重大價值。

管理層討論及分析

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's current assets were approximately RMB557,411,000 (31 December 2023: RMB548,637,000), mainly comprising cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits), inventories, trade and bills receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Group's current liabilities were approximately RMB155,653,000 (31 December 2023: RMB95,582,000). The current ratio (the ratio of current assets to current liabilities) decreased from approximately 5.74 times as at 31 December 2023 to approximately 3.58 times as at 31 December 2024.

As at 31 December 2024, bank borrowings were approximately RMB64,500,000 (31 December 2023: RMB25,000,000) which of which RMB49,500,000 carried at a fixed rate and RMB15,000,000 carried at a variable rate. The bank borrowings were denominated in RMB.

* English translation of the name for identification only

Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio is the ratio of net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total debt net of cash and cash equivalents. As at 31 December 2024, the Group recorded gearing ratio at 1.01% (31 December 2023: the Group recorded a net cash position).

Capital expenses

During the Year, the Group's capital expenditure was approximately RMB127,301,000, representing an increase of RMB112,318,000 as compared to that of RMB14,983,000 in the Prior Year. Capital expenditure relates primarily to the purchase of plant and equipment.

Capital Commitments

The capital commitments not provided for in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2024 was RMB1,451,000 (31 December 2023: RMB1,614,000), which represented the purchase of plant and machinery and automated transformation contracts.

Capital structure

The number of issued ordinary shares of the Company (the "**Shares**") as at 31 December 2024 was 720,000,000 Shares (31 December 2023: 720,000,000 Shares).

The authorised share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2024 was US\$5,000,000 divided into 2,000,000,000 Shares with par value of US\$0.0025 each (31 December 2023: US\$5,000,000 divided into 2,000,000,000 Shares of par value of US\$0.0025 each).

流動資金及資金來源

截至2024年12月31日,本集團流動資產約為人民幣557,411,000元(2023年12月31日:人民幣548,637,000元),主要包括現金及銀行結餘(包括已抵押銀行存款)、存貨、貿易及票據應收款項、預付款項法安金及其他應收款項及按公平值計入民幣之金融資產。本集團流動負債約為人民幣155,653,000元(2023年12月31日:人民幣95,582,000元)。流動比率(流動資產與流動負債比率)由2023年12月31日的約5.74倍降低至2024年12月31日的約3.58倍。

於2024年12月31日,銀行借貸約為人民幣64,500,000元(2023年12月31日:人民幣25,000,000元),其中人民幣49,500,000元按固定利率計息以及人民幣15,000,000元按浮動利率計息。銀行借貸以人民幣計值。

資本負債比率

資本負債比率為債務淨額除以總權益的比率。債務淨額乃按總債務減現金及現金等價物計算。於2024年12月31日,本集團錄得資本負債比率1.01%(2023年12月31日:本集團錄得淨現金狀況)。

資本開支

於本年度,本集團資本開支約為人民幣 127,301,000元,較上一年度的人民幣 14,983,000元增加人民幣112,318,000元。 資本支出主要與購買廠房設備有關。

資本承擔

於2024年12月31日未於綜合財務報表中作 撥備的資本承擔為人民幣1,451,000元(2023 年12月31日:人民幣1,614,000元),為購 買廠房機器設備及自動化改造等合約。

資本架構

於2024年12月31日本公司已發行普通股(「**股份**」)數目為720,000,000股股份(2023年12月31日:720,000,000股股份)。

於2024年12月31日,本公司之法定股本為5,000,000美元,分為2,000,000,000股每股面值0.0025美元之股份(2023年12月31日:5,000,000美元,分為2,000,000,000股每股面值0.0025美元之股份)。

管理層討論及分析

Share Consolidation

On 5 March 2023, the Company announced a proposed share consolidation on the basis that every five existing Shares of par value of US\$0.0005 each into one consolidated share of par value of US\$0.0025 each (the "Consolidated Share") in the share capital of the Company (the "Share Consolidation") and increase in authorised share capital of the Company (the "Increase in Authorised Share Capital").

Upon the Share Consolidation became effective on 30 May 2023, the authorised share capital of the Company became US\$1,000,000 divided into 400,000,000 Consolidated Shares with par value of US\$0.0025 each, of which 288,000,000 Consolidated Shares were in issue and fully paid or credited as fully paid. Immediately following the Share Consolidation, the authorised share capital of the Company increased from US\$1,000,000 to US\$5,000,000 divided into 2,000,000,000 Consolidated Shares by the creation of an additional 1,600,000,000 Consolidated Shares.

Details of the Share Consolidation and the Increase in Authorised Share Capital were set out in the Company's announcements dated 5 March 2023, 14 April 2023, 18 April 2023, 5 May 2023, 12 May 2023, 29 May 2023 and 30 May 2023.

Rights Issue

On 5 March 2023, the Company announced a proposed rights issue on the basis of three rights shares (the "Rights Shares") for every two Shares in issue at a subscription price of HK\$0.67 per Rights Share (the "Rights Issue") to raise for approximately HK\$289,440,000 million by issuing 432,000,000 Rights Shares to the qualifying shareholders. One valid acceptance and application had been received for a total of 1,128,309 Rights Shares. The Company has, pursuant to Rule 7.21(1)(b) of the Listing Rules, made the compensatory arrangements by entering into a placing agreement (the "Placing Agreement") with a placing agent (the "Placing Agent") pursuant to which the Company conditionally appointed the Placing Agent and the Placing Agent conditionally agreed to act as the placing agent for the Company to procure, on a best effort basis, placees to subscribe for the 430,871,691 untaken shares ("Untaken Shares") in accordance with the terms of the Placing Agreement. As all the 430,871,691 Untaken Shares were successfully placed at the price of HK\$0.67 per Share under the placing to more than six placees.

On 28 July 2023, the Company allotted and issued 432,000,000 Rights Shares at subscription price of HK\$0.67 per Rights Shares, representing 100% of the total number of Rights Shares offered for subscription under the Rights Issue. The subscription price of the Rights Shares was approximately a premium of 1.52% over the theoretical closing price of HK\$0.66 per Share (after taking into account the effect of the Share Consolidation) based on the closing price of HK\$0.132 per share as quoted on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 3 March 2023, being the last trading day). The net proceeds from the Rights Issue (after deducting the estimated expenses) were approximately HK\$286.55 million, representing a net price of approximately HK\$0.663 per Rights Share. The analysis of the intended use and the status of the net proceeds up to the date of this report is as below.

股份合併

於2023年3月5日,本公司宣佈建議按本公司股本中每五股每股面值0.0005美元之現有股份合併為一股每股面值0.0025美元之合併股份(「合併股份」)之基準進行股份合併(「股份合併」)以及增加本公司之法定股本(「增加法定股本」)。

股份合併於2023年5月30日生效後,本公司之法定股本為1,000,000美元,分為400,000,000股每股面值0.0025美元之合併股份,其中288,000,000股合併股份為已發行及繳足或入賬列作繳足。緊隨股份合併後,透過增設額外1,600,000,000股合併股份,本公司之法定股本由1,000,000美元增加至5,000,000美元(分為2,000,000,000股合併股份)。

股份合併及增加法定股本之詳情載於本公司日期為2023年3月5日、2023年4月14日、2023年4月18日、2023年5月5日、2023年5月30日之公告。

供股

於2023年7月28日,本公司按認購價每股供股份0.67港元配發及發行432,000,000股供股股份,佔供股項下提呈可供認購之供股股份總數之100%。供股股份之認購價的於一個人。 使股份為數之100%。供股股份之認購價的股份之理論收份合併之影響,按股份之理論收份合併之影響,按股份之犯實價的之3023年3月3日(即最後交所」)所報收港價級2023年3月3日(即最後交所」)所報收淨價約於合數所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)所報收淨價約於合稅132港元計算)。供股所得款項淨額(相當於每股供股股份淨價約0.663港元。截至出當於每股供股股份淨價約0.663港元。截至

管理層討論及分析

Upon completion of the Rights Issue on 28 July 2023, the number of Shares in issue became 720,000,000 of par value US\$0.0025 each thereafter.

Details of the Rights Issue were set out in the Company's announcements dated 5 March 2023, 18 April 2023, 5 May 2023, 30 May 2023, 3 July 2023, 27 July 2023, circular dated 5 May 2023 and prospectus dated 9 June 2023.

The analysis of the intended use and the status of the net proceeds up to the date of this report is as below.

供股於2023年7月28日完成後,已發行股 份數目其後為720,000,000股,每股面值 0.0025美元。

供股詳情載於本公司日期為2023年3月5日、 2023年4月18日、2023年5月5日、2023年5 月30日、2023年7月3日、2023年7月27日之 公告、2023年5月5日之通函及2023年6月9 日之供股章程。

截至本報告日期所得款項淨額之擬定用途 及狀況之分析載於下文。

Use of Drocoods from the Dights Issue

Use of Proceeds from the Rights Iss	sue	供股之所得款 Intended uses of proceeds HK\$	項用途 Actual use of proceeds up to the date of this report HK\$	Net proceeds unutilised as at the date of this report HK\$
Intended uses	擬定用途	所得款項 擬定用途 港元	所得款項 實際用途 港元	未動用所得款項淨額港元
Business development of the Chinese Liquor Business:	白酒業務的業務發展:			
 Setting up four ancient-Chinese-style bistros in the PRC 	一在中國開設四間中國風小酒館	20,000,000	20,000,000	-
 Working capital in operating four bistros upon their opening 	一四間中國風小酒館開業後之營 運資金	8,550,000	8,550,000	-
 Launching sizeable advertising campaigns across different districts in the PRC 	宣傳活動	100,000,000	100,000,000	-
 Payment of manufacturing cost to the wine factory including a) cost of raw materials; b) processing fee and c) packaging fee Business development of the Faux Leather Chemicals Business: 	一向白酒工廠支付生產成本,包括a)原材料成本;b)加工費用及c)包裝費用人工革化學品業務的業務發展:	100,000,000	100,000,000	-
Repayment of bank borrowings	一償還銀行借貸	11,500,000	11,500,000	_
 Investment in automation system 	-投資自動化系統	11,000,000	11,000,000	_
Addition of production facilities	一新增生產設施	17,000,000	17,000,000	_
– Improvement in product quality	-提升產品質量	3,500,000	3,500,000	_
– Procurement of raw materials	一採購原材料	15,000,000	15,000,000	_
		286,550,000	286,550,000	_

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As at the date of this report, all the net proceeds from the Rights Issue have been used in the same manner and proportions as set out in the section headed "Reasons for the Rights Issue, the Placing and the Use of Proceeds" in the prospectus of the Company dated 9 June 2023.

於本報告日期,供股的全部所得款項淨額 已按本公司日期為2023年6月9日之供股章 程「供股之理由、配售事項及所得款項用途」 一節所載之相同方式及比例動用。

Share Scheme

The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 10 February 2020 pursuant to which the total number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 100,000,000 Shares. Following the effect of the Share Consolidation on 30 May 2023, the options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 20,000,000 Shares.

The scheme mandate limit had not been refreshed and no options were granted since the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme.

INVESTMENTS

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had invested in the shares of companies listed on the Stock Exchange with a total carrying amount of approximately RMB5,972,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$6,449,000) (31 December 2023: RMB9,522,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$10,508,000)). The Board considers any single investment with fair value accounting for more than 5% of the total assets of the Group as a significant investment. As the Group did not have any single investment accounting for 5% or more of the total assets of the Group as at 31 December 2024, the Group did not have any significant investments as at 31 December 2024.

股份計劃

本公司已於2020年2月10日採納一項購股權計劃,據此,根據購股權計劃可能授出之購股權涉及之股份總數不得超過100,000,000股。股份合併於2023年5月30日生效後,根據購股權計劃可能授出之購股權不得超過20,000,000股股份。

自購股權計劃之採納日期起計劃授權限額 並未獲更新及並無授出購股權。

投資

於2024年12月31日,本集團投資於聯交所上市公司股份,總賬面值約為人民幣5,972,000元(相當於約6,449,000港元)(2023年12月31日:人民幣9,522,000元(相當於約10,508,000港元))。董事會將公平值佔本集團總資產5%以上的任何單筆投資視作重大投資。由於本集團於2024年12月31日並無任何佔本集團總資產5%或以上的單筆投資,故本集團於2024年12月31日並無任何重大投資。

管理層討論及分析

The portfolio of equity investments as at 31 December 2024 are set out as follows.

於2024年12月31日的股權投資組合如下:

				Percentage of
				fair value of the
			Fair value of the	investment in
			investment in	listed securities/
		Unrealised fair	listed securities	total assets of
		value loss as at	as at	the Group as at
Inv	estment/	31 December	31 December	31 December
	cost	2024	2024	2024
				於2024年
		於2024年	於2024年	12月31日上市
		12月31日	12 月31日之	證券投資公平
		之未變現	上市證券投資之	值佔本集團
:	投資成本	公平值虧損	公平值	總資產百分比
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
人	民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

按公平值計入損益之

金融資產

10.026

(4,054)

5,972

0.72%

Daycontono of

During the Reporting Period, details of the performance of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss during the year ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

於報告期內,截至2024年12月31日止年度按公平值計入損益之金融資產之表現詳情如下:

		Realised fair value (loss)/ gain for	Unrealised fair value gain/ (loss) for the	Dividend received during
		the year ended	year ended	the year ended
		31 December	31 December	31 December
		2024	2024	2024
		截至2024年	截至2024年	
		12月31日止年度	12月31日止年度	截至2024年12月
		之已變現公平值	之未變現公平值	31日止年度收取
Description of investments	投資概述	(虧損)/收益	收益/(虧損)	之股息
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Listed securities in Hong Kong

香港上市證券

(1,018)

(969)

In view of the recent volatility in the securities market, the Directors expect the stock market will remain volatile in the coming year and the Group will continue to adopt the cautious approach in making investment decision in securities trading so as to obtain a balance between risk and return.

鑒於近期證券市場波動,董事預期來年股票市場仍將波動,本集團於作證券交易投資決定時將將繼續採取審慎措施,以在風險及回報之間取得平衡。

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any significant investments, material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and capital assets during the year ended 31 December 2024.

除上文所披露者外,截至2024年12月31日 止年度,本集團並無任何重大投資、重大 收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司、合營企 業及資本資產。

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CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2024, we did not record any material hire purchase commitments, contingent liabilities, guarantees or litigations against us.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK AND MANAGEMENT

The Group's sales and purchases are mainly denominated in RMB. The Group retains some of its foreign currency denominated funds, which are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Fluctuations in exchange rates have an impact on the foreign currency reserve and the Company is exploring and discussing measures to cope with the foreign exchange risk. As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not enter into any financial instruments to hedge foreign exchange.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had a total of 217 (2023: 208) employees. The Group offers its employees competitive remuneration packages based on industry practices and performance of individual employees. Year-end discretionary bonuses may be granted to reward and motivate those well-performed employees.

The Group provides employee benefits in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. As required by the PRC laws and regulations, the Group participates in various employee social security plans for our employees that are administered by local governments, including housing, pension, medical insurance, maternity insurance and unemployment insurance. The Group believes that it maintains a good working relationship with its employees. The employees in Hong Kong are members of the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme of Hong Kong.

或然負債

於2024年12月31日,我們並無錄得任何重大租購承擔、或然負債、擔保或針對我們之任何訴訟。

外匯風險及管理

本集團的銷售及採購主要以人民幣計值。 本集團仍留存部分以外幣計值的資金,主 要為港元。匯率的波動對外幣資金儲備有 一定影響,本公司正在探索及討論應對外 匯風險的措施。於2024年12月31日,本集 團並無訂立任何金融工具以對沖外匯。

人力資源

於2024年12月31日,本集團共有217名 (2023年:208名)僱員。本集團基於行業 慣例及個別僱員的表現為僱員提供具競爭 力的薪酬待遇並可能會派發年終酌情花紅 以獎勵及激勵表現優異的僱員。

本集團根據相關法律及規例提供僱員福利。 按照中國法律及法規規定,本集團為我們 的僱員參與多項地方政府管理的僱員社會 保障計劃,包括住房、退休金、醫療保險、 生育保險及失業保險。本集團認為其與僱 員保持良好的工作關係。香港僱員均為香 港強制性公積金計劃的成員。

管理層討論及分析

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING PERIOD

The disposal at 25% of the issued share capital of Darkblue Investment Ltd. (the "Disposal")

On 27 December 2024, the Company (the "Vendor"), entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement with BlueOcean Investment (Global) Ltd (the "Purchaser"), an Independent Third Party, agreeing to sell 25% of the issued share capital of Darkblue Investment Ltd. (the "Target Company") for a consideration of RMB20,840,000, payable in cash installments (the "Disposal"). Currently, the Vendor wholly owns the Target Company, but upon completion of the transaction, ownership will be divided, with the Vendor holding 75% and the Purchaser holding 25% (the "Completion"). The transaction will be completed by 31 May 2025. Following the Completion, the Target Company will continue to be a subsidiary of the Company, and its financial results will remain consolidated with the Group. The Disposal is expected to be treated as an equity transaction, meaning it will not result in any gain or loss recognized in the Company's profit or loss, as the Group will maintain control over the Target Company. As the highest percentage ratio (calculated in accordance with Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules) in respect of the Disposal exceeds 5% but is less than 25%, the Disposal constitutes a discloseable transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules and is subject to the reporting and announcement requirements but is exempt from the shareholders' approval requirement thereunder.

Details of the Disposal were set out in the announcement dated 27 December 2024.

本報告期後事項

出售Darkblue Investment Ltd.之25%已發行股本(出售事項)

於2024年12月27日,本公司(「曹方」)與 BlueOcean Investment (Global) Ltd(「買方」) (獨立第三方)訂立買賣協議,同意出售 Darkblue Investment Ltd.(「目標公司」)已發 行股本的25%,代價為人民幣20,840,000 元,應以現金分期支付(「出售事項」)。現 時,賣方全資擁有目標公司,惟於交易完 成後,所有權將會被分拆,賣方持有75% 及買方持有25%(「完成」)。交易將於2025 年5月31日前完成。在完成後,目標公司將 繼續作為本公司的附屬公司,其財務業績 將繼續與本集團的業績合併。出售事項預 期將作為一項股權交易入賬,意味著由於 本集團將維持對目標公司的控制權,其將 不會導致在本公司的損益中確認任何收益 或虧損。由於出售事項的最高百分比率(根 據上市規則第14.07條計算)超過5%但低於 25%,因此,根據上市規則第14章,出售 事項構成本公司的須予披露交易,並須遵 守報告及公告規定,惟獲豁免遵守股東批 准規定。

出售事項之詳情載於日期為2024年12月27 日之公告。

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Hua (陳華先生), aged 51, is an executive Director, also an executive director and general manager of Zhejiang Sunlight. Mr. Chen is responsible for overseeing our day-to-day management and business operation, formulating business strategies and making major operational decisions of our Group.

Mr. Chen was awarded a bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering from Zhejiang University(浙江大學) of the PRC. He was awarded the qualification of senior economist*(高級經濟師) by the Zheijang Province Economic Series Advanced Professional Technical Positions Employment Qualification Review Committee* (浙江省經濟系列高級專業技術職務任職資格評審委員會) in December 2018. Mr. Chen has been engaged in the chemical engineering industry for more than 20 years. From January 2000 to May 2006, Mr. Chen was employed by Hangzhou Rainbow Colour Paste Co., Ltd.*(杭州彩虹色漿有限公司), a manufacturer of colourants, resins, finishes and additives for synthetic leather and textiles, as a general manager. Mr. Chen joined Zhejiang Sunlight in July 2006 and took up positions as a director and the general manager. Mr. Chen was also the general manager of Huzhou Milan Investment Management Co., Ltd.* (湖州米藍投資管 理有限公司)(formerly known as Hangzhou Sunlight Chemical Co., Ltd.*(杭州深藍化工有限公司)) ("Huzhou Milan"), a then manufacturer of chemical products, from January 2005 to July 2006, responsible for its overall management and formulation of business strategies, and was its supervisor from November 2007 to July 2010, respectively.

執行董事

陳華先生,51歲,為執行董事、亦擔任浙 江深藍執行董事及總經理。陳先生負責監 督我們的日常管理及業務運營,制定業務 戰略,並作出本集團的重大經營決策。

陳先生獲中國浙江大學授予機械工程學士學位。彼於2018年12月獲浙江省經濟系會 高級專業技術職務任職資格評審委員工,第一次第一次 1 2006年5月 至2006年5月 至2006年5月 至2006年7月加入浙江深藍,擔任董事及總經 理職務。陳先生亦於2005年1月至2006年7月擔任湖州米藍投資管理有限公司)(「湖州米藍」)(「湖州米藍上產品製造商)的總經理,負責其的,並於2007年11月至2010年7月擔任其監事。

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel (林錦洸), aged 32, was appointed as executive Director on 25 May 2022 and was appointed as a joint company secretary on 7 June 2024. Mr. Lam obtained a Master's degree of Corporate Governance from Saint Francis University and a Bachelor's degree of Commerce (Finance and Marketing) from University of Auckland, New Zealand. He has extensive experience in equity capital market especially in securities brokerage operations, securities financing, and equity dealings with other financial institutions. Mr. Lam has worked in several securities' brokerage firms in Hong Kong from 2016 to early 2022 and as a licensed representative for Type 1 (Dealing in securities) regulated activity under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO"). From March 2023 to February 2025, Mr. Lam has acted as a licensed representative for Type 9 (Asset management) regulated activities under the SFO of VC International Asset Management Limited (Formerly known as Anli Asset Management Limited).

Mr. Lam is an Associate Member of CPA (Australia). He is also a Chartered Secretary, a Chartered Governance Professional and an Associate of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as "The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries") and The Chartered Governance Institute.

Mr. Cheung Ka Wai (張家偉), aged 49, was appointed as executive Director on 31 July 2024. Mr. Cheung obtained his Advanced Diploma in Business Administration from Hong Kong Baptist University (School of Continuing Education) and Bachelor's degree of Arts (Honors) in Business Administration and Management from United Kingdom De Montfort University. He also received his Advanced Diploma in Accounting from Hong Kong University (School of Professional and Continuing Education) in 2023. He has extensive experience in leadership, strategic planning and customer service skills in the retail industry. He has over 20 years of professional experience in the vehicle parts retailing sector. He served as a Senior Counter Sales at Lion Motors Ltd from March 1995 to September 2003, and was employed as Administrative Manager at James-Lien (Motor Spare Parts) Centre Ltd since January 2004 till February 2025, where his responsibilities include managing the sales team, developing sales strategies, handling cost accounting and management accounts, organizing the supplier network, and maintaining public relation.

林錦洸先生,32歳,於2022年5月25日獲 委任為執行董事並於2024年6月7日獲委任 為聯席公司秘書。林先生於聖方濟各大學 取得企業管治碩士學位以及新西蘭奧克蘭 大學商業(金融及市場營銷)學士學位。彼 於股權資本市場擁有豐富經驗,特別是證 券經紀、證券融資以及與其他金融機構之 股權交易方面業務。林先生自2016年起至 2022年初於香港多家證券公司任職並出任 香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券 及期貨條例」)項下第1類(證券交易)受規 管活動之持牌代表。林先生亦於2023年3月 至2025年2月擔任匯盈國際資產管理有限 公司(前稱安里資產管理有限公司)證券及 期貨條例項下第9類(資產管理)受規管活 動之持牌代表。

林先生為澳洲會計師公會會員。彼亦為特許秘書、特許公司治理專業人員以及香港公司治理公會(前稱「**香港特許秘書公會**」)及特許公司治理公會會員。

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Sun Jingang (孫金剛), aged 58, was appointed as executive Director on 25 May 2022. The operation of the Chinese Liquor Business is currently managed by a management team led by Mr. Sun. The composition of the management team consists of experience professionals in sales and market, business management, operation and management of production plant and alcohol-related research and technology, quality management and wine tasting. Mr. Sun has over 10 years in company promotion and company brand planning. From January 2010 to December 2018, Mr. Sun was the general manager of Weishan Qiandao Lake Wetland Scenic Spot*(微山千島湖濕地景區) and was mainly responsible for the development of the scenic spot. Mr. Sun is currently the general manager of Jiangsu Huazhikang Health Technology Group Co., Ltd.*(江蘇華之康健康科技集團有限公司) and Jiangsu Hengyangkang Health Technology Co., Ltd.*(江蘇恆 養康健康科技有限公司) since November 2019 and since February 2021 respectively. From April 2021 to 23 May 2022, Mr. Sun was the director of Xuzhou Yuandao Health Technology Co., Ltd.*(徐 州元道健康科技有限公司).

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Au Hei Ching(區禧靖先生), aged 40, was appointed as independent non-executive Director on 25 January 2022. Mr. Au obtained a degree of Executive Master of Business Administration from SABI University and a degree of Bachelor of Business Administration in Business Economics from the City University of Hong Kong and has over 16 years of experience in securities and asset management. Mr. Au has been a Financial Risk Manager (FRM) of the Global Association of Risk Professionals since 2011. From October 2007 to August 2010, Mr. Au worked as principal business development officer at a bank in Hong Kong. Since October 2010, Mr. Au has worked as SFC licensed representative and responsible officer in various licensed corporations. He has extensive experience in asset management, external asset management, advising on investment and risk management strategies, supervising daily business operations and providing advisory services to investors.

* For identification purpose only

獨立非執行董事

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace (李暢悦先生), aged 43, was appointed as independent non-executive Director on 25 January 2022. He obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Commerce (Accounting) from the University of Queensland, Australia and has over 20 years of experience in financial reporting, investment analysis, merger & acquisition exercises and business development. He has been a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since 2009 and a fellow member since 2014. From November 2017 to June 2020, he was an independent non-executive director of Chuan Holdings Limited (stock code: 1420), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. From February 2020 to December 2022, he was an independent nonexecutive director of Asia Television Holdings Limited (stock code: 707), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. From September 2020 to April 2023, he was an independent non-executive director of Kirin Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8109), the shares of which were delisted from the GEM of the Stock Exchange in April 2023. From January 2021 to November 2023, he was an independent non-executive director of Kafelaku Coffee Holding Limited (formerly known as Li Bao Ge Group Limited) (stock code: 1869), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. From September 2017 to February 2024, he was an independent non-executive director of Hybrid Kinetic Group Limited (stock code: 1188), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. From February 2024 to April 2024, he was a joint company secretary of Hybrid Kinetic Group Limited (stock code: 1188), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Huang Zhenming(黃振明先生), aged 56, was appointed as independent non-executive Director on 24 January 2024. He obtained a Bachelor of civil engineering from the Department of Civil Engineering of Guangxi University in 1990 and has over 33 years of experience in corporate investment and business development. From 1999 to 2007, he served as Chairman of Chengdu Sanhuan Investment Company(成都三環投資公司). From 2008 to 2012, he was the general manager of Chongging Dazu Creative Industry Investment Development Co., Ltd (重慶大 足創意產業投資開發有限公司). From 2014 to 2022, he served as President of Shanghai Ou Zhuoya Enterprise Development Group Co., Ltd(上海歐卓雅企業發展(集團)有限公司). Mr. Huang is currently the president of Shanghai Yulin Chamber of Commerce (上海市玉林商會), executive president of Shanghai Guangxi Chamber of Commerce(上海市廣西商會), vice president of Guangxi Yulin Overseas Friendship Association (廣西玉林市海 外聯誼會), vice chairman of Yulin City Federation of Industry and Commerce(玉林市工商聯), and member of the Yulin City Yuzhou District CPPCC(玉林市玉州區政協委員).

李暢悦先生,43歲,於2022年1月25日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。李先生於澳洲昆 士蘭大學取得商學士(會計)學位,並於財 務申報、投資分析、併購活動以及業務發 展方面積逾20年經驗。自2009年起,彼為 英國特許公認會計師公會之會員及自2014 年起成為資深會員。自2017年11月至2020 年6月,彼曾擔任川控股有限公司(股份代 號:1420)之獨立非執行董事,該公司之 股份於聯交所主板上市。自2020年2月至 2022年12月,彼為亞洲電視控股有限公司 (股份代號:707)之獨立非執行董事,該公 司之股份於聯交所主板上市。自2020年9月 至2023年4月,彼為麒麟集團控股有限公司 (股份代號:8109)之獨立非執行董事,該 公司之股份於2023年4月自聯交所GEM除 牌。自2021年1月至2023年11月,彼為猫屎 咖啡控股有限公司(前稱利寶閣集團有限 公司)(股份代號:1869)之獨立非執行董 事,該公司之股份於聯交所主板上市。自 2017年9月至2024年2月,彼為正道集團有 限公司(股份代號:1188)之獨立非執行董 事,該公司之股份於聯交所主板上市。於 二零二四年二月至二零二四年四月,李先 生為正道集團有限公司(股份代號:1188) 之聯席公司秘書,該公司之股份於聯交所 主板上市。

黃振明先生,56歲,於2024年1月24日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。黃先生於1990年取得廣西大學土木工程系土木工程學士學位,於企業投資及商業發展方面擁有逾33年經驗。自1999年至2007年,彼擔任成都三環投資公司董事長。自2008年至2012年,彼擔任成都三慶大足創意產業投資開發有限公司之總經理。自2014年至2022年,彼擔任上海市企業發展(集團)有限公司之海。 大生現時擔任上海市玉林商會會長、海市廣西商會執行會長、廣西玉林市工商聯副會長、玉林市工商聯副主席以及玉林市工州區政協委員。

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

Ms. Zhou Xiaochun (周筱春女士), aged 67, was appointed as independent non-executive Director on 25 January 2022. She has over 42 years of experience in alcohol-related research and technology, product and quality management. Since 1980, Ms. Zhou has been engaged in wine-related professional technology work at Jiangxi Jinggang Winery Industry Co., Ltd.*(江西井岡 酒業有限責任公司), where she currently holds the position of chief engineer. Ms. Zhou was accredited as a senior engineer in the field of chemistry by the Jiangxi Occupational Titles Reform Work Leading Group*(江西省職稱改革領導小組)in November 2000. In March 2012, she obtained the Occupational Qualification Certificate in wine tasting. From November 2016 to November 2021. Ms. Zhou was a panelist of the 9th National Baijiu Spirit Panel of the China National Food Industry Association. She was also a national occupational skills appraisal senior examiner for winemakers and sommeliers between October 2018 and October 2021. In September 2020, Ms. Zhou was appointed as the team leader of the Jiangxi Province 12th Chinese Baijiu Expert Panel* (江西省第十二屆白酒專家組) by the Jiangxi Food Industry Association.

周筱春女士,67歳,於2022年1月25日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事。周女士於酒類相關 研究及技術、產品和質量管理方面擁有超 過42年經驗。自1980年起,周女士一直於 江西井岡酒業有限責任公司從事白酒相關 專業技術工作,彼現時於該公司擔任總工 程師職務。周女士於2000年11月獲江西省 職稱改革領導小組認證為化學領域高級工 程師。於2012年3月,彼取得品酒職業資格 證書。自2016年11月至2021年11月,周女 十擔仟中國食品工業協會第九屆全國白酒 專業委員會專家組成員。於2018年10月至 2021年10月,彼亦擔任釀酒師及侍酒師國 家職業技能鑒定高級考評員。於2020年9 月,周女士獲江西省食品工業協會委任為 江西省第十二屆白酒專家組組長。

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES OF THE COMPANY

Mr. Wong Ka Sing, aged 37, appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company with effective from 1 March 2024. Obtained a degree of Master in Finance from University of Hong Kong and a degree of Bachelor of Business Administration in Accountancy from City University of Hong Kong. He is currently a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and is also a licensed person registered under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "**SFO**") to carry out Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activity.

He has extensive experience in the areas of accounting, auditing and corporate finance. Mr. Wong is currently the executive director and the responsible officer of First Global Corporate Finance Co., Limited, a licensed corporation registered under the SFO to carry out Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activity, since August 2023 and the company secretary of King International Investment Limited (stock code: 928) and China Frontier Technology Group (stock code: 1661).

* For identification purpose only

本公司的聯席公司秘書

黃家昇先生,37歲,獲委任為本公司的公司秘書,自2024年3月1日起生效。取得香港大學金融碩士學位以及香港城市大學工商管理(會計)學士學位。彼現時為香港會計師公會會員,亦為根據香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)註冊之可進行第6類(就企業融資提供意見)受規管活動之持牌人士。

彼於會計、審計及企業融資方面擁有豐富經驗。黃先生現時為First Global Corporate Finance Co., Limited(自2023年8月起為根據證券及期貨條例註冊可進行第6類(就企業融資提供意見)受規管活動之持牌法團)之執行董事及負責人員以及帝王國際投資有限公司(股份代號:928)及中國前沿科技集團(股份代號:1661)之公司秘書。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present its annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Reporting Period. Certain information set out in this annual report are disclosed up to the date of this annual report. 董事會欣然提呈本集團於報告期之報告及 經審核綜合財務報表。本年報所載若干資 料將於本年報日期披露。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities and other details of the subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements. Pursuant to the requirements of Schedule 5 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Companies Ordinance"), further discussion and analysis of the principal activities of the Group (including the business review of the Group and the description of the potential business development of the Group) are set out in the management discussion and analysis of this annual report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Business Risks and Uncertainties

The Group's principal business activity is the manufacturing and sales of faux leather chemicals and Chinese liquor, whose principal risks include the quality of the products and the security during production. The Group has taken comprehensive measures to ensure that both quality and security will meet the industry standards. The fluctuation of the development of the industry has resulted in a significant impact on the Group's business in the Reporting Period. Please refer to the Statement from the Board of Directors for further discussion on the business risks we face and how we manage such risks.

Financial Risks

The Group's main risks arising from its financial instruments are interest rate and exchange rate risks, equity price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Details of the financial risk management objectives and policies are set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

Tax concession

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding the securities of the Company.

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。本公司附屬公司的主要業務及其他詳情載於綜合財務報表附註38。根據香港法例第622章公司條例(「公司條例」)附表5規定,本集團主要業務之進一步討論及分析(包括本集團業務回顧及本集團潛在發展業務之闡述)載於本年報之管理層討論與分析。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於報告期之物業、廠房及設備變動 之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

主要風險及不確定因素業務風險及不確定因素

本集團之主要業務活動為製造和銷售人工 革用化學品及白酒業務,其主要風險包括 產品質量及生產時之安全。本集團已採取 全面的措施,以確保質量及安全均達致行 業水平。行業發展的波動,對本集團關 於報告期內的表現產生重大影響。有關我 們面臨的業務風險及我們如何管理該等 險的進一步討論,請參閱董事會報告。

財務風險

本集團金融工具所涉主要風險為利率和匯率風險、股價風險、信用風險、流動性風險。財務風險管理目標及政策之詳情載於綜合財務報表附計5。

税項減免

董事並不知悉股東可因其持有本公司證券 而獲得税項減免。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Environmental policies and performance

The Group is committed to contributing to the sustainability of the environment and the development of the society.

Details of the Group's development, performance and operation in the environmental aspect are set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report.

Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group has adopted internal control and risk management policies to monitor the on-going compliance with the relevant laws and regulations. As far as the Board is concerned, the Group had complied in all material aspects with the applicable laws and regulations in the PRC, and did not have any incidents of material non-compliance, and the Group had obtained all relevant permits, approval documents, qualifications, authorizations and approvals material to our business operations.

Overall compliance

As at the date of this annual report, save as disclosed above, there are no material pending or threatened litigation matters or other proceedings involving the Group, and the Group is not involved in any litigation or other proceedings that we believe would materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operation.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group's top five customers accounted for approximately 33.7% (2023: approximately 34.5%) of the total sales and the top five suppliers accounted for approximately 38.8% (2023: approximately 53.7%) of its total purchases for Reporting Period. In addition, the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 7.97% (2023: approximately 7.74%) of the total sales and the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 19.43% (2023: approximately 42.4%) of the total purchases for Reporting Period.

To the best knowledge of the Directors, at no time during the Reporting Period, have the Directors, their associates or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the share capital of the Company) had any interest in these major customers and suppliers.

環境政策及表現

本集團致力於環境之可持續性及為社會發 展作出貢獻。

就本集團在環境方面的發展與表現及運行 情況載於環境、社會及管治報告。

遵守法律及法規

本集團已採納內部監控及風險管理政策, 以監察有否持續遵守法律及法規。據董事 會所悉,本集團已於所有重大方面遵守中 國適用法律法規,並無任何重大不合規 件,且本集團已取得就業務營運而言屬重 要的所有相關許可、批文、資格、授權及 審批。

整體合規情況

截至本年報日期,除上文所披露者外,本 集團並無重大的未決或潛在的訴訟事宜或 其他法律程序,本集團也並無涉及任何我 們認為會對我們的業務、財務狀況或營運 業績產生重大不利影響的訴訟或其他法律 程序。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團的五大客戶約佔銷售總額33.7% (2023年:約佔34.5%)。五大供應商約佔報告期內採購總額38.8% (2023年:約佔53.7%)。此外,本集團的最大客戶約佔銷售總額7.97% (2023年:約佔7.74%),而本集團的最大供應商約佔報告期內採購總額19.43% (2023年:約佔42.4%)。

據董事所知,於報告期內,董事、彼等的聯繫人或就董事所知擁有本公司5%以上股本的任何股東概無擁有該等主要客戶及供應商的任何權益。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group is in good relationship with its employees and also has policies in place to ensure competitive remuneration, well-developed welfare package and continuous professional training for its employees. The Group also maintains a good relationship with its customers and suppliers, without whom its production and operation may be impaired.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the Reporting Period are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

Details of the movements in the Company's reserves during the Reporting Period are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2024, the Company had distributable reserves amounting to RMB344,227,000 (31 December 2023: RMB351,247,000).

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

Donation for charitable purposes of approximately RMB411,000 were made by the Group during the Reporting Period (31 December 2023: RMB515,000).

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of the events after the Reporting Period of the Group are set out in the paragraph headed "Event After the Reporting Period" in this annual report and note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial periods is set out on page 168 of this Annual Report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Period.

與僱員、客戶及供應商之主要關係

本集團與其僱員維持良好關係,亦已推行若干政策,確保僱員享有具競爭力之薪酬、良好的福利及持續的專業培訓。本集團亦與客戶及供應商維持良好的關係,因為如沒有得到彼等的支持,則可能影響生產及營運。

股本

本公司於報告期之股本變動之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。

本公司之可供分派儲備

本公司於報告期之儲備變動之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註34。

於2024年12月31日,本公司已分派儲備人 民幣344,227,000元(2023年12月31日:人 民幣351,247,000元)。

慈善捐款

本集團於報告期作出慈善捐款約人民幣 411,000元(2023年12月31日:人民幣 515,000元)。

報告期後事項

本集團於報告期後之事項之詳情載於本報告「報告期後事項」一段及綜合財務報表附 註40。

財務概要

本集團於過去五個財務期間之業績以及資產及負債之概要載於本年報第168頁。

購買、出售及贖回本公司上市證

於報告期內,本公司及其任何附屬公司概 無購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Pre-emptive right

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company 's articles of association (the "**Articles of Association**") or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated.

DIVIDENDS AND DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has resolved not to declare the final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024. Policy on payment of dividend of the Company is in place setting out the factors in determination of dividend payment of the Company, including the Group's actual and expected financial performance, shareholders' interests, retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the other members of the Group, the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio, return on equity and financial covenants to which the Group is subject, possible effects on the Group's creditworthiness, any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders, the Group expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans, liquidity position and future commitments at the time of declaration of dividend, taxation considerations, statutory and regulatory restrictions, general business conditions and strategies, general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company; and other factors that the Board deems appropriate. The policy shall be reviewed periodically and submitted to the Board for approval if amendments are required.

Directors' service contracts

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from the listing date of the Shares on 12 March 2020 (the "Listing Date") or his/her respective date of appointment which was later than the Listing Date, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other and is subject to termination provisions therein and provisions on retirement by rotation of the Directors as set out in the Articles of Association.

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則(「**組織章程細則**」)或 開曼群島(即本公司註冊成立所在司法管 轄區)法律並無有關優先購買權的條文。

股息及股息政策

董事會已決議不就截至2024年12月31日止 年度宣派末期股息。本公司已實施派付股 息政策,當中載列釐定本公司股息派付的 因素,包括本集團實際及預期財務表現、 股東權益、本公司及本集團其他各成員公 司的保留盈利及可供分派儲備、本集團之 負債股權比率、股本回報率,以及施加於 本集團的財務限制所處之水平、對本集團 信譽之潛在影響、本集團的貸款人可能施 加的任何股息派發限制、本集團之預期營 運資金需求及未來擴張計劃、宣派股息時 之流動資金狀況及未來之承諾情況、税務 考慮因素、法定和監管限制、整體業務狀 況及策略、整體經濟狀況、本集團業務的 商業周期,以及可能對本公司業務或財務 表現和狀況有影響的其他內部或外部因素; 及董事會認為適當的其他因素。政策應予 定期審閱,倘須作出修改時,應提呈予董 事會批准。

董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,初步任期自於2020年3月12日股份上市日期 (「上市日期」)或彼各自之委任日期(遲於上市日期)起為期三年,可由任何一方向另一方發出不少於3個月的書面通知終止,並須受其中所載終止條文及組織章程細則所載有關董事輪值退任的條文所規限。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

Remuneration of Directors and senior management

Each of our executive Directors is entitled to a director's fee. Each of our executive Directors shall be paid a remuneration on the basis of twelve months in a year. In addition, each of our executive Directors is also entitled to bonus as determined by the Board based on the recommendations made by our Remuneration Committee. The current annual director's fees and remuneration of our executive Directors are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

Each of our independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with our Company for an initial term of three years commencing from the Listing Date or for an initial term of one year if his/her respective date of appointment was later than the Listing Date and is entitled to a director's fee of HK\$120,000 per annum.

In the year ended 2024, each of the executive Directors did not receive a director's fee.

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (AND THEIR CONNECTED ENTITIES) IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company, its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, none of the Directors or their respective close associates as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "**Listing Rules**") has any interest in any business which competes, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group under the Listing Rules.

董事及高級管理層的薪酬

各執行董事有權收取董事袍金。各執行董 事將按一年十二個月的基準獲付薪酬。此 外,各執行董事亦有權收取由董事會根據 薪酬委員會的推薦建議而釐定的花紅。執 行董事當前的年度董事袍金及薪酬載於綜 合財務報表附註13。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函,初步任期自上市日期起為期三年或初步任期為期一年(如彼等各自之委任日期遲於上市日期),並有權收取董事袍金每年120,000港元。

截至2024年止年度,各執行董事並未收取 董事袍金。

董事(及其關連實體)於重大交易、 安排或合約中的權益

於年末或年內任何時間,概無董事或與董 事有關連的實體於本公司、其控股公司或 其任何附屬公司所訂立的重大交易、安排 或合約中擁有重大權益。

董事於競爭業務的權益

於報告期內及截至本年報日期,概無董事或彼等各自之緊密聯繫人(定義見聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」))於根據上市規則與本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭的業務中擁有權益。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be maintained pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules, are set out as follows:

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相 關股份及債權證中擁有的權益及 淡倉

於2024年12月31日,董事及本公司最高行政人員擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部7及8分部已知會本公司及聯交所的本立其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期證券及期任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期證券及別的股份、相關股份及債權證券及期貨條內的人。或根據證券及期貨條例第352條會之登記冊,或根據證券及期貨條例第352條準之上市發行人董事進行之上市發行人董事進行之場。以傳灣本學則(「標準守則」)須知會司及香港聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

Approximate

Nama	Composite (Nexture of interest	Number of	Long/short	percentage of shareholding in the
Name	Capacity/Nature of interest	Shares	position	Company 佔本公司股權
姓名	身份/權益性質	股份數目	好倉/淡倉	之概約百分比
Mr. Chen Hua	Interest in controlled corporation and interest of spouse (Note 1–2)	6,000,800	Long position	0.83%
陳華先生 Mr. Huang Zhenming 黃振明先生	受控法團權益及配偶權益 ^(附註1-2) Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	4,000,000	好倉 Long position 好倉	0.56%

Directors' Report

董事會報告

Notes:

- As at 31 December 2024, Sunlight Global Investment Limited ("Sunlight (1) Global") and Lilian Global Investment Limited ("Lilian Global") held approximately 0.50% and approximately 0.33%, respectively, of the total issued share capital of the Company. Sunlight Global is owned as to 61.20% by Mr. Chen Hua, 13.24% by Ms. Zhu Jianqin, 13.24% by Mr. Li Xiangyu, 9.24% by Mr. He Zhangcai, 2.14% by Mr. Chen Yong, 0.54% by Mr. Cai Jianming and 0.40% by Mr. Zhao Xuesheng. Lilian Global is wholly-owned by Ms. Liu Jing. Ms. Liu is therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Lilian Global is interested under the SFO. Mr. Chen Hua, Ms. Liu Jing, Ms. Zhu Jiangin, Mr. Li Xiangyu, Mr. He Zhangcai, Mr. Zhao Xuesheng, Mr. Cai Jianming and Mr. Chen Yong are entitled to exercise or control the exercise of approximately 0.83% of the voting power at general meetings of our Company through exercising or controlling the exercise of the entire voting power at general meetings of Sunlight Global and Lilian Global, and therefore they are deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Sunlight Global and Lilian Global are interested under the SFO.
- (2) Mr. Chen Hua and Ms. Liu Jing are spouses to each other. Therefore, each of them is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which he or she is interested under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be maintained pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

- 截至2024年12月31日, Sunlight Global (1) Investment Limited (Sunlight Global) 及Lilian Global Investment Limited (「Lilian Global」)分別持有本公司已發行股本的0.50% 及0.33%。Sunlight Global由陳華先生、朱 建琴女士、酈向宇先生、何掌財先生、陳 勇先生、蔡建明先生及趙學盛先生分別擁 有61.20%、13.24%、13.24%、9.24%、 2.14%、0.54%及0.40%。Lilian Global由劉 靜女士全資擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條 例,劉女十被視為於Lilian Global擁有權益的 股份中擁有權益。陳華先生、劉靜女士、朱 建琴女士、酈向宇先生、何掌財先生、趙學 盛先生、蔡建明先生及陳勇先生有權透過於 Sunlight Global及Lilian Global股東大會上行使 或控制行使全部投票權於本公司股東大會上 行使或控制行使約0.83%投票權,因此,根 據證券及期貨條例,彼等被視為於Sunlight Global及Lilian Global擁有權益的股份中擁有 權益。
- (2) 陳華先生及劉靜女士為配偶。因此,根據證 券及期貨條例,彼等各自被視為於其擁有權 益的股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於2024年12月31日,概無董事或本公司最高行政人員於本公司最高行政人員於本例之期,可以其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中,擁有根據根據證券及期貨條例第XV部份、相關股份或債權證的權益及聯交所的股份及債權證的權益及淡倉),或須登記於根據提為擁有的權益及淡倉),或須登記於根據認為辦方,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the Reporting Period was the Company or its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement that would enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or their spouses or children under the age of 18 were granted any right to subscribe for the share capital or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate, or had exercised any such right.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

To the knowledge of the Directors of the Company, as at 31 December 2024, the following persons (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) have the following interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were required to be notified to the Company pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were required pursuant to section 336 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred to therein.

董事購買股份或債權證的權利

除於本年報所披露者外,本公司或其附屬公司於報告期內任何時間概無訂立任何安排,致使董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他法人團體股份或債權證而獲益,且並無董事或彼等之配偶或18歲以下的子女獲授予任何權利以認購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股本或債務證券,或已行使任何該等權利。

主要股東於股份及相關股份中的權益及淡倉

就本公司董事所知,於2024年12月31日,下列人士(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)於本公司的股份及相關股份中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部須知會本公司的權益及淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄於該條所指登記冊的權益及淡倉。

Annrovimato

Name	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of Shares	Long/short position	percentage of shareholding in the Company 佔本公司股權
名稱	身份/權益性質	股份數目	好倉/淡倉	之概約百分比
Ms. Zheng Xiuyue 鄭秀月女士	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	52,000,000	Long position 好倉	7.22%

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, to the knowledge of the Directors, none of any other person (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or to be recorded in the register referred to in section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於2024年12月31日,就董事所知,概無任何其他人士(董事及本公司最高行政人員除外)於本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部須予披露,或須登記於證券及期貨條例第336條所述的登記冊內之權益或淡倉。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Purpose

The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme and is established to recognise and acknowledge the contributions the Eligible Participants (as defined below) had or may have made to our Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide the Eligible Participants an opportunity to have a personal stake in our Company with the view to achieving the following objectives: (i) motivate the Eligible Participants to optimise their performance efficiency for the benefit of our Group; (ii) attract and retain or otherwise maintain on-going business relationship with the Eligible Participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long term growth of our Group; and (iii) for such purposes as our Board may approve from time to time.

Who may join

Our Board may, at its discretion, offer to grant an option to subscribe for such number of new Shares as our Board may determine at an exercise price determined in accordance with paragraph headed "Subscription price" below to the following (the "Eligible Participants"):

- (i) any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers of our Company or any of its subsidiaries;
- (ii) any directors (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors) of our Company or any of its subsidiaries; and
- (iii) any advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers, agents and related entities to our Company or any of its subsidiaries.

購股權計劃

目的

可參與人士

董事會可酌情決定向下列人士(「**合資格參與者**」) 授出購股權,以按下文「**認購價**」一段釐定的行使價認購董事會可能釐定的相關數目的新股:

- (i) 本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何全職 或兼職僱員、行政人員或高級人員;
- (ii) 本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何董事 (包括執行、非執行及獨立非執行董 事);及
- (iii) 本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何顧問、諮詢人、供應商、客戶、代理及相關實體。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Maximum number of shares

The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and under any other share option schemes of our Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following completion of the Global Offering, being 20,000,000 Shares, excluding for this purpose Shares which would have been issuable pursuant to the options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme (or any other share option schemes of our Company). Subject to the issue of a circular by our Company and the approval of our Shareholders in general meeting and/or such other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time, our Board may:

- (i) renew this limit at any time to 10% of the Shares in issue as of the date of the approval by our Shareholders in general meeting; and/or
- (ii) grant options beyond the 10% limit to Eligible Participants specifically identified by our Board. The circular issued by our Company to our Shareholders shall contain a generic description of the specified Eligible Participants who may be granted such options, the number and terms of the options to be granted, the purpose of granting options to the specified Eligible Participants with an explanation as to how the options serve such purpose, the information required under Rule 17.02(2)(d) and the disclaimer required under Rule 17.02(4) of the Listing Rules.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Company at any time shall not exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. No options shall be granted under any schemes of our Company (including the Share Option Scheme) if this will result in the 30% limit being exceeded. The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted shall be adjusted, in such manner as the auditors of our Company or an approved independent financial adviser shall certify to be appropriate, fair and reasonable in the event of any alteration in the capital structure of our Company in accordance with paragraph (g) below whether by way of consolidation, capitalisation issue, rights issue, sub-division or reduction of the share capital of our Company but in no event shall exceed the limit prescribed in this paragraph.

最高股份數目

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃可能授出的購股權所涉及的股份數目上限,合共不得超過緊隨全球發售完成後已發行股份總數(即20,000,000股股份)(就此而言不包括因根據購股權計劃(或本公司任何其他購股權計劃)條款已失效的購股權本應發行的股份)的10%。在本公司發出通函且獲得股東在股東大會批准及/或符合上市規則不時指定的其他要求的情況下,董事會可:

- (i) 隨時將有關上限更新為截至股東在股東大會批准當日已發行股份的10%: 及/或
- (ii) 向董事會指定的合資格參與者授出超 逾10%上限的購股權。本公司向股東 發出的通函須載有可獲授有關購股 權的指定合資格參與者的一般資料、 將授出購股權的數目及條款、向指定 合資格參與者授出購股權的目的、說 明購股權如何達致有關目的、上市規 則第17.02(2)(d)條所規定的資料及第 17.02(4)條所規定的免責聲明。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

Maximum number of options for each participant

The total number of Shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Company (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each Eligible Participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue as of the date of grant. Any further grant of options in excess of this 1% limit shall be subject to:

- (i) the issue of a circular by our Company containing the identity of the Eligible Participant, the numbers of and terms of the options to be granted (and options previously granted to such participant) the information as required under Rules 17.03(4) and 17.06 of the Listing Rules and/or such other requirements as prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time; and
- (ii) the approval of our Shareholders in general meeting and/ or other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time with such Eligible Participant and his close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) (or his associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) if the Eligible Participant is a Connected Person) abstaining from voting. The numbers and terms (including the exercise price) of options to be granted to such participant must be fixed before our Shareholders' approval and the date of our Board meeting at which our Board proposes to grant the options to such Eligible Participant shall be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the subscription price of the Shares. Our Board shall forward to such Eligible Participant an offer document in such form as our Board may from time to time determine.

每名參與者享有購股權數目上限

截至授出日期止任何12個月期間,因根據 購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃 向各合資格參與者授出的購股權(包括已 行使及尚未行使的購股權)而已發行及可 發行的股份總數,不得超過截至授出日期 已發行股份的1%。倘進一步授出購股權會 導致超過上述1%上限,則:

- (i) 本公司須發出通函,其中載有合資格 參與者的身份、將授出購股權(及過 往向該參與者授出的購股權)的數目 及條款、上市規則第17.03(4)條及第 17.06條所規定的資料及/或上市規 則不時訂明的其他相關規定;及
- (ii) 須經股東在股東大會上批准及/或海 市規則不時訂明的其他規定,而規則不時訂明的其他規定人 資格參與者及其緊密聯繫人(見見 上市規則)(或其聯繫者為內 規則)(或其聯繫者為內 規則)(或其聯繫者為內 規則)(或其聯繫者為內 之 ,不得投票。將向該參與者授價)的 權的數目及條款(包括行使價)的 東批准前釐定,而就計算股份資 東批准前釐定,而就計算於 東批准前釐軍會建議 有授出時期 看授出時期。董事會須按其不要 的形式向該合資格參與者遞交要 件。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Grant of options to connected persons

Any grant of options to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of our Company or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is required to be approved by the independent non-executive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Director who is the grantee of the options). If our Board proposes to grant options to a substantial shareholder or any independent nonexecutive Director or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) which will result in the number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant:

- (i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% or such other percentage as may be from time to time provided under the Listing Rules of the Shares in issue;
- (ii) having an aggregate value in excess of HK\$5 million or such other sum as may be from time to time provided under the Listing Rules, based on the official closing price of the Shares at the date of each grant, such further grant of options will be subject to the issue of a circular by our Company and the approval of our Shareholders in general meeting on a poll at which the grantee, his/her associates and all core connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) of our Company shall abstain from voting in favour, and/or such other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time. Any vote taken at the meeting to approve the grant of such options shall be taken as a poll.

The circular to be issued by our Company to our Shareholders pursuant to the above paragraph shall contain the following information:

the details of the number and terms (including the exercise price) of the options to be granted to each selected Eligible Participant which must be fixed before our Shareholders' meeting and the date of Board meeting for proposing such further grant shall be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the exercise price of such options;

向關連人士授出購股權

向本公司董事、最高行政人員或主要股東 (定義見上市規則)或任何彼等各自的聯 人(定義見上市規則)授出任何購股權權獨立非執行董事(不包括身為購股權權人的任何獨立非執行董事)批准。倘董董 會建議向主要股東或任何獨立非執行董事 或彼等各自的聯繫人(定義見上市規則)出購股權,會導致已發行及因截至已經 股權日期(包括當日)止12個月期間已經經 將向有關人士授出的購股權(包括已行使所 將向有關人士授出的購股權)獲行使而將 已注銷及尚未行使的購股權)

- (i) 合共佔已發行股份的0.1%或上市規則可能不時規定的其他百分比以上;
- (ii) 根據於各授出日期股份的正式收市價計算,總值超過5百萬港元或上市規則可能不時規定的其他數額,則進一步授出購股權須待本公司發出通函方經股東在股東大會上以投票表本出進,而承授人、其聯繫人及本規則的有核心關連人士(定義見上市規則)均不得投贊成票,及/或遵守上市規則行。於大會上批准授出該等購股權的任何表決須以投票方式作出。

本公司根據上段向股東發出的通函須載列以下資料:

(i) 將向各選定合資格參與者授出的購股權數目及條款(包括行使價)(須於有關股東大會前確定)的詳情,而就計算有關購股權的行使價而言,建議進一步授出購股權的董事會會議日期須視作授出日期;

Directors' Report

董事會報告

- a recommendation from the independent non-executive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Director who is the grantee of the options) to the independent shareholders as to voting;
- (iii) the information required under Rule 17.02(2)(c) and (d) and the disclaimer required under Rule 17.02(4) of the Listing Rules; and
- (iv) the information required under Rule 2.17 of the Listing Rules.

Performance targets and vesting conditions

A grantee may be required to achieve any performance targets as our Board may then specify in the grant before any options granted under the Share Option Scheme can be exercised.

Subscription price

The subscription price of a Share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be such price as our Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will not be less than the highest of:

- the official closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities;
- (ii) the average of the official closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

Term of the Share Option Scheme

An option is personal to the grantee and may be exercised or treated as exercised, as the case may be, in whole or in part. No grantee shall in any way sell, transfer, charge, mortgage, encumber or create any interest (legal or beneficial) in favour of any third party over or in relation to any option or attempt so to do (save that the grantee may nominate a nominee in whose name the Shares issued pursuant to the Share Option Scheme may be registered). Any breach of the foregoing shall entitle our Company to cancel any outstanding options or any part thereof granted to such grantee.

- (ii) 獨立非執行董事(不包括身為購股權 承授人的任何獨立非執行董事)就如 何投票向獨立股東提供的推薦建議;
- (iii) 上市規則第17.02(2)(c)及(d)條規定的 資料及第17.02(4)條規定的免責聲明: 及
- (iv) 上市規則第2.17條規定的資料。

表現目標及歸屬條件

承授人可能須達到董事會可能就授出購股權列明的任何表現目標,方能行使根據購股權計劃授出的任何購股權。

認購價

根據購股權計劃授出任何特定購股權所涉 及股份的認購價須由董事會全權酌情釐定, 惟不得低於以下三者之最高者:

- (i) 股份於授出日期(須為聯交所開放辦理證券交易業務的日子)於聯交所每日報價表所報的正式收市價:
- (ii) 緊接授出日期前五個營業日股份於聯 交所每日報價表所報的平均正式收市 價:及
- (iii) 股份的面值。

購股權計劃期限

購股權屬承授人個人所有,可全面或部分行使,或可視為全面或部分行使(視情況而定)。承授人不可亦不得嘗試以任何方式就任何購股權進行出售、轉讓、押記、抵押、設置產權負擔或為任何第三方設立任名人以定或實益權益(惟承授人可提名代名人以其名義登記根據購股權計劃發行的股份)。 個違反上述規定,則本公司有權注銷的有關承授人授出的任何尚未行使購股權或其任何部分。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to our Company by way of consideration for the grant. Any offer to grant an option to subscribe for Shares may be accepted in respect of less than the number of Shares for which it is offered provided that it is accepted in respect of a board lot of dealing in Shares on the Stock Exchange or an integral multiple thereof and such number is clearly stated in the duplicate offer document constituting the acceptance of the option. To the extent that the offer to grant an option is not accepted by any prescribed acceptance date, it shall be deemed to have been irrevocably declined.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time after the date upon which the Option is deemed to be granted and accepted and prior to the expiry of 10 years from that date. The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by our Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted. No option may be granted more than 10 years after the Listing Date. Subject to earlier termination by our Company in general meeting or by our Board, the Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the Listing Date.

No share option has been granted by our Company and no share options were outstanding, lapsed, cancelled or exercised under the share option scheme during the Reporting Period.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Certain related party transactions disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements constitute connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. As the applicable percentage ratios (as defined in the Listing Rules) calculated with reference to the annual caps of the accumulative transaction amount (the "Annual Caps") under the agreement dated 22 October 2024 entered into between Zhejiang Sunlight and Hangzhou Sunlight in relation to the sale of the products for a term of three years from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026 (the "Sale Agreement") are less than 25% and the highest Annual Caps is less than HK\$10,000,000 but more than HK\$3,000,000, the transactions contemplated under the Sale Agreement are subject to the announcement, reporting and annual review requirements but exempt from Shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company has confirmed that it has complied with the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for these transactions.

During the year, the Company entered into to one connected transaction. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 22 October 2024.

購股權被視為已授出並獲接納的日期後至 自該日起計10年屆滿當日前期間,可 購股權計劃的條款隨時行使購股權。 購收權計劃的條款隨時行使購股權。 權的行使期將由董事會全權酌情決。自 超過授出購股權當日後10年。 時期起計10年屆滿後,不得授出購會 是 上市 是 上市 是 上市 日期起計10 年期 上市 日期起計10 年期間內有效及生效。

於報告期內,本公司概無授出購股權,亦 無購股權計劃項下之購股權未獲行使、失 效、註銷或獲行使。

關連交易

於本年度,本公司已訂立一項關連交易。 有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2024年10 月22日之公佈。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

RETIREMENT AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS SCHEME

Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

Annual contributions to retirement benefit schemes operated by the government in the PRC are recognised in the profit or loss as and when incurred.

COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company is committed to maintaining high level of corporate governance practices. Information about the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report in this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the Reporting Period, the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on it.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required by the Listing Rules and at least 25% of the Company's entire issued share capital were held by the public from the Listing Date and up to the date of this annual report.

退休及僱員福利計劃

短期僱員福利及界定供款退休計劃的供款

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、向界定供款 退休計劃供款及非金錢利益的成本乃於僱 員提供相關服務的年度內累計。倘延期付 款或結算而影響屬重大,則該等金額乃按 其現值列賬。

向中國政府所營運的退休福利計劃作出的 年度供款於產生時在損益中確認。

遵守企業管治守則

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治常規。 有關本公司所採納之企業管治常規資料載 於本年報之企業管治報告。

遵守相關法律法規

於報告期內,本集團並不知悉對其具有重大影響的任何相關法律及法規的不合規情況。

公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲得之公開信息及就董事所知,自上市日期直至本年報日期止,本公司一直維持上市規則所規定之足夠公眾持股量,本公司已發行總股本最少25%由公眾人士持有。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

The Company has not entered into any contract with any individual, firm or body corporate to manage or administer the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company during the year under review.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management of the Company these annual results and the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, risk management, internal control and financial statements matters, including the review of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

AUDITOR

Following the resignation of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited ("HLB") with effect from 15 December 2022 after taking into account as the Company and HLB could not reach a consensus on the fees for the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ending 31 December 2022, KTC Partners CPA Limited ("KTC") has been appointed as the auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022, for the year ended 31 December 2023 and for the current year ended 31 December 2024. KTC has audited the accompanying financial statements which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

KTC holds office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company. KTC is subject to retirement and, being eligible, offers itself for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution for re-appointment of KTC Partners CPA Limited as auditor will be proposed at the AGM.

By Order of the Board **Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel** *Executive Director*

Hong Kong, 28 March 2025

管理合約

於回顧年度,本公司概無與任何個人、公司或法人團體訂立管理或監管本公司任何 業務的全部或任何重大部分的任何合約。

審核委員會

審核委員會已與本公司管理層檢討本年度 業績以及本集團所採用之會計政策及慣例, 並討論審核、風險管理、內部監控及財務 報表事宜,包括檢討本集團截至2024年12 月31日止年度之綜合財務報表。

核數師

於國衛會計師事務所有限公司(「國衛」)自 2022年12月15日起辭任(原因為本公司與 國衛未能就本集團截至2022年12月31日止 財政年度的綜合財務報表的審核費用達成 共識)後,中瑞和信會計師事務所有限公司 (「中瑞和信」)獲委任為本公司於截至2022 年12月31日止年度、截至2023年12月31日 止年度及截至2024年12月31日止本年度的 核數師。中瑞和信已審核隨附根據國際財 務報告準則編製的財務報表。

中瑞和信任期至本公司下屆股東週年大會結束為止。中瑞和信須於應屆股東週年大會上退任,且合資格並願意膺選連任。重新委任中瑞和信會計師事務所有限公司為核數師的決議案將於股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命 執行董事 林錦洸

香港,2025年3月28日

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has adopted the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") as its own corporate governance code. The Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures with a view to becoming a transparent and responsible organisation which is open and accountable to the Shareholders. The Board strives for adhering to the principles of corporate governance and has adopted sound corporate governance practices to meet the legal and commercial standards, focusing on areas such as internal control, fair disclosure and accountability to all Shareholders to ensure the transparency and accountability of all operations of the Group. The Company believes that effective corporate governance is essential for creating greater value to its Shareholders. The Board will continue to review and improve the corporate governance practices of the Group from time to time to ensure that the Group is led by an effective Board in order to optimise return for Shareholders.

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, the Group has strictly complied with the CG Code with the exception of the following deviations:

- 1. Code Provision C.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of the chairman and chief executive should be separate. Code Provisions C.2.2 to C.2.9 further stipulate the various roles and responsibilities of the chairman. The Company's chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") Ms. Liu Jing resigned with effect from 25 May 2022. No replacement appointment of the Chairman was made after Ms. Liu Jing's resignation and the Company has not had a Chairman since 25 May 2022. The Company will publish an announcement once an appointment has been made in accordance with the Listing Rules.
- Code Provision C.6.3 of the CG Code stipulates that the company secretary should report to the board chairman and/or the chief executive. As the Company did not have a Chairman or chief executive following the resignation of Ms. Liu Jing, the joint company secretaries or company secretary of the Company have reported to the executive Directors since 25 May 2022.

企業管治

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於報告期間直至本報告日期,本集團嚴格 遵守企業管治守則,惟以下偏離除外:

- 1. 企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.1條規定主席及最高行政人員之職責應有所區分。守則條文第C.2.2條至第C.2.9條進一步規定了主席之各種職責及責任。本公司董事會主席(「主席」)劉靜女士已自2022年5月25日起辭任。劉靜女士辭任後本公司並無委任主席之替代人選,以及本公司自2022年5月25日起並無主席。本公司將於作出有關委任後根據上市規則刊發公告。
- 2. 企業管治守則之守則條文第C.6.3條 規定公司秘書應向董事會主席及/或 最高行政人員報告。由於隨劉靜女士 辭任後本公司並無主席或最高行政人 員,本公司之聯席公司秘書或公司秘 書自2022年5月25日起已向執行董事 報告。

企業管治報告

- Code Provision F.2.2 of the CG Code stipulates that the chairman should attend the annual general meeting and should also invite the chairmen of the audit, remuneration, nomination and any other committees (as appropriate) to attend. In their absence, the chairman should invite another member of the committee or failing this their duly appointed delegate, to attend. These persons should be available to answer questions at the annual general meeting. Since the company does not have a Chairman, Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel, an executive Director, took the chair of the annual general meeting held on 31 May 2024. Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Hoarce, who was the chairman of the nomination committee, the remuneration committee and the audit committee of the Company, attended the meeting and were available to answer any questions and ensure effective communication with the Shareholders.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code contained in Appendix C3 as the required standard for securities transactions by the Directors. Saved as our Independent Non-executive Director, Mr. Huang Zhenming ("Mr. Huang") failed to inform the Company about his dealing and disclose his equity interest in the Company, despite the Company has made specific enquiries of all Directors and all Directors confirmed that during the year ended 31 December 2024, they had complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and the code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions during the Reporting Period.

Regarding Mr. Huang's failure to disclose his equity interest, the Company has sought for legal advice and issued a notification letter to Mr. Huang for breaching the Model Code. The Company has also arranged a director's training session on Model Code for Mr. Huang and advised a prompt disclosure of his equity position.

標準守則的遵守情況

本公司已採用附錄C3所載之標準守則作為董事進行證券交易之規範標準。儘管本公司已向全體董事作出具體查詢且所有董事均確認於截至2024年12月31日止年度內被等在報告期內已遵守標準守則及有關董事證券交易行為守則,惟獨立非執行董事振明先生(「黃先生」)仍未能就其交易情況知會本公司及披露其於本公司之權益。

關於黃先生未能披露其持股權益,本公司已尋求法律意見並向黃先生就違反標準守則發出通告函件。本公司亦為黃先生安排就有關標準守則進行董事培訓課程,並建議黃先生及時披露其持股權益。

企業管治報告

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the overall management of the Group, which includes establish the purpose, values and strategy of the Company, establish leadership and control of the Company and oversee the Group's businesses, strategic decisions, internal control, risk management and performances. The directors take decisions objectively in the interests of the Company. Some functions including, inter alia, monitor and approval of material transactions, matters involving conflict of interest for a substantial shareholder or director(s) of the Company, the approval of the interim and annual results, other disclosures to the public or regulators and the internal control system are reserved by the Board and the decisions relating to such matters shall be subject to the decision of the Board. Matters not specifically reserved to the Board and necessary for the daily operations of the Company are delegated to the management under the supervision of the respective Directors.

As at the date of this annual report, the Board consists of eight Directors, being four executive Directors and four independent non-executive Directors. The Directors as at the date of this annual report and the Directors who have served the Company during the Reporting Period are set out as below.

Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Hua

Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel

Mr. Sun Jingang

Mr. Cheung Ka Wai (Appointed on 31 July 2024)

Mr. Tse Chun Chung (Resigned on 31 July 2024)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Au Hei Ching

Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace

Ms. Zhou Xiaochun

Mr. Huang Zhenming (Appointed on 24 January 2024)

Mr. Zheng Yu (Resigned on 24 January 2024)

The biographies of the Directors and their relationship, if any, are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report. The Company reviews the composition of the Board from time to time, to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills and experience appropriate to the Company's business, and the Board has a strong independent element to safeguard the interests of Shareholders.

董事會

於本年報日期,董事會包括八名董事,即 四名執行董事與四名獨立非執行董事。於 本年報日期之董事及於報告期內在本公司 任職之董事載於下文。

執行董事

陳華先生

林錦洸先生

孫金剛先生

張家偉先生(於2024年7月31日獲委任)

謝震中先生(於2024年7月31日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

區禧靖先生

李暢悦先生

周筱春女士

黄振明先生(於2024年1月24日獲委任)

鄭宇先生(於2024年1月24日辭任)

董事履歷及彼等之關係(如有)載於本年報 「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。本公司不 時就董事會的組成進行檢討,以確保董事 會具備適合本公司業務所需技能及經驗的 平衡,而董事會有強大的獨立元素,保障 股東的利益。

企業管治報告

Appointment and re-election of Directors

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from the Listing Date, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other and is subject to termination provisions therein and provisions on retirement by rotation of the Directors as set out in the Articles of Association.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors (including executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) shall retire from office by rotation. Pursuant to Code Provision B.2.2 of the Corporate Governance Code, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

As the 2023 annual general meeting of the Company was convened on 31 May 2024 and the Directors were re-elected in the meeting, the re-election of Directors for the year 2024 will be proceeded in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事委任及重選

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,初步任期自上市日期起為期三年,可由任何一方向另一方發出不少於3個月的書面通知終止,並須受其中所載終止條文及組織章程細則所載有關董事輪值退任的條文所規限。

根據本公司的組織章程細則,三分之一董事(包括執行董事及獨立非執行董事)須輪值退任,而根據企業管治守則之守則條文第B.2.2條,全體董事均須至少每三年輪值退任一次。

由於本公司2023年股東週年大會已於2024年5月31日召開,並於會上重選董事,2024年度重選董事將於應屆股東週年大會上進行。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會重選連任之董 事與本公司或其附屬公司訂有本集團不付 賠償(法定賠償除外)則不得於一年內終止 之服務合約。

企業管治報告

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Group are clearly defined and segregated to ensure independence and proper checks and balances. The chairman focuses on the business strategy and direction of the Company and has executive responsibilities, provides leadership for the Board and ensures proper and effective functioning of the Board in discharging of its responsibilities. The chief executive officer is accountable to the Board for the overall implementation of the Company's strategies and the coordination of overall business operations.

Pursuant to Code Provision C.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Ms. Liu Jing served as the chairman of the Board since the Listing Date and up to the 25 May 2022. No replacement appointment of the Chairman was made after Ms. Liu Jing's resignation and the Company has not had a Chairman since 25 May 2022. The position of chief executive officer of the Company has remained vacant since the Listing Date. As all major decisions are made in consultation with the members of the Board, and there are four Independent Non-executive Directors on the Board offering independent perspectives, the Board is therefore of the view that there are adequate safeguards in place to ensure sufficient balance of powers within the Board.

TRAINING AND CONTINUING DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

Upon appointing a new Director, each new Director receives an induction package covering business operations, policy and procedures of the Company as well as the general, statutory and regulatory obligations of being a Director to ensure that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/her responsibilities under the Listing Rules and other relevant regulatory requirements.

主席及首席執行官

主席及首席執行官之職責已清晰界定及區分,以確保獨立性且能適當地互相制衡。 主席專注本公司之業務策略及方針,並肩負行政責任,領導董事會,且確保董事會 在履行其職責時能正確及有效運作。首席 執行官向董事會負責,以全面執行本公司 策略及協調整體業務營運。

董事的培訓及持續發展

於委任新董事時,各新董事將收到入職資料,範圍涵蓋本公司的業務營運、政策及程序以及作為董事的一般、法定及監管責任,以確保其足夠了解其於上市規則及其他相關監管規定下的責任。

企業管治報告

The Company also provides regular updates on the business development of the Group. The Directors are regularly briefed on the latest development regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable statutory requirements to ensure compliance and maintenance of good corporate governance practices. In addition, the Company has been encouraging the Directors to enroll in professional development courses and seminars relating to the Listing Rules, Companies Ordinance and corporate governance practices organized by professional bodies or chambers in Hong Kong. All Directors have confirmed that they had complied with Code Provision C.1.4 during the Year by attending seminars and briefings and reading relevant materials.

During the Reporting Period, all the Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development and refreshed their knowledge and skills so as to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Such professional development was completed by way of attending briefings, conferences, courses, forums, seminars and lectures which are relevant to the business or Directors' duties, as well as reading relevant information and participating in business— related research.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Board held 16 meetings.

The Directors can attend meetings in person or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the Articles of Association. The joint company secretaries of the Company (the "Joint Company Secretaries") assist the Chairman to prepare the agenda of the meeting and each Director may request to include any matters in the agenda. Generally, notice would be given for a regular meeting of the Company at least 14 days in advance. The Directors will receive details of agenda items for decision at least 3 days before each Board meeting. The Joint Company Secretaries are responsible for distributing detailed documents to each of the Directors prior to the meetings of the Board to ensure that the Directors may receive accurate, timely and clear information to make informed decisions regarding the matters to be discussed in the meetings. All Directors may access to the advice and services of the Joint Company Secretaries who regularly update the Board on governance and regulatory matters. All Directors will also be provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties, and upon reasonable request, the Directors will be able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense. The Joint Company Secretaries are also responsible for ensuring the procedures of Board meetings are observed and providing the Board with opinions on matters in relation to the compliance with the procedures of Board meetings. All minutes of Board meetings will be recorded in sufficient details, including the matters considered by the Board and the decisions reached.

全體董事於報告期內均已參加適當的持續 專業發展,讓自己的知識及技能與時並進, 確保繼續在具備全面信息及切合所需的情 況下對董事會作出貢獻。完成專業發展的 方式包括出席有關業務或董事職務之簡報 會、會議、課程、論壇及研討會、授課、 閱讀相關資料及參與業務相關研究。

董事會會議

截至2024年12月31日止年度,董事會召開 了16次會議。

根據本公司組織章程細則,董事可親身或 透過其他電子通訊方式出席會議。本公司 的聯席公司秘書(「聯席公司秘書」)將協助 主席預備會議議程,各董事均可要求將任 何事宜加入議程之內。本公司一般於舉行 定期會議前至少14日發出通告。董事將於 舉行各董事會會議至少3日前收到詳細議 程,以便作出決定。聯席公司秘書負責於 舉行董事會會議前將詳細文件交予各董事, 以確保董事可以收到準確、及時和清晰的 資料,以便就會議上將予討論的事宜作出 知情決定。聯席公司秘書向全體董事提供 意見及服務,並定期向董事會提供管治及 規管事宜的最新資料。所有董事將獲得充 分的資源以履行其職責,並在合理的要求 下,可按合適的情況尋求獨立專業意見, 費用由本公司承擔。聯席公司秘書亦負責 確保各董事遵守會議程序,並就遵守董事 會會議程序的事宜向董事會提供意見。董 事會會議的紀錄均記錄足份的詳情,包括 董事會已考慮的事項及作出的決定。

企業管治報告

The individual attendance records of each Director at the various meetings of the Company during the Reporting Period are set out below:

各董事於報告期內出席本公司各會議的個 別出席記錄載列如下:

		Annual general	Extraordinary general		Audit	Remuneration	Nomination
		meeting	meeting	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee
Name of Director	董事姓名	股東週年大會	股東特別大會	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Chen Hua	陳華先生	1/1		16/16	-	4/4	-
Mr. Lam Kam Kong	林錦洸先生	1/1		16/16	-	-	3/3
Mr. Sun Jingang	孫金剛先生	1/1		16/16	-	-	-
Mr. Cheung Ka Wai ^{#1}	張家偉先生#1	-		8/8			
Mr. Tse Chun Chung ^{#2}	謝震中先生#2	1/1		7/7	-	-	-
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Au Hei Ching	區禧靖先生	1/1		16/16	3/3	-	4/4
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悦先生	1/1		16/16	3/3	4/4	4/4
Mr. Zheng Yu ^{#3}	鄭宇先生#3	-		1/1	1/1	-	-
Ms. Zhou Xiaochun	周筱春女士	1/1		16/16	3/3	4/4	-
Mr. Huang Zhenming ^{^1}	黃振明先生^1	1/1		10/14	2/2	-	-

^{^1} (appointed on 24 January 2024)

BOARD COMMITTEES

We have established the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination committee on 10 February 2020. Each of the above three committees has written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. The functions of the above three committees are summarised as follows:

董事會委員會

我們已於2020年2月10日成立審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會。上述三個委員 會均根據上市規則訂有書面職權範圍。上 述三個委員會的職能概述如下:

⁽appointed on 31 July 2024)

⁽resigned on 31 July 2024)

⁽resigned on 24 January 2024)

^{^1 (}於2024年1月24日獲委任)

^{#1 (}於2024年7月31日獲委任)

^{#2 (}於2024年7月31日辭任)

^{#3 (}於2024年1月24日辭任)

企業管治報告

AUDIT COMMITTEE

We established the Audit Committee. During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee consists of Mr. Au Hei Ching, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace, Mr. Zheng Yu, Ms. Zhou Xiaochun and Mr. Huang Zhenming and is chaired by Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace, who have the appropriate professional qualifications required under the Listing Rules. Mr. Zheng Yu has ceased to be member of the Audit Committee on 24 January 2024. Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace has been appointed as the Chairman of Audit Committee since 1 October 2023 and Mr. Huang Zhenming has been appointed as the member of Audit Committee since 24 January 2024. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to assist our Board by providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management system of our Group, to oversee the audit process, to develop and review our policies and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by our Board.

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee has performed its duties, reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system and risk management of the Company, the Group Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy and the Group Whistleblowing Policy, reviewed the terms of engagement of the external auditors and the Group's continuing connected transactions. The Audit Committee has also reviewed with the management of the Company the interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2024 and also with the external auditor the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2024, and was of the opinion that the preparation of such results was in compliance with the relevant accounting standards, rules and regulations and that adequate disclosures have been made.

審核委員會

於報告期內及直至本年報日期,審核委員會已履行其職責,檢討本公司內部監控制度及風險管理、本集團反賄賂及反負污政策及本集團舉報政策的成效並審閱外審集團持續關連交易。審核數分數時內任期及本集團持續關連交易。審核查員會亦已聯同本公司管理層審閱本集團,以及聯同外部核數師審閱本集團截至2024年6月30日止六個月的中期業2023年及2024年12月31日止年度的全年業績、並認為有關業績的編製符合相關會計準則、規則及規例,且已作出充分披露。

企業管治報告

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

We established the Remuneration Committee. During the Reporting Period, The Remuneration Committee consists of Mr. Chen Hua, Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace and Ms. Zhou Xiaochun and is chaired by Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations to our Board regarding our policy and structure for the remuneration of all of our Directors and senior management.

During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee has discussed and reviewed the remuneration policies of the Company, reviewed and made recommendations with respect to the remuneration of Board members for approval by the Board and made recommendations with respect to the remuneration of the newly appointed Director during the Reporting Period for approval by the Board. The Remuneration Committee had formulated the remuneration policy for Directors, approved the terms of service contracts of Directors and devised the principle for the remuneration of executive Directors for the year ended 31 December 2024.

REMUNERATION POLICY FOR DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is determined on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance, experience, responsibility, workload and time devoted to the Company and comparable market statistics, for Board approval. Each of the executive Directors is entitled to a basic salary which is reviewed annually. In addition, each of the executive Directors may receive a discretionary bonus as the Remuneration Committee may recommend. Such amount has to be approved by the Board.

Details of the amount of Directors' emoluments for the Reporting Period are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

薪酬委員會

我們已成立薪酬委員會。於報告期內,薪酬委員會由陳華先生、李暢悦先生及周筱春女士組成,由李暢悦先生擔任主席。薪酬委員會的主要職責包括就我們有關全體董事及高級管理層的薪酬的政策及結構向董事會作出推薦。

於報告期內,薪酬委員會已討論及檢討本公司的薪酬政策,檢討並就董事會成員的薪酬提出建議,以獲董事會批准,並就報告期內新委任董事的薪酬提出建議,以獲董事會批准。薪酬委員會已制定董事薪酬政策,批准董事服務合約的條款,並擬定截至2024年12月31日止年度之執行董事薪酬發放原則。

董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策

本集團僱員的酬金政策乃按彼等的表現、 資歷及工作能力而釐定。董事酬金乃經驗 及本公司營運業績、董事個別表現、經驗、 職責、工作量及投入本公司的時間,以及 可資比較市場統計數據後,由薪酬委員 建議以供董事會批准。各執行董事均執行 有底薪,底薪會按年檢討。另外,各執行 董事可按薪酬委員會的建議收取酌定花紅, 有關金額須由董事會批准。

董事於報告期內之酬金金額詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註13。

企業管治報告

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

We established the Nomination Committee. During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee consists of Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace, Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel and Mr. Au Hei Ching. Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet has been appointed as the Chairman of Nomination Committee with effect from 21 April 2023. The primary functions of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of our Board and making recommendations on any proposed changes to our Board to complement our Company's corporate strategy, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members, making recommendations to our Board on the appointment of members of our Board and succession planning of our Directors, and assessing the independence of our independent non-executive Directors.

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee had reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, the implementation and effectiveness of the board diversity policy and conducted a full review on the professional qualifications and career background of all candidates to directorships and members of each Board committee as well as the independence of the independent Directors.

提名委員會

於報告期內,提名委員會已檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成、董事會多元化政策的實施及效力,並全面檢討所有董事候選人及各董事委員會成員的專業資格及職業背景以及獨立董事的獨立性。

企業管治報告

Independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors

The role of the independent non-executive Directors is to provide independent and objective opinions to the Board, giving adequate control and balances for the Company to protect the overall interests of the Shareholders and the Company. They serve actively on the Board and Board committees to provide their independent and objective views. In compliance with Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, as at the date of the annual report, the Company has appointed four independent non-executive Directors, representing more than one-third of the Board. One of the independent non-executive Directors has the appropriate professional qualifications in accounting or related financial management expertise as required by Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. Each independent non-executive Director has submitted annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Based on the contents of such confirmations, the Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted a nomination policy for selecting and recommending candidates for directorships. The Board is ultimately responsible for selection and appointment of new Directors.

Selection Criteria

The Nomination Committee will evaluate, select and recommend candidates, including candidate nominated by Shareholder(s), for directorships to the Board by giving due consideration to a wide range of criteria, having due regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board, including but not limited to gender, age, experience, cultural and educational background, expertise, skills and know-how, sufficient time to effectively carry out their duties, qualifications including accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries the Company's business is involved in, independence, reputation for integrity, relevant requirements under the Listing Rules, potential contributions that the individual(s) can bring to the Board and other factors as it may deem are in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders.

獨立非執行董事的獨立性

董事提名

本公司已採納提名政策以遴選及推薦董事 候選人,董事會最終負責遴選及委任新董 事。

遴選標準

提名委員會將藉適當考慮廣泛的標準,經 充分慮及董事會多元化的裨益後,評估 挑選及推薦候選人(包括股東提名的民 人)擔任董事會之董事,文化及教育的 限於性別、年齡、經驗、文化及教育的 以於性別、年齡、經驗、文化及教育的 以及和 關行職責、資格(包括於本公司立性、 對方 有效履行職責、資格(包括於本公司立性、 對方 時所 發及誠信、上市規則項下有關以及可能 , 可為董事會帶來的潛在貢獻以可能 , 符合本公司及股東最佳利益的其他因素。

企業管治報告

Nomination Procedure and Process

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of a director with reference to the selection criteria as mentioned above. The Nomination Committee may consult any source it deems appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as recommendations from existing directors, professional agency firms and proposals from shareholders of the Company. The Nomination Committee will adopt any process it deems appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as review of resume, personal interviews, background checks and third-party reference checks.

Upon considering a candidate suitable for the directorship, the Nomination Committee will convene a meeting to discuss and consider the recommendation of the candidate to the Board for appointment and the proposed remuneration package. The Board will have the final authority on determining the appointment of the Candidate.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

We have adopted a board diversity policy which sets out the approach to achieve and maintain an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of our Board that are relevant to our business growth.

Pursuant to our board diversity policy, selection of our Board candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, and any other factors that our Board may consider relevant and applicable from time to time. High emphasis is placed on ensuring a balanced composition of skills and experience at our Board level in order to provide a range of perspectives, insights and challenge that enable our Board to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively, support good decision making in view of the core businesses and strategy of our Group, and support succession planning and development of our Board. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to our Board.

提名程序及流程

提名委員會將參考上述遴選標準向董事會 推薦委任董事。物色或挑選合適候選人時 提名委員會可諮詢其認為合適的任何人人 來源,例如現有董事、專業代理公司的提 薦建議以及本公司股東的建議。於評估候 選人的合適性時,提名委員會將採納其認 為合適的任何程序,如審閱簡歷、個人訪 談、背景調查及第三方資歷查核。

於考慮適合擔任董事的候選人後,提名委員會將召開會議,討論及考慮該候選人向董事會提出的委任推薦建議以及建議的薪酬組合。董事會將擁有釐定候選人委任的最終權限。

董事會多元化政策

我們已採納董事會多元化政策,該政策規 定了實現及維持與我們業務增長相關的本 公司董事會多元化角度的適當平衡的方式。

企業管治報告

Our Nomination Committee is responsible for monitoring the implementation of our board diversity policy. The proportion of female Board representation is a measurable objective of the Company in assessing the implementation of the diversity policy. As at the date of this Report, the Board currently has one female Director out of eight Directors, achieving the gender diversity of the Board at 12.5%. The Board targets to maintain at least the current level of female representation, with the ultimate goal of increasing the proportion of female members over time as and when suitable candidates are identified. The eight Directors are from diverse and complementary backgrounds, including business and operation management, legal, accounting, financial management and alcohol-related management. The valuable experiences and expertise they bring to our business are critical for the long-term growth of the Group. Gender diversity at workforce levels (including our senior management) is disclosed in the Company's "Environmental, Social and Governance Report".

Our Nomination Committee reviews our Board's composition at least once annually taking into account the benefits of all relevant diversity aspects, and adhere to our board diversity policy when making recommendation on any Board appointments. Our Nomination Committee also ensures that diversity of our Board is considered as part of the evaluation of our Board's effectiveness.

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

As at the date of this annual report, Mr. Wong Ka Sing and Mr. Lam Kan Kong Nathaniel are the joint company secretaries of the Company. Mr. Wong Ka Sing has been appointed to be the Company Secretary of the Company with effect from 1 March 2024 whose biography is set out in the section headed "Biography of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report. Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel was appointed as joint company secretary on 7 June 2024 and Mr. Wong Ka Sing was redesignated as joint company secretary on 7 June 2024. Mr. Chan Ming Kei was the company secretary of the Company. Mr. Chan Ming Kei has later ceased to be a company secretary of the Company on 1 March 2024.

提名委員會將在計及所有相關多元化方面 的裨益後,至少每年一次檢討董事會組成, 並在就任何董事會委任作出推薦時堅持董 事會多元化政策。提名委員會亦將確保在 評估董事會有效性時考慮董事會多元化。

聯席公司秘書

於本年報日期,黃家昇先生及林錦洸先生 為本公司之聯席公司秘書。黃家昇先生自 2024年3月1日起獲委任為本公司之公司之書,其履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管理 層履歷」一節。林錦洸先生於2024年6月7日 獲委任為聯席公司秘書,而黃家昇先生於 2024年6月7日調任為聯席公司秘書。陳銘 基先生曾為本公司之公司秘書。陳銘 生於2024年3月1日不再擔任本公司之公司 秘書。

企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

We have adopted or expect to adopt a set of risk management measures and internal control policies to identify, evaluate and manage risks arising from our operations. Our internal control system is summarised as follows:

- The Company does not have an internal audit function. We have formed an Audit Committee comprising four independent non-executive Directors as part of our measures to assist the Board to improve corporate governance. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to provide our Directors with an independent review of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control, risk management system and ESG performance and reporting of our Group, to oversee the audit process, and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by our Directors;
- We have adopted and implemented comprehensive control policies in respect of various aspects of our business operations such as (i) risk management policies; (ii) conflict of interest guidelines; and (iii) disclosure guidelines;
- We have established system and manuals in relation to, among others, distribution of annual or interim reports and publication, handling and monitoring of inside information prior to public announcement and other requirements under the Listing Rules;
- Our Directors have attended training sessions conducted by our legal advisers as to Hong Kong laws on the on-going obligations and duties of a director of a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange;
- We have complied with the Corporate Governance Code. To avoid potential conflicts of interest, we have implemented corporate governance measures as set out in the paragraph headed "Relationship with Our Controlling Shareholders Corporate governance measures" in the Prospectus, if applicable. Our Directors reviewed our corporate governance measures and our compliance with the Corporate Governance Code each financial year and complied with the "comply or explain" principle in our corporate governance reports to be included in our annual reports after Listing;
- We have engaged legal advisers as to Hong Kong laws, to advise and assist our Board on compliance matters in relation to the Listing Rules and/or other relevant laws and regulations applicable to our Company; and

風險管理及內部控制

我們已採納或預期採納一套風險管理措施 及內部監控政策,以識別、評估及管理我 們的營運所產生的風險。我們的內部監控 制度概述如下:

- 本公司並無設立內部審核職能。我們已成立由四名獨立非執行董事組成的審核委員會,作為我們協助董事審核委員會的主要職責為向董事提供有關數管理系統以及環境、社會及管治表與以及報告有效性的獨立檢討,以監督審核程序及履行董事委派的其他職務及職責:
- 一 我們已就業務營運的各方面採納及實施全面監控政策,如(i)風險管理政策; (ii)利益衝突指引;及(iii)披露指引;
- 我們於刊發公告前及根據上市規則的 其他規定,已建立有關(其中包括)年 度或中期報告的分派及內幕消息的發 佈、處理及監察的制度及手冊;
- 董事已參加我們的香港法律顧問開辦的培訓課程,內容有關公司(其股份於聯交所上市)董事的持續義務及職責:
- 一 我們已遵守企業管治守則。為避免潛在利益衝突,我們已實施招股章程「與控股股東的關係一企業管治措施」一段所載的企業管治措施(如適用)。董事已於各財政年度檢討我們的企業管治措施及遵守企業管治守則情況,並已遵守將於上市後載入年報的企業管治報告的「不遵守就解釋」原則:
- 我們已委聘香港法律之法律顧問,其 將就上市規則及/或其他適用於本公 司的相關法律及法規的合規事宜向董 事會提供意見及協助;及

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 When considered necessary and appropriate, we will seek professional advice and assistance from independent internal control consultants, external legal advisers and/or other appropriate independent professional advisers with respect to matters relating to our internal controls and legal compliance.

During the Reporting Period, we engaged an independent internal control consultant (the "Internal Control Consultant") to perform a review over certain key areas of our internal control system. The Internal Control Consultant provided recommendations for our management's consideration to enhance our internal controls and procedures.

We are satisfied that the our risk management and internal control systems including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions as appropriate to the Group have been put in place and considers the risk management and internal control systems effective and adequate.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Group's financial statements for each financial period to give a true and fair view of the financial position, results and cash flows of the Group for the period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Board has selected appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

ACCOUNTING RECORDS

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Group keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Group and which enable the preparation of financial statements in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards as promulgated by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

GOING CONCERN

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

在認為必要及適當的情況下,我們將 就與內部監控及法律合規相關的事宜 尋求獨立內部監控顧問、外部法律顧 問及/或其他適當獨立專業顧問的專 業意見及協助。

於報告期內,我們已委聘一名獨立內部監控顧問(「內部監控顧問」),以審查我們內部監控制度的若干主要領域。內部監控顧問為管理層加強內部監控及程序的考慮提供建議。

我們信納適用於本集團的風險管理及內部 控制系統(包括財務、營運及合規控制以及 風險管理職能)經已實施,並認為該等風險 管理及內部控制系統均為有效及充足。

董事對財務報表承擔的責任

董事會知悉有責任編製本集團各財政期間的財務報表,以真實而公允地呈列本集。該期間的財務狀況及業績與現金流務報至2024年12月31日止年度的財務報至2024年12月31日止年度的財務衛門,並審慎、公允而合理地作出判斷政持續經營基準編製財務報告,以及按持續經營基準編製財務報告,以及按持續經營基準編製財務報告,並且防止及值查期,並且防止及值查期,並且防止及值查期,並且防止及值查期,並且防止及值查期,並且防止及值查期,並且防止及值查期,並且防止及值

會計記錄

董事負責確保本集團的會計紀錄能合理並 準確地披露本集團的財務狀況,從而根據 香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則 編製財務報表。

持續經營

董事於作出適當查詢後,認為本集團有充足資源以供於可見將來持續經營,故認為適宜採用持續經營基準編製財務報表。

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AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the Reporting Period, the Company appointed KTC, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards to provide audit services to the Company. The remuneration relating to the annual audit services was HK\$1,100,000.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Shareholders have the right to initiate and convene general meetings

In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company, the shareholders shall be entitled to the following rights: Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meetings

Shareholders are welcome to put forward proposals relating to the operations, strategy and/or management of the Group at a general meeting. Proposals shall be sent to the Board or the Joint Company Secretaries by written requisition to the Joint Company Secretaries at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 1101, 11th floor, Gloucester Tower, The Landmark, 15 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

Shareholders are entitled to the enquiry right

Shareholders are entitled to make enquiries to the Board by directly mailing to the Company at its principal place of business in Hong Kong at Suites 1101, 11th Floor, Gloucester Tower, The Landmark, 15 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong. The Company will deal with all enquiries in a timely and appropriate manner.

核數師酬金

於報告期內,根據國際財務報告準則,本公司委任中瑞和信為本公司提供審核服務, 年度審計服務相關的酬金為1,100,000港元。

股東權利

股東有權提請並召開股東大會

於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

本集團歡迎股東於股東大會上提出有關本集團業務、策略及/或管理方面的建議。有關建議須以書面方式向董事會或聯席公司秘書提出,並以聯席公司秘書為收件人,郵寄至本公司香港主要營業地點,地址為香港皇后大道中15號置地廣場告羅士打大廈11樓1101室。

股東享有查詢權利

股東可向董事會作出查詢致函至本公司香港主要營業地點,地址為香港皇后大道中 15號置地廣場告羅士打大廈11樓1101室。 本公司將會及時以適當方式處理所有查詢。

企業管治報告

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company believes that effective communication with shareholders is essential to the enhancement of the relationship with investors and enhancement of investors' understanding of the Company's business and strategies. The Company highly values shareholders' opinions and suggestions, and actively organises and conducts various activities related to the relationship with investors in order to maintain the communication with shareholders, and to timely satisfy the reasonable demands of all shareholders.

To enhance effective communication, the Company maintains its website at http://www.dwhl1950.com where latest information on the Company's business development, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

The AGM will be held on 30 May 2025. The notice of the AGM will be sent to the Shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the AGM.

RELATIONSHIP WITH INVESTORS

The Company believes that good relationship with investors will help build a more stable shareholder base. As a result, since the Listing, the Company has been and will be dedicated to maintaining a higher degree of transparency, complying with the Listing Rules and timely providing investors with comprehensive and accurate information, and continuously performing its obligation of information disclosure as a listed company. The Company will strengthen its communication with investors and let investors understand corporate strategies and business operation by organising road shows, participating in investors summit, voluntary information disclosure and others.

The Board considers our current practices were all well-implemented throughout the Year and achieved satisfactory results.

The Company will continue to maintain a policy for open and effective communication with investors for the purposes of timely providing investors with the latest information on the Company's business while in compliance with the relevant regulatory provisions.

與股東溝通

本公司認為,有效與股東溝通對提升投資 者關係及投資者了解本公司的業務發展及 長期策略非常重要。本公司高度重視股東 的意見及建議,積極組織及參與各類投資 者關係活動與股東保持溝通,及時滿足各 股東的合理需求。

為提升有效溝通,本公司設有網站 http://www.dwhl1950.com,當中載有關本 公司的業務發展、財務資料、企業管治常 規及其他資料的最新資料,可供公眾人士 閱覽。

本公司將於2025年5月30日舉行股東周年 大會。股東周年大會通告將於股東周年大 會舉行前最少20個完整營業日寄交股東。

與投資者關係

本公司認為,良好投資者關係有助於建立 更穩固的股東基礎,因此,自上市起, 公司一直並將致力維持較高透明度, 上市規則並將及時向投資者提供全面、 確的資料,持續履行上市公司信息披露 責任。本公司將透過舉辦路演、 會、自願披露資料等方式加強與投資 者之間的溝通,讓投資者了解企業策略 業務營運狀況。

董事會認為現有慣例於全年均獲妥為落實, 並取得驕人成果。

本公司將繼續維持開放、有效的投資者溝 通政策,在本公司符合相關監管規定的情 況下,及時向投資者提供有關本公司業務 的最新資料。

企業管治報告

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

The Articles of Association was conditionally adopted on 10 February 2020 with effect from the Listing Date. The Listing Rules have been amended with effect from 1 January 2022 which requires, among others, listed issuers to adopt a uniform set of 14 core standards for shareholder protection. The Company amended and restated the memorandum of association and articles of association of the Company by adopting a second amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company. For details, please refer to the second amended and restated memorandum and articles of association published on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the website of the Company (www.dwhl1950.com).

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company actively fulfills its social responsibilities by protecting the environment, making good use of and cherishing resources, adopting more environmentally-friendly designs and technologies and improving the environmental awareness of its employees, partners and customers, so as to minimize the impacts of the business of the Company on the environment. For details, please refer to the 2024 Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company, which will be published on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the website of the Company (www.dwhl1950.com).

組織章程細則

組織章程細則於2020年2月10日獲有條件採納並自上市日期起生效。上市規則自2022年1月1日起已獲修訂,要求(其中包括)上市發行人採用一套14項統一的「核心準則」,以保護股東。本公司已通過採納本公司之第二份經修訂及重列組織章程大綱及章程細則修訂並重列本公司之組織章程大綱及章程細則。有關詳情,請參閱於聯交所網站(www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司網站(www.dwhl1950.com)刊載之第二份經修訂及重列組織章程大綱及章程細則。

環境、社會及管治報告

本公司積極履行社會責任,愛護環境,善用和珍惜資源,採用更環保的設計和技術,提高員工,合作伙伴和客戶的環保意識,力求將本公司業務對環境產生的影響降至最低。詳情可見「本公司2024年環境、社會及管治報告」,其將於聯交所網站(www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司網站(www.dwhl1950.com)刊登。

獨立核數師報告



KTC Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)

中瑞和信會計師事務所有限公司

To the shareholders of DIWANG INDUSTRIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Diwang Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 65 to 167, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Boards (the "IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致

帝王實業控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審核載列於第65至167頁的帝王實業控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,當中包括於2024年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註(包括重大會計政策資料及其他解釋資料)。

我們認為,綜合財務報表根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」) 真實與公平地反映了 貴集團於2024年12 月31日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已 遵照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

意見基準

我們已按照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港核數準則(「香港核數準則(「香港核數準則」)進行審核工作。我們根據該審複則計會任進一步描述於本報告核數師審養計為報表的責任一步的實際,與(「守則」),我們已按照守則(「守則」),我們已按照明時不過一個,我們自己的一個,我們相信,我們的審核憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審核思提供基準。

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獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項指根據我們的專業判斷,在 我們對本期間綜合財務報表的審核中最重 要的事項。該等事項在我們對綜合財務報 表進行整體審核及就此達致意見時處理, 我們並不就此另外提供意見。

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of trade receivables 貿易應收款項減值評估

Refer to notes 5(ii)(b) and 21 to the consolidated financial statements 請參閱綜合財務報表附註5(ii)(b)及21

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had gross trade receivables of approximately RMB237,089,000 and recognised provision for impairment of approximately RMB15,923,000.

於2024年12月31日, 貴集團有貿易應收款項總額約人民幣237,089,000元及確認減值撥備約人民幣15,923,000元。

Management performed periodic assessment on the recoverability of the trade receivables and the sufficiency of provision for impairment based on information including credit profile of different customers, ageing of the trade receivables, historical settlement records, subsequent settlement status, expected timing and amount of realisation of outstanding balances, and on-going trading relationships with the relevant customers. Management also considered forward-looking information that may impact the customers' ability to repay the outstanding balances in order to estimate the expected credit losses for the impairment assessment.

管理層已基於資料(包括不同客戶的信用情況、貿易應收款項的賬齡、過往結算記錄、後續結算情況、變現未收回餘額的預期時間及金額,以及與相關客戶的持續貿易關係),對貿易應收款項的可收回性及減值撥備的充足性進行定期評估。管理層亦考慮可能影響客戶償還未收回結餘的能力的前瞻性資料,以估計有關減值評估的預期信貸虧損。

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment on trade receivables included:

我們有關管理層對貿易應收款項的減值損評估的程序 包括:

- Understanding the credit control procedures performed by management, including its procedures on periodic review of trade receivables and expected credit losses assessment on trade receivables;
- 了解管理層執行之信貸監控程序,包括其定期審 閱貿易應收款項及評估貿易應收款項之預期信貸 虧損程序;
- Checking, on a sample basis, the ageing profile of the trade receivables as at year end to the underlying financial records and post year-end settlements to bank receipts;
- 對照相關財務記錄抽樣檢查於年末貿易應收款項 的賬齡情況,並將年末後結算情況與銀行收款核對;

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獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Key audit matter (continued) 關鍵審核事項(續)

關鍵審核事項(續)

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of trade receivables (continued) 貿易應收款項減值評估(續)

Refer to notes 5(ii)(b) and 21 to the consolidated financial statements (continued) 請參閱綜合財務報表附註5(ii)(b)及21(續)

We focused on this area due to the impairment assessment of trade receivables under the expected credit losses model involved the use of significant management judgements and estimates.

我們專注於該領域,原因是預期信貸虧損模型下對 貿易應收款項的減值評估涉及使用管理層重大判斷 及估計。

- Inquiring of management for the status of each of the material trade receivables past due as at year end and corroborating explanations from management with supporting evidence, such as understanding ongoing business relationship with the customers based on trade records, checking historical and subsequent settlement records of and other correspondence with the customers; and
- 向管理層查詢有關於年末已逾期的重大貿易應收款項的狀況,並以支持證據證實管理層的解釋,如根據貿易記錄了解與客戶的持續業務關係,查閱客戶的歷史及其後結算記錄及其他通信;和
- Assessing the appropriateness of the expected credit losses provisioning methodology, examining the key data inputs on a sample basis to assess their accuracy and completeness, and challenging the assumptions, including both historical and forward-looking information, used to determine the expected credit losses.
- 評估預期信貸虧損撥備方法的適當性,抽樣檢查 關鍵數據輸入資料,以評估其準確性及完整性, 並質疑釐定預期信貸虧損所使用的假設(包括歷史 及前瞻性資料)。

We found the key assumptions used in impairment assessment of trade receivables were supported by the available evidence.

我們認為貿易應收款項減值評估所用的關鍵假設乃有 據可依。

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獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon ("Other Information").

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair value in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

董事對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報中包含的資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們就此的核數師報告(「**其他資料**」)。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見不涵蓋其他資料,且我們並不對此發表任何形式的保證 結論。

就我們對綜合財務報表的審核而言,我們 的責任是閱讀其他資料,並同時考慮其他 資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審核過 程中獲得的了解存在重大不一致或看似嚴 重失實。倘若基於我們進行的工作,我們 認為該其他資料存在重大失實陳述,則我 們須報告該事實。我們在此方面無任何發 現可報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表的 責任

董事負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的 國際財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露 規定編製及公平呈列綜合財務報表,及落 實董事釐定為必要的內部控制,以使綜合 財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的 重大失實陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,披露(如適用) 與持續經營有關的事項,並使用持續經營 會計基準(除非董事擬將 貴集團清盤或終 止經營,或除此之外並無其他可行的選擇)。

治理層負責監督 貴集團的財務申報程序。

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獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to
 those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
 or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師審核綜合財務報表的責任

作為按照香港核數準則進行審核的一部分, 我們在整個審核期間作出專業判斷並保持 專業懷疑。我們亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表中存在重大 失實陳述(不論因欺詐或錯誤導致) 的風險,設計及執行應對該等風險的 審核程序,並取得充分適當的審核程序,並取得充分適當的由核 據,為我們的意見提供基礎。由 據,為我們的意見提供基礎。 這假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上大 。 這假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上大錯 誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 取得與審核相關的內部控制的理解, 以設計適當的審核程序,但目的並非 對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意 見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

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Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
 of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
 statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

going concern.

 Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師審核綜合財務報表的責任

- 對董事使用持續經營會計基準的適當性,及(基於所取得的審核證據)是否存在與事件或狀況相關且可能導致對 貴集團持續經營能力產生重大致問的重大不確定性得出結論。倘若我們認為存在重大不確定性,需要在對師報告中提請注意綜合財務訂數的相關披露或(如該披露不足)修可能與實別。我們的結論基於截至核數師報告日期所獲得的審核證據。然而,未來事件或狀況可能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報、結構 及內容(包括披露),以及綜合財務報 表是否按實現公平列報的方式反映了 相關交易及事件。
- 計劃並進行團隊審核以獲取有關 貴 集團內實體或業務單位的財務資料的 充分適當的審核證據,作為對集團財 務報表發表意見的基礎。我們負責對 就集團審核進行的審核工作的方向、 監督及審閱。我們對審核意見承擔全 部責任。

我們就(其中包括)審核的規劃範圍及時間 與重大審核發現(包括我們在審核中發現 的內部控制重大缺陷)與治理層溝通。

我們亦向治理層提供一份聲明,表示我們已遵守有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並就合理可能導致對我們獨立性產生疑問的所有關係及(如適用)為消除所適用的威脅或保障措施採取的行動。

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獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS (continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

核數師審核綜合財務報表的責任 (續)

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對綜合財務報表的審核最為重要,因 而構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數師報告 中説明該等事項,除非法律或法規禁止公 開披露該事項,或(在極少數情況下)由於 其不利後果合理預期將超過公開披露所帶 來的公共利益,我們認為該事項不應在我 們的報告中披露。

KTC Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants (Practising)

Ng Yan Chak

Practising Certificate Number: P08328

Hong Kong, 28 March 2025

中瑞和信會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師(執業)

吳欣澤

執業證書編號: P08328

香港,二零二五年三月二十八日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

	Notes 附註	2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue 收入	7	566,475	570,572
Cost of sales 銷售成本	-	(309,176)	(337,189)
Gross profit 毛利		257,299	233,383
Other income 其他收入	8	4,269	3,418
Other gains and losses, net 其他收益及虧損淨額	9	39	67
Impairment losses under expected credit 預期信貸虧損模式下之減值	虧		
loss model, net of reversal 損,扣除撥回		(6,978)	(4,061)
(Loss)/gain on disposal of financial assets 出售按公平值計入損益(「按			
at fair value though profit or loss 平值計入損益」)之金融資	產		
("FVTPL") 之(虧損)/收益	⇒	(1,018)	4,032
Loss on fair value change of financial 按公平值計入損益之金融資 assets at FVTPL 公平值變動虧損	産	(060)	/2 101\
assets at FVTPL 公平值變動虧損 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支		(969) (182,381)	(2,181) (163,147)
Administrative and general expenses 行政及一般開支		(33,278)	(35,147)
Share of result of an associate 分佔聯營公司業績	19	(79)	(82)
Finance costs 財務成本	10	(1,400)	(688)
And the costs An	_	(1,100)	(000)
Profit before tax 除税前溢利	11	35,504	35,637
Income tax expenses 所得税開支	12	(5,489)	(10,763)
THE WAY EXPENSES	-	(3)-103)	(10,7 03)
Profit for the year 本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利	_	30,015	24,874
Profit/(loss) for the year 以下應佔年內溢利/(虧損) attributable to:	:		
Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人		30,030	19,451
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	39	(15)	5,423
		30,015	24,874
Earnings per share (RMB cents) 每股盈利(人民幣分)			
Basic and diluted 基本及攤薄	16	4.17	4.11

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

			2024	2023
			2024年	2023年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Profit for the year	年內溢利		30,015	24,874
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收入/(虧損)			
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可能重新分類至損益之 項目:			
Exchange difference on translating	換算海外業務之匯兑差額			
foreign operation		_	143	(251)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	年內其他全面收入/(虧損)			
for the year		_	143	(251)
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收入總額			
for the year			30,158	24,623
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to:	以下應佔年內全面收入/ (虧損)總額:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		30,173	19,200
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	_	(15)	5,423
		_	30,158	24,623

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日

			2024	2023
			2024年	2023年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	4. 法私 次 支			
Non-current assets	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備	17	104 449	112.051
Property, plant and equipment	初未、	17	194,448 59,583	113,851
Right-of-use assets Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司之權益	18 19	5,426	25,676 5,505
Prepayments	於 间	22	8,116	42,305
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	30		1,617
Deferred tax assets	<u> </u>	50 _	2,700	1,017
			270,273	188,954
	注毛 沒 幸			
Current assets	流動資產	20	44.633	100 212
Inventories	存貨	20	44,677	108,312
Trade and bills receivables Prepayments, deposits and other	貿易應收款項及應收票據 預付款項、按金及其他應收	21	241,274	242,037
receivables	款項	22	207,287	135,514
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的金融資產	23	5,972	9,522
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	24	3,475	4,300
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	24 _	54,726	48,952
			557,411	548,637
		_		
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	25	70,282	51,538
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	26	18,618	15,307
Deferred income	遞延收入	27	487	487
Amounts due to related companies	應付關連公司款項	28	463	1,453
Tax payables	應付税項		1,303	1,797
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	29 _	64,500	25,000
			155,653	95,582
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	_	401,758	453,055
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	_	672,031	642,009
Non-current lightlife.	北 汝			
Non-current liability Deferred income	非流動負債 遞延收入	27	3,287	3,423
Not seeds	次玄河店		660 744	(30,500
Net assets	資產淨值		668,744	638,586

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	32	12,705 631,389	12,705 601,216
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	本公司擁有人應佔權益總額非控股權益	_	644,094 24,650	613,921 24,665
Total equity	總權益	_	668,744	638,586

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 March 2025.

於2025年3月28日獲董事會批准及授權刊 發。

Chen Hua 陳華	Sun Jingang 孫金剛
Director	Director
董事	董事

The accompany notes from an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註構成本綜合財務報表之一部分。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

Non-

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note (b)) (附註(b))	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note (a)) (附註(a))	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 總權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	4,962	202,858	62,659	20,379	(2,250)	42,533	331,141	19,242	350,383
Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	年內溢利 年內其他全面虧損		-	-	-	- (251)	19,451 -	19,451 (251)	5,423 -	24,874 (251)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	年內全面(虧損)/收入 總額		-	-	-	(251)	19,451	19,200	5,423	24,623
Transfer to statutory reserve Issue of shares from right issue (note 32(b))	轉撥至法定儲備 根據供股發行股份	-	-	-	2,778	-	(2,778)	-	-	-
Transaction costs attributable to issue of	(附註32(b)) 根據供股發行股份應佔	7,743	258,305	-	-	-	-	266,048	-	266,048
shares from right issue	交易成本		(2,468)	-	-	-	-	(2,468)	-	(2,468)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於2023年12月31日 及2024年1月1日	12,705	458,695	62,659	23,157	(2,501)	59,206	613,921	24,665	638,586
Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利/(虧損) 年內其他全面收入		-	-	-	143	30,030	30,030 143	(15) -	30,015 143
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內全面收入/(虧損) 總額		-	-	-	143	30,030	30,173	(15)	30,158
Transfer to statutory reserve	轉撥至法定儲備	_	-	-	(1,320)	-	1,320	-	-	_
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	12,705	458,695	62,659	21,837	(2,358)	90,556	644,094	24,650	668,744

Notes:

- (a) The subsidiaries of the Company established in the PRC shall appropriate 10% of their annual statutory net profit (after offsetting any prior years' losses) to the statutory reserve fund account in accordance with the PRC Company Law. When the balance of such reserve fund reaches 50% of the subsidiary's share capital, any further appropriation is optional. The statutory reserve fund can be utilised to offset prior years' losses or to increase capital after proper approval.
- (b) Capital reserve represents the difference between the aggregate amount of issued and fully paid share capital of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the shares issued by the Company in exchange for the entire equity interests in the subsidiaries as part of the Group reorganisation during the year ended 31 December 2016.

附註:

- (a) 根據中國公司法,本公司於中國成立的附屬公司須將其年度法定純利(經抵銷任何過往年度虧損後)的10%轉撥至法定儲備金賬戶。倘該儲備金結餘達致該附屬公司股本的50%,則可選擇是否作任何進一步轉撥。於獲得適當批准後,法定儲備金可用作抵銷過往年度虧損或增資。
- (b) 資本儲備指截至2016年12月31日止年度本公司所收購附屬公司的已發行及繳足股本總額與本公司用以換取附屬公司全部股權作為本集團重組一部份的已發行股份面值間的差額。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Operating activities	經營活動			
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		35,504	35,637
Adjustments for:	就以下項目作出調整:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	17	11,584	9,610
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	18	1,093	606
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之	10	1,093	000
plant and equipment	虧損/(收益)	9	2	(6)
Written off of inventory	撇銷存貨	11	_	(13,647)
Provision for impairment loss under ECL model on trade receivables	預期信貸虧損模式項下 貿易應收款項之			(12/211)
	減值虧損撥備		6,978	4,061
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	8	(103)	(182)
Finance costs	財務成本	10	1,400	688
Loss/(gain) on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL	出售按公平值計入損益之 金融資產之虧損/(收益)		1,018	(4,032)
Loss on fair value change of financial	按公平值計入損益的金融資產		1,010	(4,032)
assets at FVTPL	之公平值變動虧損		969	2,181
Share of result of an associate	分佔聯營公司業績	19	79	82
Exchange gain, net	匯兑收益淨額	9 _	(41)	(61)
Operating cash inflows before	營運資金變動前的經營現金			
movements in working capital	流入		58,483	34,937
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		63,635	3,578
Increase in trade and bills receivables Increase in prepayments, deposits and	貿易應收款項及應收票據增加 預付款項、按金及其他應收款		(6,215)	(101,333)
other receivables	項增加		(71,773)	(128,904)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and bills	貿易應付款項及應付票據			
payables	增加/(減少)		18,744	(17,118)
Increase in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用增加		3,311	6,814
(Decrease)/increase in deferred income	遞延收入(減少)/增加	_	(136)	3,363
Cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動所得/(所用)現金			
			66,049	(198,663)
Income tax paid	已付所得税	_	(7,066)	(17,654)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營活動所得/(所用)			
operating activities	現金淨額	_	58,983	(216,317)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Investing activities	投資活動			
Additions of items of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets	以及使用權資產		(84,996)	(14,983)
Prepayments for additions of property, plant and equipment	預付添置物業、廠房及設備		(8,116)	(42,305)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項		118	35
Decrease/(increase) in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款 減少/(増加)		825	(1,872)
Purchases of financial assets at FVTPL	購買按公平值計入損益的 金融資產		_	(8,856)
Net proceeds from disposal of financial	出售按公平值計入損益的		4 000	
assets at FVTPL Capital injection into an associate	金融資產之所得款項淨額 一間聯營公司之注資	19	1,890	9,072 (2,700)
Interest received	已收利息	-	103	182
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(90,176)	(61,427)
Financing activities	融資活動			
Proceeds from bank borrowings	銀行借貸所得款項		49,500	25,000
Repayment of bank borrowings (Repayment to)/advance from related companies	償還銀行借貸 (償還)/關聯公司墊款		(10,000) (990)	(10,000)
Proceeds from issue of shares	發行股份所得款項		(990)	266,048
Payment of issue costs	支付發行費用		_	(2,468)
Interest paid	已付利息	_	(1,400)	(688)
Net cash generated from financing	融資活動所得現金淨額			
activities		_	37,110	278,898
Net increase in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物			
equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the	增加淨額 年初之現金及現金等價物		5,917	1,154
beginning of the year			48,952	48,112
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動之影響	-	(143)	(314)
Total cash and cash equivalents at the	年末之現金及現金等價物總額			
end of the year		-	54,726	48,952

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Diwang Industrial Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law as an exempted company with limited liability. The registered office address is at 89 Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-9009, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business of the Company is 1101, 11th Floor, Gloucester Tower, The Landmark, 15 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") are principally engaged in the manufacturing and sales of faux leather chemicals and Chinese baijiu. The shares of the Company (the "**Shares**") are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the presentation currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousands ("RMB'000") except otherwise indicated. The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is different from the Company's functional currency of Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). The directors of the Company adopted RMB as presentation currency as the Group's operating activities are carried out in the PRC.

1. 一般資料

帝王實業控股有限公司(「本公司」) 根據公司法在開曼群島註冊成立為 獲豁免有限公司。註冊辦事處地址 為89 Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-9009, Cayman Islands。 本公司主要營業地點位於香港皇后大 道中15號置地廣場告羅士打大廈11樓 1101室。

本公司為一家投資控股公司,其附屬公司(「本集團」)主要從事製造及銷售人工革化學品及白酒。本公司股份(「股份」)於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

綜合財務報表以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列,人民幣為本公司之呈列貨幣。除另有指明者外,所有金額已約整至財接近的千位(「人民幣千元」)。綜合財務報表以人民幣呈列,與本公司之財能貨幣港元(「港元」)不同。本本の日期、原因為本集團在中國開展經營活動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs")

Amendments to IFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to IFRSs issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual period beginning on 1 January 2024 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to IFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and

Leaseback

Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as

Current or Non-current

Amendments to IAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with

Covenants

Amendments to IAS 7 and Supplier Fin

IFRS 7

Supplier Finance Arrangements

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to IFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Impacts on application of Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Amendments to IAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year.

The Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or noncurrent, which:

 specify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. Specifically, the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months. 2. 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」)

本年度強制生效的經修訂國際財務 報告準則

於本年度,本集團已首次應用下列由國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會))頒佈並於2024年1月1日開始的年度期間強制生效的經修訂國際財務報告準則,以編製綜合財務報表:

國際財務報告準則 售後租回之租賃負債

第16號(修訂本)

國際會計準則第1號 負債分類為流動或非 (修訂本) 流動

國際會計準則第1號 (修訂本) 附帶契諾之非流動負

國際會計準則第7號及

供應商融資安排

國際財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)

除下文所述者外,於本年度應用經修訂國際財務報告準則對本集團於本年度及過往年度之綜合財務狀況及表現及/或該等綜合財務報表所載披露並無重大影響。

對應用國際會計準則第1號(修訂本) 「負債分類為流動或非流動」及國際 會計準則第1號(修訂本)「附帶契諾 之非流動負債」之影響

本集團已於本年度首次應用該等修訂 本。

國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)「負債分類為流動或非流動」為評估將結算負債期限延遲至報告日期後至少十二個月之權利作出澄清並提供額外指引,以將負債分類為流動或非流動,當中包括:

 訂明負債應基於報告期末存在的權利分類為流動或非流動。 具體而言,該等修訂本澄清分類不應受管理層於十二個月內結清負債的意圖或預期所影響。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs") (continued)

Impacts on application of Amendments to IAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Amendments to IAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (continued)

clarify that the settlement of a liability can be a transfer of cash, goods or services, or the entity's own equity instruments to the counterparty. If a liability has terms that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, these terms do not affect its classification as current or non-current only if the entity recognises the option separately as an equity instrument applying IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

For rights to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date which are conditional on the compliance with covenants, the Amendments to IAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants specifically clarify that only covenants that an entity is required to comply with on or before the end of the reporting period affect the entity's right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date, even if compliance with the covenant is assessed only after the reporting date. The IAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants also specify that covenants with which an entity must comply after the reporting date (i.e. future covenants) do not affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current at the reporting date. However, if the entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with covenants within twelve months after the reporting period, an entity discloses information that enables users of financial statements to understand the risk of the liabilities becoming repayable within twelve months after the reporting period. This would include information about the covenants, the carrying amount of related liabilities and facts and circumstances, if any, that indicate that the entity may have difficulties complying with the covenants.

In accordance with the transition provision, the Group has applied the new accounting policy to the classification of liability as current or non-current retrospectively. The application of the amendments in the current year had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」)(續)

> 對應用國際會計準則第1號(修訂本) 「負債分類為流動或非流動」及國際 會計準則第1號(修訂本)「附帶契諾 之非流動負債」之影響(續)

> 就將還款推遲至報告日期後至少十二 個月的權利(以遵守契諾為條件)而 言,國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)「附 帶契諾之非流動負債」特別澄清,只 有實體在報告期末當時或之前須遵守 之契諾,方會影響該實體將償還負債 推遲至報告日期後至少十二個月的權 利,即使契諾的遵守情況僅於報告日 期後評估。國際會計準則第1號「附帶 契諾之非流動負債」亦訂明,實體於 報告日期後必須遵守之契諾(即未來 契諾)不會影響負債於報告日期分類 為流動或非流動。然而,倘實體延遲 清償負債的權利受限於實體於報告期 後十二個月內遵守契諾,則實體須披 露資料以使財務報表使用者能夠了解 該等負債於報告期後十二個月內要償 還的風險。該等資料將包括契諾、相 關負債之賬面值以及表明實體可能難 以遵守契諾的事實及情況(如有)。

> 根據過渡條文,本集團已對負債分類 為流動或非流動追溯應用新會計政 策。本年度應用該等修訂本對綜合財 務報表並無重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs") (continued)

Impacts on application of Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 Supplier Finance Arrangements

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year.

The amendments add a disclosure objective to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows stating that an entity is required to disclose information about its supplier finance arrangements that enables users of financial statements to assess the effects of those arrangements on the entity's liabilities and cash flows.

In addition, IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures was amended to add supplier finance arrangements as an example within the requirements to disclose information about an entity's exposure to concentration of liquidity risk.

In accordance with the transition provision, the entity is not required to disclose comparative information for any reporting periods presented before the beginning of the annual reporting period in the first year of application as well as the information required by IAS 7:44 (b)(ii) and (b)(iii) above as at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies those amendments.

The Group has provided additional disclosures related to the amendments in notes 5(ii)(c) and 25.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」)(續)

> 對應用國際會計準則第7號及國際 財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)「供應 商融資安排」之影響

> 本集團已於本年度首次應用該等修訂 本。

> 該等修訂本向國際會計準則第7號「現金流量表」增加了一項披露目標,規定實體必須披露有關其供應商融資安排的資料,以便財務報表使用者能夠評估該等安排對實體負債及現金流量的影響。

此外,國際財務報告準則第7號「金融工具:披露」經修訂,以於規定中加入供應商融資安排作為範例,披露有關實體面臨的集中流動性風險的資料。

根據過渡條文,實體毋須披露於首個應用年度的年度報告期間開始前所呈列的任何報告期間的比較資料以及上述國際會計準則第7號第44(b)(ii)及(b)(iii)條規定於實體首次應用該等修訂本的年度報告期間開始時的資料。

本集團已於附註5(ii)(c)及25提供有關該等修訂本的額外披露。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("IFRSs")** (continued)

New and amendments to IFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7

Amendments to the Classification and

Measurement of Financial

Instruments³

Amendments to IFRS 10

and IAS 28

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

Associate or Joint Venture¹ Annual Improvements to IFRS

Amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards

Accounting Standards -

Volume 11³

Amendments to IAS 21

Lack of Exchangeability²

IFRS 18

Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements⁴

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

Except for the new and amendments to IFRSs mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to IFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

應用新訂及經修訂國際財務 2. 報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則 |)(續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂 國際財務報告準則

> 本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚 未生效的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則:

國際財務報告準則

金融工具分類及計量 (修訂本)3

第9號及國際財務

報告準則第7號

(修訂本) 國際財務報告準則

投資者與其聯營公司 或合營公司間資產

第10號及國際會計準 則第28號(修訂本)

出售或注資1

國際財務報告準則會計 國際財務報告準則會

準則(修訂本)

計準則的年度改

國際會計準則第21號

進一第11冊3 缺乏可交換性2

(修訂本)

國際財務報告準則

財務報表的呈列及披

霰4

第18號

於待定日期或之後開始年度期間生效。

- 於2025年1月1日或之後開始年度期間 生效。
- 於2026年1月1日或之後開始年度期間
- 於2027年1月1日或之後開始年度期間 生效。

除下文所述之新訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則外,本公司董事預期應用所 有其他新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準 則將不會於可見未來對綜合財務報表 構成重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs") (continued)

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

The amendments to IFRS 9 clarify the recognition and derecognition for financial asset and financial liability and add an exception which permits an entity to deem a financial liability to be discharged before the settlement date if it is settled in cash using an electronic payment system if, and only if certain conditions are met.

The amendments also provide guidance on the assessment of whether the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are consistent with a basic lending arrangement. The amendments specify that an entity should focus on what an entity is being compensated for rather than the compensation amount. Contractual cash flows are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement if they are indexed to a variable that is not a basic lending risk or cost. The amendments state that, in some cases, a contingent feature may give rise to contractual cash flows that are consistent with a basic lending arrangement both before and after the change in contractual cash flows, but the nature of the contingent event itself does not relate directly to changes in basic lending risks and costs. Furthermore, the description of the term "non-recourse" is enhanced and the characteristics of "contractually linked instruments" are clarified in the amendments.

The disclosure requirements in IFRS 7 in respect of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are amended. In particular, entities are required to disclose the fair value gain or loss presented in other comprehensive income during the period, showing separately those related to investments derecognised during the reporting period and those related to investments held at the end of the reporting period. An entity is also required to disclose any transfers of the cumulative gain or loss within equity related to the investments derecognised during the reporting period. In addition, the amendments introduce the requirements of qualitative and quantitative disclosure of contractual terms that could affect the contractual cash flow based on a contingent even not directly relating to basic lending risks and cost.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」)(續)

國際財務報告準則第9號及國際財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)「金融工具分類及計量(修訂本)」

國際財務報告準則第9號(修訂本)釐清金融資產及金融負債之確認及終止確認,並增加一項例外情況,即當且僅當符合若干條件時,允許實體可將使用電子付款系統以現金結算之金融負債視為於結算日期之前償付。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRSs") (continued)

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (continued)

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026, with early application permitted. The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements, which sets out requirements on presentation and disclosures in financial statements, will replace IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. This new IFRS Accounting Standard, while carrying forward many of the requirements in IAS 1, introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss; provide disclosures on management-defined performance measures in the notes to the financial statements and improve aggregation and disaggregation of information to be disclosed in the financial statements. In addition, some IAS 1 paragraphs have been moved to IAS 8 and IFRS 7. Minor amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows and IAS 33 Earnings per Share are also made.

IFRS 18, and amendments to other standards, will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, with early application permitted. The application of the new standard is expected to affect the presentation of the statement of profit or loss and disclosures in the future financial statements. The Group is in the process of assessing the detailed impact of IFRS 18 on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」)(續)

國際財務報告準則第9號及國際財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)金融工具分類及計量的修訂(續)

該等修訂本於2026年1月1日或之後開始之年度報告期間生效,並允許提早應用。應用該等修訂本預期不會對本集團之財務狀況及表現產生重大影響。

國際財務報告準則第18號「財務報表的呈列及披露」

國際財務報告準則第18號「財務報表 的呈列及披露」載列財務報表的呈列 及披露規定,將取代國際會計準則第 1號「財務報表之呈列」。本新訂國際 財務報告準則會計準則在延續國際會 計準則第1號中眾多規定之同時,引 入於損益表中呈列指定類別及定義小 計之新規定;就財務報表附註中管理 層界定之表現計量提供披露及改進於 財務報表中將予披露之合併及分類資 料。此外,國際會計準則第1號之部 分段落已移至國際會計準則第8號及 國際財務報告準則第7號。國際會計 準則第7號「現金流量表」及國際會計 準則第33號「每股盈利」亦作出細微修 計。

國際財務報告準則第18號及其他準則之修訂本將於2027年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效,並允許提早應用。應用新準則預期將會影響損益表之呈列以及未來財務報表之披露。本集團正在評估國際財務報告準則第18號對本集團綜合財務報表之詳細影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies which conform with IFRSs issued by the IASB. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decision made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Material accounting policy information Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and companies controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

Changes in the Group's interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries.

Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted, and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料

綜合財務報表的編製基準

重大會計政策資料 *綜合賬目基準*

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本公司 及其附屬公司控制的公司之財務報 表。取得控制權乃指本公司:

- 有權控制投資對象;
- 因參與投資對象業務而對可變 回報承擔風險或享有權利;及
- 能夠運用其權力影響其回報。

於附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團之權益分開呈列,即於清盤時賦予其持有人按比例分佔相關附屬公司資產淨值之現有所有權權益。

本集團於現有附屬公司權益的變動

本集團於附屬公司權益的變動如並未 導致本集團失去對有關附屬公司的控 制權,則作為權益交易入賬。本集團 權益的相關組成部分及非控股權益的 賬面值將予以調整,以反映其於附屬 公司相對權益的變動。

非控股權益的調整金額與已付或已收 代價公平值之間的任何差額直接於權 益中確認並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with IAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with IAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司為一間投資方具重要影響之 實體。具重要影響乃指參與投資方決 定財務及經營政策之權力而不是控制 或共同控制該等政策。

聯營公司之業績及資產與負債以權益 會計法計入該等綜合財務報表內。就 相似之交易及於同類形情況之事件, 用權益會計法編製之聯營公司財務報 表乃採用與本集團一致之會計政策。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

(continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (other than construction in progress) are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

When the Group makes payments for a property interest which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values of the leasehold interests in the land element and building element at initial recognition. To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position. When the payments cannot be allocated reliably between the leasehold land and building elements, the entire property is generally classified as property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than construction in progress) less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(不包括在建工程) 乃按成本減其後累計折舊及累計減值 虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表內呈列。

折舊按如下估計可使用年期,按撇銷該等資產(在建工程除外)的成本減估計可使用年期的剩餘價值,以直線法確認:

Building held for own use

over the shorter of the unexpired lease term and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 20 years after the date of completion

持作自用樓宇

未屆滿租期及其估計可使用年期(即不超過完工日期後20年(以較短者為準))

Plant and machinery 機器及設備 Motor vehicles

5至10年 5 years

汽車 Furniture, fixtures and office equipment

3-5 years

傢俬、裝置及辦公設備

3至5年

5年

Residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法於 各報告期末檢討,估計變動之影響按 未來適用法入賬。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或當繼續使用該資產預期不會產生任何日後經濟利益時終止確認。出售或棄用物業、廠房及設備項目所產生的任何收益或虧損,釐定為出售所得款項與資產賬面值間差額,於損益確認。

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成為 工具合約條文的訂約方時確認。

金融資產

金融資產之分類及後續計量

符合下列條件的金融資產其後按攤銷成本計量:

- 持有金融資產的業務模式的目標為獲取合約現金流量;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生的現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debts instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost and at FVTOCI. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產之分類及後續計量(續)

符合下列條件的債務工具其後按公平 值計入其他全面收益(「按公平值計入 其他全面收益」)計量:

- 持有金融資產的業務模式的目標為同時獲取合約現金流量及出售金融資產;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生的現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

所有其他金融資產其後按公平值計入 損益計量,惟於初步確認金融資產之 日,如股權投資並未持作買賣亦非國 際財務報告準則第3號業務合併適用 的收購方於業務合併所確認的或然代 價,本集團可不可撤回地選擇將股權 投資公平值的其後變化列示於其他全 面收益。

攤銷成本及利息收入

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

Debt instruments/receivables classified as at FVTOCI

Subsequent changes in the carrying amounts for debt instruments/receivables classified as at FVTOCI as a result of interest income calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. All other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments/receivables are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of FVTOCI reserve. Impairment allowances are recognised in profit or loss with corresponding adjustment to other comprehensive income without reducing the carrying amounts of these debt instruments/receivables. When these debt instruments/receivables are derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is disclosed separately in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產之分類及後續計量(續)

<u>分類為按公平值計入其他全面收益的</u> 債務工具/應收款項

按公平值計入損益的金融資產

金融資產如不符合按攤銷成本計量或 按公平值計入其他全面收益的方式計 量或指定為按公平值計入其他全面收 益的條件,則按公平值計入損益計量。

於各報告期末,指定為按公平值計入損益入賬的金融資產按公平值計量,而任何公平值收益或虧損於損益確認。於損益確認的收益或虧損淨額不包括就金融資產所賺取的任何股息或利息,並於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中單獨披露。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit losses ("**ECL**") model on financial assets (including trade and bills receivables, deposit and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting period to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade and bills receivables.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號須進 行減值評估之金融資產減值

本集團根據國際財務報告準則第9號對須作減值的金融資產(包括貿易應收款項及應收票據、按金及其他應收款項、已抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘)進行預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式的減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於各報告期間更新,以反映自初步確認以來信貸風險的變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具預期年期內發生的所有可能違約事件,12個月預期信貸虧損(「12個月預期信貸虧損()「12個月預期信貸虧損()」指預期於報告日後12個月預期合費的違約事件所導致的本集內全期信貸虧損。評估根據本債務報告日後的評估人數,整體經濟狀況及為對於評估而作出調整。

本集團一直就貿易應收款項及應收票 據確認全期預期信貸虧損。

就所有其他工具而言,本集團計量的 虧損撥備等於12個月預期信貸虧損, 除非自初步確認後信貸風險大幅增 加,在此情況下,本集團則確認全期 預期信貸虧損。評估應否確認全期預 期信貸虧損乃基於自初步確認起發生 違約的可能性或風險的大幅增加。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號須進 行減值評估之金融資產減值(續) 信貸風險大幅增加

於評估信貸風險自初步確認以來有否大幅增加時,本集團比較金融工具於報告日出現違約的風險與該金融工具於初步確認日期出現違約的風險。作出此評估時,本集團會考慮合理抵支持的定量及定性資料,包括過往經驗及毋須花費不必要成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性資料。

尤其是,評估信貸風險有否大幅增加 時會考慮下列資料:

- 金融工具外界(如有)或內部信貸評級的實際或預期重大惡化;
- 信貸風險的外界市場指標的重大惡化,例如信貸息差大幅增加,債務人的信貸違約掉期價大幅上升;
- 業務、財務或經濟狀況的現有 或預測不利變動,預期將導致 債務人履行其債務責任的能力 大幅下降;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期 重大惡化;

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

 an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessments, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the aforegoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) it has a low risk of default, (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of "investment grade" as per globally understood definitions.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號須進 行減值評估之金融資產減值(續) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)

債務人監管、經濟或技術環境 的實際或預期重大不利變動, 導致債務人履行其債務責任的 能力大幅下降。

不論上述評估結果如何,本集團假定,倘合約付款逾期超過30天,則信貸風險自初步確認以來已大幅增加,惟本集團擁有合理並有理據支持的資料顯示情況並非如此,則作別論。

本集團定期監察用於識別信貸風險曾 否大幅增加的標準的成效,並酌情對 其作出修訂,從而確保有關標準能夠 於款項逾期前識別信貸風險大幅增加。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (continued)

Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full.

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event:
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號須進 行減值評估之金融資產減值(續) 違約的定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為,倘內部生成或自外部來源獲得的資料顯示債務人不太可能向其債權人(包括本集團)悉數付款,則發生違約事件。

無論上述所述,倘金融資產逾期超過 90天,本集團將視作已發生違約,除 非本集團擁有合理及有理據支持的資 料證明較寬鬆的違約標準更為適用, 則作別論。

出現信貸減值之金融資產

當發生一件或以上事件對金融資產的 估計未來現金流量造成不利影響時, 該金融資產即出現信貸減值。金融資 產信貸減值的證據包括有關下列事件 的可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行人或借款人遭遇重大財政 闲難;
- (b) 違約,例如拖欠或逾期付款事 件;
- (c) 借款人的放貸人就經濟或與借款人財務困難有關的合約理由, 給予借款人在一般情況下放貸 人不予考慮之優惠條件;
- (d) 借款人很可能破產或進行其他 財務重組;或
- (e) 由於財務困難致使金融資產的 活躍市場消失。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (continued)

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, and forward looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號須進 行減值評估之金融資產減值(續) 撤銷政策

預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

一般而言,預期信貸虧損乃根據合約 中應付本集團之合約現金流量及本集 團預計收取之現金流量(以初次確認 時釐定之實際利率貼現)之差額。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

Except for investments in debt instruments/receivables that are measured at FVTOCI, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade and other receivables, where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

根據國際財務報告準則第9號須進 行減值評估之金融資產減值(續) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認(續)

就集體評估而言,本集團在制定分組 時考慮以下特點:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模及行業;及
- 外部信用評級(如有)。

管理層會定期檢討分組情況,以確保 各組別繼續擁有類似信貸風險特點。

利息收入根據金融資產的賬面值總額 計算,惟金融資產出現信貸減值的情 況除外,於此情況下,利息收入根據 金融資產的攤銷成本計算。

除按公平值計入其他全面收益計量的 債務工具/應收款項外,本集團透過 調整所有金融工具之賬面值於損益中 確認減值收益或虧損,惟貿易及其他 應收款項除外,其相應調整於虧損撥 備賬確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產終止確認

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量之金融資 產時,資產賬面值與已收及應收代價 總和之差額乃於損益中確認。

金融負債及權益工具

分類為債務或權益

債務及權益工具按照合約安排之實質 以及金融負債及權益工具之定義歸類 為金融負債或權益。

權益工具

權益工具指能證明擁有實體在扣除其所有負債後之資產中之剩餘權益之任何合約。本集團發行的權益工具按已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本而確認。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued) Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities (including trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals, amounts due to related companies and bank borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Supplier finance arrangement

As disclosed in note 25, the Group entered into certain supplier finance arrangements during the year. While the agreement with the Group's suppliers and the invoice due date remains unchanged, the banks offer to pay amounts the Group owed to its suppliers and the Group pays according to the terms and conditions of the arrangements at the same date as, or a date later than, the suppliers are paid. These arrangements provide the Group with extended payment terms, or the Group's suppliers with early payments terms, when compared to the related invoice due date. In determining whether the liabilities to the banks under these arrangements are presented separately from trade and bills payables, the directors of the Group consider whether the nature and function of these liabilities are sufficiently different from trade and bills payables. For liabilities that are part of the working capital used in the Group's normal operating cycle, they are presented within trade and bills payable.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續)

金融負債

所有金融負債其後使用實際利率法按 攤銷成本計量。

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

金融負債(包括貿易應付款項及應付票據、其他應付款項及應計費用、應付關連公司款項以及銀行借貸)其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

金融負債終止確認

當且僅當本集團的責任獲解除、註銷或屆滿時,本集團才會終止確認金融負債。終止確認的金融負債之賬面值與已付或應付代價之差額於損益確認。

供應商融資安排

誠如附註25所披露,本集團於年內訂 立若干供應商融資安排。儘管與本集 團供應商之協議及發票到期日維持不 變,但銀行同意支付本集團應付其供 應商之款項,而本集團則根據相關安 排之條款及條件,於供應商獲付款項 當日或之後日期進行支付。相比相關 發票之到期日,此等安排為本集團提 供延長之付款期,或為本集團之供應 商提供提前收取款項之條款。在釐定 根據此等安排產生之銀行負債是否與 貿易應付款項及應付票據分開列示 時,本集團董事會考慮該等負債之性 質及功能是否與貿易應付款項及應付 票據存在重大差異。對於屬本集團正 常營運週期所用營運資金一部分之負 債,該等負債已於貿易應付款項及應 付票據內列示。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued) Supplier finance arrangement (continued)

For the purpose of presenting cash flows statement, cash flows related to the liabilities arising from supplier finance arrangements that are classified as trade payable are still part of the working capital used in the entity's principal revenue generating activities. Therefore, the cash outflows to settle the trade payables under supplier finance arrangement are presented as arising from operating activities. On the other hand, for the arrangements which the related liability is not a trade or bills payable because the liability represents borrowings of the Group, the Group presents cash outflows to settle these liabilities as arising from financing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of processing, labour and indirect overheads, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續) 金融負債及權益工具(續) 供應商融資安排(續)

就呈列現金流量表而言,若源自供應商融資安排之負債被請動仍實力,其相關仍實力,其相關仍實力,其相關仍實力,其相關所有。然對與人。因應可以與人。因應可以與人。因應可以與人。因應可以與人。因應可以與人。因應可以與人。因應可以與人。因為一個人。因應可以與人。因為一個人。因為一個人。因為一個人。因為一個人。因為一個人。因為一個人。因為一個人。

存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較 低者列賬。

成本乃按加權平均成本法計算,並包括所有採購成本、加工成本、勞工及間接雜項開支及其他使存貨達至現時所在地點及保持現有狀況所涉及的成本。

可變現淨值為存貨估計售價減銷售完成成本及估計所需成本。

進行銷售所必需之成本包括銷售直接 應佔的增量成本以及本集團為進行銷 售所必須發生之非增量成本。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Inventories (continued)

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any writedown of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the government grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

存貨(續)

當出售存貨時,該等存貨的賬面值乃確認為於確認相關收入期間的開支。存貨撇減至可變現淨值的任何金額及存貨的所有虧損乃於出現撇減或虧損期間內確認為開支。任何存貨撇減的任何撥回金額乃確認為於出現撥回期間確認為開支的存貨金額扣減。

政府補助

在合理保證本集團將會符合政府補助 所附的條件及將會收取補助後,政府 補助方會予以確認。

補助乃於本集團確認補助擬補償的相關成本開支期間,有系統地於損益內確認。具體而言,以要求本集團購買、建造或收購非流動資產為主要條件的政府補助乃於綜合財務狀況表確認為遞延收入,並於相關資產的可用年期內基於系統合理基準轉撥至損益中。

收取作為已產生的支出或虧損的補償或旨在給予本集團的即時財務支援(而無未來有關成本)的收入相關政府補助,於有關補助成為應收款項的期間在損益中確認。有關補助呈列為「其他收入」。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers

Information about the Group's accounting polices relating to revenue from contracts with customers is provided in note 7.

Leases

The Group as lessee

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

來自客戶合約之收入

有關本集團之客戶合約收入相關之會 計政策載於附註7。

租賃

本集團作為承租人

短期租賃及低值資產租賃

本集團對自開始日期起計為期12個月或以內且並無購買選擇權之租賃應用短期租賃確認豁免。租賃低值資產亦適用確認豁免。短期租賃及低價值資產租賃之租金以直線法或按其他系統基準於租期確認為開支。

使用權資產

本集團可合理確定於租賃期結束時 取得相關租賃資產擁有權之使用權 資產,由開始日期至可用年限期末折 舊。否則,使用權資產按其估計可用 年限及租期兩者之較短者以直線法折 舊。

本集團將使用權資產單獨列作綜合財 務狀況表之項目。

租賃負債

於租賃開始日,本集團按於該日未付之租賃付款之現值確認及計量租賃負債。在計算租賃付款的現值時,倘租賃所隱含的利率未能即時釐定,則本集團於租賃開始日期採用增量借貸利率。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Leases (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review/expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Taxation

Income tax for the period comprises current and deferred income tax expenses.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

租賃(續)

租賃負債(續)

於開始日期後,租賃負債按利息增加及和金調整。

本集團於下列情況下重新計量租賃負債(並對相關使用權資產作出相應調整):

- 租賃期已變動或評估行使購買權時出現變動,在此情況下,相關租賃負債於重新評估當日按經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付款重新計量。
- 由於市場租金檢討後之市場租金率/保證剩餘價值下之預期付款,租賃付款出現變動,在此情況下,相關租賃負債會透過使用初始貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付款重新計量。

本集團將租賃負債單獨列作綜合財務 狀況表之項目。

税項

期內所得税包括即期及遞延所得税開 支。

即期應付税項乃按本年度應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與除稅前溢利不同,因有在其他年度應課稅或可扣稅之收入或開支及毋須課稅或不獲扣稅之項目。本集團的即期稅項負債乃按報告期末前已頒佈或實質頒佈的稅率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary difference.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

税項(續)

於各報告期末,遞延税項資產之賬面 值均予以審閱及削減,直至再無足夠 應課税溢利容許收回全部或部分資產。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期適用於 變現資產或結清負債期間的税率計 量,並以於報告期末前頒佈或大致上 頒佈的税率(及税務法例)為基準。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量反映本集 團於報告期末預期收回或結算其資產 及負債賬面值之方式所引致之税務後 果。

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債僅可在 本期税項資產及本期税項負債有合法 權利互相抵銷,以及涉及由同一税務 機關向同一應課税實體徵收所得税時 互相抵銷。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Taxation (continued)

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Furthermore, the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance passed in 1995 permits the Group to utilise the Group's mandatory MPF contributions, plus/minus any positive/negative returns thereof, for the purpose of offsetting Long Service Payment ("LSP") payable to an employee (the "Offsetting Arrangement").

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

税項(續)

即期及遞延稅項於損益內確認,惟與於其他全面收入或直接於權益確認之項目相關者除外,於該情況下,即期及遞延稅項亦分別於其他全面收入或直接於權益中確認。倘業務合併的初始會計處理產生即期稅項或遞延稅項,稅務影響計入業務合併的會計處理之內。

僱員福利

短期僱員福利及界定供款退休計劃的供款

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、向界定供款退休計劃供款及非金錢利益的成本乃於僱員提供相關服務的年度內累計。倘延期付款或結算而影響屬重大,則該等金額乃按其現值列賬。

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為 其所有香港僱員設立界定供款強制 性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。供款按僱員基本薪金之某一百 分比作出,並於根據強積金計劃之規 則應付時自損益扣除。強積金計劃之 資產與本集團之資產分開,由獨立管 理之基金持有。本集團之僱主供款於 向強積金計劃供款時全數歸僱員所有。

此外,於1995年通過之強制性公積金計劃條例允許本集團使用本集團之強制性強積金供款(加上/減去供款之任何正/負回報),以對沖應付僱員之長期服務金(「長服金」)(「對沖安排」)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans (continued)

The Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordnance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance") was gazetted on 17 June 2022, which will officially take effect on the Transition Date (i.e., 1 May 2025).

Under the Amendment Ordinance, the Group 's mandatory MPF contributions, plus/minus any positive/negative returns, after the Transition Date can continue to be applied to offset the pre-Transition Date LSP obligation but are not eligible to offset the post-Transition Date LSP obligation. Furthermore, the LSP obligation before the Transition Date will be grandfathered and calculated based on the last monthly wages immediately preceding the Transition Date and the years of service up to that date. The Group does not consider the Amendment Ordinance to have material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

The employees in the Company's subsidiaries operating in the PRC are members of retirement benefits scheme (the "PRC RB Schemes") operated by the local municipal government. The local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefit obligation of all existing and future retired employees of the PRC subsidiaries. The only obligation of the PRC subsidiaries with respect to the PRC RB Scheme is to meet the required contributions under the PRC RB Schemes. The contributions are charged to the profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

僱員福利(續)

短期僱員福利及界定供款退休計劃的供款(續)

《2022年僱傭及退休計劃法例(抵銷安排)(修訂)條例》(「修訂條例」)已於2022年6月17日刊憲,且將於過渡日期(即2025年5月1日)正式生效。

本公司於中國經營之附屬公司之僱員 為當地市政府營辦之退休福利計劃」)之成員。 (「中國退休福利計劃」)之成員。 市政府承諾承擔中國附屬福利計 有及未來退休僱員的退休福利計劃 中國附屬公司就中國退休福利計劃 唯一責任為符合中國退休福利計劃規 定之供款。供款於根據中國 及法規應付時自損益扣除。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve.

Research and development expense

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及 重大會計政策資料(續)

外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報表 時,以該實體功能貨幣以外之與 (外幣)進行之交易按交易日期之現行 匯率確認。於報告期末,以外幣到值 之貨幣項目按該日之與別幣重之 質幣項目按釐定公平值當日之現 貨幣項目按釐定公平值當已 率重新換算。以外幣按歷史成本 之非貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

因結算及重新換算貨幣項目而產生之匯兑差額於其產生期間在損益內確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團業務之資產及負債按各報告期末之現行 匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即人 民幣)。收入及開支項目按期內 匯率換算,除非期內匯率大幅波動 在此情況下,則採用交易日期之 率。所產生匯兑差額(如有)於其他全 面收益確認,並於匯兑儲備項下於權 益中累計。

研發開支

研究活動的支出於產生期間確認為開 支。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting material policies, which are described in note 3 to consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimations uncertainty

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's material accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Provision of ECL for financial assets measured at amortised cost

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumption about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group use judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the debtor's aging analysis, historical settlement record, existing market conditions as well as forward—looking information that is reasonable and supportable and available without undue costs or effort at the end of each reporting period.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the ECL and the Group's trade and bills receivables, and deposits and other receivables are disclosed in notes 5, 21 and 22.

4. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素的主要來源

在應用本集團的重大會計政策(如綜合財務報表附註3所述)時,本公司董事須對從其他來源並非明顯可見的資產及負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假設基於歷史經驗及被視為相關的其他因素。實際結果可能與該等估計不同。

估計及相關假設乃按持續基準進行審 閱。如修訂只影響該修訂期,則會計估計的修訂於該修訂期內確認;或如 該修訂影響本期及未來會計期,則於 修訂期及未來會計期確認。

不確定估計的主要來源

除涉及估計的判斷外,本公司董事在 應用本集團重大會計政策過程中作出 的對綜合財務報表中確認的金額具有 最重大影響的關鍵判斷如下。

按攤銷成本計量之金融資產預期信 貸虧損撥備

金融資產的虧損撥備乃基於違約風險及預期虧損率的假設。本集團於作出該等假設及挑選計算減值的輸入數據時使用判斷,判斷乃基於債務人的賬齡分析、過往結算記錄、目前市況以及於各報告期末無須花費不必要成本或努力即可獲得的合理及有理據的前瞻性資料。

預期信貸虧損撥備對估計變動尤為敏感。有關預期信貸虧損及本集團貿易應收款項及應收票據、以及按金及其他應收款項的資料分別於附註5、21及22披露。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(i) Categories of financial instruments

5. 金融工具

(i) 金融工具類別

		2024 2024 年	2023 2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產		
 Trade receivables 	一貿易應收款項	221,166	223,343
 Deposits and other receivables 	-按金及其他應收款項	479	139
 Pledged bank deposits 	一已抵押銀行存款	3,475	4,300
 Bank balances and cash 	一銀行結餘及現金	54,726	48,952
		279,846	276,734
Bills receivables at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全面收入		
	的應收票據	20,108	18,694
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的金融 資產	5,972	9,522
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債		
 Trade and bills payables 	一貿易應付款項及應付票據	70,282	51,538
 Other payables and accruals 	一其他應付款項及應計費用	13,862	12,131
 Amounts due to related companies 	一應付關連公司款項	463	1,453
– Bank borrowings	一銀行借貸	64,500	25,000
-			<u> </u>
		149,107	90,122

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, financial assets at FVTPL, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals, amounts due to related companies and bank borrowings.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are market risk (including interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below:

(ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括貿易應收款項及應收票據、按企工 及其他應收款項、按公平值 行存款、銀行結餘及現金、担 行存款、銀行結餘及現金、其他 應付款項及應付票據、其他應 付款項及應計費用、應付關連 公司款項以及銀行借貸。

本集團金融工具所產生的主要 風險為市場風險(包括利率風 險、外幣風險及股價風險)、信 貸風險及流動資金風險。本集 團管理層檢討及同意管理各項 該等風險的政策,有關政策概 述如下:

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(a) Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and equity price.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Bank borrowings bearing fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk but the exposure to the Group is considered immaterial. The exposure to cash flow interest rate risk for the Group's bank balances and pledge bank deposits are considered immaterial as at 31 December 2024 and 2023. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is presented for interest rate risk.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group is expose to the foreign currency risk arising from financial instruments which are primarily denominated in United Stated Dollars ("**USD**") from its ordinary operating activities, these are not the functional currency of the group entities to which these transactions relate

As at each reporting date, foreign currency denominated financial assets, translated into RMB closing rates, are as follows:

5. 金融工具(續)

(ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 市場風險

本集團業務主要承受利率 變動、外幣匯率及股本價 格的財務風險。

利率風險

外幣風險

於各報告日期,以外幣計 值及按人民幣收市匯率兑 換的金融資產載列如下:

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Trade receivables:

貿易應收款項:

- USD

一美元

1,844

1,011

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

Foreign currency risk (continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity as at the end of each of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in foreign currency exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's post-tax profit (2023: post-tax profit) (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets) and the Group's entities.

5. 金融工具(續)

(ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 市場風險(續) 外幣風險(續)

下表列示於各報告期末在所有其他可變因素維持不變的情況下,本集團的稅後溢利(2023年:稅後溢利)及本集團實體對外幣匯之時(由於貸幣資產的公平值變動)。

Increase/ (decrease) in	
rate of	Impact on
foreign	post-tax
currency	profit
外幣匯率	對除税後
上升/(下降)	溢利之影響

At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日		
If RMB weakens against USD	倘人民幣兑美元貶值	5	77
If RMB strengthens against USD	倘人民幣兑美元升值	(5)	(77)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日		
If RMB weakens against USD	倘人民幣兑美元貶值	5	43
If RMB strengthens against USD	倘人民幣兑美元升值	(5)	(43)

The Group currently does not have a foreign exchange hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign exchange exposure should the need arise.

本集團目前並無外匯對沖政策。然而,本集團管理 層監察外匯風險,並將於 有需要時考慮對沖重大外 匯風險。

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investments in equity securities measured at FVTPL. For equity securities measured at FVTPL quoted in the Stock Exchange, the management of the Group manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks. The Group has appointed a special team to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

The sensitivity analyses have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the reporting date.

If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 5% higher/lower, the post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2024 would increase/decrease by RMB299,000 (2023: RMB476,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL.

(b) Credit risk and impairment assessment

The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank balances. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

Pledged bank deposits, bank balances and bills receivables

The Group expects that there is no significant credit risk associated with pledged bank deposits and bank balances since they are substantially deposited at state-owned banks and other medium or large-sized listed banks. The credit risks on bills receivables are limited because the counterparties are reputable banks. Management does not expect that there will be any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

5. 金融工具(續)

(ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

股價風險

敏感度分析乃根據於報告 日期之股本價格風險而釐 定。

倘相關股本工具之價格上升/下跌5%,則截至2024年12月31日止年度之除稅後溢利將因按公平值計入損益之金融資產公平值 變動而增加/減少人民幣299,000元(2023年:人民幣476,000元)。

(b) 信貸風險及減值評估

已抵押銀行存款、銀行結 餘及應收票據

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(b) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Other receivables and deposits

For other receivables and deposits, the management makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The management believes that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition.

Trade receivables

Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an internal credit scoring system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed once a year. The Group generally allows an average credit period ranged from 30 to 90 days to its customers. For certain customers, the Group requires payments to be made partially before delivery. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The Group only accepts bills issued or guaranteed by reputable PRC banks if trade receivables are settled by bills and therefore the management of the Group considers the credit risk arising from the endorsed or discounted bills is insignificant. In this regard, the management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

5. 金融工具(續)

- (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

其他應收款項及按金

貿易應收款項

在接受任何新客戶之前, 本集團會採用內部信貸評 分系統評估潛在客戶的信 貸質素,並界定該客戶的 信貸限額。授予客戶之信 貸上限及評分每年檢討一 次。本集團通常向其客戶 授予介乎30日至90日之平 均信貸期。對於若干客戶, 本集團要求於交付前支付 部分款項。其他監控程序 已予部署,以確保採取跟 進行動收回逾期債務。本 集團僅接納由中國著名銀 行開出或擔保的票據,條 件為貿易應收款項由票據 結算,故本集團管理層認 為因已背書或貼現票據產 生的信貸風險並不重大。 就此而言,管理層認為本 集團的信貸風險已大幅減 低。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(b) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in the PRC, which accounted for 99% (2023: 99%) of the total trade receivables as at 31 December 2024. The Group has concentration of credit risk as 18% (2023: 9%) and 43% (2023: 39%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively within the Chinese Liquor Business segment and the Faux Leather Chemicals Business segment as referred to in note 7. In view of the history of business dealings with the debtors and the sound collection history of the receivables due from them, management believes that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding receivable balance due from these debtors in respect of the receivables which were individually assessed of Chinese liquor business for ECL and those which were collectively assessed of faux leather chemical for ECL saved for the debtor related to the impaired trade receivable disclosed below. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits and credit approvals.

In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on trade receivables with significant balances and credit-impaired individually and/or collectively. Except for items that are subject to individual evaluation, which are assessed for impairment individually, the remaining trade receivables are grouped based on aging of outstanding balances. Impairment of RMB6,978,000 (2023: RMB4,061,000) is recognised during the year. Details of the quantitative disclosures are set out below in this note.

5. 金融工具(續)

- (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

於2024年12月31日,本集 團按地區劃分的信貸風險 主要集中於中國,佔貿易 應收款項總額的99%(2023 年:99%)。本集團的信貸 風險集中,乃由於貿易應 收款項總額的18%(2023 年:9%)及43%(2023年: 39%)分別為應收本集團 的最大客戶及附註7內所述 白酒業務分部以及人工革 化學品業務分部內的五大 客戶的款項。鑒於過往與 該等債務人的業務往來及 應收該等債務人款項的良 好收款記錄,管理層認為 本集團就單獨評估預期信 貸虧損的白酒業務的應收 款項及集體評估預期信貸 虧損的人工革化學品業務 的應收款項尚未收回的應 收該等債務人(下文所披露 與已減值貿易應收款項相 關的債務人除外)款項結餘 本質上並無重大信貸風險。 為盡量減低信貸風險,本 集團管理層已指派一支團 隊負責釐定信貸額度以及 信貸批核。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(b) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk for trade receivables which are assessed on individual and collective basis within lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired). Debtors with significant outstanding balances with gross carrying amount of RMB109,576,000 and debtors with gross carrying amount of RMB127,513,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: RMB126,884,000 and RMB105,729,000) were assessed individually and collectively respectively.

5. 金融工具(續)

- (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

										,	RMB'000 人民幣千元
				2024					2023		
				2024年					2023年		
		Gross carryir 服面線		Credit loss a 信貸虧技			Gross carryin 賬面網	,	Credit loss 信貸虧		
		P	roportion	F	roportion	Carrying		Proportion		Proportion	Carrying
		Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)	amount	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)	amount
Category	類別	金額	比例(%)	金額	比例(%)	賬面值	金額	比例(%)	金額	比例(%)	賬面值
Provision on individual basis	按個別基準計提										
– Trade receivables	一貿易應收款項	109,576	46	(3,231)	2.9	106,345	126,884	55	(2,269)	1.8	124,615
Provision on a collective basis	按集體基準計提										
– Trade receivables	一貿易應收款項	127,513	54	(12,692)	10.0	114,821	105,729	45	(7,001)	6.6	98,728
Total	總計	237,089	100	(15,923)	_	221,166	232,613	100	(9,270)	-	223,343

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)
 - (b) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

(i) Analysis of trade receivables for which credit loss allowance is provided on an individual basis:

5. 金融工具(續)

- (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

(i) 按個別基準計提信貸 虧損撥備的貿易應收 款項及合同資產之分 析:

2024 Closing Balance 2024年期末結餘

		Gross carrying amount	Credit loss allowance	Proportion (%)
Item	項目	賬面總值	信貸虧損撥備	比例(%)
Trade receivables 1	貿易應收款項1			
Trade receivables :	貿易應收款項2	14.054	427	- 20
Trade receivables 2		14,954	437	2.9
Trade receivables 3	貿易應收款項3	14,834	437	2.9
Trade receivables 4	貿易應收款項4	9,394	263	2.8
Trade receivables 5	貿易應收款項5	17,521	551	3.1
Trade receivables 6	貿易應收款項6	12,369	380	3.1
Trade receivables 7	貿易應收款項7	9,896	293	3.0
Trade receivables 8	貿易應收款項8	10,039	298	3.0
Trade receivables 9	貿易應收款項9	8,668	278	3.2
Trade receivables 10	貿易應收款項10	8,076	244	3.0
Trade receivables 11	貿易應收款項11	3,825	50	1.3

2023 Closing Balance 2023年期末結餘

3,231

109,576

Item	項目	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值	Credit loss allowance 信貸虧損撥備	Proportion (%) 比例(%)
Trade receivables 1	貿易應收款項1	18,317	288	1.6
Trade receivables 2	貿易應收款項2	18,362	289	1.6
Trade receivables 3	貿易應收款項3	16,642	262	1.6
Trade receivables 4	貿易應收款項4	13,111	265	2.0
Trade receivables 5	貿易應收款項5	16,727	263	1.6
Trade receivables 6	貿易應收款項6	9,707	152	1.6
Trade receivables 7	貿易應收款項7	10,712	168	1.6
Trade receivables 8	貿易應收款項8	7,492	118	1.6
Trade receivables 9	貿易應收款項9	7,396	332	4.5
Trade receivables 10	貿易應收款項10	8,418	132	1.6
		126,884	2,269	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

- **5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (continued)
 - (ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)
 - (b) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

- 5. 金融工具(續)
 - (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

Past due but not impaired 口渝即但主演值

			已逾期但未減值				
			within	91 to	over		
		Current 即期	90 days 90日內	180 days 91至180日	180 days 超過180日	Total 總計	
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日						
Expected loss rate (%) Gross carrying amount	預期虧損率(%) 總賬面值(人民幣千元)	0.28	0.56	1.71	37.63	9.95	
(RMB'000)		45,753	40,491	8,893	32,376	127,513	
Loss allowance (RMB'000)	虧損撥備(人民幣千元)	130	226	152	12,184	12,692	
				due but not ir 己逾期但未減	,		
			within	91 to	over		
		Current 即期	90 days 90日內	180 days 91至180日	180 days 超過180日	Total 總計	
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日						
Expected loss rate (%) Gross carrying amount	預期虧損率(%) 總賬面值(人民幣千元)	1.91	2.90	10.96	35.36	6.62	
(RMB'000)		46,674	38,696	9,070	11,289	105,729	
Loss allowance (RMB'000)	虧損撥備(人民幣千元)	892	1,123	994	3,992	7,001	

The estimated expected loss rate are estimated based on default rates over the expected life of the debtors within the same industry and similar risk characteristics and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without under cost or effort.

估計虧損率乃根據相同行業內及具有類似風險特別的應收款項於預計年期內的違約率估計,並就明明的違約率估計,並就明明,並就明明,並就此一次,並以外的,其費不當成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性資料作出調整。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (ii) Financial risk management objectives and (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) policies (continued)
 - (b) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

5. 金融工具(續)

- - (b) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

本集團的內部信貸風險評 級評估包括以下類別:

Internal credit rating	Description	Trade and bills receivables 貿易應收款項	Other financial assets
內部信貸評級	描述	及應收票據	其他金融資產
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL –	12-month ECL
低風險	交易對手違約風險低,且並無任何逾期金額	not credit-impaired 全期預期信貸虧損 一並非信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There have been significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external sources	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
呆賬	通過內部所得的信息或外部資源,信貸風險自 首次確認以來顯著增加	全期預期信貸虧損 一並非信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損 一並非信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit- impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產為信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損 一信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損 一信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人處於嚴重的財務困難,本集 團實際上並無收回款項的可能	已經撇銷有關金額	已經撇銷有關金額

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued) 5. 金融工具(續)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(b) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets which are subject to ECL assessment:

As at 31 December 2024

- (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

下表詳列本集團金融資產 的信貸風險,其須接受預 期信貸虧損評估:

於2024年12月31日

	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets			
金融資產 Trade receivables (note 21)	Low risk (note (a))	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired)	74,694
貿易應收款項(附註21)	低風險 (附註(a)) Doubtful (note (a)) 呆賬 (附註(a))	全期預期信貸虧損(並非信貸減值) Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(並非信貸減值)	140,731
	Loss (note (b)) 虧損(附註(b))	Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)	21,664
Bills receivables (note 21) 應收票據(附註21)	Low risk (note (a)) 低風險 (附註(a))	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(並非信貸減值)	20,108
Deposits and other receivables (note 22)	Low risk (note (c))	12-month ECL	482
按金及其他應收款項 (附註22)	低風險(附註(c))	12個月預期信貸虧損	
Cash and bank balances (note 24)	Low risk	12-month ECL	54,726
現金及銀行結餘(附註24)	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損	
Pledged bank deposits (note 24)	Low risk	12-month ECL	3,475
已抵押銀行存款(附註24)	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) policies (continued)

(b) Credit risk and impairment assessment (b) 信貸風險及減值評估(續) (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

As at 31 December 2023

5. 金融工具(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

於2023年12月31日

	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets 金融資產			
Trade receivables (note 21) 貿易應收款項(附註21)	Low risk (note (a)) 低風險 (附註(a))	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(並非信貸減值)	173,558
	Doubtful (note (a)) 呆賬(附註(a))	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(並非信貸減值)	57,086
	Loss (note (b)) 虧損(附註(b))	Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)	1,969
Bills receivables (note 21) 應收票據(附註21)	Low risk (note (a)) 低風險(附註(a))	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(並非信貸減值)	18,694
Deposits and other receivables (note 22)	Low risk (note (c))	12-month ECL	142
按金及其他應收款項 (附註22)	低風險(附註(c))	12個月預期信貸虧損	
Cash and bank balances (note 24)	Low risk	12-month ECL	48,952
現金及銀行結餘(附註24)	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損	
Pledged bank deposits (note 24)	Low risk	12-month ECL	4,300
已抵押銀行存款(附註24)	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(b) Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Notes:

- (a) For trade and bills receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in IFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL.
- (b) The management believes a higher expected credit loss rate is necessary in respect of this trade receivable as it has been past due for over two years.
- (c) For the purposes of internal credit risk management, the Group uses the latest available financial and other information about the debtors to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, these balances are either not past due or do not have fixed repayment.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group is exposed to liquidity risk in respect of settlement of trade payables and its financing obligations, and also in respect of its cash flows management. The Group's objective is to maintain an appropriate level of liquid assets and committed lines of funding to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

Management monitors the cash flows forecasts of the Group in meeting its liabilities.

5. 金融工具(續)

- (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

附註:

- (a) 就貿易應收款項及應收票據而言,本集團應用國際財務報告準則第9號簡化法計量全期預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備。
- (b) 管理層認為由於貿易應 收款項已逾期超過兩年, 故較高之預期信貸率屬必 要。
- (c) 就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團使用有關債務人的最新可得財務及其他資料評估信貸風險是否自初始確認起大幅增加。於2024年及2023年12月31日,該等結餘尚未到期或並無固定還款。

(c) 流動資金風險

管理層於履行其責任時監控本集團的現金流量預測。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group may be required to pay. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Group may be required to pay.

5. 金融工具(續)

(ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

下列表格詳述本集團設有 協定還款期限的金融負債 的剩餘合約屆滿期限。有 關表格乃基於金融負債的 未貼現現金流量按本集團 可能被要求付款的最早日 期編製。具體而言,附帶 按要求償還條款的銀行貸 款計入最早時段,不論銀 行選擇行使其權利的可能 性。有關表格載有利息及 本金現金流量。倘利息流 量為浮動利率,未貼現金 額乃基於各報告期末的利 率曲線推算。合約屆滿期 限乃基於本集團可能被要 求付款的最早日期釐定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued) Information of Supplier Finance Arrangements

5. 金融工具(續)

(ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續) 有關供應商融資安排之資 料

		31/12/2024 於2024年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31/12/2023 於 2023年 12月31 日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1/1/2023 於 2023年 1月1日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Carrying amount of the financial liabilities that are subject to supplier finance arrangements	屬以下各項的金融負債 賬面值受供應商融資 安排規限			
Presented as part of "Trade and bills payables"	呈列為「貿易應付款項及 應付票據」之一部分	28,696	12,362	N/A 不適用
		31/12/2024 於2024年 12月31日 Days 天	31/12/2023 於2023年 12月31日 Days 天	1/12/2023 於2023年 1月1日 Days 天
Range of payment due dates For liabilities presented as part of "Trade and bills payables"	之負債而言			
 Liabilities that are part of supplier finance arrangements Comparable trade payables 	-屬於供應商融資安排 一部分之負債 -不屬於供應商融資安	0 to 180 0至180	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
that are not part of supplier finance arrangements	排一部分之相若貿易 應付款項	0 to 60 0至60	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

Changes in liabilities that are subject to supplier finance arrangements are primarily attributable to additions resulting from purchases of goods and subsequent cash settlements. There were no other material non-cash changes in these liabilities.

受供應商融資安排約束之 負債變動,主要源自購置 貨品所產生之新增負債及 後續現金結算。該等負債 並無其他重大非現金變動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (ii) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)
 - (c) Liquidity risk (continued)
 Information of Supplier Finance Arrangements
 (continued)

5. 金融工具(續)

- (ii) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (c) 流動資金風險(續) 有關供應商融資安排之資 料(續)

		Weight average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率 %	On demand or within 1 year 按要求或 於1年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Over 1 year and within 2 years 超過1年但 於2年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Over 2 years and within 5 years 超過2年但 於5年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total carrying amount 總賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2024 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and bills payables Other payables and accruals Amounts due to related companies Bank borrowings	於2024年12月31日 非衍生金融負債 貿易應付款項及應付票據 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付關連公司款項 銀行借貸	- - - 2.98	70,282 13,862 463 65,528	- - - -	- - - -	70,282 13,862 463 65,528	70,282 13,862 463 64,500
At 31 December 2023 Non-derivative financial liabilities Trade and bills payables Other payables and accruals Amounts due to related companies Bank borrowings	於2023年12月31日 非衍生金融負債 貿易應付款項及應付票據 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付關連公司款項 銀行借貸	- - - 3.69	51,538 12,131 1,453 27,428	- - - -	- - - -	51,538 12,131 1,453 27,428	51,538 12,131 1,453 25,000

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(iii) Fair value of financial instruments Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. In estimating the fair value, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined.

Fair value hierarchy:

5. 金融工具(續)

(iii) 金融工具的公平值 按經常性基準以公平值計量之 本集團金融資產及金融負債之 公平值

本集團金融資產於各報告期末 按公平值計量。於估計公平值 時,本集團使用可得之市場可 觀察資料。下表提供有關如何 釐定該等金融資產之公平值之 資料。

公平值層級:

		Level 1 第一級	Level 2 第二級	Level 3 第三級	Total 總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 31 December 2024 Financial assets at FVTPL	於 2024 年 12 月 31 日 按公平值計入損益的				
	金融資產				
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券	5,972	_	_	5,972
Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全 面收入的金融資產				
Bills receivables (note)	應收票據(附註)	_	20,108	-	20,108
As at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日				
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的 金融資產				
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券	9,522	_	_	9,522
Financial assets at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全 面收入的金融資產				
Bills receivables (note)	應收票據(附註)	_	18,694	_	18,694

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

年內,第一級、第二級與第三級 之間並無轉撥。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(iii) Fair value of financial instruments (continued)
Fair value of the Group's financial assets and
financial liabilities that are measured at fair
value on a recurring basis (continued)

Note:

The fair values of bills receivables at FVTOCI included in level 2 category have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant observable input being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties. The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value is. Due to the short-term maturities of the bills and the relatively low discount rates, fair values approximated the principal amounts of the bills.

The management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities.

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt which includes amounts due to related companies and bank borrowings as disclosed in notes 28 and 29, net of bank balances and cash, pledged bank deposits and total equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and retained earnings.

Gearing ratio

The directors of the Company review the capital structure regularly. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The ratio is calculated based on net debt and total equity.

5. 金融工具(續)

(iii) 金融工具的公平值(續) 按經常性基準以公平值計量之 本集團金融資產及金融負債之 公平值(續) 附註:

> 計入第二級類別的按公平值計入其他 全面收入的應收票據之公平值乃根據 通用定價模型並按貼現現金流量分析 釐定,其中最重要的不可觀察輸入數 據為反映交易對手方信貸風險的貼現 率。貼現率越高,公平值越低。由於 票據於短期內到期及貼現率相對較低, 公平值與票據之本金額相若。

> 管理層認為,由於短期內到期,於綜合財務報表確認之按攤銷成本計量的 金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其公 平值相若。

6. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本的目標是為股東帶來 回報,為其他權益持有人帶來利益, 並維持最佳資本結構以減少資本成 本。本集團之整體策略與去年維持不 變。

本集團之資本架構包括債務淨額(包括於附註28及29披露之應付關連公司款項及銀行借貸(扣除銀行結餘及現金)、已抵押銀行存款及本公司擁有人應佔權益總額(包括已發行股本及保留盈利)。

資本負債比率

本公司董事定期審閱資本架構。作為本審閱的一部分,本公司董事會考慮 資本成本及與各類資本相關的風險。 資本負債比率按債務淨額及權益總額 計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Gearing ratio (continued)

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

6. 資本風險管理(續) 資本負債比率(續)

報告期末的資產負債比率如下:

		As at 31 December 於12月31日		
		2024	2023	
		2024年	2023年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Amounts due to related companies	應付關連公司款項	463	1,453	
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	64,500	25,000	
		64,963	26,453	
Less: Bank balances and cash	減:銀行結餘及現金	(54,726)	(48,952)	
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	(3,475)	(4,300)	
Net debt	債務淨額	6,762	(26,799)	

總權益

資產負債比率

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue

Total equity

Gearing ratio

(a) Analysis of revenue

7. 收入及分部資料

收入

(a) 收入分析

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

668,744

1.01

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Revenue from contracts with customers (note):

Recognised on a point in time basis
Sales of faux leather chemicals

Sales of Chinese baijiu

來自客戶合約之收入 (附註):

於某一時間點確認 銷售人工革化學品

銷售白酒

262,495 303,980

262,546 308,026

638,586 N/A不適用

566,475

570,572

Note: All goods are sold to distributors.

附註:所有貨物已售予分銷商。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 7. 收入及分部資料(續)

(continued)

Revenue (continued)

(b) Performance obligations for contracts with customers and revenue recognition policies

Manufacturing and sales of faux leather chemicals and Chinese baijiu

Revenue from sales of faux leather chemicals and Chinese baijiu are recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods have been shipped to the customer's specific location (delivery). Following the delivery, the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility on selling the goods and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods.

The Group's obligations to provide a refund for faulty products are under the standard warranty terms. Accumulated experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale. It is highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. Therefore, no refund liability for goods return was recognised. The validity of this assumption and estimate is reassessed at each reporting date.

(c) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contract with customers

The Group has applied the practical expedient under IFRS 15 so that transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations under contracts for sales of faux leather chemicals and Chinese baijiu are not disclosed as such contracts have an original expected duration of one year or less.

Operating segment information

The Group's most senior executive management has been identified as the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") who reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Segment information reported to the Board, being the CODM, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance, focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. This is also the basis upon which the Group is organised and managed.

收入(續)

(b) 客戶合約之履約責任及收入確 認政策

製造及銷售人工革化學品及白酒

銷售人工革化學品及白酒的收入於貨品的控制已轉移(即貨品的控制已轉移(即貨品已付運至客戶的指定地點(已交付))時確認。於交付後,客戶至權決定貨品的分銷方式及賣量於銷售貨品時承擔主要責任,並承受與貨品相關的報廢及損失的風險。

本集團有責任為質保期內的瑕疵產品提供退款。本集團於銷售時使用累積經驗估計有關退款。已確認累積收入之重大,回極大可能不會產生。因此於假實不會產生。因此於依無就退貨確認退款負債。於各報告日期重新評估此假設及估計之有效性。

(c) 分配至客戶合約之餘下履約責 任之交易價格

本集團已根據國際財務報告準則第15號採用實際權宜方法, 因此未披露分配至人工革化學 品及白酒銷售合約未履行履約 責任的交易價格,原因是該等 合約的原預期期限為一年或以 下。

經營分部資料

本集團最高行政管理層為主要經營決策者(「主要經營決策者」),其檢討本集團的內部報告,以評估表現及分配資源。向董事會(即主要經營決策者)呈報以供分配資源及評估分部表現之分部資料集中於所交付或所提供之商品或服務類型。此亦為本集團業務組織及管理之基準。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

Operating segment information (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group was principally engaged in the manufacturing and sales of faux leather chemicals and engaging in sales of Chinese baijiu. The Group's reportable and operating segments for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

- (a) Faux leather chemicals manufacturing and sales of faux leather chemicals ("Faux Leather Chemicals Business")
- (b) Chinese liquor business production and sales of wine products, including Chinese baijiu ("Chinese Liquor Business")

No operating segments have been aggregated in arriving at the above reportable segments of the Group.

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments:

Year ended 31 December 2024

7. 收入及分部資料(續)

經營分部資料(續)

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團主要從事製造及銷售人工革化學品及從事銷售白酒業務。本集團於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度的呈報及經營分部如下:

- (a) 人工革化學品-製造及銷售人工革化學品(「人工革化學品業務」)
- (b) 白酒業務-生產及銷售酒類產品,包括白酒(「白酒業務」)

並無經營分部已合計以達致本集團之 上述呈報分部。

以下為本集團按呈報及經營分部劃分 的收入及業績分析:

截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Faux Leather Chemicals Business 人工革 化學品業務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Chinese Liquor Business 白酒業務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Consolidated 綜合 RMB'000 人民幣千元
SEGMENT REVENUE	分部收入			
External sales	外部銷售	262,495	303,980	566,475
Segment profit	分部溢利	14,270	29,669	43,939
Other income Other gains and losses, net	其他收入 其他收益及虧損淨額			4,269 39
Share of result of an associate Loss on disposal of financial assets	分佔聯營公司業績 出售按公平值計入損益之			(79)
at FVTPL Loss on fair value change of	金融資產之虧損按公平值計入損益的金融			(1,018)
financial assets at FVTPL	資產公平值變動虧損			(969)
Finance costs Unallocated corporate expenses	財務成本 未分配企業開支			(1,400) (9,277)
Group's profit before tax	本集團之除税前溢利			35,504

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 7. 收入及分部資料(續)

(continued)

Operating segment information (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2023

經營分部資料(續)

截至2023年12月31日止年度

		Faux Leather Chemicals Business 人工革 化學品業務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Chinese Liquor Business 白酒業務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Consolidated 綜合 RMB'000 人民幣千元
SEGMENT REVENUE	分部收入			
External sales	外部銷售	262,546	308,026	570,572
Segment profit	分部溢利	21,505	23,407	44,912
Other income	其他收入			3,418
Other gains and losses, net	其他收益及虧損淨額			67
Share of result of an associate	分佔聯營公司業績			(82)
Gain on disposal of financial	出售按公平值計入損益之			
assets at FVTPL	金融資產之收益			4,032
Loss on fair value change of	按公平值計入損益的金融			(2.404)
financial assets at FVTPL Finance costs	資產公平值變動虧損 財務成本			(2,181)
	^別			(688)
Unallocated corporate expenses	小川町上未州又			(13,841)
Croup's profit before toy	本集團之除稅前溢利			25 627
Group's profit before tax	中未對人你 忧 別 渔 刊			35,637

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 7. 收入及分部資料(續)

(continued)

Operating segment information (continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segments:

經營分部資料(續)

以下為本集團按呈報分部劃分的資產 及負債分析:

		2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Assets	<i>資產</i>		
Faux Leather Chemicals Business Chinese Liquor Business	人工革化學品業務 白酒業務	400,275 361,235	314,955 358,525
Total segment assets Unallocated corporate assets	分部資產總額 未分配企業資產	761,510 66,174	673,480 64,111
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額	827,684	737,591
		2024 2024 年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Liabilities	<i>負債</i>		
Faux Leather Chemicals Business Chinese Liquor Business	人工革化學品業務 白酒業務	141,054 2,553	83,775 1,665
Total segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	分部負債總額 未分配企業負債	143,607 15,333	85,440 13,565
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額	158,940	99,005

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 7. 收入及分部資料(續)

(continued)

Operating segment information (continued)

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- The material accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's material accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of other income, other gains and losses, net, share of result of an associate, (loss)/gain on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL, loss on fair value change of financial assets at FVTPL, finance costs and unallocated corporate expenses.
- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than interest in an associate, financial assets at FVTPL and corporate assets.
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than corporate liabilities.

經營分部資料(續)

就監察分部表現及分部間資源分配而 言:

- 經營分部的重大會計政策與附註3所述本集團的重大會計政策相同。分部溢利指各分部賺取的溢利,其中未分配其他收入其他收益及虧損淨額、分佔聯營公司業績、出售按公平值計入損益之金融資產之(虧損)/收益、按公平值計入損益的金融資產公平值變動虧損、財務成本及未分配企業開支。
- 一 除於一間聯營公司的權益、按 公平值計入損益之金融資產及 企業資產外,所有資產分配至 可呈報分部。
- 一 除企業負債外,所有負債分配 至可呈報分部。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 7. 收入及分部資料(續)

(continued)

Operating segment information (continued) **Other segment information**

經營分部資料(續)

其他分部資料

		Faux leather chemicals 人工革化學品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Chinese liquor business 白酒業務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2024	截至2024年12月31日止年度			
Capital expenditure (note (a)) Depreciation of property,	資本開支(附註(a)) 物業、廠房及設備折舊	92,301	35,000	127,301
plant and equipment		11,584	_	11,584
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Allowance for expected credit	使用權資產折舊 預期信貸虧損撥備淨額	607	486	1,093
losses, net		6,016	962	6,978
Selling and distribution expenses Research and development	銷售及分銷開支 研發開支	15,187	167,194	182,381
expenses		8,977	-	8,977
		Faux leather chemicals 人工革化學品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Chinese liquor business 白酒業務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2023	截至2023年12月31日止年度			
Capital expenditure (note (a)) Depreciation of property,	資本開支(附註(a)) 物業、廠房及設備折舊	14,983	-	14,983
plant and equipment		9,610	_	9,610
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Allowance for expected credit	使用權資產折舊 預期信貸虧損撥備淨額	606	_	606
losses, net		2,323	1,738	4,061
Selling and distribution expenses Research and development	銷售及分銷開支 研發開支	12,920	150,227	163,147
expenses		9,725	_	9,725

Note:

附註:

⁽a) Capital expenditure consists of additions of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.

⁽a) 資本開支包括物業、廠房及設備以及 使用權資產之添置。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

7. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 7. 收入及分部資料(續)

(continued)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are principally in the PRC and all its non-current assets are situated in the PRC.

The Group's revenue is derived from the PRC and overseas (i.e. Mexico, Turkey and Vietnam) based on the location of goods delivered, as follows:

- D() () AF.

地理資料

本集團主要於中國營運,且其所有非 流動資產均位於中國。

本集團自中國及海外(即墨西哥、土耳其及越南)產生的收入按所交付貨物地點載列如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

561,737 563,764 **4,738** 6,808

566,475 570,572

Information about major customer

There is no customer contributing individually over 10% of the Group's revenue during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

有關主要客戶的資料

截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度,並無客戶單獨為本集團收入貢獻 逾10%。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

8. OTHER INCOME

8. 其他收入

Year ended 31 December
截至12月31日止年度

		截至12月31日止年度	
		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	103	182
Government grants (note)	政府補助(附註)	3,681	2,772
Sundry income	雜項收入	485	464
		4,269	3,418

Note: Government grants represent various forms of subsidies granted to the Group by the local government authorities in the PRC for compensation of expenses incurred by the Group. These grants are generally made for business support and awarded to enterprises on a discretionary basis. The Group also received government grants in respect of its investments in the PRC. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.

附註:政府補助指中國地方政府機關向本集 團提供的各種形式的補貼,用於補償 本集團產生的費用。該等補助一般用 於業務支援,並酌情授予企業。本集 團就其於中國的投資亦接受政府補助。 概無與該等補助有關的未履行條件或 或然事項。

9. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

9. 其他收益及虧損淨額

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
(Loss)/gain on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備之 (虧損)/收益	(2)	C
and equipment Exchange gain, net	() 超 () / 收 位	(2)	6
Exchange gain, net	连兄收益 /尹領	41	61
		39	67
			07

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 財務成本

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Interest on bank borrowings

銀行借貸之利息

1,400

688

11. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

Profit before tax is arrived at after charging:

11. 除税前溢利

除税前溢利乃經扣除以下各項達致:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	1,008	810
Cost of materials used in production	製造材料的成本	170,178	175,005
Cost of liquor purchased for resell	為轉售而採購白酒的成本	102,381	130,132
Written off of inventories (included in	存貨撇銷(計入銷售成本)		
cost of inventories sold) (note)	(附註)	_	13,647
Depreciation:	折舊:		
 Depreciation of property, plant and 	-物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment included in:	包括在:		
– Cost of sales	一銷售成本	7,610	6,584
 Administrative and general expenses 	- 行政及一般開支	3,484	3,019
 Selling and distribution expenses 	一銷售及分銷開支	490	3,013 7
– Selling and distribution expenses	明日 及刀 ബ州 又	490	
		11,584	9,610
 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 	一使用權資產折舊	1,093	606
		12,677	10,216
Less: amount included in cost of sales	減:計入銷售成本的款項	(7,610)	(6,584)
		5,067	3,632

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

11. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (continued)

11. 除税前溢利(續)

	Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度	
	2024 2024 年	2023 2023年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元_
Directors' remuneration 董事薪酬	1,580	1,626
Staff costs (excluding directors' 員工成本(不包括董事薪酬) remuneration)		
- wages, salaries, allowances and bonus 一工資、薪金、津貼及花紅		
- Cost of sales - 銷售成本	12,656	12,027
– Administrative and general expenses 一行政及一般開支	13,122	13,596
– Selling and distribution expenses —銷售及分銷開支	3,740	3,659
	29,518	29,282
- contributions to retirement benefits		
- Cost of sales -銷售成本	1,821	1,747
– Administrative and general expenses 一行政及一般開支	1,061	1,564
- Selling and distribution expenses -銷售及分銷開支	307	268
	3,189	3,579
	32,707	32,861
Less: amounts included in cost of sales 减:計入銷售成本的款項	(14,477)	(13,774)
	18,230	19,087
Advertising expenses (included in selling 廣告開支(計入銷售及分銷開支)		
and distribution expenses)	162,362	148,099
Research and development expenses 研發開支(計入行政及一般開支) (included in administrative and general		
expenses)	8,977	9,725
Expenses for short-term lease 短期租賃開支	1,143	3,160

Note: The inventories of approximately RMB1,578,000 are written off due to obsolescence, and approximately RMB12,069,000 are measured at net realisable value during the year ended 31 December 2023.

附註:截至2023年12月31日止年度,存貨約 人民幣1,578,000元因陳舊而予撤銷, 及約人民幣12,069,000元按可變現淨 值計量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

12. 所得税開支

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

人民幣千元

PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("**EIT**")

– Current income tax

Deferred tax (note 30)

中國企業所得税(「**企業所得税**」) 一即期所得税 遞延税項(附註30)

6,572 11,599 (836)

Total tax charge for the year

年內税項支出總額

5,489 10,763

The PRC

The income tax provision of the Group in respect of its operations in the PRC was calculated at tax rate of 25% on the assessable profits for both years, based on the existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof, except as described below.

Zhejiang Sunlight Material Technology Co., Ltd. is approved as "high and new technology enterprise" and accordingly, it is subject to a reduced preferential corporate income tax rate of 15% from 8 December 2023 to 7 December 2026 for the reporting period.

Cayman Islands, BVI and Hong Kong

No provision for taxation has been recognised for companies incorporated in the Cayman Islands, BVI and Hong Kong as they are not subject to any tax during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Withholding Tax in Mainland China ("WHT")

According to the New Corporate Income Tax Law ("**New EIT Law**"), distribution of profits earned by companies in Mainland China since 1 January 2008 to foreign investors is subject to withholding tax of 5% or 10%, depending on the country of incorporation of the foreign investors, upon the distribution of profits to overseas incorporated immediate holding companies.

中國

除下述者外,根據現行法例、詮釋及相關慣例,本集團就其於中國業務的所得稅撥備乃就於兩個年度內的應課稅溢利按稅率25%計算。

浙江深藍新材料科技有限公司獲評為「高新技術企業」,因此,於報告期內,其於2023年12月8日至2026年12月7日可按優惠企業所得税減免税率15%繳税。

開曼群島、英屬處女群島及香港

於開曼群島、英屬處女群島及香港註冊成立的公司並無確認税項撥備,原因是該等公司於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度內無須繳稅。

中國內地預扣税(「預扣税」)

根據新企業所得稅法(「新企業所得稅 法」),在向於境外註冊成立的直接控股公司分派溢利時,中國內地公司自 2008年1月1日起向外國投資者分派所 賺取的溢利須按5%或10%的稅率繳 納預扣稅,視乎該外國投資者註冊成 立所在國家而定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (continued)

Withholding Tax in Mainland China ("WHT") (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, the retained earnings of the Group's PRC subsidiaries not yet remitted to holding company incorporated outside of the PRC, for which no deferred income tax liability had been provided, were approximately RMB166,104,000 (2023: RMB133,987,000). For this unrecognised amount, the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

12. 所得税開支(續) 中國內地預扣税(「預扣税」)(續)

於2024年12月31日,本集團中國附屬公司尚未匯予中國境外註冊成立的控股公司的保留盈利(並無就此計提遞延所得税負債)約為人民幣166,104,000元(2023年:人民幣133,987,000元)。就該未確認金額而言,本集團能夠控制暫時性差異撥回的時間,且暫時性差異很可能在可預見的未來不會撥回。

年內的所得税開支可與綜合損益及其 他全面收益表所載除税前溢利對賬如 下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	35,504	35,637
Tax at applicable tax rate applicable to	按適用於相關司法權區溢利的	0.405	0.457
profits in the jurisdiction concerned Tax effect of share of result of an	適用税率計算的税項 應佔一間聯營公司業績的税務	9,485	9,157
associate Tax effect of expenses not deductible for	影響 不可扣税開支的税務影響	20	20
tax purposes Tax effect of income not taxable for tax	毋須課税收入的税務影響	1,252	5,559
purposes		(3,246)	(1,581)
Effect attributable to the additional qualified tax deduction relating to	歸屬於研發成本相關的額外 合資格税項減免的影響		
research and development costs		(1,551)	(1,785)
Tax effect of unrecognised tax losses	未確認税項虧損的税務影響	823	860
Tax concession	税項減免	(1,294)	(1,467)
		5,489	10,763

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to the directors of the Company (including emoluments for services as employees/ directors of the Group prior to becoming the directors of the Company) by entities comprising the Group during both years are as follows:

13. 董事酬金

兩個年度內本集團旗下實體已付或應 付本公司董事的酬金(包括成為本公司董事前作為本集團僱員/董事的服 務酬金)如下:

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

	_		截至.	2024年12月31日止	二年度	
			Salaries,			
			allowance		Retirement	
		Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	
		fees	in kind	bonus	contribution	Total
			薪金、津貼		退休計劃	
		董事袍金	及實物福利	酌情花紅	供款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Chen Hua	陳華先生	_	516	_	14	530
Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel	林錦洸先生	_	365	_	14	379
Mr. Sun Jingang	孫金剛先生	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Cheung Ka Wai	張家偉先生(於2024年					
(appointed on 31 July 2024)	7月31日獲委任)	_	92	_	5	97
Mr. Tse Chun Chung	謝震中先生					
(resigned on 31 July 2024)	(於2024年7月31日辭任)	-	128	-	6	134
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事:					
directors:						
Mr. Au Hei Ching	區禧靖先生	110	_	_	_	110
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悦先生	110	_	_	_	110
Ms. Zhou Xiaochun	周筱春女士	110	_	_	_	110
Mr. Huang Zhenming	黃振明先生(於2024年1月					
(appointed on 24 January 2024)	24日獲委任)	110	_	_	_	110
Mr. Zheng Yu	鄭宇先生					
(resigned on 24 January 2024)	(於2024年1月24日辭任)	-	_	_	_	_
		440	1,101	_	39	1,580

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued) 13. 董事酬金(續)

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

		截至2023年12月31日止牛局				
		Directors'	Salaries, allowance and benefits	Discretionary	Retirement scheme	
		fees	in kind 薪金、津貼	bonus	contribution 退休計劃	Total
		董事袍金	及實物福利	酌情花紅	供款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Chen Hua	陳華先生	-	513	-	9	522
Mr. Lam Kam Kong Nathaniel	林錦洸先生	-	216	-	12	228
Mr. Sun Jingang	孫金剛先生	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Tse Chun Chung	謝震中先生					
(resigned on 31 July 2024)	(於2024年7月31日辭任)	-	216	-	12	228
Mr. Gu Jianguo	顧建國先生					
(resigned on 3 March 2023)	(於2023年3月3日辭任)	-	70	-	-	70
Ms. Zhu Jianqin	朱建琴女士					
(resigned on 3 March 2023)	(於2023年3月3日辭任)	-	65	-	-	65
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Au Hei Ching	區禧靖先生	108	-	-	-	108
Mr. Lee Cheung Yuet Horace	李暢悦先生	108	-	-	-	108
Ms. Zhou Xiaochun	周筱春女士	108	-	-	-	108
Mr. Zheng Yu	鄭宇先生					
(resigned on 24 January 2024)	(於2024年1月24日辭任)	108	-	-	-	108
Mr. Ho Ho Tung Armen	何浩東先生					
(resigned on 1 October 2023)	(於2023年10月1日辭任)	81		_	_	81
		513	1,080	_	33	1,626

Note:

附註:

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the position of chief executive officer was vacant.

⁽i) 截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年 度,首席執行官之職務空缺。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

The executive directors' emoluments shown were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors of the Company.

During the reporting period, there were no amounts paid or payable by the Group to the directors or any of the highest paid individuals set out in note 14 as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during both years.

13. 董事酬金(續)

所示執行董事的酬金主要涉及彼等有關本管理本公司及本集團事務的服務。上文所示獨立非執行董事的酬金主要涉及彼等擔任本公司董事提供的服務。

於報告期內,本集團並無向董事或附註14所載任何最高薪酬人士支付或應付款項作為加入或加入本集團時的獎勵或離職補償。於兩個年度內概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金的安排。

14. EMOLUMENTS OF FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees included 1 (2023: 2) executive director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024. The emoluments of the remaining 4 (2023: 3) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

14. 五名最高薪酬僱員的酬金

截至2024年12月31日止年度的五名最高薪酬僱員包括1名(2023年:2名)本公司執行董事。餘下4名(2023年:3名)非本公司董事或最高行政人員的最高薪酬僱員的酬金如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

2024	2023
2024年	2023年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2,091	1,871
103	35
2,194	1,906

Salaries, allowance and benefits in kind Contributions to retirement benefits schemes 薪金、津貼及實物福利 退休福利計劃供款

The number of remaining highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company whose emoluments fell within the following bands is as follows: 薪酬屬於以下範圍的餘下非本公司董 事或最高行政人員的最高薪酬僱員人 數如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

2024	2023
2024年	2023年

Nil to HK\$1,000,000, equivalent to RMB916,000 (2023: RMB900,000)

零至1,000,000港元

(相當於人民幣916,000元)

(2023年:人民幣900,000元)

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

15. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid, declared or proposed for ordinary shareholders of the Company during the year ended 2024, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2023: RMB Nil).

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share during the period is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB30,030,000 (2023: profit of RMB19,451,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period of 720,000,000 (2023: 473,142,857).

15. 股息

於截至2024年止年度,並無向本公司 普通股股東支付、宣派或建議派付股 息,自報告期末以來亦無建議派付任 何股息(2023年:人民幣零元)。

16. 每股盈利

期內每股基本盈利乃根據本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利約人民幣30,030,000元(2023年:溢利人民幣19,451,000元)及期內普通已發行股票加權平均數720,000,000股(2023年:473,142,857股)而計算。

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2024 2024年	2023 2023年
Profit for the year attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利		
of the Company (RMB'000) Weighted average number of ordinary	(人民幣千元) 普通股加權平均數(千股)	30,030	19,451
shares ('000)		720,000	473,143
Basic earnings per share (RMB cents)	每股基本盈利(人民幣分)	4.17	4.11

No diluted earnings per share for both 2024 and 2023 were presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

並無呈列2024年及2023年之每股攤薄盈利,乃因於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度並無潛在已發行普通股。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

17. 物業、廠房及設備

			Furniture,				
			fixtures			Construction	
			and office	Plant and	Motor	in progress	
		Buildings	equipment 傢俬、裝置	machinery 機器及	vehicles	(Note 2) 在建工程	Total
		樓宇	及辦公設備	設備	汽車	(附註2)	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost	成本						
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	89,710	2,768	60,330	3,528	8,256	164,592
Additions	添置	, –	223	5,539	115	9,106	14,983
Transfer	轉移	_	250	958	_	(1,208)	_
Disposals	出售		-	(97)	(487)		(584)
At 31 December 2023 and	於2023年12月31日及						
1 January 2024	2024年1月1日	89,710	3,241	66,730	3,156	16,154	178,991
Additions (Note 1)	添置(附註1)	26,655	53	2,941	-	62,652	92,301
Transfer	轉移	_	_	17,807	_	(17,807)	_
Disposals	出售		(17)	(168)	-		(185)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	116,365	3,277	87,310	3,156	60,999	271,107
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊						
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	16,276	2,038	36,338	1,433	_	56,085
Charge for the year	年內支出	4,531	323	4,304	452	_	9,610
Disposals	出售			(93)	(462)	_	(555)
At 31 December 2023 and	於2023年12月31日及						
1 January 2024	2024年1月1日	20,807	2,361	40,549	1,423	_	65,140
Charge for the year	年內支出	5,440	311	5,390	443	_	11,584
Disposals	出售	-	(17)	(48)	-	-	(65)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	26,247	2,655	45,891	1,866	-	76,659
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值						
At 31 December 2024	於 2024年12月31 日	90,118	622	41,419	1,290	60,999	194,448
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	68,903	880	26,181	1,733	16 15/	112 051
ALD I DECEITIBET 2023	次2025年12月51日	50,903	Võõ	۷٥,۱۵۱	1,/55	16,154	113,851

As at 31 December 2024, the buildings of approximately RMB19,210,000 (2023: RMB20,849,000) were pledged to bank for bills payables (Note 25) and bank borrowings (Note 29).

於2024年12月31日,約人民幣19,210,000元(2023年:人民幣20,849,000元)的樓宇已就應付票據(附註25)及銀行借貸(附註29)抵押予銀行。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 17. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(continued)

Notes:

- During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group acquired office property units in the PRC for approximately RMB26,655,000. The land use right of the purchased property units is for 50 years until 2053. The fair value of the leasehold land and buildings portions at the date of purchase could not be reliably determined, hence the entire purchase consideration is recognised as cost of the "Building" class of property, plant and equipment.
- 2. At 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the construction in progress of approximately RMB60,999,000 (2023: RMB16,154,000) is related to costs incurred for the construction and installation of plant and machinery for the Group's Faux Leather Chemicals Business. The construction in progress is transferred to plant and machinery after inspection and acceptance by the relevant PRC government departments.

附註:

- 1. 截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團於中國收購了價值約人民幣26,655,000元的寫字樓物業單位。所購物業單位的土地使用權有效期為50年,直至2053年。於購買日期,租賃土地及樓宇部分之公平值未能可靠釐定,因此整筆購買對價均確認為物業、廠房及設備類別中「樓字」的成本。
- 2. 於2024年12月31日,在建工程賬面值 約為人民幣60,999,000元(2023年:人 民幣16,154,000元),為有關用於本集 團人工革化學品業務的廠房機器設備 的建設與安裝而產生的成本。在建工 程經中國相關政府部門驗收後轉為廠 房機器設備。

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

18. 使用權資產

		Leased property 租賃物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Land use rights 土地使用權 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost	成本			
At 1 January 2023, 31 December	於2023年1月1日、2023年			
2023 and 1 January 2024	12月31日及2024年1月1日	_	30,313	30,313
Additions	添置	35,000	_	35,000
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	35,000	30,313	65,313
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊			
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	_	4,031	4,031
Charge for the year	年內支出	_	606	606
At 31 December 2023 and	於2023年12月31日及			
1 January 2024	2024年1月1日	-	4,637	4,637
Charge for the year	年內支出	486	607	1,093
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	486	5,244	5,730
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值			
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	34,514	25,069	59,583
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日		25,676	25,676

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

The right-of-use assets are land use rights located in the PRC which are under medium-term lease. The lease contracts were entered into for a fixed term of 50 years.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets of approximately RMB15,167,000 (2023: RMB15,558,000) was pledged to bank for the Group's bills payables (Note 25) and bank borrowings (Note 29).

18. 使用權資產(續)

使用權資產為位於中國以中期租約持有的土地使用權。訂立租賃合約的固定期限為50年。

於2024年12月31日,賬面值約人民幣15,167,000元(2023年:人民幣15,558,000元)的使用權資產分別就本集團的應付票據(附註25)及銀行借貸(附註29)抵押予銀行。

19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

19. 於一間聯營公司之權益

		2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of investment in an associate Share of post-acquisition loss and other	於聯營公司之投資成本 分佔收購後虧損及其他全面	5,700	5,700
comprehensive loss	虧損 あ	(274)	(195)
		5,426	5,505

Details of the Group's associate at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

於報告期內,本集團聯營公司的詳情 如下:

Attributable equity

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation 註冊成立地點 及日期	Registered/ paid up capital 註冊資本/ 繳足資本	interest ar rights by the 本集團 應佔股權	held Group 寺有的	Principal activities 主要業務
			2024 2024年	2023 2023年	
浙江科天水性科技有限責任公 Zhejiang Ketian Water Techno	•	RMB15,000,000	20%	20%	Manufacturing of faux leather chemicals
Co., Ltd* ("Ketian Water") 浙江科天水性科技有限 責任公司(「科天水性」)	中國, 2020年12月31日	人民幣 15,000,000元			製造人工革化學品

^{*} English name is for identification purpose only.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Summarised financial information of the associate below which represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs:

19. 於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

聯營公司之財務資料概列如下,該等 資料載列按照國際財務報告準則編製 之聯營公司財務報表所示之金額:

		As at 31 December 2024 於2024年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	As at 31 December 2023 於2023年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	2,511	6,986
Non-current assets	非流動資產	32,768	28,701
Current liabilities	流動負債	1,005	1,019
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	7,141	7,141
		Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Loss for the year Total comprehensive loss for the year	收入 年內虧損 年內全面虧損總額	- (394) (394)	- (407) (407)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

19. 於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表中確認的聯營公司權益賬面值的對賬:

		As at	As at
		31 December	31 December
		2024	2023
		於2024年	於2023年
		12月31日	12月31日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net assets of the associate	聯營公司的資產淨值	27,133	27,527
Proportion of the Group's ownership	本集團佔聯營公司所有權權益		
interest in the associate	比例	20%	20%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest	本集團於聯營公司權益的		
in the associate	賬面值	5,426	5,505

20. INVENTORIES

20. 存貨

		As at 31 December 於12月31日	
		2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Faux leather chemicals	人工革化學品		
– Raw materials	一原材料	12,987	13,387
– Work in progress	一在製品	648	1,276
– Finished goods	一製成品	11,974	14,587
		25,609	29,250
Chinese baijiu	白酒		
– Raw materials (Note)	-原材料(附註)	18,460	26,149
– Finished goods	一製成品	608	52,913
		19,068	79,062
		44,677	108,312

Note:

The Group purchases Chinese baijiu for resale, which are reclassified as finished goods upon completion of the packaging.

附註:

本集團採購供再次出售的白酒於包裝後重新 分類為製成品。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

21. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

21. 貿易應收款項及應收票據

			As at 31 December 於12月31日	
		2024	2023	
		2024年	2023年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Trade receivables (note i)	貿易應收款項(附註i)	237,089	232,613	
Less: provision for impairment	減:減值撥備	(15,923)	(9,270)	
		221,166	223,343	
Bills receivables (note ii)	應收票據(附註ii)	20,108	18,694	
Total trade and bills receivables – net	總貿易應收款項及應收票據一			
	淨額	241,274	242,037	

The Group allows a credit period of 0 to 90 days to its faux leather chemicals customers while 0 to 30 days to its Chinese Baijiu customers.

本集團授予其人工革化學品客戶0至 90天的信貸期,而授予其白酒客戶0 至30天的信貸期。

Notes:

(i) The following is an ageing analysis of gross amount of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date:

附註:

(i) 貿易應收款項總額按發票日期呈列的 賬齡分析如下:

		2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 30 days	30天內	55,874	61,475
31 to 90 days	31至90天	86,715	104,083
91 to 180 days	91至180天	54,612	53,421
181 to 365 days	181至365天	15,856	9,906
Over 1 year	超過1年	24,032	3,728
		237,089	232,613

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

21. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

21. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續) 附註:(續)

(i) *(續)*

(i) (continued)

Movements on the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項減值撥備的變動如下:

2024	2023
2024年	2023年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
9,270	5,209
6,978	4,592
(325)	(531)
15,923	9,270
	2024年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 9,270 6,978 (325)

The assessment on ECL are set out in note 5(ii)(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

(ii) The following is an ageing analysis of gross amount of bills receivable presented based on the invoice date:

有關預期信貸虧損的評估載於綜合財務報表附註5(ii)(b)。

ii) 應收票據總額按發票日期呈列的賬齡 分析如下:

		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 30 days	30天內	3,802	5,615
31 to 90 days	31至90天	7,872	5,323
91 to 180 days	91至180天	8,434	7,756
		20,108	18,694

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all bills receivables are with a maturity period of less than 6 months.

The Group manages its bills receivables using the business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling such financial assets and hence, they are categorised as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income under IFRS 9.

於2024年及2023年12月31日,所有應 收票據的到期期間均少於6個月。

本集團管理應收票據的業務模式,目標是收取合約現金流量及出售該等金融資產,因此,根據國際財務報告準則第9號其歸類為以按公平值計入其他全面收益計量的金融資產。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

21. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

As at 31 December 2024, the Group has endorsed certain bills receivable accepted by banks in Mainland China (the "Derecognised Bills") to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers. The aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Derecognised Bills as at 31 December 2024 was RMB157,103,000 (2023: RMB151,498,000). The Derecognised Bills had a maturity of one to six months at the end of the reporting period. In accordance with the applicable laws in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognised Bills have a right of recourse against the Group if the PRC banks default (the "Continuing Involvement"). Nevertheless, in the opinion of the Directors, the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Derecognised Bills as the credit risk retained by the Group is insignificant. Accordingly, it has derecognised the full carrying amounts of the Derecognised Bills and the associated trade payables. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's continuing involvement in the Derecognised Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognised Bills is equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the directors, the fair values of the Group's continuing involvement in the Derecognised Bills are not significant.

21. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續) 所有終止確認的已轉讓金融資產

於2024年12月31日,本集團向其 若干供應商背書賬面總值為人民 幣157,103,000元(2023年:人民幣 151,498,000元) 已獲中國內地銀行 接受之若干應收票據(「終止確認票 據」),以結清應付該等供應商的貿 易款項。終止確認票據於報告期末一 至六個月內到期。根據中國適用法 律,倘有關中國銀行違約,則終止確 認票據的持有人有權向本集團提出 追索(「持續參與」)。儘管如此,董事 認為,由於本集團所保留的信貸風險 並不重大,故本集團已轉移有關終止 確認票據的絕大部分風險及回報。因 此,其已全數終止確認終止確認票據 的賬面值以及關聯貿易應付款項。本 集團就持續參與終止確認票據及購回 該等終止確認票據的未貼現現金流量 之最大虧損風險相等於其賬面值。董 事認為,本集團持續參與終止確認票 據的公平值並不重大。

22. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

22. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

2024 2024年

As at 31 December 於12月31日

2023

2023年

		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current Other receivables, net of allowance of ECL Other tax receivables Deposits Prepayments (note (a))	流動 其他應收款項,扣除預期信貸 虧損撥備 其他應收税項 按金 預付款項(附註(a))	395 4,831 84 201,977	4 11,245 135 124,130
	3,000 A (1)	207,287	135,514
Non-current Prepayments for property, plant and equipment (note (b))	非流動 物業、廠房及設備之預付款項 (附註(b))	8,116	42,305

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

22. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes:

- (a) Included in prepayment at 31 December 2024 is advance payment of approximately RMB91,000,000 (2023: RMB53,083,000) made to an advertiser who is an independent third party for building the brand of the Chinese baijiu that the Group sells, and payment of approximately RMB105,000,000 (2023: RMB60,000,000) made to wine suppliers who are independent third parties for producing the wine.
- (b) The prepayments for property, plant and equipment at 31 December 2024 mainly included the acquisition of the equipments of the Group's faux leather chemicals business of approximately RMB6,170,000. The prepayments for property, plant and equipment at 31 December 2023 mainly included (i) advance payment made to a construction vendor who is an independent third party for the construction works to be carried out for opening of bistros of RMB28,000,000 and (ii) the acquisition of the properties for the office and research center of the Group's faux leather chemicals business of approximately RMB10,000,000, which were fulfilled and completed on 7 February 2024.

23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

22. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項(續)

附註:

- (a) 於2024年12月31日的預付款項包括向 一名獨立第三方廣告商支付的預付款 項約人民幣91,000,000元(2023年:人 民幣53,083,000元)以打造本集團銷售 的白酒品牌,以及向數名獨立第三方 白酒供應商支付約人民幣105,000,000 元(2023年:人民幣 60,000,000元)以 生產白酒。
- (b) 於2024年12月31日的物業、廠房及設備預付款項主要包括為本集團的人工革化學品業務購買設備約人民幣6,170,000元。於2023年12月31日的物業、廠房及設備預付款項主要包括(i)為即將開展的用於開設小酒館的建築工程而向一名獨立第三方施工供應商支付的預付款項人民幣28,000,000元及(ii)就本集團人工革化學品業務的辦公室及研究中心收購物業約人民幣10,000,000元,且收購已於2024年2月7日獲達成及完成。

23. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

As at 31 December 於12月31日

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Listed securities

上市證券

Equity securities listed in Hong Kong
 一於

- 於香港上市之股本證券

5,972

9,522

The listed equity securities are classified as current as the management expects to realise these financial assets within twelve months after the reporting period. The listed equity securities are stated at fair values which are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices.

由於管理層預期於報告期後十二個月內變現該等金融資產,故上市股本證券分類為流動。上市股本證券按參考市場報價釐定之公平值列賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

24. 現金及現金等價物及已抵押銀行存款

(a) 現金及現金等價物

As at 31 December 於12月31日

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Cash at bank and on hand

銀行及手頭現金

54,726

48,952

Cash at banks deposit earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

As at 31 December 2024, bank balances and cash of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to approximately RMB54,681,000 (2023: RMB48,772,000). RMB is not a freely convertible currency in the PRC and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government. For the Group's cash and cash equivalents denominated in RMB located in Hong Kong are not subject to the foreign exchange control.

(b) Pledged bank deposits

As at 31 December 2024, bank deposits of the Group of approximately RMB3,475,000 (2023: RMB4,300,000) are pledged as collateral for issuing bills payables (Note 25).

銀行存款現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮動利率賺取利息。

於2024年12月31日,本集團以 人民幣計值之銀行結餘及現金 為約人民幣54,681,000元(2023 年:人民幣48,772,000元)。人 民幣於中國並非可自由兑換的 貨幣,向中國境外匯款須遵守 中國政府制定的外匯管制規 及法規。本集團於香港以門 物質的現金及現金等價物 須受外匯管制規限。

(b) 已抵押銀行存款

於2024年12月31日,本集團約人民幣3,475,000元(2023年:人民幣4,300,000元)的銀行存款已抵押,作為應付發行票據的抵押品(附註25)。

25. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

25. 貿易應付款項及應付票據

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		が14	2月31日
		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	41,586	39,176
Bills payables (note 1)	應付票據(附註1)	28,696	12,362
		70,282	51,538

綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

25. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES (continued)

The average credit period from suppliers is up to 30 to 90 days. The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables (including those that are part of supplier finance arrangements) presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

25. 貿易應付款項及應付票據(續)

供應商提供的平均信貸期最長為30至90天。於報告期末貿易應付款項(包括構成供應商融資安排一部分者)按發票日期呈列的賬齡分析載列如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	//\ \Z/JJ H	
	2024	2023
	2024年	2023年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
_		
30天內	16,108	19,059
31至90天	14,367	11,999
91至180天	8,463	6,119
181至365天	1,348	1,275
超過1年	1,300	724
	41,586	39,176
	91至180天 181至365天	2024 2024年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 30天內 16,108 31至90天 14,367 91至180天 8,463 181至365天 1,348 超過1年 1,300

Note 1 These relate to trade payables in which the Group has issued bills to the relevant suppliers for settlement of trade payables. The suppliers can obtain the invoice amounts from the bank on the maturity date of the bills. The Group continues to recognise these as trade and bills payables as the Group is obliged to make payments to the relevant banks on due dates of the bills, under the same conditions as agreed with the suppliers without further extension. In the consolidated statement of cash flows, settlements of these bills by the Group are included within operating cash flows based on the nature of the arrangements.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all bills payables are with a maturity period of less than 6 months.

Bills payables of approximately RMB28,696,000 (2023: RMB12,362,000) were pledged by buildings of approximately RMB19,210,000 (2023: RMB20,849,000), right-of-use assets of approximately of RMB15,167,000 (2023: RMB15,558,000) and bank deposit of RMB3,475,000 (2023: RMB4,300,000).

附註1 此項涉及本集團向相關供應商簽發票據以結算貿易應付款項。供應商可於票據到期日自銀行取得發票金額。基於本集團須按票據到期日(與供應商協定之條款相同且無延期)向相關銀行履行付款義務,故仍將該項確認為貿易應付款項及應付票據。在綜合現金流量表中,本集團結算此類票據之現金流,已按該等安排之實質性質計入經營活動現金流。

於2024年及2023年12月31日,所有應付票據的到期期間均少於6個月。

應付票據約人民幣28,696,000元(2023年:人民幣12,362,000元)以約人民幣19,210,000元(2023年:人民幣20,849,000元)的樓字、約人民幣15,167,000元(2023年:人民幣15,558,000元)的使用權資產及人民幣3,475,000元(2023年:人民幣4,300,000元)的銀行存款質押。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

26. 其他應付款項及應計費用

As	at 31	December
	於12	月31日

		バルクラーロ	
		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Accrued staff costs	應計員工成本	3,276	3,855
Accrued expenses and other payables (note (a))	應計開支及其他應付款項 (附註(a))	10.586	8,276
Other tax payables	其他應付税項	1,841	2,372
Contract liabilities (note (b))	合約負債(附註(b))	2,915	804
		18,618	15,307

notes:

- (a) The balances as at 31 December 2024, included amounts due to non-controlling interests of approximately RMB3,525,000 (2023: RMB3,525,000), are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- (b) Contract liabilities related to sales of faux leather chemicals contracts and sales of wine products. All contracts are for periods within one year. Entire amount of the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year was recognised as revenue during the year 31 December 2024.

As at 1 January 2023, contract liabilities amounted approximately to RMB609,000.

Typical payment terms which impact on the amounts of contract liabilities recognised are as follows:

The Group received certain amount from customers as deposits before the sales of faux leather chemicals and sales of wine products are completed.

附註:

- (a) 於2024年12月31日之結餘包括應付非 控股權益款項約人民幣3,525,000元 (2023年:人民幣3,525,000元),為無 抵押、免息及須按要求償還。
- (b) 合約負債涉及人工革化學品銷售合約 及酒類產品銷售。所有合約期限均為 一年內。年初合約負債的全部金額均 於截至2024年12月31日止年度內確認 為收入。

於2023年1月1日,合約負債金額為約人民幣609,000元。

影響已確認合約負債金額之通常付款 條款如下:

本集團於人工革化學品銷售及酒類產 品銷售完成之前已自客戶收取若干款 項作為按金。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

27. DEFERRED INCOME

27. 遞延收入

As at 31 December 於12月31日

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000

人民幣千元 人民幣千元

Assets related governments grants

資產相關的政府補助

3,774

3,910

Movement of assets related government grants:

資產相關的政府補助變動:

RMB'000 人民幣千元 At 1 January 2023 於2023年1月1日 547 Addition 添置 3,500 Credited to profit or loss 計入損益 (137)於2023年12月31日及2024年1月1日 At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 3,910 Credited to profit or loss 計入損益 (136)At 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日 3,774

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

27. DEFERRED INCOME (continued)

Government grant of approximately RMB1,300,000 was received in 2017 in relation to the subsidy for acquisition of certain machinery.

Government grant of approximately RMB3,500,000 was received in 2023 in related to the subsidy for acquisition of certain machinery.

The carrying amount of deferred income of the Group analysed for reporting purposes as:

27. 遞延收入(續)

於2017年已收取政府補助約人民幣 1,300,000元,與收購若干機器的補貼 有關。

於2023年已收取政府補助約人民幣 3,500,000元,與收購若干機器的補貼 有關。

本集團遞延收入的賬面值就報告目的 分析為:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

カミ 14	2/J 3 I H
2024	2023
2024年	2023年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
487	487
3,287	3,423

Current portion流動部分Non-current portion非流動部分

3,774 3,910

28. AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED COMPANIES

The amounts due to related companies, indirectly partly owned by Mr. Chen Hua, who is a key management personnel of the Group, are non-trade nature, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

29. BANK BORROWINGS

28. 應付關連公司款項

應付關連公司(為陳華先生間接部分擁有,陳華先生為本集團主要管理層) 款項屬非貿易性質、無抵押、免息及 須按要求償還。

29. 銀行借貸

As at 31 December 於12日31日

		が1	2月31日
		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank borrowings – unsecured	銀行借貸-無抵押	25,000	15,000
Bank borrowings – secured	銀行借貸-有抵押	39,500	10,000
Amounts shown under current liabilities	流動負債下所示金額	64,500	25,000

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

29. BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

According to the repayment schedule, the bank borrowings are repayable as follows:

29. 銀行借貸(續)

根據償還時間表,銀行借貸應按以下 時間償還:

As	at 31	December
	於 12	月31日

		於 1	於12月31日	
		2024	2023	
		2024年	2023年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
On demand	按要求	15,000	15,000	
Within one year	一年內	49,500	10,000	
		64,500	25,000	
Within one year	一年内		-	

As at 31 December 2024, bank borrowings of approximately RMB64,500,000 were denominated in RMB (2023: RMB25,000,000).

The ranges of effective interest rates (which equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

於2024年12月31日,銀行借貸約人民幣64,500,000元以人民幣計值(2023:25,000,000元)。

本集團借貸的實際利率(等於合約利率)範圍如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

2,1-,5-11		
	2024	2023
	2024年	2023年
	3.00%-3.05% 2.8%	3.75% 3.65%
	固定利率借貸 浮動利率借貸	2024 年 固定利率借貸 3.00%-3.05%

The Group's variable-rate borrowings carry interest at Loan prime rate –0.55%. Interest is reset every year.

本集團浮動利率借貸按貸款基礎利率 0.55%計息。利率每年重置。

As at 31 December 於12月31日

Borrowings comprise:	借款包括:	2024 2024 年	2023 2023年
Fixed-rate borrowings	固定利率借貸	49,500	10,000
Variable rate borrowings	浮動利率借貸	15,000	15,000
		64,500	25,000

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

29. BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

Assets of the Group pledged to secure the bank borrowings comprise:

29. 銀行借貸(續)

為擔保銀行借貸而抵押的本集團資產 包括:

As at 31	December
於12	月31日

		於 1	於12月31日		
		2024	2023		
		2024年	2023年		
		RMB'000	RMB'000		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15,167	15,558		
Building	樓宇	19,210	20,849		

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

30. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

The components of deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the reporting period are as follows:

30. 遞延税項資產

綜合財務狀況表內確認的遞延税項資 產部分及報告期內的變動如下:

> **Provision of** impairment 減值撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元

At 1 January 2023 於2023年1月1日 781 Credited to profit or loss (note 12) 計入損益(附註12) 836 At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 於2023年12月31日及2024年1月1日 1,617 Credited to profit or loss (note 12) 計入損益(附註12) 1,083

At 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日 2,700

Note:

As at 31 December 2024, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately RMB32,209,000 and RMB52,000 respectively (2023: RMB27,222,000 and nil respectively) of unused tax losses arising in Hong Kong and PRC due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Such losses may be carried forward indefinitely in Hong Kong and expire in PRC for five years.

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and/or rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include any directors and employees of the Company, including all executive directors of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Scheme became effective on 10 February 2020 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

附註:

於2024年12月31日,由於未能預測未來溢利 來源,故並無就香港及中國產生之未動用稅 項虧損分別約人民幣32,209,000元及人民幣 52,000元(2023年:分別為人民幣27,222,000 元及零)確認遞延税項資產。該等虧損於香 港可無限期結轉,而於中國則五年屆滿。

31. 購股權計劃

本公司設有購股權計劃(「計劃」),旨 在向對本集團業務成功作出貢獻之合 資格參與者提供獎勵及/或回報。該 計劃之合資格參與者包括本公司任何 董事及僱員,包括本公司及其附屬公 司的所有執行董事。計劃於2020年2 月10日生效,除非另行註銷或修訂, 否則將自該日起10年內有效。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share option in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

The share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their subsidiaries, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5,000,000, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 14 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted would be determined by the directors. The exercise price of the share options would be determined by the directors, but may not be less than the higher of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the share options, which must be a business day; and (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer, provided that the subscription price shall not be lower than the nominal value of the shares.

Following the effect of the Share Consolidation as referred to in note 32 on 30 May 2023, the options may be granted under the Schemes shall not exceed 20,000,000 Shares.

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Company did not grant any share options to directors, employees or other parties. There were no outstanding share options as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

31. 購股權計劃(續)

根據計劃,現時獲准授出的未行使購股權項的最高數目為相等於其行使時本公司任何時間已發行股份的10%。於任何12個月期間內,根據計劃行名合資格參與者購股權而可於任何時間已發行股份之1%為限。任何進一步授出超過此限額之購股權須獲股東於股東大會上批准。

授予本公司董事、最高行政人員或主要股東或彼等任何聯繫人士之購股權須事先獲獨立非執行董事批准。此外,於任何12個月期間內,授予本公司一名主要股東或一名獨立非執行董事或其任何附屬公司之任何購股權超過本公司於任何時間已發行股份之0.1%或總值(根據本公司股份於授出日期之價格計算)超過5,000,000港元,須待股東於股東大會事先批准。

授出購股權之要約可於要約日期起計 14日內由承授人支付合共1港元之名 義代價後接納。授出購股權之行使期 由董事釐定。購股權之行使價由董:(i) 本公司股份於購股權要約日期(必須 為營業日)在聯交所之收市價:及(ii) 緊接要約日期前五個交易日本公司股份於聯交所之平均收市價,惟認購價 不得低於股份面值。

附註32所述之合併股份於2023年5月 20日生效後,根據計劃可能授出的購 股權不得超過20,000,000股股份。

於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度,本公司並無向董事、僱員或其他方授出任何購股權。於2024年及2023年12月31日,概無未行使的購股權。

綜合財務報表附註

Number of

shares

股份數目

Share

capital

股本

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

32. SHARE CAPITAL

32. 股本

Details of movements of share capital of the Company are as follows:

本公司的股本變動詳情如下:

		<i>22. 12. 23.</i> 11	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Authorised:	法定:		
At 1 January 2023, ordinary share of	於 2023 年1月1日,每股面值0.0005美元		
US\$0.0005 each	的普通股	2,000,000,000	6,700
Share consolidation (note (a))	股份合併(附註(a))	(1,600,000,000)	_
Increase in authorised share capital (note (a))	增加法定股本(附註(a))	1,600,000,000	28,327
At 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024, ordinary share of	於2023年12月31日、2024年1月1日及 2024年12月31日,每股面值0.0025美元		
US\$0.0025 each	的普通股	2,000,000,000	35,027
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
At 1 January 2023, ordinary share	於2023年1月1日 [,]		
of US\$0.0005 each	每股面值0.0005美元的普通股	1,440,000,000	4,962
Share Consolidation (note (a))	股份合併(附註(a))	(1,152,000,000)	_
Shares issued under rights issue (note (b))	根據供股發行股份(附註(b))	432,000,000	7,743
At 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and	於2023年12月31日、2024年1月1日及		
31 December 2024, ordinary share	2024年12月31日,每股面值0.0025美元		
of US\$0.0025 each	的普通股	720,000,000	12,705

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

32. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes:

- (a) On 30 May 2023, the Company implemented share consolidation and increase in authorised share capital, which involves the following:
 - (i) Every five issued and unissued existing share ("Existing Share(s)") of par value of US\$0.0005 each will be consolidated into one share of par value of US\$0.0025 each (the "Consolidated Shares").
 - (ii) Following the Share Consolidation, in order to increase the issued share capital of the Company the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from US\$1,000,000 (divided into 2,000,000,000 Existing Shares) to US\$5,000,000 (divided into 10,000,000,000 Existing Shares) (or 2,000,000,000 Consolidated Shares upon the Share Consolidation) ("Increase in Authorised Share Capital").

Details of the Consolidated Shares and Increase in Authorised Share Capital were contained in the Company's announcements dated 5 March 2023, 14 April 2023, 18 April 2023, 5 May 2023, 12 May 2023, 29 May 2023 and 30 May 2023.

- (b) On 28 July 2023, the Company issued the rights issue on the basis of three rights shares (the "Right Shares") for every two shares amounted to 432,000,000 Right Shares of HK\$0.67 to independent parties for the development of the Chinese Liquor Business and support the Faux Leather Chemicals Business. The net proceeds from the rights issue was approximately RMB263,580,000 and RMB255,837,000 was recognised as share premium. Details of the rights issue were contained in the Company's announcements dated 5 March 2023, 18 April 2023, 5 May 2023, 9 June 2023, 3 July 2023 and 27 July 2023.
- (c) All the shares issued ranked pari passu in all respects with the existing shares in issue.

32. 股本(續)

附註:

- (a) 於2023年5月30日,本公司實施股份合 併及增加法定股本,當中涉及以下事 項:
 - (i) 每五股已發行及未發行每股面值0.0005美元之現有股份(「現有股份」)將合併為一股每股面值0.0025美元之合併股份(「合併股份」)。
 - (ii) 於股份合併後,為增加本公司 之已發行股本,將本公司之 法定股本由1,000,000美元(分 為2,000,000,000股現有股份) 增加至5,000,000美元(分為 10,000,000,000股現有股份)(或 待股份合併生效後2,000,000,000 股合併股份)(「增加法定股本」)。

合併股份及增加法定股本之詳情載於本公司日期為2023年3月5日、2023年4月14日、2023年4月18日、2023年5月5日、2023年5月12日、2023年5月29日及2023年5月30日之公告。

- (b) 於2023年7月28日,本公司按每持有兩股股份獲發三股供股股份(「供股股份」)之基準進行供股,以按0.67港元之價格向獨立第三方發行432,000,000股供股股份,旨在發展白酒業務及支持人工革化學品業務。供股之所得款項淨額為約人民幣263,580,000元及人民幣255,837,000元已確認為股份溢價。供股之詳情載於本公司日期為2023年3月5日、2023年4月18日、2023年5月5日、2023年6月9日、2023年7月3日及2023年7月27日之公告。
- (c) 所有已發行股份於所有方面與現有已 發行股份享有同等地位。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

33. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details the cash flows and non-cash changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities. Except as disclosed below, there were no non-cash changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities.

33. 融資活動產生的負債對賬

下表詳列本集團融資活動產生的負債 的現金流量及非現金變動。除下文披 露者外,本集團融資活動產生的負債 並無非現金變動。

		Amounts due to related companies 應付	Bank borrowings	Total
		關 連公司款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元	銀行借貸 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023 Change from financing cash flows:	於2023年1月1日 融資現金流量變動:	447	10,000	10,447
Interest paid	已付利息	_	(688)	(688)
Proceeds from bank borrowings	銀行借貸所得款項	_	25,000	25,000
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	_	(10,000)	(10,000)
Advance from related companies	關連公司墊款	1,006	_	1,006
		1,006	14,312	15,318
Other change:	其他變動:			
Interest expense	利息開支		688	688
At 31 December 2023	於 2023年12月31 日 及 2024 年1月1日	1,453	25,000	26 452
and 1 January 2024	火2024 牛1月1日	1,455	25,000	26,453
Change from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:			
Interest paid	已付利息	-	(1,400)	(1,400)
Proceeds from bank borrowings	銀行借貸所得款項	_	49,500	49,500
Repayment of bank borrowings Repayment to related companies	償還銀行借貸 償還關連公司款項	(990)	(10,000)	(10,000) (990)
Repayment to related companies	貝丞 附注 4 刊	(990)		(990)
		(990)	38,100	37,110
Other change:	其他變動:			
Interest expense	利息開支		1,400	1,400
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	463	64,500	64,963

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND 34. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

n of the Company (a) 本公司財務狀況表

(a) Statement of financial position	of the Com	pany
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		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資		36,000	36,000
Amounts due from subsidiaries		_	323,308	322,915
		_	359,308	358,915
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨		_	4,635
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項		3,778	_
Prepayments and	預付款項及其他應收款項			
other receivables			_	81
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的金融			
	資產		5,972	9,522
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	_	2	86
		_	9,752	14,324
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用		6,176	3,880
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	_	2,791	2,791
			8,967	6,671
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	_	785	7,653
		_		
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	_	360,093	366,568
Net assets	資產淨值		360,093	366,568
Canital and recorder	資本及儲備			
Capital and reserves Share capital	股本		12,705	12,705
Reserves	儲備	b	347,388	353,863
		_	,	
			360,093	366,568

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND 34. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備(續) RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

於2023年1月1日

年內其他全面虧損

年內全面虧損總額

根據供股發行股份

根據供股發行股份

應佔交易成本

於2023年12月31日及

2024年1月1日

年內其他全面收入

年內全面收入/(虧損)

於2024年12月31日

年內虧損

總額

年內虧損

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

At 1 January 2023

Loss for the year

for the year

issue

Other comprehensive loss for the year

Total comprehensive loss

Issue of shares from rights issue

to issue of shares from rights

Transaction costs attributable

At 31 December 2023 and

Other comprehensive income

income/(loss) for the year

1 January 2024

Loss for the year

for the year

Total comprehensive

At 31 December 2024

		(b) 本公	司儲備變動	
	Share	Exchange		Total
	premium	reserve	losses	equity
	股份溢價	匯兑儲備	累計虧損	總權益
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	202,858	2,105	(104,088)	100,875
	-	-	(3,360)	(3,360)
	_	511	_	511
	_	511	(3,360)	(2,849)
	258,305	_	_	258,305
	(2,468)	_	_	(2,468)
Ī				
	458,695	2,616	(107,448)	353,863
	T.			
	_	_	(7,020)	(7,020)
			(7,020)	(7,020)
	_	545	_	545
		2.15		2.15

545

3,161

458,695

(7,020)

(114,468)

(6,475)

347,388

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

(c) Distributability of reserves

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company may be applied for payment of distributions or dividends to shareholders provided that immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

The aggregate amount of distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2024 was RMB344,227,000 (2023: RMB351,247,000).

35. MATERIAL RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions and balances with its related parties during the reporting period:

(a) Recurring transactions

34. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備(續)

(c) 儲備之分配

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司 的股份溢價可用於向股東支付 分派或股息,惟緊隨擬作出支 付分派或股息之日期後,本公 司須能夠於日常業務過程中支 付到期的債務。

本公司於2024年12月31日之 可供分派儲備總金額為人民幣 344,227,000元(2023年:人民幣 351,247,000元)。

35. 重大關連方交易

除綜合財務報表中其他章節所披露者 外,本集團於報告期內與關連方進行 的交易及結餘如下:

(a) 經常性交易

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

4,400

Sales of faux leather chemicals to a related party

Hanzhou Sunlight Biochemical
 Material Co., Ltd.* (note (a))
 Rental expenses to a related party

 Hanzhou Qiyue Investment Management Co., Ltd.* (note (b)) 向一名關連方銷售人工革 化學品

-杭州深藍生物材料有限公司(附註(a))

支付予一名關連方的租金開支 一杭州啟越投資管理有限 公司(附註(b))

- 1,350

1,206

^{*} English name is for identification purpose only.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

35. MATERIAL RELATED PARTIES

TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- (a) Recurring transactions (continued)
 - (a) The Group has entered into sales agreement with Hangzhou Sunlight Biochemical Material Co., Ltd. for the sales of faux leather chemicals at market terms with other customers.
 - (i) Hangzhou Sunlight Biochemical Material Co., Ltd. is partly indirectly owned by Mr. Chen Hua, he is a key management personnel of the Group.
 - In 2023, the Group entered into lease agreement and supplemental lease agreement with Hangzhou Qiyue Investment Management Co., Ltd. for a term commenced on 1 January 2023 and ended on 30 June 2023; and 1 July 2023 and ended on 31 December 2023 for the lease of the leased premise (the "Leased Premises"). The rent payable under the lease agreement was determined with reference to the prevailing market rent for similar properties at the same development and in neighbouring areas at which the leased premises are located, such that the rent payable under the lease agreement is fair and reasonable and consistent with the market rent for similar premises in similar locations. The transaction contemplated under the Lease Agreement is fully exempt from shareholders' approval and all disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.
 - Hangzhou Qiyue Investment Management Co., Ltd. is owned by Mr. Chen Hua.

35. 重大關連方交易(續)

(a) **經常性交易**(續) 附註:

- (a) 本集團已與杭州深藍生物材料 有限公司訂立銷售協議,以按 市場條款向其他客戶銷售人工 革化學品。
 - (i) 杭州深藍生物材料有限公司由陳華先生部分間接擁有,彼為本集團主要管理人員。
- 於2023年,本集團就租用租賃 物業(「租賃物業」)與杭州啟 越投資管理有限公司訂立租賃 協議及補充租賃協議,期限由 2023年1月1日起至2023年6月30 日結束以及2023年7月1日起至 2023年12月31日結束。根據租 賃協議應付之租金乃參考租賃 物業所處鄰近區域發展程度相 若物業的當前市場租金釐定, 因此根據租賃協議應付之租金 屬公平合理,與相若區域相若 物業的市場租金一致。租賃協 議項下擬進行交易獲全面豁免 遵守上市規則第14A章的股東批 准及所有披露規定。
 - 杭州啟越投資管理有限公司由陳華先生擁有。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

35. MATERIAL RELATED PARTIES

TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

35. 重大關連方交易(續)

(b) 主要管理人員薪酬

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Salaries, allowances and benefits 薪金、津貼及實物福利 in kind

Contributions to retirement benefits schemes

退休福利計劃供款

102 2,676

2,574

2,842

2,798

44

36. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

36. 資本承擔

本集團於2024年及2023年12月31日未 於綜合財務報表中作出撥備的資本承 擔如下:

> As at 31 December 於12月31日

202420232024年2023年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Contracted but not provided for 已訂約但未撥備

 Purchase of property, plant and equipment 一購買物業、廠房及設備

1,451

1,614

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

37. RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLANS

The Group has established the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for its Hong Kong employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately in funds which are under the control of independent trustees. The retirement benefit scheme contributions charged to profit or loss represent contributions paid or payable by the Group to the scheme at 5% of each of the employees' monthly relevant income capped at HK\$30,000. In addition, the PRC employees employed by the Group are members of the state-managed retirement benefit schemes operated by the PRC Government. The Group is required to contribute at certain percentage of the eligible employees' salaries to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit schemes is to make the required contributions under the schemes. At 31 December 2024 and 2023, there were no forfeited contributions available to reduce future obligations. The total contributions made by the Group to the MPF Scheme and the PRC retirement benefit schemes (excluding directors' remuneration) for the year ended 31 December 2024 are RMB3,189,000 (2023: RMB3,579,000).

37. 退休福利計劃

本集團已為其香港僱員設立強制性公 積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。該計劃的 資產以獨立信託人監管的基金形式分 開持有。於損益扣除的退休福利計劃 供款為本集團按各僱員以每月30,000 港元為上限的有關每月收入5%已付 或應付該計劃的供款。此外,本集團 僱用的中國僱員均參加由中國政府營 辦的國家管理退休福利計劃。本集團 須按合資格僱員薪資的某一比例對退 休福利計劃作出供款,以支付該等福 利費用。本集團就該等退休福利計劃 之唯一責任為根據該計劃作出規定的 供款。於2024年及2023年12月31日, **並無可用於減少未來責任之被沒收供** 款。截至2024年12月31日止年度,本 集團向強積金計劃及中國退休福利計 劃作出之供款總額(不包括董事薪酬) 為人民幣3,189,000元(2023年:人民 幣3,579,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

38. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 38. 主要附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name of Subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation and principal place of operation 註冊成立地點及日期以及主要營業地點	Registered/ paid up capital 註冊資本/ 繳足股本	Attributab interest an power hel Comp 本公司打 應佔股權 2024 2024年	d voting d by the any 寺有的	Principal activities 主要業務
浙江深藍新材料科技有限公 司 Zhejiang Sunlight Material Technology Co., Ltd* ("Zhejiang Sunlight")	PRC, 18 December 2003	RMB90,000,000	100%	100%	Manufacturing and sales of faux leather chemicals
浙江深藍新材料科技有限公司 (「浙江深藍」)	中國,2003年12月18日	人民幣 90,000,000元	100%	100%	製造及銷售人工革 化學品
常德彌盟控股有限公司 (note)	PRC, 12 January 2022	RMB3,000,000	100%	100%	Investment holding
常德彌盟控股有限公司 (附註)	中國・2022年1月12日	人民幣 3,000,000元	100%	100%	投資控股
貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司	PRC, 30 March 2022	RMB5,000,000	70.5%	70.5%	Manufacturing and sales of Chinese
貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司	中國・2022年3月30日	人民幣 5,000,000元	70.5%	70.5%	baijiu 製造及銷售白酒
福建王池帝醬酒業有限公司	PRC, 3 March 2023	RMB5,000,000	100%	100%	Manufacturing and sales of Chinese
福建王池帝醬酒業有限公司	中國,2023年3月3日	人民幣 5,000,000元	100%	100%	baijiu 製造及銷售白酒

note: Registered as wholly-owned foreign enterprises under the PRC law.

附註:根據中國法律註冊為外商獨資企業。

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets of the Group.

上表載列本公司董事認為主要影響本 集團業績或資產的本公司附屬公司。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

39. DETAILS OF NON-WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY THAT HAVE MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Summarised financial information in respect of 貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司, which the Group has material non-controlling interests, is set out below. The non-controlling interests held 29.5% of ownership interests and voting rights in the subsidiary. The summarised financial information of 貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司 prepared in accordance with the material accounting policies of the Group are as follows:

貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司 Financial information of statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

39. 擁有重大非控股權益的非全 資附屬公司詳情

有關本集團擁有重大非控股權益的貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司之財務資料概要載列如下。非控股權益持有該附屬公司之29.5%所有權權益及投票權。根據本集團重大會計政策編製的貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司之財務資料概要如下:

貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司 *損益及其他全面收益表財務資料*

		2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	_	217,377
Cost of sales	銷售成本	_	(130,309)
Expenses	開支	(52)	(61,853)
Reversal of impaired loss on trade	貿易應收款項之減值虧損撥回		
receivables		_	531
	_		
(Loss)/profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)/溢利	(52)	25,746
Income tax expense	所得税開支	_	(7,364)
			() /
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(52)	18,382
	_		
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive	以下人士應佔年內(虧損)/溢利及		
(loss)/income for the year	全面(虧損)/收入總額:		
attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人	(37)	12,959
Non-controlling interests of the	不公司推皿的百八	(37)	12,555
Group	本集團非控股權益	(15)	5,423
Gloup	个木四升江X准皿	(13)	J,423
		(==)	40.202
	_	(52)	18,382

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

39. DETAILS OF NON-WHOLLY-OWNED 39. 擁有重大非控股權益的非全 SUBSIDIARY THAT HAVE MATERIAL

NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (continued)

貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司 Financial information of statement of financial position

資附屬公司詳情(續)

貴州帝池王醬酒業有限公司 財務狀況表財務資料

,			
		2024 2024年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	_	_
Current assets	流動資產	120,784	120,836
Current liabilities	流動負債	(37,227)	(37,227)
		83,557	83,609
Equity attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests of the Group, representing accumulated	以下人士應佔權益: 本公司權益持有人 本集團非控股權益, 指於年末附屬公司	58,907	58,944
non-controlling interests of the subsidiary at the end of the year	之累計非控股權益	24,650	24,665
		83,557	83,609
Financial information of statement	of cash flows 現	金流量表財務資料	
		2024	2023
		2024 年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from	經營活動現金(流出)/流入淨客		
operating activities	扣次汽车中人为山顶运	(132)	84,666
Net cash outflow from investing activity Net cash inflow from financing activities	投資活動現金流出淨額	_	(120,000)
- included in consolidated statement	一計入綜合現金流量表	_	_
- eliminated on consolidation	一合併時對銷	_	2,266
		_	2,266
Net cash outflow	現金流出淨額	(132)	(33,068)
		- - (132)	2,266

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

40. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 27 December 2024, the Company, as the vendor, and the purchaser (an independent third party) entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the vendor conditionally agreed to sell, and the purchaser conditionally agreed to purchase, the Sale Shares (which represent 25% of the issued share capital of Darkblue Investment Ltd ("the Target Company"), a direct whollyowned subsidiary of the Company) at the Purchase Price.

The purchase price of RMB20,840,000 shall be paid by installments in cash.

The Target Company is directly wholly-owned by the Vendor. Upon the completion of the sale and purchase of the Sale Shares in accordance with the terms and conditions of the sale and purchase agreement, the Target Company will be held as to 75% by the Vendor and 25% by the purchaser. Therefore, the Target Company will continue to be a subsidiary of the Company following the completion and its financial results will continue to be consolidated with the results of the Group. As the effect of the disposal (upon the completion) is not expected to cause a loss of the Group's control over the Target Company, the disposal (upon the completion) is expected to be accounted for as an equity transaction that will not result in the recognition of any gain or loss in profit or loss for the Company.

The completion shall take place on or before 31 May 2025 or any other date as may be agreed between the vendor and the purchaser.

Details are set out in the Company's announcement dated on 27 December 2024.

40. 報告期後事項

於2024年12月27日,本公司(作為賣方)與買方(獨立第三方)訂立買賣協議,據此,賣方有條件同意出售,而買方有條件同意以購買價購買出售股份(佔為本公司的直接全資附屬公司Darkblue Investment Ltd(「目標公司」)已發行股本之25%)。

購買價人民幣20,840,000元應以現金 分期支付。

完成將於2025年5月31日或之前或賣 方與買方可能協定的其他日期作實。

詳情載於本公司日期為2024年12月27 日的公告。

Five Year Financial Summary

五年財務摘要

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited consolidated financial statements is set out below:

本集團最近五個財政年度的業績與資產及 負債概要(摘錄自已刊發的經審核綜合財 務報表)載列如下:

RESULTS 業績

				ended 31 Dece 至12月31日止年		
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		2024年	2023年	2022年	2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	566,475	570,572	501,437	233,945	134,441
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)	35,504	35,637	62,667	(1,476)	(2,788)
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	(5,489)	(10,763)	(23,049)	(1,124)	(369)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	30,015	24,874	39,618	(2,600)	(3,157)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年度 溢利/(虧損)	30,030	19,451	21,851	(2,600)	(3,157)
ASSETS AND LIABI	LITIES		資產	及負債		
			As	s at 31 Decemb 於12月31日	er	
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		2024年	2023年	2022年	2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total assets	總資產	827,684	737,591	446,378	313,174	264,007
Total liabilities	總負債	(158,940)	(99,005)	(95,995)	(43,595)	(26,656)
Total equity	總權益	668,744	638,586	350,383	269,579	237,351

The summary above does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

上述概要不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一 部分。



DIWANG INDUSTRIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED 帝王實業控股有限公司