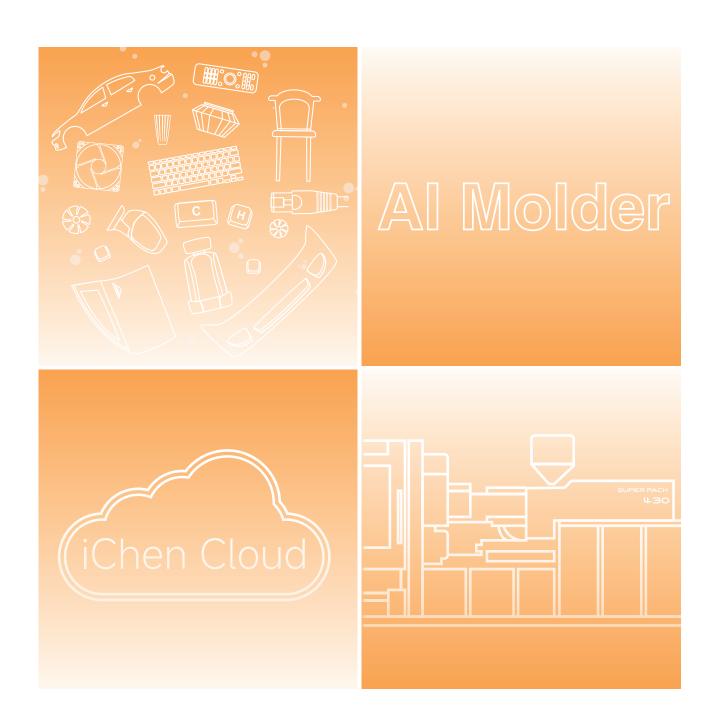
ANNUAL REPORT 年報 2024/25





(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(股份代號 Stock Code: 00057)

財務摘要 Financial Highlights

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2025

| | | | | 變動 |
|--------------|---|-----------|-----------|--------|
| | | 2025 | 2024 | Change |
| 業績摘要(港幣千元) | RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS (HK\$'000) | | | |
| 收益 | Revenue | 2,594,735 | 2,009,545 | 29% |
| 除税前溢利 | Profit before tax | 189,625 | 125,142 | 52% |
| 本公司權益持有人 | Profit attributable to equity holders of | | | |
| 應佔溢利 | the Company | 154,386 | 100,853 | 53% |
| 資產總值 | Total assets | 4,358,964 | 4,143,750 | 5% |
| 股東權益 | Shareholders' funds | 3,081,570 | 3,057,530 | 1% |
| 已發行股本 | Issued share capital | 63,053 | 63,053 | 0% |
| 流動資產淨值 | Net current assets | 1,997,648 | 1,985,180 | 1% |
| 每股數據 | PER SHARE DATA | | | |
| 每股基本盈利(港仙) | Basic earnings per share (HK cents) | 24.5 | 16.0 | 53% |
| 每股現金股息(港仙) | Cash dividends per share (HK cents) | 11.8 | 8.0 | 48% |
| 每股資產淨值(港元) | Net assets per share (HK\$) | 4.9 | 4.9 | 0% |
| | | | | |
| 主要財務比率 | KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS | | | |
| 平均股東權益回報率(%) | Return on average shareholders' funds (%) | 5.0 | 3.3 | 52% |
| 平均資產總值回報率(%) | Return on average total assets (%) | 3.6 | 2.4 | 50% |

股東日誌 Shareholders' Calendar

股東周年大會

2025年8月28日(星期四)

股東登記冊

暫停辦理股份過戶登記(首尾兩天包括在內)

出席股東周年大會適用 : 2025年8月25日至28日

(星期一至星期四)

末期股息適用 : 2025年9月4日至8日

(星期四至星期一)

股息(每股)

中期股息 : 港幣3.8仙

派發日期 : 2025年1月14日(星期二)

末期股息 : 港幣8.0仙

派發日期約於 : 2025年9月22日(星期一)

Annual General Meeting (AGM)

28 August 2025 (Thu)

Register of Members

Closure of Register (both days inclusive)

For attending AGM : 25–28 August 2025

(Mon – Thu)

For Final Dividend : 4–8 September 2025

(Thu – Mon)

Dividend (per Share)

Interim Dividend : HK3.8 cents

Paid on : 14 January 2025 (Tue)

Final Dividend : HK8.0 cents

Payable on or about : 22 September 2025 (Mon)

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公司資料

Corporate Information

董事

執行董事

蔣麗苑女士(主席兼集團總裁) 鍾效良先生

獨立非執行董事

陳智思先生(自2024年8月26日起退任) 許志偉先生

郭敬文先生(委任自2024年12月1日起生效)

Anish LALVANI 先生 利子厚先生

陳慶光先生

審核委員會

陳慶光先生(主席)

陳智思先生(自2024年8月26日起不再擔任)

許志偉先生

郭敬文先生(委任自2024年12月1日起生效)

Anish LALVANI 先生

利子厚先生

薪酬委員會

Anish LALVANI先生(主席)

蔣麗苑女士

陳智思先生(自2024年8月26日起不再擔任)

許志偉先生(委任自2024年12月1日起生效) 利子厚先生

利于厚充生

提名委員會

蔣麗苑女士(主席)(委任自2024年8月26日生效) 陳智思先生(自2024年8月26日起不再擔任) 郭敬文先生(委任自2024年12月1日起生效)

Anish LALVANI 先生 利子厚先生

陳慶光先生

企業管治委員會

利子厚先生(主席)

陳智思先生(自2024年8月26日起不再擔任) 許志偉先生

郭敬文先生*(委任自2024年12月1日起生效)* Anish LALVANI先生

陳慶光先生

公司秘書

陳志毅先生

授權代表

蔣麗苑女士陳志毅先生

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN (retired with effect from 26 August 2024)

Mr. Harry Chi HUI

Mr. Clement King Man KWOK (appointed with effect from 1 December 2024)

Mr. Anish LALVANI

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN (Chairman)

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN (ceased with effect from 26 August 2024)

Mr. Harry Chi HUI

Mr. Clement King Man KWOK (appointed with effect from 1 December 2024)

Mr. Anish LALVANI

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Anish LALVANI (Chairman)

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN (ceased with effect from 26 August 2024)

Mr. Harry Chi HUI (appointed with effect from 1 December 2024)

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chairman) (appointed with effect from 26 August 2024)

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN (ceased with effect from 26 August 2024)

Mr. Clement King Man KWOK (appointed with effect from 1 December 2024)

Mr. Anish LALVANI

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE (Chairman)

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN (ceased with effect from 26 August 2024)

Mr. Harry Chi HUI

Mr. Clement King Man KWOK (appointed with effect from 1 December 2024)

Mr. Anish LALVANI

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Chi Ngai CHAN

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG

Mr. Chi Ngai CHAN

公司資料

Corporate Information

核數師

安永會計師事務所 *註冊公眾利益實體核數師*

主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行(亞洲)股份有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

主要股份過戶登記處

Appleby Global Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street PO Box HM 1179, Hamilton HM EX Bermuda

股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港

夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓 電話:(852)29801333 傳真:(852)28108185 電郵:is-enquiries@vistra.com

註冊辦事處

Victoria Place 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 威非路道18號 萬國寶通中心 20樓2001室

企業傳訊及投資者關係

公司秘書

電話: (852) 2665 3888 傳真: (852) 2664 8202 電郵: comm@chenhsong.com 網址: www.chenhsong.com

股份代號

00057

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Construction Bank (Asia) Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Appleby Global Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street PO Box HM 1179, Hamilton HM EX Bermuda

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2980 1333 Fax: (852) 2810 8185

Email: is-enquiries@vistra.com

REGISTERED OFFICE

Victoria Place 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE & PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 2001, 20th Floor Citicorp Centre 18 Whitfield Road Hong Kong

CORPORATE COMMUNICATIONS & INVESTOR RELATIONS

Company Secretary Tel: (852) 2665 3888 Fax: (852) 2664 8202

E-mail: comm@chenhsong.com Website: www.chenhsong.com

STOCK CODE

00057

主席報告書

Chairman's Statement

業務回顧

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止的財政年度,本集團錄得營業額港幣25.95億元(二零二四年:港幣20.10億元),較去年上升29%。而本公司權益持有人應佔溢利為港幣1.54億元(二零二四年:港幣1.01億元),較去年上升53%。

於本財政年度,國際貿易格局發生重大轉變。地 緣政治緊張局勢加劇,部分地區衝突頻繁,導致 全球經濟增長放緩、供應鏈受阻、貿易政策不確 定性增加,對全球經濟增長構成威脅。

中國政府積極推出政策促進經濟發展,包括寬鬆的貨幣政策和支持製造業的措施等,促使國內經濟保持相對穩定。根據國家統計局數據,二零二五年中國國內生產總值增速接近百分之五的預期目標,彰顯政策效果。與本集團相關的關鍵行業如新能源汽車與工業機器人等戰略性新興產業呈現明顯的快速增長,充分受惠於國家產業升級和綠色發展戰略。

另一方面,雖然全球已進入減息周期,但減息幅度仍低於預期。在已發展經濟體當中,美國經濟增長較為顯著,但其他區域如歐元區的經濟增長仍然緩慢。同時,為應對全球性「China + 1」趨勢,更多中國製造企業選擇在東南亞及印度等地區設廠投資。然而,有賴於集團持續積極拓展海外市場策略,特別是在巴西、印度、印尼、越南等新興市場投資,已初見成效,該等市場份額逐步擴大,從而帶動海外銷售業績顯著增長。

在中國內捲情況持續及全球不明朗因素籠罩下,「變革」已成為企業持續發展的核心。本集團於本年度進一步投入更多資源於深圳廠房的創新研發中心,引進更多專業人才加入研究及開發團隊。在產品創新研發及智能生產轉型方面,將持續投放更多資源,以加快產品研發與技術革新。

Business Review

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the Group registered a total turnover of HK\$2.595 billion (2024: HK\$2.01 billion), representing an increase of 29% over the previous year. Profit attributable to equity holders increased by 53% to HK\$154 million (2024: HK\$101 million).

This financial year has been characterised by a major shift in international trade landscape, together with intensifying geopolitical tension and frequent regional conflicts that disrupted global supply chains amidst mounting policy uncertainties, threatening economic growth worldwide.

The Mainland Chinese Government implemented proactive policies to promote economic development, which included monetary easing and manufacturing support measures to stabilise the domestic economy. Data from the Chinese National Bureau of Statistics indicated GDP growth rate expectations approaching 5% in 2025, which proved the relative effectiveness of these policies. Industries such as EV's and advanced robotics, sectors key to the Group's business, benefited greatly from the national strategies for upgrading and green manufacturing.

On the other hand, even though the world has officially entered an interest rate cut cycle, the extent of cuts remained below expectations. Among the developed economies, the USA economy exhibited much greater strength and resilience than other regions, such as the Eurozone where economic growth remained sluggish. Many enterprises, however, started paying heed to "China + 1" initiatives, with Chinese manufacturing companies increasingly opting to invest in production facilities in Southeast Asia and India. Owing to the Group's long-term strategic investments into international markets, especially in key emerging markets such as Brazil, India, Indonesia and Vietnam, early signs of success were apparent with increased market share, leading to a significant boost in the Group's international market performance.

As the domestic economy in Mainland China continued to be lackluster and global uncertainties abound, "transformation" has become the focus of many enterprises in order to achieve sustainable development. During the course of this financial year, the Group has further invested in its Centre for Innovation and Advanced Research in Shenzhen, bringing in professional talents to boost the research and development team. The Group will also step up investments into product innovation and intelligent manufacturing in order to accelerate product research and development and technological innovation.

主席報告書 Chairman's Statement

面對行業內激烈的市場競爭,本集團除了進一步完善原有產品的更新換代外,還成立了智能產業事業部,推出「iChen Smart Family」智能生產系統,包括「iChen Cloud」、「iChen Smart Factory」和「iChen Al Molder」等。這些創新科技已在首批客戶中應用,成功部署了智能化生產線與大數據管理方案,有效提升客戶的智能製造能力。當中「iChen Al Molder」引入人工智能調模技術,為客戶解決招聘調模技術師傅困難的痛點。

Manufacturing Division," which launched the "iChen Smart Family", an intelligent manufacturing system, including "iChen Cloud", "iChen Smart Factory" and "iChen Al Molder." These innovative technologies have already been well-deployed in client facilities on large-scale intelligent production lines with big data management solutions. Among them, the "iChen Al Molder" marries advanced Al algorithms with decades of real-life applications experience to form an innovative automatic solution which uniquely addresses the difficulties the Group's clients currently face in recruiting skilled moulding technicians.

In the face of intense market competition, in addition to constantly

upgrading its product lines, the Group also established the "Intelligent

未來展望

本集團相信中美貿易緊張和地緣政治風險將持續 至來年。以審慎的財務策略為基礎,本集團將深 化新興市場布局、加大研發投資並推動產業升級。 同時,亦將持續優化供應鏈管理,控制成本,提 升運營效率,以應對外部商業環境急劇變化帶來 的挑戰。

Future Prospects

The Group anticipates Sino-USA trade tensions and geopolitical risks to continue well into the coming year. The Group will continue to adhere to prudent financial practices, accelerate its investments into global emerging markets, step up investment in research and development to promote industrial upgrading. Furthermore, the Group will continue to optimise its supply chain management, control costs and enhance operating efficiency in order to face the challenges ahead caused by rapid changes in international business environment.

感謝辭

我代表董事局衷心感謝所有股東、客戶、供應商、合作夥伴,以及銀行的長期支持與信任。同時,也向公司管理層和全體員工表達誠摯的感謝,正是因為你們長期的努力與奉獻,才有集團今天的成就。

Gratitude

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I extend my heartfelt thanks to all shareholders, customers, suppliers, business partners, and bankers for their long-term support and trust, and to our management team and employees for their efforts and dedication over the years which have been the key to the Group's achievement today.

蔣麗苑

主席兼集團總裁

香港,二零二五年六月二十日

Lai Yuen CHIANG

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 20 June 2025

業務表現

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止的財政年度,本集團錄得營業總額港幣25.95億元(二零二四年:港幣20.10億元),較去年上升29%。權益持有人應佔溢利上升53%至港幣1.54億元(二零二四年:港幣1.01億元);每股基本盈利為港幣24.5仙(二零二四年:港幣16.0仙)。董事局建議本財政年度派發末期股息為每股港幣8.0仙(二零二四年:港幣5.0仙)。

本財政年度的國際經濟環境風雲暗湧、在普遍的 增長態勢下隱伏危機,地緣政治角力以及保護主 義、脱鉤主義抬頭引致全球營商環境充斥不確定 性。自新一屆美國政府於本財政年度最後一季度 就任,隨即落實早已宣告的貿易保護政策、發動 全球性的貿易戰,規模之大前所未有。

Business Performance

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the Group's total turnover increased by 29% to HK\$2,595 million (2024: HK\$2,010 million). Profit attributable to equity holders increased by 53% to HK\$154 million (2024: HK\$101 million) while basic earnings per share amounted to HK24.5 cents (2024: HK16.0 cents). The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK8.0 cents (2024: HK5.0 cents) per share for this financial year.

During the course of this financial year, amidst general overall growth, the global economy was fraught with hidden surprises and unexpected speed-bumps. Geopolitical tensions escalated, with protectionism and "decoupling" becoming mainstream values, and led to increasing uncertainties and volatility in international trade. The latest USA administration, after taking office during the last quarter of this fiscal year, promptly implemented a range of pre-announced protectionism policies, initiating a global trade war of which the scale had been unprecedented in modern history.

Worldwide economic sentiments started positive in 2024 with inflation moderating in most countries after a long period of high interest rates, prompting central banks to start easing monetary policies. When the Federal Reserve finally initiated its interest rate-cut cycle in September with a larger-than-anticipated cut, it was almost as if the worst were behind us after years of active financial interventions. The COVID-19 pandemic from 2020 to 2024 remained the slowest period of global economic growth since the end of the Cold War, and subsequent recoveries across countries and regions varied greatly. For instance, amongst the developed economies, only the USA exhibited robust growth throughout while the Eurozone and Japan remained lacklustre while the position of the developing countries was even worse. In fact, Europe's recent poor economic indicators at the beginning of this financial year had raised serious market concerns, leading to deeper and stronger easing policies which to an extent stimulated consumer spending across Europe, a trend that the Group benefited from.

在本財政年度的上半年,全球經濟持續復甦,貿易需求總體上升,進而令供應鏈的矛盾加深。儘管貿易總額有所增加,市場需求持續旺盛,但同時面臨發展失衡和諸多不確定性風險。最終的結果是自下半年新一屆美國政府上台,採取對全球化產業結構及多邊貿易充滿敵意的政策,世界經濟從此增添大量未知數。

中國作為世界工廠,在風雲變幻的國際貿易關係中扮演著核心角色,除了中國內部消費對帶動全球的經濟活力舉足輕重,中國供應鏈亦越來越變得難以替代,使西方經濟體系擔心加劇,從局部的中美貿易糾紛演化成貿易戰,繼而在新一屆美國總統的推動下,演變成全球性的貿易戰。

任何營商環境都離不開市場信心,而貿易戰帶來的不確定性正在不斷動搖市場信心。在本財政年度下半年,全球市場前景充斥著不確定因素,雖然市場需求比上半年持續增加,但本集團認為主要原因是商家趕在美國新一輪關稅實施之前積極囤積庫存所致,這情況不會持久,新的全球貿易現實正在演變。

一直以來的經濟環境是「危中有機」,而本財政年度證實了反向概念亦同樣適用:「機中有危」。當國與國的關係可以因美國總統的一句話而在瞬間轉變,全球供應鏈遭遇強勁逆風,貿易保護主義抬頭,地緣政治衝突加劇,國際產業分工格局呈現本土化、區域化及多元化發展,重構趨勢不斷深化。本集團將繼續採取積極的態度、務實審慎地面對潛在危機,並嚴格控制由此而衍生的市場及財務風險。

During the first half of this fiscal year, global economies continued to recover with increasing trade activities, which in turn intensified supply chain conflicts. While total global trade volume registered an increase and market demand remained robust, but simultaneously faced with the challenges of unbalanced development and considerable risks and uncertainties. The final outcome was a new USA administration taking office in the second half of the financial year, adopting broad antiglobalisation policies hostile to the multilateral trade practices that the world had for decades become accustomed to. Since then, the world economy has been clouded with significant uncertainty.

As the world factory, China played a central role in ever-changing international trade relations. Not only did China help sustain global economic activity with domestic demand, its stranglehold on global supply chains became tighter than ever, raising serious concerns in Western developed countries. Previous Sino-USA trade disputes soon escalated into a full trade war under the new President of the USA, eventually evolving into a global trade war.

Trade wars shake market confidence, which is critical in any well-functioning business environment. During the second half of this financial year, worldwide markets were plagued with uncertainties. Although market demand appeared to continue growing as compared with the first half, the Group's view is that it was primarily due to frantic stockpiling before the new round of tariffs in the USA took effect. Such market strength is unlikely to last, and the world will soon be forced to accept an evolving new reality in global trade.

Recent economic environment has always been characterised by "opportunities within crisis". This financial year also confirmed the applicability of the opposite: "crisis within opportunities". When multilateral relationships could drift from close allies to being far apart merely at the whims of the President of the USA alone, global supply chains are facing some strong headwinds, with rising protectionism, intensifying geopolitical conflicts and anti-globalisation under the forces of localisation, nationalism and multipolarism. The Group will continue to adopt a pragmatic, cautious but proactive approach towards managing the financial and market risks that may arise as a result.

市場分析

Market Analysis

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止的財政年度,按 客戶地域劃分的營業額分析如下: Breakdown of turnover, based on the location of customers, for the year ended 31 March 2025 is as follows:

| | | 二零二五年 | 二零二四年 | |
|---------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------|
| | | 2025 | 2024 | |
| | | (港幣百萬元) | (港幣百萬元) | 變動 |
| 客戶地域 | Customer Location | (HK\$ million) | (HK\$ million) | Change |
| | | | | |
| 中國大陸及香港 | Mainland China and Hong Kong | 1,840 | 1,450 | +27% |
| 台灣 | Taiwan | 39 | 38 | +3% |
| 其他海外國家 | Other overseas countries | 716 | 522 | +37% |
| | | | | |
| | | 2,595 | 2,010 | +29% |

本財政年度,中國大陸面對外部壓力加大和內部 困難增多的複雜形勢,雖然整體經濟運行平穩, 國內生產總值首次突破人民幣130萬億元,增境 5%,達到預期目標。面對外部複雜嚴峻環境, 中國經濟結構持續向高端化演進,例如高科 造業增速明顯快於傳統工業,信息技術相關 業、新能源汽車、集成電路和工業機器人等與 對有顯著增長。本集團繼續為策略性夥伴比高 提供大量高端注塑機,包括大型二板機及 是電機等,協助其電動汽車產能快速的擴張, 間接為中國的新能源汽車板塊高速成長作出了 獻。

During this financial year, the Mainland China economy faced complex conditions, including pressure from outside and growing domestic difficulties from within amid a generally smooth-running economy with GDP growing an expectations-meeting 5% to surpass RMB130 trillion for the first time in history. Faced with the complex and severe external environment, the structure of the China economy was notably evolving towards the high-end, with high-tech industries faring significantly better than traditional and remarkable growth in new sectors such as IT services, EV, IC and advanced robotics. The group continued to provide its strategic EV partner BYD with large numbers of high-end injection moulding machines, including large-tonnage two-platens and high-precision all-electrics, assisting BYD in their rapid EV capacity expansion while also contributing to the rapid growth of China's EV sector in general.

"Crisis within opportunities" fully held for Mainland China due to intensified Sino-USA trade conflicts. Presidential election in the USA during the second half of this financial year already foretold the resurgence of localism and protectionism. Many international buyers started to hoard inventory ahead of the oncoming troubles, pushing Mainland China's export trade volume to record height, with trade volume in December 2024 alone growing 6.8% to exceed RMB4 trillion. Similarly, market demand for injection moulding machines was also red-hot. Market sentiments further ignited as the new USA administration was sworn in during the last quarter of this financial year. The threat of high tariffs caused frantic stockpiling in a race against time. The Group successfully leveraged this opportunity and its capacity advantages to capture market share with new product lines, leading to strong Mainland China turnover growth to HK\$1.84 billion (2024: HK\$1.45 billion), an increase of 27%.

台灣客戶主要依賴美國及歐洲出口,在本財政年度的上半年錄得良好的增長。但隨著歐元區經濟停滯,很多客戶開始採取觀望態度暫緩增加生產設備,使下半年的市場景氣急劇惡化。總計全年的業績僅與去年持平為港幣3,900萬元(二零二四年:港幣3,800萬元)。

在國際市場方面,雖然全球就業展現良好的韌性,國際勞工組織預計二零二四年全球的失業率僅為4.9%,但從失業率水平來看,發達國家的勞動市場較為緊張,失業率普遍偏低,而發展中國家的失業率普遍偏高,通貨膨脹數據亦顯示了同樣的兩極化趨勢。

因此,以北美洲為主的發達國家在上半年推動需求,主導著全球的消費。然而,隨著美國本土政局的變化,在下半年新一屆政府對中美貿易關係的敵意加劇,許多國際性品牌都開始採取「China+1」的供應鏈策略,即在中國的原有供應鏈過度集中的政策風險。故此,在本財政年度的下半年,東南亞以及巴西、土耳其等發展中國家受惠於這些分散政策風險策略,對注塑機的需求越趨暢旺。

本集團慶幸早前已在關鍵的策略性國際市場提前部署,如年前開始擴充歐洲子公司、成立新的墨西哥及印尼子公司、提供當地庫存,並積極發展巴西和印度的子公司規模,深耕市場,因此能夠順利捕捉這一波的供應鏈轉移需求,使本財政年度內的國際市場營業額錄得37%的增長至港幣7.16億元(二零二四年:港幣5.22億元)。

Taiwanese customers traditionally rely on exports to the USA and Europe and registered good growth during the first half of this financial year. However, as the Eurozone economies stagnated, many customers started adopting a "wait-and-see" approach, delaying the purchases of capital equipment, which resulted in a sharp deterioration of business sentiment during the second half. Overall, the Group's Taiwan turnover remained essentially flat with previous year at HK\$39 million (2024: HK\$38 million).

Internationally, the global employment rates remained resilient with the International Labour Organisation forecasting global unemployment dropping to only 4.9% in 2024. Nevertheless, the data hid substantial polarisation among countries, as labour markets in developed countries stayed robust but developing countries continued to be plagued with high unemployment. The same polarisation was also observed in inflation.

A direct consequence was the developed countries as a whole, mainly North America, driving global consumption demand in the first half. As political landscape in the USA evolved in the second half, and with the new administration clearly hostile towards Sino-USA trade relations, in order to diversify the risk of having most eggs in a single basket, many multinational brands began adopting "China + 1" and actively pursued new supply sources from other countries. Southeast Asia, along with developing countries like Brazil and Turkey, benefited greatly from such strategic risk-diversifying initiatives during the second half of this financial year, leading to increased demand for injection moulding machines.

Due to the Group's foresight of making long-term strategic investments into key developing markets, e.g., expanding subsidiaries in Europe, Brazil and India, as well as new subsidiaries in Mexico and Indonesia providing local inventory, the Group was able to capture this wave of transfer demand to register an impressive 37% growth in international market turnover to HK\$716 million (2024: HK\$522 million).

新技術及新產品開發

在先進研發方面,本集團獲得廣東省科學技術廳 二零二三年度「廣東省震雄精密注塑成型工程技 術研究中心」的資格認定。在加速數字化轉型方 面,本集團亦取得重大突破,一方面成立了集團 數字化中心,聚焦於構建統一的數據平台與流程 引擎,通過梳理並優化核心業務流程,引入統一 數據分析等工作,實現智能決策,同時大幅提升 流程生產效率與可視化管理能力。

Development of New Technologies and New Products

During this financial year, the Group launched a number of product line extensions including new models of large-tonnage two-platen machines, all electric machines, hybrid hydraulic-electric machines and multi-material machines. In addition, the Group introduced a new line of vertical injection moulding machines to augment its existing product portfolio, which helped serve high-end segments such as EV, 3C electronics and medical more professionally. At the same time, the Group also added specialised offerings into its linage, including multi-material with micro-foaming, switchable injection units for optical applications in EV, a new series for producing pales, the next generation SUPER-PACK series for thin-walled packaging, and a new series for PET preforms. Most notably, a 4,500-ton two-platen machine with an industry-leading 280kg shot-pot-type injection unit was successfully delivered to overseas customer during this financial year. Another 3,600-ton two-platen machine, which also achieved the industry-leading ultra-large shot-weight of 200kg, was awarded the prestigious "New Technology and New Product" Certificate by the Plastics Machinery Industry Association of China.

The Group's investments and efforts into advanced research and development earned it accreditation by the Department of Science and Technology, Guangdong Province, in 2023 as the "Chen Hsong Technology Centre for Precision Injection Moulding in Guangdong". To accelerate transformation into digital-enabled manufacturing, the Group made the first major step in establishing the Digital Technology Department focusing on building state-of-the-art unified data platforms and process control technology. By streamlining and optimising core business processes together with unified data analytics, the Group was able to support quick and intelligent decision-making through accurate and timely information, greatly enhancing production efficiency and visual management.



SUPER PACK 伺服驅動注塑機 SUPER PACK Servo Drive Injection Moulding Machine

本集團亦正式啟動「賦能千行百業」計劃,針對汽車零部件、消費電子、食品包裝等多個行業客戶提供端到端的全面解決方案。從需求診斷、方案設計到系統實施與持續微調優化,全流程賦能與備管理、智能排產與數據驅動決策,幫助客戶實現柔性生產與精細化運營,並通過定制化數據看板與決策模型,助力客戶與合作夥伴在數字化浪潮中搶佔市場先機。

此外,為了進一步加快智能產業升級,本集團新成立了智能產業事業部,推出「iChen Smart Family」智能生產系統,包括「iChen Cloud」、「iChen Smart Factory」和「iChen Al Molder」等創新科技。這些智能產品線為客戶提供不同選擇,從智能工廠建設的一站式解決方案,到雲端控制和人工智能調模等先進技術。並於本年度為客戶成功部署智能化生產線與大數據管理方案,有效提升客戶的智能製造能力。當中「iChen Al Molder」引入人工智能調模技術,更為客戶解決招聘具經驗調模技術人員的困難。

The Group also officially launched its ambitious program for "Industrial Empowerment" by providing end-to-end comprehensive solutions to clients in various sectors such as automotive, consumer electronics and food packaging. This program provides consultation to clients in target industries, starting from status snapshot, solution proposal, system integration to subsequent fine-tuning and optimisation. It enables clients to markedly improve their manufacturing flexibility and control, as well as make better-informed decisions, through real-time management of production equipment and advanced features, such as smart scheduling. With customised dashboards providing clear visualisation of key process statuses, the Group's clients and partners are more able to surge ahead of competition in the new race for digital supremacy.

Last but not least, the Group established a new business unit for "Smart Manufacturing Services" to further accelerate upgrade of the industry into the digital age. Through the "iChen Smart Family" platform which includes the "iChen Cloud", "iChen Smart Factory" and "iChen Al Molder", the Group successfully provided clients with a full range of services from one-top turn-key factory projects to cloud-based big-data systems to advanced mold setting services utilising advanced deep-Al models. Among these, the "iChen Al Molder" service, which employs advanced Al models to tackle the difficult but critical task of mold setting, stands to revolutionise the industry by digitalising decades of manual-tuning expertise, alleviating the pain of hiring experienced technicians for many clients.



捷霸 PET/S2 伺服驅動注塑機 JETMASTER PET/S2 Servo Drive Injection Moulding Machine

生產產能與成本控制

於本財政年度內,本集團的生產運作上以精益生產為先導,致力建立完善的「三級計劃體系」,將計劃精確、及時和清晰地落實到每一位員工、每一台設備,而先進的MES系統投入使用也開啟了數字化工廠建設。本集團亦積極地推動成本控制,在生產過程中優化加工程序及工裝夾具,從而實現設備聯動及零件加工的一鍵啟動,預計生產效率及成本效益將有可觀的提升。

在供應鏈方面,本集團通過整合資源及戰略合作 方式,引入配套資源周邊建廠、縮短交付周期、 實現成本優化;通過標準化設計縮短交貨周期, 進一步提升供應鏈的響應速度。

最後,本集團組建了智能產業事業部,整合內部研發與外部合作力量,率先在各生產基本部署自主研發、人工智能深度集成的「iChen Cloud」、MES與QMS系統,可提升設備綜合利用率及縮短生產周期。

財務回顧

流動資金及財務狀況

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團的流動資產 淨值為港幣19.98億元(二零二四年:港幣19.85 億元)。現金及銀行結存(包括有抵押存款)為港 幣6.67億元(二零二四年:港幣8.74億元),較去 年減少港幣2.07億元。於二零二五年三月三十一 日,本集團並無銀行貸款(二零二四年:無)。本 集團淨現金結餘為港幣6.67億元(二零二四年: 港幣8.74億元),較去年減少港幣2.07億元。

本集團的負債比率乃按總借貸扣除現金及銀行結 存除以總資產計算。於二零二五年三月三十一日, 本集團持有淨現金結餘。因此,並無呈報負債比 率。

本集團會繼續維持一貫穩健的財務管理政策,儲 備充足的流動資金,以應付本集團對各項資本投 資及營運資金的需求。

Production Capacity and Cost Control

During this financial year, under the auspice of lean manufacturing, the Group continued to pursue its three-level planning system that aims to provide precise, timely and accurate instructions to every worker and every machine. In addition, the Group implemented an advanced MES system in its production facility, part of a larger initiative to digital-enable its production processes. The Group also continued to actively control costs through optimising steps in manufacturing, employing more efficient tools and riggings and automating machining equipment as a networked managed whole, which led to material improvements in production efficiency and cost effectiveness.

The Group sought to integrate its supply chain resources, pursuing cooperation with strategic suppliers to build nearby facilities, in order to reduce overall delivery lead time and procurement costs. In addition, design standardisation would also help shorten lead time and improve supply chain resilience.

Finally, the Group established its "Smart Manufacturing" division which included internal research and development efforts and collaboration with external parties to develop the industry-leading "iChen Cloud", MES and QMS systems, leveraging deep AI for its core innovative features. These systems would help the Group increase equipment utilization and shorten production cycle time.

Financial Review

Liquidity and Financial Conditions

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had net current assets of HK\$1,998 million (2024: HK\$1,985 million). Cash and bank balances (including pledged deposits) amounted to HK\$667 million (2024: HK\$874 million), representing a decrease of HK\$207 million as compared to last year. As at 31 March 2025, the Group had no bank borrowings (2024: Nil). The Group recorded a net cash position of HK\$667 million (2024: HK\$874 million), representing a decrease of HK\$207 million as compared to last year.

The gearing ratio of the Group is measured as total borrowings net of cash and bank balances divided by total assets. The Group had a net cash position as at 31 March 2025. As a result, no gearing ratio was presented.

It is the policy of the Group to adopt a consistently prudent financial management strategy, sufficient liquidity is maintained to meet the funding requirements of the Group's capital investments and operations.

資產抵押

於二零二五年三月三十一日,在本集團之若干附屬公司所持有之銀行存款中,為數港幣1.39億元(二零二四年:港幣4,500萬元)已作抵押,用作擔保發出給予供應商的銀行承兑匯票,該等匯記入應付貿易及票據賬款內。於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團之一間附屬公司所持有之銀行存款中,為數港幣300萬元已作抵押,用作擔保於中國大陸之銀行給予客戶作購買本集團產品的,本集團之一間附屬公司所持有之應收票據賬款中,為數港幣1.49億元(二零二四年:港幣7,300萬元)已作抵押,用作擔保發出給予供應商的銀行承已

資本承擔

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團主要於中國 大陸之生產設施興建及更新改善工程、購買之生 產設備,以及購買位於歐洲倉庫之資本承擔為港 幣2,200萬元(二零二四年:港幣600萬元),資 金會由本集團內部資源提供。

重大投資、收購及出售

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內,本集 團並無任何有關其附屬公司及聯營公司的重大投 資、收購或出售。

重大投資或資本資產之未來計劃

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團並無有關重大投資或資本資產的具體計劃。

本公司為聯屬公司提供財務資助及作出擔保

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本公司並無向聯屬公司提供任何財務資助及作出擔保而須按香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第13.22條予以披露。

Charge on Assets

As at 31 March 2025, bank deposits of certain subsidiaries of the Group in the amount of HK\$139 million (2024: HK\$45 million) were pledged for securing the issuance of bank acceptance notes, recorded in the trade and bills payables, to suppliers. As at 31 March 2024, a bank deposit of a subsidiary of the Group in the amount of HK\$3 million was pledged for securing a bank loan granted by a bank in Mainland China to a customer to purchase the Group's products. In addition, as at 31 March 2025, bills receivable of a subsidiary of the Group in the amount of HK\$149 million (2024: HK\$73 million) was pledged for securing the issuance of bank acceptance notes, included in the trade and bills payables, to suppliers.

Capital Commitments

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had capital commitments of HK\$22 million (2024: HK\$6 million), mainly in respect of the construction and upgrading of industrial facilities, the purchases of production equipment in Mainland China, as well as the purchase of warehouse in Europe which are to be funded by internal resources of the Group.

Significant Investments, Acquisitions and Disposals

The Group did not make any significant investments, acquisitions or disposals in relation to its subsidiaries and associated companies during the year ended 31 March 2025.

Future Plans for Material Investments or Capital Assets

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had no specific plan for material investments or capital assets.

Financial Assistance and Guarantees to Affiliated Companies by the Company

As at 31 March 2025, the Company had not provided any financial assistance and guarantees to affiliated companies which is subject to disclosure requirement under Rule 13.22 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

本公司給予某實體的墊款

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本公司並無給予某實體任何墊款而須按上市規則第13.20條予以披露。

資金及外幣風險管理

本集團在資金管理方面,採取穩健的理財策略, 資金主要以港元、人民幣、新台幣、美元及歐元 持有,並一般以短期或中期存款存放於銀行,作 為本集團的流動資金。

本集團亦不時對若干波動較大的外幣風險作出評估,以合適之方法減低有關的風險。

本集團於中國大陸有重大投資,並知悉任何人民 幣匯率波動將對本集團的淨溢利有所影響。但由 於本集團之交易多以人民幣結算,故該匯兑差額 對本集團的實際營運及現金流不構成直接影響。

或然負債

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團並無任何重 大或然負債。於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集 團就客戶用於購買本集團產品的銀行貸款提供給 銀行的擔保為港幣100萬元。

客戶與供應商關係

本集團秉承一向的宗旨「客人所要的,就是我們要做的」,在最大的可能下時刻以客戶的利益作為目標,為所有客戶提供優良的產品、以及適當、及時的售前、售後服務。同樣地,本集團嚴格選擇優質的供應商,並視供應商為策略性配套夥伴,致力保持良好的關係以及互動、互信的溝通原則,務求使供應商成為本集團的供應鏈中緊扣的環節。

無論是客戶或供應商,本集團的最終目的是互惠 互利,共創「雙贏」。

Advance to an Entity Provided by the Company

As at 31 March 2025, the Company had not provided any advance to an entity which is subject to disclosure requirement under Rule 13.20 of the Listing Rules.

Treasury and Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Group adopts a prudent approach in managing its funding. Funds, primarily denominated in the Hong Kong Dollar, the Renminbi, the New Taiwanese Dollar, the United States Dollar and the Euro, are generally placed with banks as short or medium term deposits for working capital of the Group.

The Group, from time to time, assesses the risk exposure on certain volatile foreign currencies and manages it in appropriate manner to minimize the risk.

The Group has substantial investments in Mainland China and is aware that any fluctuation of the Renminbi would have an impact on the net profits of the Group. However, since most of the transactions of the Group are conducted with the Renminbi, the exchange differences have no direct impact on the Group's actual operations and cash flows.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 March 2025, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities. As at 31 March 2024, the Group provided guarantee to a bank amounted to HK\$1 million for a bank loan granted to a customer to purchase the Group's products.

Relationship with Customers and Suppliers

It has long been the Group's motto to "Our Customer's Need is Our Command" and to the maximum extent possible the Group puts the interests and needs of our customers as its primary reason of being. This includes providing the Group's customers with the best designed products, and timely and appropriate pre/after-sales services. Similarly, the Group strictly selects high-quality suppliers and views its suppliers not as mere vendors but as strategic partners and important links in its supply chain. It is the Group's procurement policy to maintain good relationship and communications with suppliers based on the principle of mutual trust.

In the end, the ultimate goal of the Group with regards to customers and suppliers is "Win-Win".

環境政策及表現

本集團專注加強環境保護,將營運對環境所產生的影響減至最低,並遵守適用的環保法規。本集團已實施有效的環境保護政策(「該政策」),致力促進本集團對環境保護的進程。

根據該政策,本集團專注推行潔淨生產和在營運 上最有效地善用資源及減低浪費和排放。本集團 通過積極更新運作和生產方法以鼓勵和提升資源 再利用,採用對環境友善的原材料和恆常檢討生 產營運,以確保生產流程之成效和效益。

本集團爭取供應商和顧客參與及支持環境保護,並且實施培訓計劃以提升員工對環境保護的認知。 透過設立實際可行的主要表現目標,本集團持續 評估營運對當地環境的影響,並研究和探索創新 綠色可能替代品以支持綠色環境。

遵守法律及法規

本集團之業務主要由本公司於中國大陸、香港及 台灣之附屬公司營運,而本公司於聯交所上市。 本集團因此須遵守中國大陸、香港、台灣及本公 司及其附屬公司於各自註冊成立地之相關法律及 法規。

於本年度內及直至本年報日期,董事局並不知悉 存在對本集團業務及營運造成重大影響之適用法 律及法規之任何不合規情況。

人力資源

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團共有約2,700 名全職僱員(二零二四年:2,400名)。本集團為 僱員提供良好之薪酬及福利待遇,薪酬維持具競 爭力水平,而僱員之回報取決於其個人表現及本 集團業績表現。

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group is committed to enhancing environmental protection, minimizing the impact of its activities on the environment, and complying with applicable environmental laws. The Group has implemented effective Environmental Protection Policy (the "Policy") that enables the Group to making progress in environmental protection.

Under the Policy, the Group focuses on promoting clean production, and strives to making the most efficient use of resources in its operations, and minimizing waste and emission. The Group achieves this aim through actively re-designing its activities and production methods that encourage and promote recycling of resources, using environmentally-friendly raw materials and reviewing production operations constantly to ensure that the processes are effective and efficient.

The Group enlists its support by engaging and promoting environmental protection among its suppliers and customers and implementing training programmes that raise environmental protection awareness among its employees. Through realistic and achievable key performance targets, the Group measures the impact of its activities on the local environment continuously, and conducts research and explores potential innovative green alternatives that support a green environment.

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in Mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan, while the Company itself is listed on the Stock Exchange. The Group accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in Mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan and the respective places of incorporation of the Company and its subsidiaries.

During the year and up to the date of this annual report, the Board was unaware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

Human Resources

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had approximately 2,700 full-time employees (2024: 2,400 employees). The Group offers good remuneration and welfare packages to its employees and maintains market-competitive pay levels. Employees are rewarded based on individual as well as the financial performance of the Group.

於人才培訓方面,本集團诱過定期為僱員提供教 育、專業培訓及生活輔導等活動,不斷提升員工 質素、專業知識水平及團隊精神。

The Group conducted regular programmes, including comprehensive educational and professional training, and social counselling activities, to its employees to enhance staff quality, standards of professional knowledge and teamwork spirit.

來年展望

展望來年,美國新一屆政府於二零二五年一月份 正式就職,隨即採取了一連串激進政策,對未來 的全球市場、營商環境以及中美貿易關係均帶來 了極大的不確定性。

首先,美國政府近期採取的極端本土政策將迫使 許多國家優先增加國防開支,邊界衝突與移民政 策也將變成炙手可熱的問題。而保護主義抬頭及 高關稅帶來的不確定性,亦嚴重影響了國際市場 氛圍。國際貨幣基金組織已大幅下調美國來年的 經濟增長預測,成為所有發達經濟體中調整幅度 最大的國家,並預期急劇提高關稅將導致全球經 濟出現顯著放緩。而高關稅引致的通貨膨脹憂慮 迫使美國聯邦儲備局在九月份大幅降息後改為持 續觀望,市場預期的美國降息周期因此突然中斷。

本集團認為大國博弈將越演越烈,地緣政治形勢 將更為複雜。在此大背景之下,將加速全球供應 鏈的重構進程。發達國家會加大力度干預其大型 製造業回流,在高漲保護主義推動下,美國及歐 洲國家將繼續擴大干預產業發展,並推動戰略性 措施促使製造業回歸本土。

在如此動盪的經濟、市場及政治環境下,本集團 將一如既往,採取審慎而靈活的措施,嚴格管控 風險,並持續投資於研發新技術、擴充國際市場 以及加大品牌經營力度。無論未來的市場及營商 環境如何變化、利率周期何去何從、關税如何落 實,本集團都會積極面對,並在可控的風險下爭 取最佳的業績。

Prospects for the Coming Year

Looking ahead, the new USA administration officially took office in January 2025 and, almost immediately, started implementing a series of earth-shattering policies that brought great uncertainties to world markets, global business sentiment and Sino-USA trade relations.

To begin with, extreme localism recently from the USA will inevitably force many countries to increase defence budgets while border conflicts and immigration issues will also become commonplace. The rise of protectionism and uncertainties brought about by high tariffs is already severely impacting international market sentiments. The IMF substantially revised down its growth forecast for the USA for the coming year, the largest such adjustment among all developed economies, with a warning that sharp tariff increases may lead to a significant global slowdown. Concerns over inflationary effects of the new tariffs also forced the Federal Reserve to pause its rate-cutting cycle, after a sizable drop in September, to adopt a more cautious position, thereby abruptly ending the market's anticipation for further rate reductions in the near term.

The Group believes multilateral tension to intensify, geopolitical situation to become more complex and global supply chain restructuring to accelerate. As developed countries increasingly seek to bring back manufacturing, the USA, driven by rising protectionism, together with other European countries, will likely increase government intervention upon key industrial sectors and start introducing more measures and policies to this effect.

Under such volatile economic, market and political conditions, the Group will continue to be prudent and adopt strict and proactive measures towards managing risks while continue to invest into advanced research and development, international market expansions and brand awareness enhancement. The Group believes that it is well positioned to face any on-coming challenges while maintaining an acceptable risk profile, regardless of what the future may hold in terms of uncertain business environment, unpredictable interest rates and uncertain tariffs.

執行董事

蔣麗苑BA, JP (別名蔣麗婉)

主席兼集團總裁

蔣女士於一九八八年加入本集團,並分別自二零 零零年九月及二零一八年四月獲委任為本公司 執行董事及董事局主席。彼亦出任本公司集團總 裁,負責本集團之管理及業務發展。此外,彼亦 獲委任為本公司提名委員會主席及薪酬委員會 成員。蔣女士為本公司多間附屬公司之董事及為 本公司之主要股東震雄投資有限公司及Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited之董事。彼為Proficient City Investments Limited (根據證券及期貨條例被 視為本公司主要股東)之唯一董事及股東。彼取 得美國衛斯理女子大學文學院學士,且對生產 管理、營銷及市場推廣均擁有豐富的經驗。蔣女 士為九龍倉置業地產投資有限公司(股份代號: 01997)(一間於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」) 主板上市的公司) 的獨立非執行董事。彼亦 為中國人民政治協商會議廣東省委員會委員、中 國塑料機械工業協會副會長、深圳工業總會副會 長及深圳市機械行業協會副會長。彼曾於二零零 零至二零二一年擔任中國人民政治協商會議深圳 市委員會常務委員。彼曾為恒生銀行有限公司(股 份代號:00011)(一間於聯交所主板上市的公司) 的獨立非執行董事。蔣女士於二零零四年榮獲香 港工業總會頒發「香港青年工業家獎」。蔣女士, 現年59歲,為已故蔣震博士之女兒。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Lai Yuen CHIANG BA. JP

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Ms. Chiang joined the Group in 1988 and has been appointed as an Executive Director and the Chairman of the board of the Company since September 2000 and April 2018 respectively. She is also the Chief Executive Officer of the Company responsible for the management and business development of the Group. She is also appointed as the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Ms. Chiang holds directorships in various subsidiaries of the Company and is a Director of Chen Hsong Investments Limited and Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited, substantial shareholders of the Company. She is the sole Director and shareholder of Proficient City Investments Limited (deemed to be a substantial shareholder of the Company by virtue of the Securities and Futures Ordinance). She holds a bachelor degree of Arts from Wellesley College, U.S.A. and has extensive experience in production management, sales and marketing. Ms. Chiang is an Independent Non-executive Director of Wharf Real Estate Investment Company Limited (stock code: 01997) (a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")). She is also a member of Guangdong Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Vice-President of China Plastics Machinery Industry Association. Vice-Chairman of the Federation of Shenzhen Industries and Vice-President of China Shenzhen Machinery Association. She had served as a standing committee member of the Shenzhen Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference during 2000 to 2021. She was formerly an Independent Non-executive Director of Hang Seng Bank Limited (stock code: 00011) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange). Ms. Chiang was awarded the "Young Industrialist Awards of Hong Kong" by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries in 2004. Ms. Chiang, aged 59, is a daughter of the late Dr. Chen CHIANG.

鍾效良 BSc. MBA

鍾先生於二零零一年加入本集團,並自二零零三年四月獲委任為本公司執行董事,彼亦出任集團策略及營銷總監。鍾先生為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。鍾先生,現年58歲,持有美國栢克萊大學電子工程及電腦科學學士學位,彼亦持有美國紐約市哥倫比亞大學工商管理(財務)碩士學位。在加入本集團前,鍾先生在銷售及市務、管理諮詢、財務分析及資訊科技方面擁有超過十四年的經驗。

獨立非執行董事

許志偉BSc, MBA

許先生,現年61歲,自二零二三年七月獲委任 為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核 委員會、薪酬委員會及企業管治委員會成員。彼 擁有約二十一年市場推廣及業務管理經驗,自 二零一二年十月三十一日起為ClearVue Partners (Shanghai) Limited (主要從事私募股本投資)之董 事總經理,負責整體業務發展及投資策略。於 二零零二年至二零零六年,彼為Universal Music International Limited (主要從事音樂製作)之總 裁,負責管理整個亞洲(日本除外)業務。於二零 零六年十二月至二零一零年,彼於中國擔任百 事(中國)投資有限公司(主要從事飲料銷售及分 銷)中國飲料業務部副總裁,負責客戶服務關係 策略。許先生曾為K W Nelson Interior Design and Contracting Group Limited (股份代號: 08411)(一 間於聯交所GEM上市的公司)之獨立非執行董事。 許先生於一九八五年五月獲得美國 Albany-SUNY 大學經濟商業科學學士學位,及於一九九二年 十二月獲得美國南加州大學工商管理碩士學位。

Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG BSc, MBA

Mr. Chung joined the Group in 2001 and has been appointed as an Executive Director of the Company since April 2003. He also holds the position of Group Chief Officer — Strategy, Sales and Marketing. Mr. Chung holds directorships in certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Chung, aged 58, holds a bachelor degree of Science in Electrical Engineering & Computer Science from the University of California, Berkeley. He also holds an MBA degree in Finance from Columbia University, New York City, U.S.A. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chung had more than 14 years' experience in sales and marketing, management consultancy, financial analysis and information technology.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Harry Chi HUI BSc, MBA

Mr. Hui, aged 61, has been appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company since July 2023. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. He has approximately 21 years of experience in marketing and business management. He is a managing director of ClearVue Partners (Shanghai) Limited, which is principally engaged in private equity investment, since 31 October 2012, and he is responsible for the overall business development and investment strategies. He was a president of Universal Music International Limited, which is principally engaged in music production, from 2002 to 2006, and he was responsible for managing overall business in Asia (except Japan). From December 2006 to 2010, he was a vice president of China beverages business unit of Pepsico Investment (China) Limited in the PRC. which is principally engaged in sale and distribution of beverages, and he was responsible for customer service relation strategies. Mr. Hui was formerly an Independent Non-executive Director of K W Nelson Interior Design and Contracting Group Limited (stock code: 08411) (a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange). Mr. Hui obtained a Bachelor of Science in Economics and Business Degree from University at Albany-SUNY in the United States in May 1985 and a Master of Business Administration Degree from University of Southern California in the United States in December 1992.

郭敬文 BSc. FCA

郭先生,Chevalier de l'Ordre National de la Légion d'Honneur,現年65歲,自二零二四年十二月獲 委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審 核委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員會成員。 郭先生擁有超過二十年酒店及房地產相關經驗, 並曾任職其他上市公司董事局及委員會。郭先生 亦具備會計、投資銀行及企業和財務管理的經驗。 自一九八三年於倫敦羅兵咸會計師事務所獲得 特許會計師資格後,彼於倫敦巴克萊德勝投資公 司及香港寶源投資擁有逾十年的投資銀行經驗, 且於一九九一年獲晉升為企業財務主管。郭先生 其後於一九九六年至二零零二年擔任香港鐵路有 限公司財務總監。於二零零二年至二零二四年十 月三十一日,郭先生於半島酒店集團之持有人及 經營者 — 香港上海大酒店有限公司(股份代號: 00045)(一間於聯交所主板上市的公司)擔任董 事總經理兼行政總裁,其後繼續擔任董事局執行 董事直至二零二五年五月。

郭先生曾任職於多個知名監管機構(例如聯交所上市委員會、證券及期貨事務監察委員會的收購及合併委員會以及國際會計準則理事會的闡釋委員會),進一步加強其國際市場、會計、企業風險管理及合規方面的專業知識。彼曾為太古股份有限公司(股份代號:'A'股00019及'B'股00087)及東方海外(國際)有限公司(股份代號:00316)獨立非執行董事(兩間公司均於聯交所主板上市)。

郭先生現時亦為恒生銀行有限公司(股份代號: 00011)(一間於聯交所主板上市的公司)獨立非執行董事及審核委員會主席,及瑞安房地產有限公司(股份代號: 00272)(一間於聯交所主板上市的公司)獨立非執行董事及審核及風險委員會和策略委員會成員。彼亦為世界旅遊及旅行理專會的理事會成員、香港大學經濟及工商管理學院國際顧問委員會成員及香港中文大學酒店及旅遊管理學咨詢委員會主席。

郭先生持有倫敦經濟學院經濟科學士學位。彼為 英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會以及香港會計師 公會資深會員。

Clement King Man KWOK BSc, FCA

Mr. Kwok, Chevalier de l'Ordre National de la Légion d'Honneur, aged 65, has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since December 2024. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Mr. Kwok has over two decades of hospitality and real estate experience, as well as board and committee experience for other listed entities. Mr. Kwok's prior experience was in accounting, investment banking, and corporate and financial management. After qualifying as a chartered accountant with Price Waterhouse London in 1983, he had over 10 years of investment banking experience with Barclays de Zoete Wedd in London and Schroders Asia in Hong Kong, where he was appointed as Head of Corporate Finance in 1991. Mr. Kwok then served as Finance Director of MTR Corporation Limited from 1996 to 2002. Mr. Kwok served as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of The Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Limited (stock code: 00045) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange), which is the owner and operator of the Peninsula Hotels Group from 2002 to 31 October 2024, remaining thereafter on the Board as an Executive Director until May 2025.

Mr. Kwok's knowledge of international markets, accounting, corporate risk management and compliance is enhanced by his experience serving on prominent regulatory bodies such as the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange, the Takeovers and Mergers Panel of the Securities and Futures Commission and the Interpretations Committee of the International Accounting Standards Board. He was previously an Independent Non-executive Director of Swire Pacific Limited (stock codes: 'A' Shares 00019 and 'B' Shares 00087) and Orient Overseas (International) Limited (stock code: 00316) (both of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange).

Mr. Kwok is also currently an Independent Non-executive Director and the Chairman of Audit Committee of Hang Seng Bank Limited (stock code: 00011) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange), and an Independent Non-executive Director and a member of the Audit and Risk Committee and the Strategy Committee of Shui On Land Limited (stock code: 00272) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange). He is also a council member of the World Travel & Tourism Council, a member of the International Advisory Council of Faculty of Business and Economics of The University of Hong Kong and the Chairperson of the Advisory Committee on Hotel and Tourism Management of The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Mr. Kwok holds a Bachelor of Science in Economics from the London School of Economics. He is a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Anish LALVANI BSc MBA

Lalvani先生自二零零二年八月獲委任為本公司 獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會主 席,以及本公司審核委員會、提名委員會及企業 管治委員會成員。彼為歐瑞國際貿易有限公司 主席,該公司之業務遍布香港、歐洲、非洲及中 東等地。彼曾於英國、美國、印度及香港工作和 生活,並持有美國聖地牙哥大學工商管理碩士 學位。Lalvani先生於新興市場之營銷擁有豐富經 驗,與國內家電製造商(大部分均自設注塑設備) 之關係非常密切。彼為青年總裁協會北亞洲區及 香港分會的前主席。Lalvani先生,現年59歲, 現為亞洲文化協會香港分會委員會成員、香港 科技大學商學院顧問委員會成員及Shah Family Enterprise業務諮詢委員會成員。彼分別於二零 二零年三月十一日及二零一七年八月十七日辭任 Kew Foundation/Council的理事/成員及Harvard Business School Association of Hong Kong Limited 董事。

利子厚BA, MBA

利先生自二零零八年五月獲委任為本公司獨立非 執行董事。彼亦為本公司企業管治委員會主席, 以及本公司審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會成員。彼為私人投資管理公司Oxer Limited之 董事。利先生於一九八七年在投資行業發展其事 業,其後一直在跨國投資公司包括東方匯理投資 有限公司及羅祖儒投資管理擔任高級管理職務, 亦於一九九五年與他人共同創辦亞洲策略投資管 理有限公司。利先生, 現年64歲, 於美國接受教 育,並持有Bowdoin College文學士學位及波士頓 大學工商管理碩士學位。利先生現為希慎興業有 限公司(股份代號:00014)(一間於聯交所主板 上市的公司) 之非執行董事, 以及香港賽馬會的 董事局主席。彼過往曾為香港交易及結算所有限 公司(股份代號:00388)(一間於聯交所主板上 市的公司)的獨立非執行董事,以及香港場外結 算有限公司的獨立非執行董事及主席。

Anish LALVANI BSc. MBA

Mr. Lalvani has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since August 2002. He is also the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee of the Company and a member of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. He is the Chairman of Euro Suisse International Limited which has business interests in Hong Kong, Europe, Africa and the Middle East. He has lived and worked in the U.K., U.S.A., India and Hong Kong and holds an MBA degree from the University of San Diego. Mr. Lalvani has extensive marketing experience in the emerging markets and an in-depth knowledge of electrical appliances manufacturers in China — many of whom have in-house moulding facilities. He was the former Chairman for both the North Asia Region and the Hong Kong Chapter of the Young Presidents' Organization. Mr. Lalvani, aged 59, is currently a member of the Hong Kong Friends' Committee of Asian Cultural Council, a member of the HKUST Business School Advisory Council and a member of the Business Advisory Council of Shah Family Enterprise. He resigned as a Trustee/Member of Kew Foundation/Council and a Director of Harvard Business School Association of Hong Kong Limited on 11 March 2020 and 17 August 2017, respectively.

Michael Tze Hau LEE BA, MBA

Mr. Lee has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since May 2008. He is also the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company and a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. He is a Director of Oxer Limited, a private investment company. Mr. Lee started his career in the investment industry in 1987 and has since held senior management positions in multinational investment companies including Indosuez Asia Investment Services Limited and Lloyd George Management. He also co-founded Asia Strategic Investment Management Limited in 1995. Mr. Lee, aged 64, was educated in the U.S.A. and holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree from Bowdoin College and a Master of Business Administration Degree from Boston University. Mr. Lee is a Non-executive Director of Hysan Development Company Limited (stock code: 00014) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) and the Chairman of the Board of Stewards of The Hong Kong Jockey Club. He was previously an Independent Non-executive Director of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (stock code: 00388) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange), and an Independent Non-executive Director and Chairman of OTC Clearing Hong Kong Limited.

陳慶光 BA. BSSc

陳先生自二零零一年九月獲委任為本公司獨立 非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委員會主席,以 及本公司薪酬委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委 員會成員。彼於二零一三年五月至二零一六年六 月及二零一三年二月至二零一十年六月曾分別 為Raimon Land Public Company Limited (於泰國 證券交易所上市) 行政總裁及董事。陳先生在紐 約、香港及新加坡累積超過二十年的投資銀行經 驗。彼曾於多間主要金融機構出任不同職務,當 中包括JP Morgan、UBS Warburg、麥格理及BNP Paribas Capital (Singapore) Limited,而彼更曾為 BNP Paribas Capital (Singapore) Limited之行政總 裁,以及東南亞區企業融資業務之區域主管。彼 曾跨地域為多個大型企業及政府機構提供意見。 陳先生,現年64歲,畢業於新加坡國立大學,並 曾榮獲Lim Tay Boh金獎及新加坡國立大學經濟 學會著作獎。

Johnson Chin Kwang TAN BA, BSSc

Mr. Tan has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since September 2001. He is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company and a member of the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. He was the Chief Executive Officer and a Director of Raimon Land Public Company Limited (listed on The Stock Exchange of Thailand) from May 2013 to June 2016 and from February 2013 to June 2017, respectively. Mr. Tan has over 20 years' experience in investment banking based out of New York, Hong Kong and Singapore. He had held various roles with leading financial institutions including JP Morgan, UBS Warburg, Macquarie and BNP Paribas Capital (Singapore) Limited where he was the Chief Executive Officer and regional head for their South East Asia corporate finance business. He has advised major corporations and government authorities across the region. Mr. Tan, aged 64, graduated from the National University of Singapore and was a recipient of the Lim Tay Boh gold medal and NUS Economics Society Book Prize.

企業管治常規

本公司董事(「董事」)局(「董事局」)深明良好企業管治常規對保障本公司股東(「股東」)權益及提升本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)表現的重要性。董事局一直致力維持及確保高水平之企業管治常規。董事局不時檢討操守準則、政策與常規、企業管治框架及本報告書內的披露,依據所有適用法律、規則及法規之最新發展以完善本公司之企業管治常規。

遵守企業管治守則

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之年度內,本公司一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C1第二部分所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)之所有守則條文,惟與以下守則條文之偏離者除外:

根據守則條文第B.2.2條之規定,每名董事應至 少每三年一次輪流退任。董事(除董事局主席 外)須至少每三年一次輪流退任,因根據百慕達 一九九一年震雄集團有限公司公司法,本公司主 席及董事總經理毋須輪流退任。

根據守則條文第C.2.1條之規定,主席與集團總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。蔣麗苑女士為本公司董事局主席兼集團總裁。鑒於蔣女士的技能和經驗以及彼長期服務於本集團,該架構可視為適合本集團,並可為本集團提供強大且貫徹的領導力,為業務提供有效及高效的規劃及決策,以及能執行長期業務策略。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The board of directors (the "Director(s)") of the Company (the "Board") recognizes the importance of good corporate governance practices in safeguarding the interests of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholder(s)") and enhancing the performance of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). The Board is committed to maintaining and ensuring a high standard of corporate governance practices. The Board reviews codes of conduct, policies and practices, corporate governance framework and disclosures of this report, from time to time, to improve the Company's corporate governance practices in respect of the latest developments on all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company has complied with all the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), except for the following deviations:

Code provision B.2.2 provides that every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors (except the Chairman of the Board) are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years as the Chen Hsong Holdings Limited Company Act, 1991 of Bermuda provides that the chairman and the managing director of the Company are not required to retire by rotation.

Code provision C.2.1 provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG is the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Given the skills and experience of Ms. CHIANG and her long term of service with the Group, this structure can be considered appropriate to the Group and can provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership for effective and efficient business planning and decisions, as well as execution of long term business strategies.

遵守環境、社會及管治報告守則

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內,本公司已根據上市規則第13.91條之規定,並已遵守上市規則附錄C2環境、社會及管治報告守則載列的「不遵守就解釋」條文,在本公司之「環境、社會及管治報告2024/25」中對相關信息進行披露。該報告總結了本集團業務在環境、社會及管治範疇所實行的政本集團不持續發展策略、管理方針及措施,以及本集團在該範疇之表現;並將以另一份報告形式的數數www.hkexnews.hk上刊載。

企業文化

本集團致力以其宗旨、願景、價值觀和策略為本, 創建正面、鼓勵進步的文化,並透過不懈地追求 技術進步、創新製造、堅守優質服務水平以及堅 持追求超卓的表現,立志成為注塑機行業的先驅。

董事局負責制定本集團的策略,以使其與本集團的宗旨、願景和價值觀保持一致,長遠而言,本 集團將據此創造價值。董事局已制定下列宗旨、 願景、價值觀及策略:

COMPLIANCE WITH ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING CODE

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the Company has complied with Rule 13.91 of the Listing Rules and the "comply or explain" provisions set out in Appendix C2 to the Listing Rules as Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Code, and made disclosures concerning relevant information in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2024/25" of the Company which, outlines the policies, sustainability strategies, management approach and initiatives implemented by the Group and the performance of the Group in environmental, social and governance aspects of its business, and will be presented in a separate report and published on the websites of the Company at www.chenhsong.com and the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk.

CORPORATE CULTURE

The Group is committed to developing a positive and progressive culture that is built on its purpose, vision, values and strategy and aspiring to be the pioneer in the plastic injection moulding machinery industry through relentless pursuit of technological advancements, manufacturing innovations, uncompromising service levels and persistent pursuit for excellence.

The Board assumes responsibility for establishing the Group's strategy to align with its purpose, vision and values upon which the Group would generate value in the long run. The Board established the following purpose, vision, values and strategy:

企業管治報告書

Corporate Governance Report

震雄的宗旨

Chen Hsong's Purpose

本著集團的經營格言及秉承著已故創辦人的理念,我們 一直致力開發和完善注塑機技術:

We have been dedicated to the development and perfecting of plastic injection moulding machinery technology under our business motto and our late founder's philosophy:

「客人所要的,就是我們要做的。」 「工業富民,民富國強。」

"Our Customer's Need is Our Command."
"Industry Enriches People's Livelihood, Leading to Prosperity which Strengthens the Country."

震雄的願景

Chen Hsong's Vision

以完美品質和先進科技為全球客戶創造最高價值,不斷 創新,永遠走在注塑業的前方。

We keep to stand at the forefront of the plastic injection moulding industry, and create the greatest value for our global customers, through perfect quality, advanced technologies and relentless pursuit of innovation.

震雄的價值觀 Chen Hsong's Values

- 品質至上,科技為本。
- 以客為先,創造價值。
- 人盡其才,追求卓越。
- 誠實進取,勇於擔當。
- 互惠互利,締造雙贏。
- 同心協力,永續發展。
- Quality is of paramount importance, technology is our core competence.
- Customers come first, always create value.
- Make full use of talents, encourage the pursuit of excellence.
- Be honest, be aggressive, dare to embrace responsibility.
- Seek mutual benefits, go for win-win.
- Unity and team-work, ensure sustainable growth.

震雄的策略 Chen Hsong's Strategy

- 提高所有相關持份者的長期總回報。
- 開發新技術、新產品和新市場。
- 增強生產能力和成本控制。
- 可持續發展。
- 人才是增長及創新的關鍵。
- Enhancement of the long-term total return for all its stakeholders.
- Development of new technologies, new products and new markets.
- Production capacity and cost control.
- Sustainability development.
- Talents for growth and innovation.

董事局

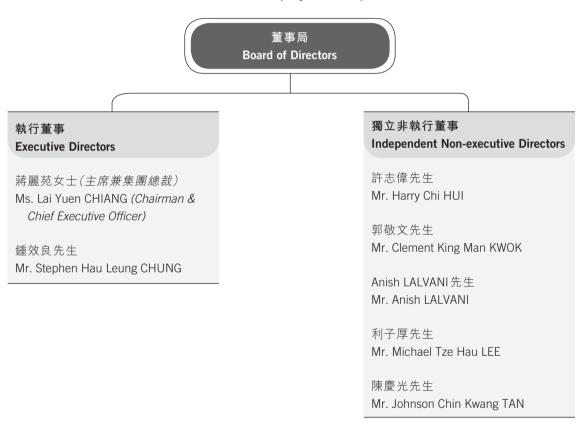
董事局的組成

於本報告書日期,董事局由七名董事組成,包括 本公司兩名執行董事(「執行董事」)及本公司五名 獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」):

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises seven Directors, consisting of two executive directors of the Company (the "Executive Director(s)") and five independent non-executive directors of the Company (the "Independent Non-executive Director(s)"):



所有董事之個人資料詳列於本年報第17至21頁。 每名董事具有廣泛及多年的從商及/或專業經驗, 彼等之經驗、知識及專業技能對監察本集團的業 務有莫大裨益,並起制衡作用,以確保股東的利 益。

董事局的角色及職責

董事局主要負責制定本集團的願景、策略方向、 基本政策及策略性業務計劃;監控及管理本集團 營運及財務表現;在本集團內全面推行最佳企業 管治常規;以及制定適當之風險評估及管理政策 以實現本集團的策略目標。 The biographical details of all Directors are set out on pages 17 to 21 of this annual report. Each Director brings a wide range and years of business and/or professional experience to the Board. Their combined experience, knowledge and expertise are valuable in overseeing the Group's business as well as checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders.

Roles and Responsibilities of the Board

The primary responsibilities of the Board are to establish the Group's vision, strategic direction, general policies and strategic business plans; monitor and control the operation and financial performance of the Group; implement the best corporate governance practices throughout the Group; and set appropriate policies to assess and manage risks in pursuit of the strategic objectives of the Group.

企業管治報告書

Corporate Governance Report

授予管理層權力

董事局已將本公司日常營運之權力授予管理層, 管理層由所有執行董事、管理人員及各業務單位 的總監組成。管理層主要負責履行董事局制定的 策略及業務計劃,並按董事局的政策及指令管理 本集團的業務運作。

董事局多元化

董事局在委任成員及甄選候選人時將客觀地考慮並基於廣泛而多元化的觀點,其中包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業資格及經驗、技能、知識、任期、行業及地區經驗,以及董事局可能不時認為屬相關及適當的其他因素。

董事局的組成反映其成員在技能、經驗及多元化 觀點方面均保持適當平衡,能配合本集團的策略、 管治及業務,為董事局的有效運作作出貢獻。

根據可衡量目標對董事局現時組成的分析詳見於 下表:

Delegation to Management

The Board has delegated the daily operations of the Company to the management comprising all Executive Directors, management staff, and heads of various business units. The main responsibilities of the management are to implement the strategies and business plans set by the Board and to manage the Group's business operations in accordance with the policies and directives of the Board.

Board Diversity

Appointments of Board members and selection of candidates are considered objectively based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications and experience, skills, knowledge, length of service, industry and regional experience, and other factors that the Board may consider relevant and appropriate from time to time.

The Board's composition reflects an appropriate balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives among its members, which are relevant to the Group's strategy, governance and business and contribute to the Board's effectiveness.

An analysis of the Board's current composition based on the measurable objectives is set out in the table below:

苦 車 勘 日

押 約 百 分 比

| | | 重争數日 | 做約日分比 |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------|--------------------|
| 多元化觀點 | 分類 | Number of | Approximate |
| Diversity Perspective | Category | Directors | Percentage |
| | | | |
| 性別 | 男性 Male | 6 | 85.7% |
| Gender | 女性 Female | 1 | 14.3% |
| 國籍 | 中國籍 Chinese | 2 | 28.6% |
| 図相 Nationality | 非中國籍 Non-Chinese | 5 | 71.4% |
| INALIONALILY | 升下図和 NOII-CIIIIESC | | / 1.4 /0 |
| 年齡組別 | 60歲以上 Over 60 | 4 | 57.1% |
| Age Group | 51–60 歲 / Years | 3 | 42.9% |
| Ir 40 | 20 7 7 1 1 20 1 | | 57.10 |
| 任期 | 20年或以上 20 Years or Over | 4 | 57.1% |
| Length of Service | 10-19 年 / Years | 1 | 14.3% |
| | 0-9 年 / Years | 2 | 28.6% |
| 身份 | 執行董事 Executive Director | 2 | 28.6% |
| Capacity | 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Director | 5 | 71.4% |
| | | | |
| 於其他上市公司擔任董事(公司數目) | 1 | 3 | 42.9% |
| Other Listed Company Directorship(s) | 0 | 4 | 57.1% |
| (Number of Companies) | | | |
| | | | |

董事局成員多元化政策

董事局於二零二二年十一月採納及修訂董事局成員多元化政策(「該政策」),該政策為達致董事局成員多元化而制訂的方案。該政策摘要如下:

- 於至少每年一次檢討董事局的架構、人數及成員多元化時,提名委員會將考慮多方面的多元化因素,當中包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業資格及經驗、技能、知識、任期和行業及區域經驗(「董事局成員多元化準則」),並就任何為配合本公司企業策略而擬對董事局作出的變動提出建議。
- 於物色及提名適當人選為董事局成員時, 提名委員會將會考慮董事局成員多元化準則。
- 提名委員會將至少每年在適當時候檢討該 政策的實施,因應最新企業管治準則討論 任何或需作出的修訂,再向董事局提出修 訂建議,由董事局審查、審批,以確保該 政策行之有效性。

董事局已根據董事局成員多元化準則檢討其架構、 人數及成員多元化,並認為目前董事局的組成具 多元化,在文化及教育背景、專業資格、經驗、 技能及知識方面均保持適當平衡。董事局滿意董 事局及各董事委員會的多元化程度,並認為董事 局成員多元化政策已於年內有效地實施。

性別多元化

董事局

董事局重視本集團各個層面的多元化(包括性別多元化)。於本年報日期,董事局由七名董事組成,其中一名是女性,比率為14.3%。董事局認為董事局成員性別多元化已達到。董事局的目標是維持現時其女性成員比例的水平,提名委員會將每年審查有關目標。

Board Diversity Policy

The Board adopted and revised the Board Diversity Policy (the "Policy") in November 2022 which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Policy is summarized below:

- In reviewing the structure, size and diversity of the Board at least annually, the Nomination Committee will consider a number of aspects of diversity, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications and experience, skills, knowledge, length of service and industry and regional experience (the "Board Diversity Criteria") and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy.
- In selection and nomination of qualified individuals to become Board members, the Nomination Committee will consider the Board Diversity Criteria.
- The Nomination Committee will review the implementation of the Policy on an annual basis, as appropriate, discuss any revisions in line with the latest corporate governance standards that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for review, consideration and approval to ensure the effectiveness of the Policy.

The Board has reviewed its structure, size and diversity based on the Board Diversity Criteria and believes that the current Board composition is diverse, with a well-balanced mix of cultural and educational backgrounds, professional qualifications, experience, skills and knowledge. The Board was satisfied with the diversity of the Board and each Board Committee, and considered that the Board Diversity Policy has been effectively implemented during the year.

Gender Diversity

Board

The Board emphasizes diversity (including gender diversity) across all levels of the Group. As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises seven Directors, one of whom is female, representing 14.3%. The Board considers that gender diversity on the Board has been achieved. The Board targets to maintain the current level of its female representation and this target will be reviewed annually by the Nomination Committee.

員工

截至二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團員工 (不包括本公司的高級管理人員)的性別比例為 81.3%男性及18.7%女性,本公司高級管理人員 的性別比例為50.0%男性及50.0%女性。鑑於本 集團業務及營運性質需要大量技術人員及勞動力, 因此本集團相信目前員工性別比率在合理範圍內。 本集團將根據實際情況不時檢討該等措施與實 的效用。特別是本集團將持續監控性別比例,並 致力於在僱用本集團內所有職位時實現更佳的性 別多元化。有關員工性別多元化的詳情,請參閱 本公司之「環境、社會及管治報告2024/25」。

董事局專業知識及技能

下表列載有關董事局與公司策略、管治及營運最為相關的技能及專業知識,這些技能及專業知識讓董事局有效履行其職責及責任,以實現本公司策略目標及促進本集團可持續的發展,尤其是在以下方面:

- 策略監督:指導本公司策略舉措的實施, 以提升工業製造的競爭力和創新能力。
- 風險管理:監督建立健全的風險管理框架 和內部監控,確保遵守行業標準和法規。
- 市場洞察:提供市場趨勢(全球及中國內地)、客戶需求、創新及技術進步的洞察力和專業知識,以推動產品開發和市場定位。
- 營運卓越:確保有效的營運策略,提高製 造過程中的效率、生產力和質量。
- 財務策略:監督可支持增長、盈利能力及 創新和技術投資的財務策略。
- 環境、社會及管治:確保公司的策略與可 持續做法相符,展現對社會的責任,並維 持良好的企業管治。

董事局擁有多元化的技能和經驗,指導公司實現 其長期願景並在工業領域取得成功。

Workforce

As at 31 March 2025, the gender ratio in the workforce (excluding the senior management of the Company) of the Group comprised 81.3% male and 18.7% female. The gender ratio in the senior management of the Company comprised 50.0% male and 50.0% female. As the Group's nature of the business and operation requires significant technicians and manual labour, the Group believes that the gender ratio of the current workforce is within a reasonable range. The Group will from time to time review the effectiveness of the measures and practices according to the actual circumstances of the Group. In particular, the Group will continue to monitor the gender ratio aiming at achieving a greater gender diversity in hiring all positions across the Group. For details of gender diversity at the workforce level, please refer to the Company's "Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2024/25".

Board Expertise and Skills

The skills matrix set out in the table below outlines the skills and expertise of the Board that are most relevant to the Company's strategy, governance, and operations. This matrix enables the Board to effectively fulfill its duties and responsibilities in achieving the Company's strategic objectives and fostering sustainable development of the Group, particularly in the following areas:

- Strategic Oversight: Guiding the implementation of the Company's strategic initiatives to enhance competitiveness and innovation in industrial manufacturing.
- Risk Management: Overseeing the establishment of a robust risk management framework and internal controls, ensuring compliance with industry standards and regulations.
- Market Insight: Providing insights and expertise on market trends, both globally and in Mainland China, as well as customer needs, innovation, and technological advancements to drive product development and enhance market positioning.
- Operational Excellence: Ensuring effective operational strategies that enhance efficiency, productivity, and quality in manufacturing processes.
- Financial Strategy: Overseeing financial strategies that support growth, profitability, and investment in innovation and technology.
- Environmental, Social, and Governance: Ensuring that the Company's strategies align with sustainable practices, demonstrate responsibility toward society, and uphold strong corporate governance.

The Board is equipped with a diverse range of skills and experiences to guide the Company toward achieving its long-term vision and success in the industrial sector.

| 董事姓名 Name of Directors | 行政領導及策略/於其他上市公司 擔任董事或高級行政人員經驗 Executive Leadership & Strategy/Directorship or Senior Executive Experience with Other Listed Company(ies) | 工業及製造業 Industry and Manufacturing | 中國內地 Mainland China | 環球商業 Global Business | 科技及創新 Technology and Innovation | 環境、 社會及管治 Environmental, Social and Governance | 專業(法律及循規, 財務及會計) Professional (Legal and Compliance, Finance and Accounting) | 風險管理 Risk Management | 銷售/品牌 Marketing/ Branding |
|--|---|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 執行董事 Executive Directors | | | | | | | | | |
| 蔣麗苑女士 (主席兼集團總裁) Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | V | √ |
| 鍾效良先生 Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Directors | | | | | | | | | |
| 許志偉先生 Mr. Harry Chi HUI | √ | | √ | √ | √ | | √ | | √ |
| 郭敬文先生(1) Mr. Clement King Man KWOK(1) | √ | | √ | √ | √ | √ | V | √ | V |
| Anish LALVANI 先生 Mr. Anish LALVANI | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 利子厚先生 Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE | √ | | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | | |
| 陳慶光先生 Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN | √ | | | √ | √ | √ | √ | | |
| 合計 (人數) Total (in number) | 7 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| 合計(概約百分比) Total (in approximate percentage) | 100% | 43% | 86% | 100% | 100% | 86% | 100% | 57% | 71% |

附註:

Note:

(1) 郭敬文先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事,自二零 (1) Mr. Clement King Man KWOK was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director with effect from 1 December 2024.

二四年十二月一日起生效。

董事局的獨立性

董事局獨立性政策

本公司深明董事局的獨立性對良好企業管治至關重要。為確保董事局能夠獲得獨立的觀點和意見,董事局採納了董事局獨立性政策,該政策旨在規定適用於董事局及其成員的獨立性要求和標準,詳細説明了在企業治理框架內建立的機制。該政策亦具體列出了董事局在評估每位董事獨立性時所考慮的因素,並確定了將從每位董事收集的資訊以進行此評估。

為確保董事局具有強大的獨立性,以下為已制定的獨立性機制:

Board Independence

Board Independence Policy

The Company recognises that the Board independence is critical for good corporate governance. To ensure that the independent views and inputs are available to the Board, the Board adopted the Board Independence Policy which aims to set forth the independence requirements and standards applicable to the Board and its members, detailing the mechanisms established within the corporate governance framework. It also specifies the considerations the Board will take into account when assessing the independence of each Director and identifies the information that will be collected from each Director for this assessment.

Below are the independence mechanisms to ensure a strong independent element on the Board:

| 管治領域 Areas of Governance | 獨立性機制 Independence Mechanisms |
|--|---|
| 董事局及董事委員會架構 Board and Board Committees Structure | • 董事局維持大多數為獨立非執行董事,他們擁有多元化背景和專業知識,以確保董事局有廣泛的獨立觀點。 The Board maintains a majority of Independent Non-executive Directors with diversified backgrounds and expertise to ensure a wide spectrum of independent views are available to the Board. |
| | 審核委員會、薪酬委員會及企業管治委員會均由獨立非執行董事擔任主席。 The Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee are chaired by the Independent Non-executive Director. |
| | 所有董事委員會均由大多數獨立非執行董事組成。 All of the Board committees comprise of a majority of Independent Non-executive Directors. |
| 委任獨立非執行董事 Appointment of Independent Non-executive Directors | • 在評估候選人的合適性時,提名委員會審閱候選人的資料,包括其資格和獨立性,以及本公司提名政策和董事局成員多元化政策所載的其他篩選標準。 In assessing the suitability of the candidates, the Nomination Committee reviews the candidates' profiles, including their qualification and independence, as well as other selection criteria set out in the Nomination Policy and Board Diversity Policy of the Company. |
| | 每名潛在候選人均須於獲委任為獨立非執行董事時向本公司書面確認其獨立性。 Each potential candidate is required to confirm in writing to the Company his/her independence upon his/her appointment as an Independent Non-executive Director. |

| 管治領域 Areas of Governance | 獨立性機制 Independence Mechanisms |
|---|---|
| 獨立非執行董事的獨立性 年度檢討 Annual Review of Independence of Independent Non-executive Directors | • 獨立非執行董事的獨立性每年均參考上市規則第3.13條所載的獨立性標準進行評估,確保董事局持續獲得獨立觀點及建議。 The independence of Independent Non-executive Directors is assessed annually by reference to the independence criteria as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules to ensure independent views and input continue to be available to the Board. |
| | 評核董事獨立性時會考慮涉及的全方位相關因素,而非僅專注於個人的服務年資。 Directors' independence is assessed with regard to the full range of relevant factors concerned rather than focusing exclusively on the length of service of an individual. |
| 獨立非執行董事薪酬 Independent Non-executive Directors' Remuneration | • 獨立非執行董事就擔任董事局及董事委員會成員而收取固定酬金,其薪酬不涉及任何與績效相關的以股份為基礎的獎勵。 The Independent Non-executive Directors receive fixed fees for their roles as members of the Board and Board committees and their remuneration does not involve any equity-based rewards with performance related elements. |
| 健全溝通渠道 Robust Communication Channels | • 主席提倡開放的文化,促進獨立非執行董事有效貢獻獨立觀點及建議。 The Chairman promotes a culture of openness to facilitate effective contribution of independent views and inputs by the Independent Non-executive Directors. |
| 專業意見 Professional Advice | ● 為協助妥善履行職責,董事局成員有權要求管理層提供更多資料,並在有需要時尋求外部獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。 To facilitate proper discharge of their duties, Board members are entitled to request further information from management and obtain, at the Company's expense, external independent professional advice if and when necessary. |

| 管治領域 Areas of Governance | 獨立性機制 Independence Mechanisms |
|---|--|
| 獨立非執行董事的任期 Independent Non-executive Directors Tenure | 每位獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任書,任期為不超過三年,並須根據本公司之細則規定輪流退任及有資格重選連任。 Each Independent Non-executive Director entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of not more than three years and is subject to retirement by rotation and eligible for re-election in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws. |
| | • 倘獨立非執行董事在董事局任職超過九年,提名委員會將考慮並確保該董事的服務年期並未影響其獨立性時會考慮其實際貢獻、持續公正性及繼續對本公司管理層進行有效監督的能力。重新委任獨立非執行董事(包括長期任職的獨立非執行董事)的決定須以獨立決議案形式提交股東通過。 Where an Independent Non-executive Director has served on the Board for over nine years, the Nomination Committee will consider and satisfy itself that the length of his/her tenure has not affected his/her independence having regard to his/her actual contributions, continuing impartiality and ability to continue to demonstrate effective oversight of the Company's management. Further reappointment of an Independent Non-executive Director (including the long-serving Independent Non-executive Director) is subject to a separate resolution to be approved by the Shareholders. |
| 利益衝突 Conflict of Interest | 所有董事須申報其過去或現時於本集團業務中的財務或其他利益,或與本公司的任何關連人士(包括主要股東)的關連。 All Directors are required to declare their past or present financial or other interests in the Group's business, or their connection with any of the Company's connected persons including substantial shareholders. 所有董事有持續義務在可行的情況下儘快將其履行獨立非執行董事職責,及其可能擁有的任何其他職責或任何業務利益可能產生的任何直接利益衝突通知董事局。 All Directors are subject to ongoing obligations to notify the Board as soon as practicable of any direct conflict of interest which may arise due to his/her duties as an Independent Non-executive Director and any other duties or business interests. 就須考慮之事項中若有主要股東或董事存在利益衝突,該事項會由獨立非執 |
| | 行董事主導。對於需要獨立股東於本公司股東特別大會上批准的關連交易,將會由獨立非執行董事組成的董事委員會向獨立股東提供意見。所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)可隨時於其認為有需要時取得外部獨立專業意見。 The Independent Non-Executive Directors will take lead in considering matters which a substantial shareholder or a Director has conflict of interest. Board committee comprising Independent Non-Executive Directors will be formed to advise the independent shareholders on connected transaction to be approved by the independent shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company. External independent professional advice shall also be available to all Directors (including Independent Non-Executive Directors) whenever deemed necessary. |

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第 3.13條確認其獨立性的年度確認函。郭敬文先生 (獲委任為獨立非執行董事,自二零二四年十二 月一日起生效)亦已於獲委任日期之前根據上市 規則第3.13條向本公司提供書面確認函以確認其 獨立性。

此外,獨立非執行董事並無相互擔任對方公司的 董事職務或透過參與其他公司或團體與其他董事 存有任何重大聯繫,從而可能與獨立非執行董事 的職責產生利益衝突。他們不參與本公司的日常 管理,亦不牽涉會影響其作出獨立判斷的任何關 係或情況。

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 企業管治委員會代表董事局進行年度審查,以評 估獨立性機制的實施和有效性,確保董事局能夠 獲得獨立的觀點和意見。

提名委員會和董事局認為(i)在本年度任職的所有獨立非執行董事均依據上市規則第3.13條所述的獨立性指引被視為獨立,並持續保持獨立;(ii)沒有任何商業或其他關係或情況可能影響任何獨立非執行董事的判斷;及(iii)彼等繼續為董事局討論及策略監督提供獨立觀點。

考慮到本節中描述的所有情況,本公司認為所有 獨立非執行董事均為獨立。

董事投入的時間

董事對董事局事務表現出強烈承擔,亦充分意識到需要他們投入足夠時間於董事局事務的期望。

本公司已接獲董事能付出足夠時間(不時及按需要)履行其作為董事的職責之確認函。此外,董事每半年向本公司披露其作為董事的利益,包括公眾公司或組織擔任職位的數目、身份及性質以及其他重大承擔,並須於及後有任何變更時適時通知本公司。截至二零二五年三月三十一日,並無董事同時擔任超過六間上市公司的董事職務。

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from each Independent Non-executive Director in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Mr. Clement King Man KWOK, who has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director with effect from 1 December 2024, has also provided a written confirmation of his independence to the Company pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules before the date of his appointment.

Moreover, the Independent Non-executive Directors do not hold any cross-directorships or have significant links with other Directors through involvement in other companies or entities that could create conflicts of interest in their roles. They are not involved in the daily management of the Company and are free from any relationships or circumstances that could impair their independent judgment.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the Corporate Governance Committee conducted an annual review on behalf of the Board to assess the implementation and effectiveness of the independence mechanisms to ensure that independent views and inputs were available to the Board.

The Nomination Committee and the Board considered that (i) all Independent Non-executive Directors who served during the year were and continued to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, (ii) there were no business or other relationships or circumstances likely to affect the judgment of any Independent Non-executive Directors, and (iii) they continued to provide independent perspectives in Board discussions and strategic oversight.

Considering all circumstances described in this section, the Company considers all of the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

Directors' Time Commitment

The Directors have demonstrated a strong commitment to the Board affairs and are well aware of the expectation to dedicate sufficient time to the Board affairs.

Confirmations have been received from the Directors that they are able to devote sufficient time as and when required to discharge their responsibility as a Director. Besides, the Directors have disclosed their interests semi-annually to the Company, including the number, identity and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations and other significant commitment and shall notify the Company on any subsequent changes in a timely manner. As at 31 March 2025, none of the Directors concurrently holds more than six listed company directorships.

提名委員會已對各董事投入時間及對董事局之貢獻進行年度審閱及評估,以確保其等能有效履行其職責。經審閱後,提名委員會確認每名董事均有效履行其職責,並對董事局作出有效貢獻。

and contribute effectively to the Board.

董事局程序

董事局於年內舉行了四次會議,約於每季度舉行, 以檢討本集團整體策略及營運和財務表現。公司 秘書協助主席制訂董事局會議之議程,並諮詢 體董事。董事局的所有定期會議通知最少在會議 前十四天發給所有董事,並且所有董事均可提 討論事項列入會議議程。董事局會議紀錄初稿及 最終定稿會發送全體董事以表達意見及作其紀錄 之用。董事局會議紀錄詳細記錄董事局在會議上 所考慮之事項及達致的決定,由公司秘書備存, 董事可隨時查閱。

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 主席亦與獨立非執行董事舉行一次沒有其他董事 出席的會議。

董事局定期會議的議程及會議文件於每次董事局 會議日期前至少三天全部送交所有董事。全體董 事均有權取得董事局文件及相關資料,及可在適 當的情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支 付。所有董事可取得公司秘書的意見和享用他的 服務,以確保董事局程序和適用之規則及規例均 獲得遵守。

根據現行董事局常規,任何涉及主要股東或董事 利益衝突的重大交易或事宜,須經由正式召開的 實體董事局會議中處理,並要求無重大利益關係 的獨立非執行董事出席。任何於交易或事宜擁有 重大權益的董事或其緊密聯繫人須在批准該等交 易的會議中放棄表決及不獲計入法定人數內。

Board Process

The Board held four meetings throughout the year at approximately quarterly intervals to review the overall strategies and the operating and financial performance of the Group. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in setting the agenda for Board meetings in consultation with all Directors. Notice of at least 14 days is given to all Directors for all regular Board meetings, and all Directors are given the opportunity to propose matters for discussion on the agenda. Drafts and final versions of minutes of Board meetings are sent to all Directors for comments and records. Minutes of Board meetings with details of matters considered by the Board and decisions reached are kept by the Company Secretary and are available for inspection by the Directors.

The Nomination Committee has undertaken an annual review and

assessment of each Director's time commitment and contribution

to the Board to ensure that they are effectively discharging their

responsibilities. Following this review, the Nomination Committee has confirmed that each Director is able to meet the demands of their role

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the Chairman has also held a meeting with the Independent Non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors.

The agendas and accompanying board papers for regular Board meetings are sent in full package to all Directors at least three days before the date of each Board meeting. All Directors have access to board papers and related materials and may, in appropriate circumstances, seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, who ensures that Board procedures and applicable rules and regulations are followed.

According to current Board practice, any material transaction or matter that involves conflicting interests of a substantial shareholder or a Director, are dealt with by a duly convened physical Board meeting, at which Independent Non-executive Directors who have no material interest in the transaction should be present. Any Directors or their close associates with material interests in the transaction or matter shall abstain from voting and will not be counted in the quorum for meetings approving such transactions.

企業管治報告書

Corporate Governance Report

出席紀錄

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 本公司共舉行四次董事局會議及一次股東大會, 每名董事之出席紀錄載列如下:

Attendance Record

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, four Board meetings and one general meeting were held and the attendance record of each Director is as follows:

| 董事姓名 Name of Directors | 董事局會議 出席次數/會議次數 Number of Board Meetings Attended/Held | 股東大會 出席次數/會議次數 Number of General Meetings Attended/Held |
|--|---|--|
| 執行董事 Executive Directors | | |
| 蔣麗苑女士(主席兼集團總裁) Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) | 4/4 | 1/1 |
| 鍾效良先生 Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG | 4/4 | 1/1 |
| 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Directors | | |
| 陳智思先生 ⁽¹⁾ Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ⁽¹⁾ | 2/2 | 1/1 |
| 許志偉先生 Mr. Harry Chi HUI | 4/4 | 1/1 |
| 郭敬文先生 ⁽²⁾ Mr. Clement King Man KWOK ⁽²⁾ | 1/1 | 不適用 N/A |
| Anish LALVANI 先生 Mr. Anish LALVANI | 4/4 | 1/1 |
| 利子厚先生 Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE | 4/4 | 1/1 |
| 陳慶光先生 Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN | 4/4 | 1/1 |

附註:

- (1) 陳智思先生退任獨立非執行董事,自二零二四年 八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大會結束後 生效。
- (2) 郭敬文先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事,自二零 二四年十二月一日起生效。

Notes:

- (1) Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN retired as an Independent Non-executive Director with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.
 - Mr. Clement King Man KWOK was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director with effect from 1 December 2024.

董事局表現評核

董事局每年對其本身的表現以及其委員會和董事的表現進行正式評核,以確保其持續有效地履行職責。該評核通過董事局評核問卷的方式進行。

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內,本公司編製董事局評核問卷,以收集董事局成員的觀點和意見。企業管治委員會已審閱董事局評核問卷,並對董事局於履行其管治職責上的表現表示滿意。

董事局就任培訓及發展

在獲委任加入董事局時,每名董事均收到一份全面、正式及專屬之入職資料,涵蓋本公司組織章程文件、本公司管治政策及程序以及作為董事在一般、法定及監管規定上所須履行責任之資料,以確保其對本公司之營運、業務以及其於上市規則及其他相關法律及監管規定下之責任有確切了解。

本公司已為於年內獲委任為獨立非執行董事的郭敬文先生提供一份全面、正式及專屬之入職資料。 於二零二四年十一月二十二日,郭先生已向有資格就香港法律提供意見的律師行取得法律意見, 明白上市規則中適用於其作為董事的規定,以及 向聯交所作出虛假聲明或提供虛假信息所可能引致的後果。郭先生確認明白其作為董事的責任。

董事亦定期獲簡介有關上市規則、企業管治常規、相關法例之修訂及本公司的業務發展。為使董事瞭解其職責及灌輸新的知識,於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內已提供參閱資料(包括聯交所提供的網上培訓材料)。除由本公司作出之安排外,若干董事亦有參加外部培訓研討會。

Board Performance Evaluation

The Board annually undertakes a formal evaluation of its own performance and that of its committees and Directors to ensure that they continue to perform effectively. The evaluation is conducted by way of Board evaluation questionnaire.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, a board evaluation questionnaire was prepared to collect views and comments from Board members. The Corporate Governance Committee reviewed the Board evaluation questionnaire and was satisfied with the Board's performance in fulfilling its governance responsibilities.

Board Induction and Development

On appointment to the Board, each Director shall receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction package covering the Company's constitutional documents, governance policies and procedures of the Company as well as the general, statutory and regulatory obligations of being a Director to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and business, and his/her responsibilities under the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

The Company has provided Mr. Clement King Man KWOK, being the Independent Non-executive Director appointed during the year, with a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction package upon his appointment. On 22 November 2024, Mr. KWOK has obtained legal advice from a firm of solicitors qualified to advise on Hong Kong law as regards the requirements under the Listing Rules that are applicable to him as a Director and the possible consequences of making a false declaration or giving false information to the Stock Exchange. Mr. KWOK confirmed that he understood his obligations as a Director.

The Directors are regularly briefed on the amendments to or updates on the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices, related regulatory regime and the business development of the Company. To keep abreast of the responsibilities of the Directors and infuse them with new knowledge, reading materials (including e-learning materials provided by the Stock Exchange) had been provided during the financial year ended 31 March 2025. Apart from what the Company had arranged, certain Directors also attended external training seminars.

董事須向本公司提供他們所參與的培訓之資料。 於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 董事合共接受約209小時的培訓。 The Directors are required to provide the Company with details of the training undertaken by them. During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the Directors received an aggregate of about 209 hours of training.

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 所有董事參與的培訓概述如下:

The training undertaken by the Directors during the financial year ended 31 March 2025 is summarized as follows:

| | 培訓類型:閱讀資料/期刊及/或出席簡報會/簡介會/ 網絡研討會/研討會/討論會 Types of Training: Reading Materials/Journals and/or Attending Briefings/ Presentations/Webinars/Seminars/Conferences 公司責任/財務匯報/法例/監管規定 | | | |
|---|---|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| | 董事職責 | | 風險管理 | 的遵守 |
| 董事姓名 | Company's Obligations/ | 環境、社會 及管治常規 | Financial Reporting/ | Legislative/ Regulatory |
| Name of Directors | Director's Duties | | Risk Management | Compliance |
| 執行董事 Executive Directors | | | | |
| 蔣麗苑女士(主席兼集團總裁) Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) | / | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 鍾效良先生 Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Directors | | | | |
| 陳智思先生 ⁽¹⁾ Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ⁽¹⁾ | ✓ | 1 | | ✓ |
| 許志偉先生 Mr. Harry Chi HUI | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 郭敬文先生 ⁽²⁾ Mr. Clement King Man KWOK ⁽²⁾ | ✓ | 1 | ✓ | 1 |
| Anish LALVANI 先生 Mr. Anish LALVANI | ✓ | 1 | ✓ | 1 |
| 利子厚先生 Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE | ✓ | 1 | ✓ | / |
| 陳慶光先生 Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | / |

附註:

- (1) 陳智思先生退任獨立非執行董事,自二零二四年 八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大會結束後 生效。
- (2) 郭敬文先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事,自二零 二四年十二月一日起生效。

Notes:

- (1) Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN retired as an Independent Non-executive Director with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.
- (2) Mr. Clement King Man KWOK was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director with effect from 1 December 2024.

董事責任保險

本公司已就董事及行政人員因本集團業務而引起 之責任購買適當保險。本公司每年檢討保險所保 障之範圍。

委任、重選及罷免董事

所有獨立非執行董事獲委任之年期均不多於三年, 惟須於本公司股東周年大會上輪流退任及由股東 重選連任。

此外,任何於年內獲董事局委任以填補臨時空缺 或增加董事局成員的董事,須履行董事職務直至 下屆股東周年大會,並符合資格於該大會上獲重 選連任。

根據本公司之細則第100條及上市規則附錄A1第 4(2)段,新委任的獨立非執行董事郭敬文先生(自 二零二四年十二月一日起生效)將於即將舉行之 本公司股東周年大會上退任,彼符合資格並願意 鷹撰連任。

根據本公司之細則第109(A)條,除本公司主席及董事總經理外,當時在任三分之一之董事須於本公司股東周年大會上輪流退任及重選連任。Anish LALVANI先生及利子厚先生(獨立非執行董事)將於即將舉行之本公司股東周年大會上輪流退任。Anish LALVANI先生符合資格並願意於即將舉行之股東周年大會上重選連任。利子厚先生已通知本公司彼將不會於即將舉行之股東周年大會結束後退任獨立非執行董事。

Liability Insurance for Directors

The Company has in force appropriate insurance coverage on directors' and officers' liabilities arising from the Group's business. The Company reviews the extent of insurance coverage on an annual basis.

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

All the Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed for a term of not more than three years, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company.

In addition, any Directors appointed by the Board during the year, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board, shall hold office until the next annual general meeting, and then shall be eligible for re-election at that meeting.

According to Bye-law 100 of the Company's Bye-laws and paragraph 4(2) of Appendix A1 to the Listing Rules, Mr. Clement King Man KWOK, being an Independent Non-executive Director newly appointed with effect from 1 December 2024, shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, has offered himself for re-election.

In accordance with the Bye-law 109(A) of the Company's Bye-laws, other than the Chairman and the managing director of the Company, one-third of the directors for the time being shall retire by rotation, and stand for re-election, at the annual general meeting of the Company. Mr. Anish LALVANI and Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE, the Independent Non-executive Directors, shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. Anish LALVANI, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE has informed the Company that he will not be seeking re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting and accordingly will retire as an Independent Non-executive Director with effect from the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting.

董事證券交易

本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納一套操守準則 (「操守準則」),其條款的嚴格程度不低於上市規 則附錄 C3上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準 守則(「標準守則」)的條款。經本公司向全體董事 作出特定查詢,本公司確認全體董事於截至二零 二五年三月三十一日止之年度內,一直遵守操守 準則及標準守則所規定的標準。

主席及集團總裁

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 蔣麗苑女士為本公司董事局主席兼集團總裁。主 席及集團總裁之角色已清楚界定,以確保彼管理 本公司之問責性及職責。

蔣麗苑女士作為董事局主席專注於本集團之整體 企業發展及高層策略性方針,領導董事局及監督 董事局之有效運作。彼同時負責管理本集團的業 務、制定政策及企業管理,並在管理層的協助下 實施董事局採納的策略和措施。

於本報告書日期,蔣麗苑女士為本公司董事局主 席兼集團總裁。根據上市規則企業管治守則之守 則條文第C.2.1條之規定,主席與集團總裁的角 色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。然而,鑒 於蔣女士的技能和經驗以及彼長期服務於本集團, 該架構可視為適合本集團,並可為本集團提供強 大且貫徹的領導力,為業務提供有效及高效的規 劃及決策,以及能執行長期業務策略。

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct regarding Securities Transactions by the Directors (the "Code of Conduct") on terms no less exacting than the required standard as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules. The Company, after having made specific enquiry of all Directors, confirms that all Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Code of Conduct and the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2025.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

During the financial year ended 31 March 2025, Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG was the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are defined clearly to ensure the accountability and responsibility with respect to the management of the Company.

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG, being the Chairman of the Board, focuses on overall corporate development and high-level strategic directions of the Group, provides leadership to the Board, and oversees the efficient functioning of the Board. She is also responsible for managing the business of the Group, policy making and corporate management and the implementation of strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board with the support from the management.

As at the date of this report, Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG is the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Pursuant to code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code of the Listing Rules, the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. However, given the skills and experience of Ms. CHIANG and her long term of service with the Group, this structure can be considered appropriate to the Group and can provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership for effective and efficient business planning and decisions, as well as execution of long term business strategies.

董事委員會

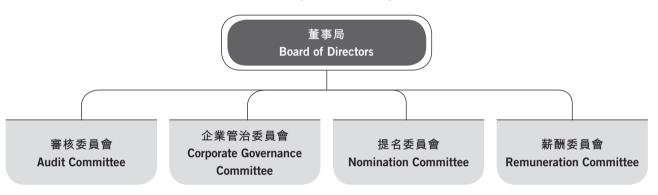
董事委員會的架構

作為良好企業管治不可或缺的一環且為提升董事局的職能,董事局設立四個董事委員會,分別為審核委員會、企業管治委員會、提名委員會、以及薪酬委員會,以承擔本集團事務中特定範疇之職責,並就此進行監督。

BOARD COMMITTEES

Board committees' Structure

As an integral part of good corporate governance and to enhance the function of the Board, the Board has established four Board committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Corporate Governance Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee, to assume responsibilities for and to oversee particular aspects of the Group's affairs.



審核委員會

審核委員會於一九九八年成立。於本報告書日期,審核委員會成員包括五名獨立非執行董事許志偉先生、郭敬文先生、Anish LALVANI先生、利子厚先生及陳慶光先生。陳慶光先生為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會的角色是確保本公司具有正式及具透明度的安排,以考慮有關本集團財務匯報、風險管理及內部監控事項,並且監察本公司與外聘核數師的關係。審核委員會之職權範圍已載於本公司及聯交所之網站上。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established in 1998. As at the date of this report, the Audit Committee comprises five Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Harry Chi HUI, Mr. Clement King Man KWOK, Mr. Anish LALVANI, Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE and Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN. Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN is the Audit Committee Chairman.

The roles of the Audit Committee are to ensure that the Company has formal and transparent arrangements for considering matters relating to the Group's financial reporting, risk management and internal control and overseeing the Company's relationship with the Company's external auditor. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

企業管治報告書

Corporate Governance Report

出席紀錄

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內,審核委員會曾舉行三次會議(合共五節),與本公司外聘核數師以及外聘顧問審閱本集團之財務業績和檢討內部監控及相關事項。每名成員之出席紀錄載列如下:

Attendance Record

The Audit Committee held three meetings (totalling five sessions) during the financial year ended 31 March 2025 to review with the Company's external auditor and external consultant, the Group's financial results and internal controls and related matters. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

| 審核委員會成員 Members of Audit Committee | 出席次數/會議次數 Number of Meetings Attended/Held |
|--|---|
| 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Directors | |
| 陳慶光先生 ⁽¹⁾ Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN ⁽¹⁾ | 3/3 |
| 陳智思先生 ⁽²⁾ Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ⁽²⁾ | 1/1 |
| 許志偉先生 Mr. Harry Chi HUI | 3/3 |
| 郭敬文先生 ⁽³⁾ Mr. Clement King Man KWOK ⁽³⁾ | 1/1 |
| Anish LALVANI先生 ⁽⁴⁾ Mr. Anish LALVANI ⁽⁴⁾ | 3/3 |
| 利子厚先生 Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE | 3/3 |

附註:

- (1) 陳慶光先生獲委任為審核委員會主席,自二零 二四年八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大會 結束後生效。
- (2) 陳智思先生不再擔任審核委員會成員,自二零 二四年八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大會 結束後生效。
- (3) 郭敬文先生獲委任為審核委員會成員,自二零 二四年十二月一日起生效。
- (4) Anish LALVANI先生不再擔任審核委員會主席, 但繼續擔任審核委員會成員,自二零二四年八月 二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大會結束後生效。

Notes:

- (1) Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN was appointed as the Chairman of the Audit Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.
- (2) Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ceased to be a member of the Audit Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.
- (3) Mr. Clement King Man KWOK was appointed as a member of the Audit Committee with effect from 1 December 2024.
- (4) Mr. Anish LALVANI ceased to act as the Chairman but remain as a member of the Audit Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.

企業管治報告書

Corporate Governance Report

審核委員會2024/25年的工作摘要

Summary of Work of the Audit Committee in 2024/25

| 職務範圍 Areas of Duties | 主要工作摘要 Summary of Major Activities |
|--|---|
| 定期財務業績 Periodic Financial Results | • 檢討本集團全年及中期業績公告以及全年及中期財務報表。 Reviewed the Group's annual and interim results announcements, and annual and interim financial statements. |
| | 審閱會計準則之變動,以及評估對本集團財務報表之影響。 Reviewed the changes in accounting standards and their impacts on the Group's financial statements. |
| 外聘核數師 External Auditor | 審閱、考慮並向董事局建議續聘外聘核數師及其審核費用。 Reviewed, considered and made recommendation to the Board on the reappointment of external auditor and their audit fees. |
| | 審閱外聘核數師報告。 Reviewed the external auditor's reports. |
| | 審閱由外聘核數師提供之二零二五年審核計劃。 Reviewed the 2025 Audit Plan received from the external auditor. |
| | 於年內與外聘核數師會面兩次。 Met with external auditor twice during the year. |
| 內部審核 Internal Audit | 審閱二零二四/二零二五年的內部審核計劃。 Reviewed the 2024/2025 Internal Audit Plan. |
| | 審閱外聘內部監控顧問之內部審核結果和推薦意見。 Reviewed the internal audit findings and recommendations from the external internal control consultant. |
| 風險管理和內部監控 Risk Management and Internal Control | 檢討本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止之財政年度內風險管理和內部監控系統之有效性。 Reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the financial year ended 31 March 2024. |
| | 審閱風險評估報告及風險管理監控之年度計劃。 Reviewed the risk assessment report and the annual plan on risk management control. |
| | 檢討內部審核職能之有效性。 Reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control function. |
| | 於年內與外聘內部監控顧問會面兩次。 Met with external internal control consultant twice during the year. |
| 其他 Others | • 檢討本公司在會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能方面以及與本公司環境、社會及管治表現和匯報相關的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否足夠。 Reviewed the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, as well as those relating to the Company's environmental, social and governance performance and reporting. |

企業管治委員會

企業管治委員會(「企業管治委員會」)於二零一二年成立。於本報告書日期,企業管治委員會成員包括五名獨立非執行董事許志偉先生、郭敬文先生、Anish LALVANI先生、利子厚先生及陳慶光先生。利子厚先生為企業管治委員會主席。

企業管治委員會之職責為制定及檢討本公司的企業管治委員會之職責為制定及檢討本公司的檢討政策及常規,並向董事局提出建議發展,並的培訓及監察董事及管理人員的法律及監管規定方司在遵守法律及監察通用於本公司、檢討及監察適用於本公司,檢討其事局獨立性企業的,檢討本公司,以及檢討本公司,以及檢討本公司,以及檢討本報告,以及檢討本公司,以及於本報告書內的披露。本公司已制時別及於本報告書內的披露。本公司已制定企業管治委員會之職權範圍。

出席紀錄

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 企業管治委員會曾舉行兩次會議。每名成員之出 席紀錄載列如下:

Corporate Governance Committee

The Corporate Governance Committee (the "CG Committee") was established in 2012. As at the date of this report, the CG Committee comprises five Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Harry Chi HUI, Mr. Clement King Man KWOK, Mr. Anish LALVANI, Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE and Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN. Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE is the CG Committee Chairman.

The CG Committee is responsible for developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board, reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and management, reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, developing, reviewing and monitoring the Codes of Conduct applicable to the Directors and employees of the Company, reviewing the relevance and effectiveness of the Board Independence Policy and reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosures in this report. The Company has established the terms of reference of the CG Committee.

Attendance Record

The CG Committee held two meetings during the financial year ended 31 March 2025. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

| 企業管治委員會成員 Members of Corporate Governance Committee | 出席次數/會議次數 Number of Meetings Attended/Held |
|--|---|
| 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Directors | |
| 利子厚先生 Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE | 2/2 |
| 陳智思先生 ⁽¹⁾ Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ⁽¹⁾ | 1/1 |
| 許志偉先生 Mr. Harry Chi HUI | 2/2 |
| 郭敬文先生 ⁽²⁾ Mr. Clement King Man KWOK ⁽²⁾ | 不適用 N/A |
| Anish LALVANI 先生 Mr. Anish LALVANI | 2/2 |
| 陳慶光先生 Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN | 2/2 |

附註:

- (1) 陳智思先生不再擔任企業管治委員會成員,自二 零二四年八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大 會結束後生效。
- (2) 郭敬文先生獲委任為企業管治委員會成員,自二零二四年十二月一日起生效。

Notes:

- (1) Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ceased to be a member of the Corporate Governance Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.
- (2) Mr. Clement King Man KWOK was appointed as a member of the Corporate Governance Committee with effect from 1 December 2024.

企業管治報告書

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治委員會2024/25年的工作摘要

Summary of Work of the Corporate Governance Committee in 2024/25

| 職務範圍 Areas of Duties | 主要工作摘要 Summary of Major Activities |
|--|--|
| 遵守法律及監管規定 Legal and Regulatory Compliance | • 檢討企業管治守則的遵守情況及審閱企業管治報告書。 Reviewed compliance of Corporate Governance Code and the Corporate Governance Report. |
| | 檢討董事及有關僱員進行證券交易守則的遵守情況。 Reviewed the compliance with the Codes for Securities Transactions by Directors and Relevant Employees. |
| 董事局的有效性 Board Effectiveness | 通過檢視董事提交的評核問卷評估董事局的表現。 Assessed Board's performance by examining the board evaluation questionnaires completed by the Directors. |
| | 檢討董事及管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展的記錄。 Reviewed the training and continuous professional development records of Directors and management. |
| 其他 Others | 檢討董事局獨立性政策中獨立性機制之實施和有效性。 Reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Board independence mechanisms set out in the Board Independence Policy. |
| | 檢討股東通訊政策之實施和有效性。 Reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy. |

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一二年成立。於本報告書日期, 提名委員會成員包括四名獨立非執行董事郭敬文 先生、Anish LALVANI先生、利子厚先生、陳慶光 先生,以及執行董事蔣麗苑女士。蔣麗苑女士為 提名委員會主席及董事局主席。

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established in 2012. As at the date of this report, the Nomination Committee comprises four Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Clement King Man KWOK, Mr. Anish LALVANI, Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE and Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN, and the Executive Director Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG. Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG is the Nomination Committee Chairman and the Chairman of the Board.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board, assisting the Board in maintaining a board skills matrix, and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board members to complement the Company's corporate strategy; identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors; making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors; assessing the time commitment and contribution of the Directors to the Board; and supporting the Company's regular evaluation of the Board's performance. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

提名政策

董事局於二零一八年十一月採納提名政策,載列 提名及委任董事的條件及程序。董事局將相關篩 選及委任董事過程授權予提名委員會,以確定合 適的候選人成為董事局成員並向董事局推薦。在 評估建議候選人的適合性時,提名委員會將考慮 和評估候選人性格及誠信、資格、技能、經驗、 性別和在董事局成員多元化政策下與公司業務和 企業策略相關的特徵,投入足夠的時間以有效履 行職務及是否符合上市規則第3.13條所載之獨立 性要求(就獨立非執行董事而言)。經評估後,提 名委員會提名適當的候選人予董事局批准和任命。 對於任何由股東在公司股東大會上提名選舉為董 事的人,提名委員會應根據上述標準對該候選人 進行評估,以確定該候選人是否合符資格擔任董 事職務。在適當情況下,提名委員會於股東大會 上就建議膺選董事向股東推薦建議。

提名委員會亦已根據提名政策及董事局成員多元 化政策所訂明的提名條件及程序以及董事局成員 多元化準則,考慮並建議董事局委任郭敬文先生 為獨立非執行董事及於二零二四年股東周年大會 上重選退任董事的提名。

董事局已檢討提名及委任董事的條件及程序,並 認為提名政策已於年內有效地實施。

Nomination Policy

The Board adopted a Nomination Policy in November 2018 which sets out the criteria and process on the nomination and appointment of Directors. The Board has delegated the relevant selection and appointment of Directors to the Nomination Committee, which identifies suitable qualified candidates to become Board members and recommends them to the Board. In assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate, the Nomination Committee would assess and evaluate the candidate's character and integrity, qualifications, skills, experience, gender and diversity aspects under the Board Diversity Policy that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy, devoting adequate time to effectively carry out their duties, and fulfilment of the independence requirements as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules (for Independent Non-executive Directors). After the evaluation, the Nomination Committee nominates the appropriate candidate to the Board for approval and appointment. For any person that is nominated by a Shareholder for election as a director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee should evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship. Where appropriate, the Nomination Committee should make recommendation to Shareholders in respect of the proposed election of director at the general meeting.

The Nomination Committee had considered and made recommendations to the Board on the appointment of Mr. Clement King Man KWOK as an Independent Non-executive Director and the nomination of the retiring Director for re-election at the 2024 annual general meeting in accordance with the nomination criteria and procedures and board diversity criteria as set out in the Nomination Policy and the Board Diversity Policy respectively.

The Board had reviewed the criteria and process on the nomination and appointment of Directors and, considered the Nomination Policy has been effectively implemented during the year.

企業管治報告書

Corporate Governance Report

出席紀錄

Attendance Record

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 提名委員會曾舉行兩次會議。每名成員之出席紀 錄載列如下:

The Nomination Committee held two meetings during the financial year ended 31 March 2025. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

| 提名委員會成員 Members of Nomination Committee | 出席次數/會議次數 Number of Meetings Attended/Held |
|---|---|
| 執行董事 Executive Director | |
| 蔣麗苑女士 ⁽¹⁾ Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG ⁽¹⁾ | 1/1 |
| 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Directors | |
| 陳智思先生 ⁽²⁾ Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ⁽²⁾ | 1/1 |
| 郭敬文先生 ⁽³⁾ Mr. Clement King Man KWOK ⁽³⁾ | 不適用 N/A |
| Anish LALVANI 先生 Mr. Anish LALVANI | 2/2 |
| 利子厚先生 Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE | 2/2 |
| 陳慶光先生 ⁽⁴⁾ Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN ⁽⁴⁾ | 2/2 |

附註:

- (1) 蔣麗苑女士獲委任為提名委員會主席,自二零 二四年八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大會 結束後生效。
- (2) 陳智思先生不再擔任提名委員會成員,自二零 二四年八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大會 結束後生效。
- (3) 郭敬文先生獲委任為提名委員會成員,自二零 二四年十二月一日起生效。
- (4) 陳慶光先生不再擔任提名委員會主席,但繼續擔任提名委員會成員,自二零二四年八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大會結束後生效。

Notes:

- (1) Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG was appointed as the Chairman of the Nomination Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.
- (2) Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ceased to be a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.
- (3) Mr. Clement King Man KWOK was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from 1 December 2024.
- (4) Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN ceased to act as the Chairman but remain as a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.

提名委員會2024/25年的工作摘要 Summary of Work of the Nomination Committee in 2024/25

| 職務範圍 Areas of Duties | 主要工作摘要 Summary of Major Activities |
|---|--|
| 董事局的組成及多元化 Board Composition and Diversity | 檢討董事局的架構、人數及組成。 Reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board. 檢討董事局成員多元化政策及提名政策的實施和有效性。 Reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy and Nomination Policy. |
| 董事局的獨立性 Board Independence | 評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性。 Assessed the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors. |
| 董事退任及重選 Retirement and Re-election of Directors | 檢討、考慮及建議董事局於二零二四年股東周年大會上退任董事之重選。 Reviewed, considered and made recommendation to the Board on the re-election of retiring Director(s) at the 2024 annual general meeting. 知悉及向董事局報告有關董事於二零二四年股東周年大會上退任。 Noted and reported to the Board the retirement of Director at the 2024 annual general meeting. |
| 董事職務變更 Change of Directorship | 審閱、考慮並向董事局建議委任獨立非執行董事。 Reviewed, considered and made recommendation to the Board on the appointment of an Independent Non-executive Director. 審閱、考慮並向董事局建議董事委員會組成之變更。 Reviewed, considered and made recommendation to the Board on the change in the composition of the Board Committees. |

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年成立。於本報告書日期,薪酬委員會成員包括四名獨立非執行董事許志偉先生、Anish LALVANI先生、利子厚先生及陳慶光先生,以及執行董事蔣麗苑女士。Anish LALVANI先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會之主要職責為就董事及高級管理人員 之薪酬政策及架構,及就設立正規而具透明度 程序制定薪酬政策,向董事局推薦意見,亦董事局在業方針及目標而檢討及制訂本集團執行董事之 高級管理人員之薪酬及就獨立非執行董事之 高級管理人員之職務和責任及可 動行董事及高級管理人員之職務和責任及可 執行董事及高級管理人員之職務和責任及可 較之司所支付之薪酬數額。此外,薪酬 較之司所支付之薪酬數額。此外,薪酬 數之司,薪酬 數有關的事項。薪酬委員會之職權範圍已載於本 公司及聯交所之網站上。

執行董事之薪酬福利包括薪金、津貼、與表現掛 鈎之花紅及退休金。截至二零二五年三月三十一 日止之財政年度內之董事及高級管理人員薪酬資 料載於本年報內財務報表附註9。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established in 2005. As at the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee comprises four Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Harry Chi HUI, Mr. Anish LALVANI, Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE and Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN, and the Executive Director, Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG. Mr. Anish LALVANI is the Remuneration Committee Chairman.

The main responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a set of formal and transparent procedures for its remuneration policy. It also reviews and determines the remuneration packages for Executive Directors and senior management and to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration for Independent Non-executive Directors of the Group with reference to the corporate goals and objectives. The Remuneration Committee considers factors such as duties and responsibilities of the Executive Directors and senior management and the amount of remuneration paid by comparable companies. In addition, the Remuneration Committee is also responsible for reviewing and/or approving matters relating to the share schemes under the Listing Rules. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Remuneration packages of Executive Directors comprises salary, allowances, performance related bonus and pension scheme contributions. Information about the emoluments of Directors and senior management during the financial year ended 31 March 2025 is set out in note 9 to the financial statements of this annual report.

薪酬政策

董事局採納薪酬政策,通過正式及透明之程序實施薪酬政策,旨在確認適當的薪酬水平對於吸引、留住和激勵董事成功營運本公司至關重要,以及確保董事的薪酬水平恰當,並與本公司所制定的目標、目的及業績表現一致,以提升股東的價值。根據薪酬政策,個別董事之薪酬及其他與薪酬相關的事宜已按照以下主要原則而制定:

- 執行董事之薪酬將由薪酬委員會及董事局 每年檢討一次。
- 薪酬委員會將參照執行董事之職位、資歷、 經驗、所肩負的職責,及本集團的業績表 現及盈利向董事局建議批准任何有關執行 董事薪酬之修訂。
- 執行董事可具備資格獲得參照市場狀況以及企業與個人表現因素而釐定的酌情花紅及/或表現花紅及/或保證花紅。
- 薪酬委員會將根據本公司之購股權計劃及 持股計劃(如有)審閱及向董事局建議(如合 適)審批授出購股權及/或獎勵股份予執行 董事。該計劃讓執行董事擁有本公司之權 益,以鼓勵或獎勵彼等對本集團作出之貢 獻或將可作出之貢獻。
- 非執行董事之袍金將由薪酬委員會及董事局每年檢討一次。

Remuneration Policy

The Board adopted a Remuneration Policy which aims to recognize that appropriate level of remuneration is crucial to attract, retain and motivate the Directors to run the Company successfully, and to ensure that the Directors' remuneration is appropriate and aligns with the Company's goals, objectives and performance and to enhance the value of Shareholders, through a set of formal and transparent procedures for implementing the Remuneration Policy. Pursuant to the Remuneration Policy, the following key principles have been established for determination of the remuneration and other remuneration related matters of individual Directors:

- Executive Directors' emoluments shall be reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee and the Board.
- Recommendations shall be made by the Remuneration Committee to the Board for approval of any revision to the Executive Directors' emoluments by reference to his/her position, qualifications, experience, level of responsibilities and the Group's performance and profitability.
- Executive Directors may be eligible to receive discretionary bonus and/or performance bonus and/or guaranteed bonus taking into consideration factors such as market conditions as well as corporate and individual performances.
- The Remuneration Committee shall review and if appropriate, recommend to the Board for approval the grant of share options and/or the award of shares to the Executive Directors under the share option scheme and share ownership scheme (if any) of the Company. Such scheme(s) enables the Executive Directors to obtain an ownership interest in the Company as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group.
- Non-executive directors' fees shall be reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee and the Board.

企業管治報告書

Corporate Governance Report

- 董事局將參照非執行董事之經驗、職務與 職責及市場情況向股東建議於股東大會批 准有關非執行董事袍金之修訂。
- 任何有關非執行董事袍金之修訂亦須受限 於在相應財政年度支付給所有非執行董事 的董事袍金總額的年度限額,並且該限額 的任何調整將根據本公司之細則由股東批准。
- Recommendations shall be made by the Board to the Shareholders for approval at the Shareholders' meeting any revision to the non-executive directors' fees by reference to his/ her experience, duties, responsibilities and market conditions.
- Any change of non-executive directors' fees shall also be subject to an annual limit on the aggregate amount of non-executive directors' fees payable to all the non-executive directors during the respective financial year, and any adjustment of such limit shall require approval by the Shareholders pursuant to the Company's Bye-laws.

出席紀錄

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 薪酬委員會曾舉行三次會議。每名成員之出席紀 錄載列如下:

Attendance Record

The Remuneration Committee held three meetings during the financial year ended 31 March 2025. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

| 薪酬委員會成員 Members of Remuneration Committee | 出席次數/會議次數 Number of Meetings Attended/Held |
|---|---|
| 獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Directors | |
| Anish LALVANI 先生 ⁽¹⁾ Mr. Anish LALVANI ⁽¹⁾ | 3/3 |
| 陳智思先生 ^② Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ^② | 1/1 |
| 許志偉先生 ⁽³⁾ Mr. Harry Chi HUI ⁽³⁾ | 1/1 |
| 利子厚先生 Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE | 3/3 |
| 陳慶光先生 Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN | 3/3 |
| 執行董事 Executive Director | |
| 蔣麗苑女士 Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG | 3/3 |

附註:

- (1) Anish LALVANI先生獲委任為薪酬委員會主席, 自二零二四年八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周 年大會結束後生效。
- (2) 陳智思先生不再擔任薪酬委員會主席,自二零 二四年八月二十六日舉行之本公司股東周年大會 結束後生效。
- (3) 許志偉先生獲委任為薪酬委員會成員,自二零 二四年十二月一日起生效。

Notes:

- (1) Mr. Anish LALVANI was appointed as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.
- (2) Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN ceased to act as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.
- (3) Mr. Harry Chi HUI was appointed as a member of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 1 December 2024.

薪酬委員會2024/25年的工作摘要 Summary of Work of the Remuneration Committee in 2024/25

| 職務範圍 Areas of Duties | 主要工作摘要 Summary of Major Activities |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 薪酬福利 Remuneration Packages | 評估執行董事(同時為本公司高級管理人員)及獨立非執行董事之職務和責任及個別表現以及公司業績,經諮詢主席及集團總裁之建議後,檢討、考慮並向董事局建議執行董事(同時為本公司高級管理人員)及獨立非執行董事之薪酬福利。 Reviewed, considered and made recommendation to the Board on the remuneration packages of Executive Directors (also being senior management of the Company) and Independent Non-Executive Directors after assessing their duties and responsibilities and individual performance as well as the corporate performance and in consultation with the proposals of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. |
| 購股權計劃 Share Option Scheme | 審閱、考慮並向董事局建議授出購股權予購股權計劃的合資格之參與人士。 Reviewed, considered and made recommendations to the Board the grant of share options to eligible participants under the Share Option Scheme. |

薪酬委員會亦審閱及向董事局建議批准於二零 二四年九月十六日根據購股權計劃向合資格之參 與人(「承授人」)授出購股權。薪酬委員會考慮了 以下事宜:

授出之購股權並無附帶表現目標。薪酬委員會知悉,購股權計劃的目的旨在使董事局能夠向合資格之參與人授出購股權,以獎勵或鼓勵彼等對本集團所作出之貢獻或將可作出之貢獻,以及達致本集團長期業務目標。

經考慮購股權計劃的目的及(i)該等承授人於本集團業務之角色及經驗、為本集團服務之年資,及對推廣本集團業務所付出的貢獻及努力;(ii)該等承授人直接對本集團之整體業務表現、可持續發展及良好企業管治所作出的貢獻:及(iii)該授出購股權根據歸屬時間表將加強承授人為本集團長期服務的承諾,薪酬委員會認為授出購股權予承授人,表現目標並非必要,且授出無需附帶表現目標的購股權乃符合購股權計劃的目的。

The Remuneration Committee had also reviewed and made recommendations to the Board for approval on the grant of share options on 16 September 2024 to eligible participants (the "Grantees") under the Share Option Scheme. The Remuneration Committee had considered the matters as set out below:

There was no performance target attached to the share options granted. The Remuneration Committee noted that the purpose of the Share Option Scheme was to enable the Board to grant share options to eligible participants as rewards or incentive for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group and for achieving the long-term business objectives of the Group.

Having considered the purpose of the Share Option Scheme and (i) those Grantees' roles and experiences in the Group's business, length of services to the Group, and contribution and dedication to the promotion of the Group's business; (ii) those Grantees directly contributed to the overall business performance, sustainable development and good corporate governance of the Group; and (iii) such grant of share options being subject to the vesting schedules which reinforces Grantees' commitment to long-term services to the Group, the Remuneration Committee was of the view that, the performance target was not necessary for the grant of share options to the Grantees and such grant of share options without performance target attached was in line with the purpose of the Share Option Scheme.

授出之購股權並無附帶退扣機制。薪酬委員會認 為購股權計劃項下已提供有關不同情況下之購股 權失效及註銷,可充分保障本公司之利益,授出 購股權予承授人,退扣機制並非必要。 There was no clawback mechanism attached to the share options granted. The Remuneration Committee was of the view that clawback mechanism was not necessary for the grant of share options to the Grantees as the lapse and cancellation of the share options in various scenarios had already been provided for under the Share Option Scheme which could adequately safeguard the Company's interests.

問責性及審核

財務匯報

董事局有責任監督年度財務報表的編製,而董事 局會收取每月有關集團表現、財務狀況及前景的 最新資料。本公司分別於相關期間結束後三個月 及兩個月內刊發其年度及中期業績。

本集團截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內的綜合財務報表已由外聘核數師安永會計師事務所審核及經審核委員會審閱。董事確認彼等對編製本集團綜合財務報表負有責任,該等財務報表乃依照法定要求及適用會計準則編製。

外聘核數師就其審核本集團截至二零二五年三月 三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表之責任聲明,載 於本年報第90至97頁之獨立核數師報告書內。

風險管理及內部監控

本集團知悉其業務和經營的市場潛在若干風險(包括環境、社會及管治風險),在實踐企業目標時,會查証重大風險並為其進行監控,以使能夠達至持續增長和長期股東價值。本集團實施一套全面的風險管理及內部監控系統(「監控系統」),其設計是提供合理保證,而非杜絕,重大風險的識別和管理,業務是根據管理層的授權進行,資產得到保障,財務報表準確可靠和可供刊印,以及本集團的活動有遵守適用法律和規例。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The Board, which is responsible for overseeing the preparation of annual financial statements, receives monthly updates on the Group's performance, financial position and prospects. The Company publishes its annual and interim results within three months and two months respectively after the relevant period ends.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 have been audited by the external auditor, Ernst & Young, and reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group which were prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

A statement by the external auditor regarding the responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 90 to 97 of this annual report.

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Group acknowledges certain aspects of risks (including environmental, social and governance risks) are inherent in its businesses and the markets it operates, and in pursuit of its corporate objectives, undertakes to determine and monitor material risks in order to enable sustainable growth and long term Shareholder value. The Group implements a comprehensive Risk Management and Internal Control System (the "Control System") which is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that significant risks are identified and managed, transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization, assets are protected, the financial statements are accurate and reliable for publication, and the Group's activities are in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

風險管理和內部監控程序已與本集團的日常業務 和營運融合,其涉及對風險的理解、識別潛在的 風險、評估可能產生的後果、確定風險水平、設 立適當的緩解措施,以及適當的報告跟進情況。

The risk management and internal control process is embedded in the Group's daily businesses and operations, which involves understanding the context, identifying potential exposures, assessing the likelihood of consequences, determining the risk level, establishing appropriate mitigating measures and followed by appropriate reporting.

The Control System involves an organizational control structure which



該監控系統包含一套組織監控架構,強調責任界 定、權力分配和職責分工。風險管治的最高架構 為董事局,彼監督及負責該監控系統的運作,確 保監控系統的足夠和有效性,並瞭解有關系統旨 在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,而且 只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而 非絕對的保證。董事局授權風險管理委員會施行 監控系統,風險管理委員會成員包括高級及有經 驗的管理層。風險管理委員會監督監控系統的實 施,並為其提供適當的指引和工具,追蹤重大風 險和緩解行動,和查証已出現的重大監控缺失或 弱點。風險管理委員會委託業務單位和其內部的 功能組別執行該監控系統。各業務單位均由一名 總經理及財務總監領導,其職責是監控業務單位 的操作,確保有合適和充分的營運政策、準則和 程序,並確保它們的妥善執行。功能組別主管在 他們日常決策過程中執行風險評估,並向業務單 位主管匯報重大風險。通過與各業務單位和功能 組別主管的討論,風險管理委員會透過獨立外聘 內部監控顧問協助每年呈送及概括風險評估報告, 並與審核委員會商討。

emphasizes defined lines of duties and responsibilities, delegation of authority and segregation of duties. At the top of the risk governance structure sits the Board who oversees and is responsible for the Control System and ensures its adequacy and effectiveness and acknowledge that such system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board delegates implementation responsibilities of the Control System to the Risk Management Committee which comprises senior and experienced members of management. The Risk Management Committee supervises and facilitates the implementation of the Control System with appropriate guidelines and tools, tracks material risks and mitigating activities, and determines significant control failings or weaknesses that have occurred. The execution of the Control System is entrusted to the Business Units, and within the Business Units, the Functional Groups. Each Business Unit is headed by a General Manager and a Financial Controller whose duties are to control the activities of the Business Unit, ensure appropriate and adequate operational policies, standards and procedures are in place and are properly executed. The heads of the Functional Groups exercise risk assessment in their daily decision making processes, escalate and report material risks to the Business Unit heads. Through discussion with the respective Business and Functional Unit heads, the Risk Management Committee as supported by an independent external internal control consultant whom presents and summarizes a Risk Assessment Report annually for discussion with the Audit Committee.

對困難的風險監控事項,本集團可尋求外部專業 人員的協助。 The Group is able to call for assistance from outside professionals to support difficult risk controlling matters.

內幕消息

就根據證券及期貨條例及上市規則處理及發放內 幕消息而言,本公司已採取不同程序及措施,包 括提高本公司內幕消息的保密意識,定期向董事 和有關僱員發送禁售期和證券交易限制的通知, 以及在需要知情的基礎上向指定人員傳播信息。 董事局已制定及修訂內幕消息指引,並將定期作 出檢討以確保其相關性及有效性。

外聘審核

董事局任命外聘核數師安永會計師事務所為本集 團的財務報表進行獨立法定審核工作。外聘核數 師與審核委員會出席會議,以討論和匯報審核的 性質及範圍,以及於審核綜合財務報表過程中發 現之任何重大內部監控缺失及在審核中的重大發 現。

外聘核數師的服務及收費

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度,外聘核數師之酬金合共為港幣3,356,000元,其中港幣2,736,000元為審核服務,港幣407,000元為税務服務及港幣213,000元為其他非審核服務。

Inside Information

The Company complies with the requirements of Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") and the Listing Rules. The Company discloses inside information to the public as soon as reasonably practicable after any inside information has come to its knowledge unless the information falls within any of the "Safe Harbours" as provided for in the SFO. Before the information is fully disclosed to the public, the Company ensures the information is kept strictly confidential. If the Company believes that the necessary degree of confidentiality cannot be maintained or that confidentiality may have been breached, the Company would immediately disclose the information to the public. The Company is committed to ensure that information contained in announcements are not false or misleading as to a material fact, or false or misleading through the omission of a material fact, to provide for equal, timely and effective access by the public to the inside information disclosed.

To handle and disseminate inside information in accordance with the SFO and the Listing Rules, the Company has taken various procedures and measures, including arousing the awareness to preserve confidentiality of inside information with the Company, sending blackout period and securities dealing restrictions notification to the Directors and relevant employees regularly, and disseminating information to specified persons on a need-to-know basis. The Board established and revised the Inside Information Guidelines and will regularly review to ensure its relevance and effectiveness.

EXTERNAL AUDIT

The Board appoints the external auditor, Ernst & Young, to conduct independent statutory audits of the Group's financial statements. The external auditor attends meetings with the Audit Committee to discuss and report the nature and scope of the audit, any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit of the consolidated financial statements, and significant findings from the audit.

External Auditor's Services and Fees

External auditor's remuneration for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 amounted to a total of HK\$3,356,000, of which HK\$2,736,000 was incurred for audit services, HK\$407,000 for tax-related services and HK\$213,000 for other non-audit services.

內部審核

審核委員會和內部審核

董事局委任具備企業管理豐富經驗的獨立非執行 董事組成審核委員會,訂有明確職權範圍。審核 委員會受託監察及評估監控系統是否足夠及有效。 審核委員會亦會辨識有待改善的地方,檢討本集 團在會計、內審和財務匯報功能方面的資源、員 工資歷及經驗、培訓課程及預算是否足夠。

INTERNAL AUDIT

Audit Committee and Internal Audit

The Board appoints the Audit Committee with clear terms of reference, which comprises Independent Non-executive Directors who are well-experienced in corporate management. The Audit Committee oversees and evaluates the adequacy and effectiveness of the Control System. It also identifies areas for improvement, reviews the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions.

The Board, through the Audit Committee, has delegated the internal audit function of the Group to an independent professional firm which was appointed to act as an external internal control consultant, to conduct semi-annual reviews of the business process and operations of Business Units and/or operating subsidiaries and report findings, risk and recommendations on any control issues identified in the course of their work. The external internal control consultant also developed a risk-based approach for the internal audit and established annual internal audit plan and scope of review, covering major activities and processes of the Group's operations, businesses and Business Units. The results of these audit activities are communicated to the Audit Committee and heads of the Business Units and the Functional Groups. Audit issues are tracked, followed up for proper implementation, and their progress are reported to the Audit Committee periodically. The Company Secretary keeps full minutes of all Audit Committee meetings. Drafts and final versions of minutes of the Audit Committee meetings are sent to all committee members for their comment and records.

2024/25年度測評

於年內,外聘內部監控顧問對若干主要附屬公司 業務的內部監控及風險管理系統作出檢討,旨在 辨識監控系統的不足之處並提出改善建議。評估 結果已於年內呈送審核委員會。除了監控系統, 本集團設有舉報政策,以供僱員及其他與本集團 有往來的人士(如客戶及供應商)通報其關注的 問題或本集團其他員工所作出的任何可疑不當或 瀆職行為。所有舉報事宜均會在保密及獨立的情 況下予以處理及調查。

為遵守實踐有關誠信和負責任的商業道德,董事局已採納反貪污政策,向本集團所有業務單位和僱員提供如何識別及處理貪污和賄賂以及本集團企業捐款及贊助活動的資訊及指引。本集團定業行外部及內部反賄賂培訓,以加強本集團的反貪腐文化、意識及認識。舉報政策及反貪污政策的更多詳情,可查閱本公司之「環境、社會及管治報告2024/25」。舉報政策連同反貪污政策更新,以確保其適當性符合公司和監管要求。

基於各項測評,董事局認為截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度有足夠和有效的風險管理和內部監控制度。董事局認為,本集團的風險管理及內部監控制度有效及足夠。本集團用於設計、實施及監察風險管理及內部監控系統的內部及外部及外部資源(包括員工資歷及經驗、培訓課程以及本公司(包括員工資歷及經驗、培訓課程以及本公司在會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能方面的預算)以及與本公司環境、社會及管治表現和匯報相關的資源是足夠的。本集團截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度已遵守風險管理和內部監控守則條文。

2024/25 Assessment

During the year, the external internal control consultant conducted the review of internal control and risk management systems for certain principal subsidiaries' operation with a view to identifying any gaps in the Control System and making recommendations for improvement. The results of such assessments were submitted to the Audit Committee during the year. In addition to the Control System, a Whistleblowing Policy has been put in place allowing employees and others who interact with the Group (e.g., customers, suppliers etc.) to raise their concerns about any suspected misconduct or malpractice within the Group. All reported whistleblowing matters were handled and investigated confidentially and independently.

To adhere to practicing integrity and responsible business ethics, the Anti-Corruption Policy adopted by the Board provides information and guidances to all business units and employees of the Group on how to recognize and deal with corruption and bribery and to handle corporate donation and sponsorship activities of the Group. The Group regularly conducts external and in-house anti-bribery training sessions to enhance the Group's anti-corruption culture, awareness and knowledge. More details in relation to the Whistleblowing Policy and the Anti-Corruption Policy can be found in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2024/25" of the Company. The Whistleblowing Policy together with the Anti-Corruption Policy are to be updated periodically to ensure their relevance and compliance with corporate and regulatory requirements.

Based on the respective assessments, the Board acknowledges that an adequate and effective risk management and internal control process was in place for the year ended 31 March 2025. The Board considers that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate. The resources (internal and external) for designing, implementing and monitoring the risk management and internal control systems, including, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions as well as those relating to the Company's ESG performance and reporting were adequate. The Group has complied with the risk management and internal control code provisions for the year ended 31 March 2025.

公司秘書

公司秘書為本公司之僱員,對本公司的日常事務有所認識。公司秘書向董事局主席及集團總裁匯報。所有董事均可取得公司秘書的意見和享用他的服務,以確保董事局程序及適用法律、規則及規例均獲得遵守。公司秘書於回顧年度內一直遵守上市規則第3.29條。

與股東的關係

股息政策

本公司已於二零一八年十一月採納予股東可持續 股息的股息政策,其須取決於每個財政年度末與 業務相關的財務表現。本公司旨在分派一定比例 的可分配利潤予股東,同時保留剩餘之可分配利 潤用於未來業務擴展。董事局可不時宣布及派付 股息,惟在適當的情況下須經股東批准。

在考慮派付股息時,董事局將考慮(其中包括)本公司的可分配利潤、現金流量、流動資金和財務狀況、當前和未來的營運、資本需要和盈餘,以及從本公司的附屬公司和聯營公司已收取的股息。派付股息亦須遵守百慕達法例及本公司之細則及任何其他適用規例及監管限制。

股息政策反映了採納當時本公司對本集團財務及 現金流量需求的處理方法。董事局可不時檢討該 政策,並採納所需的變更。

董事局於本年度內所作之股息決定均符合本公司 股息政策。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is an employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that Board procedures, and applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed. The Company Secretary had complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules during the year under review.

RELATIONSHIP WITH SHAREHOLDERS

Dividend Policy

The Company has adopted a Dividend Policy in November 2018 to provide Shareholders with sustainable dividends, based on the underlying financial performance of the business in each financial year end. The Company aims to distribute a certain portion of distributable profits to Shareholders, whilst retaining the balance for future business expansion. The Board may declare and pay dividends from time to time, subject to the approval of the Shareholders, where applicable.

When considering the payment of dividend, the Board will take into account, among other matters, distributable profits, cash flow, liquidity and financial position, current and future operations, capital requirements and surplus of the Company, as well as dividends received from the Company's subsidiaries and associates. The payment of dividend is also subject to any restrictions under Bermuda laws and the Company's Bye-laws and any other applicable statutory and regulatory restrictions.

The dividend policy reflects the Company's approach on the financial and cash flow requirements of the Group prevailing at the time of its adoption. The Board may review the policy from time to time and may adopt changes as necessary.

It is confirmed that the dividend decisions made by the Board during the year were made in accordance with the Company's Dividend Policy.

股東溝通及參與

董事局深明透過股東大會、新聞稿、公告及公司通訊與股東持續保持對話的重要性。董事局致力於及時披露資料。有關本集團的活動、公告、業績簡報及公司通訊的最新資料均及時刊載於本公司網站www.chenhsong.com。

本公司與股東溝通及參與的方式包括:

Shareholders Communication and Engagement

The Board recognises the importance of maintaining an ongoing dialogue with the Shareholders and does so through general meetings, press releases, announcements and corporate communications. The Board is committed to the timely disclosure of information. The latest information regarding the Group's activities, announcements, results presentations and corporate communications are made available on the Company's website at www.chenhsong.com in a timely manner.

The Company's approach to Shareholders communication and engagement includes:

| 溝通渠道 Communication Channels | 工作 Activities |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 二零二四年股東周年大會 2024 AGM | 本公司於二零二四年八月二十六日舉行股東周年大會(「二零二四年股東周年大會」),股東出席會議並就提呈決議案進行投票及提問,董事局及本公司管理層對此進行了解答。 An annual general meeting of the Company was held on 26 August 2024 (the "2024 AGM") at which Shareholders attended to vote on the resolutions proposed and asked questions which were addressed by the Board and the Company's management. |
| 報告及公告 Reports and Announcements | • 根據上市規則的要求,全年度發佈公司通訊(包括財務報告及公告)。 Corporate communications, which include financial reports and announcements, were published throughout the year as required by the Listing Rules. |
| 投資者會議 Investor Meetings | 本公司應其要求與機構性投資者和投資分析員直接會面及進行電話會議,以確保股東及潛在投資者充分了解本公司之業務。 Face-to-face meetings and conference calls with institutional investors and investment analysts are conducted, upon request, to make sure that Shareholders and potential investors can obtain a good understanding of the Company's business. |
| 公司網站 Company's Website | 本公司網站www.chenhsong.com設有「關於我們」—「投資者專區」一欄,供股東及時查閱本公司的最新資料,其中亦包括本公司的企業管治文件,以供股東參考。 The Company's website www.chenhsong.com has the "Investor" under "About Us" section, where the Shareholders can timely access to the Company's latest information to the Shareholders, which also includes the corporate governance documents of the Company for Shareholders' information. |

| 溝通渠道 Communication Channels | 工作 Activities |
|---|---|
| 股東通訊政策 Shareholders' Communication Policy | 股東通訊政策旨在確保個人及機構股東可及時獲得準確、清晰及全面的資料, 使彼等可在知情的情況下行使其權利,並與本公司積極溝通。 The Shareholders' Communication Policy aims to ensure that both individual and institutional Shareholders are given timely access to accurate, clear and balanced information to enable them to exercise their rights in an informed manner and to engage actively with the Company. |
| | 董事局每年檢討股東通訊政策,以確保其實施及有效性。 The Shareholders' Communication Policy is reviewed by the Board on an annual basis to ensure its implementation and effectiveness. |
| | 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內,董事局已檢討股東通訊政策的實施情況及有效性。經考慮本公司根據該政策以不同方式與其股東積極溝通,董事局認為股東通訊政策繼續有效。 During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Board had reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy. Having considered the active engagement by the Company with the Shareholders via the different means in accordance with the Policy, the Board is satisfied that the Shareholders' Communication Policy continues to be effective. 股東通訊政策可於本公司網站www.chenhsong.com閱覽。 |
| | The Shareholders' Communication Policy is available on the Company's website at www.chenhsong.com. |
| 股東之查詢 Enquiries from Shareholders | • 本公司歡迎各股東及有關各方將其向董事局之查詢以書面方式發送至本公司總辦事處及主要營業地點(地址為香港威非路道18號萬國寶通中心20樓2001室,請註明公司秘書收啟),或發送電郵至:comm@chenhsong.com。 Shareholders and interested parties are welcome to send their enquiries in writing to the Board for the attention of the Company Secretary at the Company's head office and principal place of business at the address of Unit 2001, 20th Floor, Citicorp Centre, 18 Whitfield Road, Hong Kong or by email to comm@chenhsong.com. |
| | ● 股東如對名下持股及派息情況有任何問題,應向本公司在香港的股份過戶登記分處提出,其聯絡資料詳列於本年報內「公司資料」一節。 Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings and entitlements to dividend to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong whose contact details are set out in the section headed "Corporate Information" of this annual report. |

股東大會之程序

股東大會為股東與董事局交流意見提供重要的平台。董事局鼓勵股東出席股東大會。股東大會通告連同其他相關公司通訊將於(i)在股東周年大會和股東大會(倘提呈之決議案為特別決議案)舉行前不少於二十一天,或(ii)在其他所有股東大會舉行前不少於十四天寄予股東。每項建議的決議案都會提供詳細資訊。為保障股東的利益和權利,於股東大會上,重要事項(包括重選個別董事)以個別決議案處理。

股東有機會於股東大會上就每項建議的決議案上提問。董事局、集團總裁連同董事局轄下的會之主席(或在彼等缺席的情況下,該委員會之主席(或在彼等缺席的情況下,該委員之其他成員)在股東大會上回應股東的提問。此外,本公司外聘核數師的代表亦應要求出席股東周年大會,以回應有關審計工作、編製核數師報告書及其內容、會計政策以及核數師之獨立性等問題。在任何需要獨立股東批准的特別事項(例如關連交易),獨立董事委員會成員將致力出席股東大會並解答股東的提問。

所有載列於股東大會通告內的決議案均於大會上 以投票方式表決。進行投票表決的程序會於會議 上講解。獨立監票員將獲委任以確保在股東大會 上的所有選票均適當點算。投票表決結果將刊載 於本公司及聯交所之網站上。

Proceedings of General Meetings

The general meetings provide a useful forum for Shareholders to exchange views with the Board. Shareholders are encouraged to attend the general meetings. Notice of general meetings together with other relevant corporate communications will be despatched to Shareholders (i) not less than 21 days prior to the annual general meeting and general meeting where a special resolution is proposed for consideration, or (ii) not less than 14 days for all other general meetings. Detailed information on each resolution to be proposed will be provided. To safeguard the interests and rights of the Shareholders, significant issue is dealt with under separate resolution at general meeting, including re-election of individual Directors.

Shareholders will be provided opportunities to ask questions for each of the proposed resolutions at general meetings. The Board, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairmen of the Board committees (or in their absence, other members of the committees) are available to answer Shareholders' questions at the general meetings. In addition, a representative of the Company's external auditor is requested to attend the annual general meeting to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence. In the case of any special business which is required independent shareholders' approval (e.g., connected transaction), members of the independent Board committee will make an effort to attend the general meeting to address Shareholders' queries.

All resolutions set out in the notice of general meeting put to vote at the meeting were by way of a poll. The procedures for conducting a poll will be explained at the meetings. Independent scrutineer will be engaged to ensure all votes at general meetings are properly counted. The poll results will be published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

二零二四年股東周年大會

二零二四年股東周年大會於二零二四年八月二十六日舉行。全體董事,連同本集團管理層及外聘核數師均有親身或以電子方式出席二零二四年股東周年大會。該大會的投票結果可於本公司網站www.chenhsong.com及聯交所網站www.hkexnews.hk查閱。二零二四年股東周年大會上所決議的事項概括如下:

- 採納截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度 之經審核財務報表與董事局報告書及核數 師報告書:
- 宣派截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度 之末期股息;
- 重選鍾效良先生為董事;
- 釐定截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度 之董事袍金總額不超過港幣2,000,000元;
- 續聘安永會計師事務所為核數師及授權董事局釐定核數師酬金;
- 授予董事一般性授權,以購回不超過二零 二四年股東周年大會當日本公司之已發行 股本面值總額百分之十之本公司股份;
- 授予董事一般性授權,以配發、發行及處理不超過二零二四年股東周年大會當日本公司之已發行股本面值總額百分之十之本公司股本中額外股份;及
- 擴大授予董事配發、發行及處理本公司股本中額外股份之一般性授權,加入本公司 購回股份之總額。

本公司應屆股東周年大會將於二零二五年八月 二十八日(星期四)(「二零二五年股東周年大會」) 舉行。進一步詳情將載於本公司將就二零二五年 股東周年大會向股東發出的通函內。

2024 Annual General Meeting

The 2024 AGM was held on 26 August 2024. All Directors at that time, together with the Group's management and external auditor, attended the 2024 AGM in person or by electronic means. The poll voting results are available on the Company's website at www.chenhsong.com and the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk. The matters resolved at the 2024 AGM are summarized below:

- Adoption of the audited financial statements and the reports of the Directors and the auditor for the year ended 31 March 2024;
- Declaration of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024;
- Re-election of Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG as a Director;
- Determination of the Directors' fees for the year ending 31 March 2025 at an aggregate sum of not exceeding HK\$2,000,000;
- Re-appointment of Ernst & Young as auditor and authorization of the Board to fix their remuneration;
- Granting a general mandate to the Directors to repurchase the shares of the Company not exceeding 10% of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the 2024 AGM;
- Granting a general mandate to the Directors to allot, issue and deal with additional shares in the capital of the Company not exceeding 10% of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of the 2024 AGM; and
- Extension of general mandate granted to the Directors to allot, issue and deal with additional shares in the capital of the Company by the addition of the total amount of shares repurchased by the Company.

The forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company will be held on Thursday, 28 August 2025 (the "2025 AGM"). Further details will be set out in the Company's circular to be issued to the Shareholders for the 2025 AGM.

股東權利

請求召開股東特別大會

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)(「百慕達公司法」)之條文,凡於請求送達日期持有不少於本公司已繳足股本(該股本於送達日期附有在本公司股東大會上進行投票的權利)十分之一(10%)之股東,皆有權請求董事召開本公司股東特別大會。有關之請求應註明召開股東特別大會之目的,由請求召開會議之人士簽署後送達本公司之註冊辦事處。

若董事於有關召開會議請求送達日期起計二十一 天內仍未召開股東特別大會,請求召開會議之人 士(或當中佔超過一半(50%)總投票權之人士)可 自行召開本公司股東特別大會。

於股東大會上提出建議

根據百慕達公司法之條文,於請求送達日期有權於本公司股東大會投票之全體股東中佔不少於二十分之一(5%)總投票權之股東或至少100名本公司股東,可在本公司股東大會上提出任何可能被正式或刻意動議之決議案,該動議決議案之請求連同一份不多於1,000字有關該動議決議案所提述事宜之陳述書,須於股東大會前不少於六星期送達本公司以下總辦事處及主要營業地點:

總辦事處及主要營業地點香港 威非路道18號 萬國寶通中心 20樓2001室

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening of Special General Meeting on Requisition

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) (the "Bermuda Companies Act"), shareholders holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth (10%) of the paid-up share capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company have the right to requisite the directors to convene a special general meeting of the Company. The requisition must state the purposes of the special general meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionist and deposited at the registered office of the Company.

If the directors do not convene a special general meeting within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition, the requisitionist, or any of them representing more than one-half (50%) of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a special general meeting of the Company.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

Pursuant to the provisions of the Bermuda Companies Act, shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth (5%) of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at general meetings of the Company or of at least 100 shareholders in number of the Company, may put forward any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at a general meeting of the Company by sending the requisition together with a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposed resolution must be deposited at the head office and principal place of business of the Company as below not less than six weeks before the general meeting:

Head Office and Principal Place of Business Unit 2001, 20th Floor Citicorp Centre 18 Whitfield Road Hong Kong

根據本公司之細則第114條,股東可向本公司總辦事處呈交一份書面提名通知(連同被推選人士簽發表明其願意膺選之書面通知)提名個別人士(本公司退任董事除外)於股東大會參選本公司董事,通知期為最少七日(該期間由不早過就該推選之指定股東大會通知寄發後當日起至不遲過該股東大會日期前七日止)。股東提名個別人士參選董事之程序刊載於本公司之網站上。

向董事局提出查詢

本公司歡迎各股東及有關各方將其向董事局之查詢以書面方式發送至本公司總辦事處及主要營業地點(地址為香港威非路道18號萬國寶通中心20樓2001室,並註明公司秘書收啟),或發送電郵至comm@chenhsong.com。股東亦可透過相同方式向公司秘書查詢有關召開股東周年大會及股東特別大會,及於該等大會上提出動議之程序。

股東如對名下持股及派息情況有任何問題,應向 本公司在香港的股份過戶登記分處提出,其聯絡 資料詳列於本年報內「公司資料」一節。

與持份者的關係

本集團相信與持份者之間定期和具透明度的交流 溝通不僅可以加強相互之間的信任和尊重,並且 建立和諧關係,亦有助於本公司獲得長期的成功。 本集團與主要持份者(包括股東、員工、客戶、 供應商、業務夥伴及往來銀行)通過股東會議、 現場考察及內部出版刊物等形式,持續保持開放、 雙向、順暢的溝通與交流。

組織章程文件

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內, 本公司之組織章程文件並無任何變動。 Pursuant to Bye-law 114 of the Company's Bye-laws, shareholder(s) may propose a person other than a retiring director of the Company for election as a director of the Company at the general meeting by lodging at the head office of the Company, a written notice of nomination with the written notice signed by the nominated person of his willingness to be elected, for a period of at least 7 days which shall commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days before the date of such general meeting. Procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a director are posted on the website of the Company.

Putting Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders and interested parties are welcome to send their enquiries in writing to the Board for the attention of the Company Secretary at the Company's head office and principal place of business at the address of Unit 2001, 20th Floor, Citicorp Centre, 18 Whitfield Road, Hong Kong or by email to comm@chenhsong.com. Questions about the procedures for convening or putting forward proposals at an annual general meeting or special general meeting may also be put to the Company Secretary by the same means.

Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings and entitlements to dividend to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong whose contact details are set out in the section headed "Corporate Information" of this annual report.

RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Group believes regular and transparent communication with stakeholders can not only strengthen mutual trust and respect and build harmonious relationship, but also help contribute to long term Company's success. The Group maintains open, two-way and smooth communication and exchange with its key stakeholders (including Shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers, business partners and bankers) through Shareholders' meetings, on-site visits and internal publications.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There was no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

本公司董事(「董事」)局(「董事局」)現提呈本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度之董事局報告書及經審核財務報表。

The board of Directors (the "Directors") of the Company (the "Board") present its report and the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2025.

主要業務及營運分析

本公司之主要業務為投資控股及提供管理服務。

於本年度內本集團之主要業務並無重大改變,附 屬公司之主要業務包括製造及銷售注塑機及相關 產品。

本集團按經營分部的收益及年度業績貢獻分析詳 情載於財務報表附註5。

業務審視

香港公司條例附表5規定關於本集團之業務審視,包括對本集團業務的中肯審視:對本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因素的描述:在該財政年度終結後發生的、對本集團有影響的重大事件的詳情;本集團業務相當可能有的未來發展的揭示;運用財務關鍵表現指標對本集團表現進行的分析;運用財務關鍵表現指標對本集團表現進行的分析;對本集團的環境政策及表現的探討;本集團就對其有重大影響的有關法律及規例的遵守情況的探討;以及本集團與其主要持份者關係的説明,可分別至16頁之「管理層之論述及分析」及封面內頁之「財務摘要」。上述部分構成本報告書的一部分。

本集團之金融風險管理目標及政策載於財務報表 附註40。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of management services.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries comprise the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

Details of the analysis of the Group's revenue and contribution to results for the year, by operating segments, are set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a fair review of the Group's business; a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group; particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year; an indication of likely future development in the Group's business; an analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators; a discussion on the Group's environmental policies and performance; a discussion on the Group's compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group; and an account of the Group's relationships with its key stakeholders, can be found in the "Chairman's Statement", "Management Discussion & Analysis" and "Financial Highlights" on pages 4 to 5, pages 6 to 16 and the inside cover of this annual report, respectively. The above sections form part of this report.

The financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

業績及股息

本集團截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度之業 績及本集團於該日之財務狀況載於本年報第98 至231頁之財務報表。

董事局建議就截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度派發末期股息每股普通股港幣8.0仙(二零二四年:每股普通股港幣5.0仙),與本公司的股息政策一致。

待本公司股東(「股東」)於即將舉行之本公司股東 周年大會上批准後,末期股息將約於二零二五年 九月二十二日向於二零二五年九月八日(即為釐 定末期股息權益的記錄日期)名列本公司股東名 冊上之股東派付。

擬派發之末期股息連同已於二零二五年一月十四 日派付之中期股息每股普通股港幣3.8仙,本年 度合共派發股息每股普通股港幣11.8仙。

五年財務摘要

本集團過往五個財政年度之業績及資產、負債與 非控股權益摘要載於本年報第235頁。此摘要並 不構成本集團經審核財務報表之部分。

投資物業

本集團於二零二五年三月三十一日之投資物業已由獨立及專業資格估值師公司作估值。重估減值為港幣22,944,000元,於綜合收益表確認。本集團於本年度內投資物業之變動詳情載於財務報表附註15。本集團於二零二五年三月三十一日持有之投資物業之詳情載於第236頁。

物業、廠房及設備

於年內,本集團之物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載 於財務報表附註14。

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's results for the year ended 31 March 2025 and the financial position of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 98 to 231 of this annual report.

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK8.0 cents per ordinary share for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: HK5.0 cents per ordinary share), consistent with Company's Dividend Policy.

Subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, the final dividend will be payable on or about 22 September 2025 to Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 8 September 2025, being the record date for determining the entitlement to the final dividend.

The proposed final dividend together with the interim dividend of HK3.8 cents per ordinary share paid on 14 January 2025, make a total dividend of HK11.8 cents per ordinary share for the year.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 235 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements of the Group.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group's investment properties as at 31 March 2025 were revalued by an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers. The revaluation decrease of HK\$22,944,000 has been recognized in the consolidated income statement. Details of the movements in the investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 15 to the financial statements. Particulars of the investment properties held by the Group as at 31 March 2025 are set out on page 236.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

已發行股本

本公司的已發行股本於年內並沒有變動。

股票掛鈎協議

除本年報所披露之本公司購股權計劃外,本集團 於年內並無訂立股票掛鈎協議,亦無在本年度終 結時存在股票掛鈎協議。

股份優先購買權

本公司之細則或百慕達法例對股份優先購買權並 無規定。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司之任何 | 下證券。

可供分派儲備

按百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)計算,於二零二五年三月三十一日,本公司可供分派之儲備為港幣59,704,000元,當中港幣50,443,000元已建議作為本年度之末期股息。

捐贈

於年內,本集團之慈善捐款及其他捐贈為港幣 100,000元(二零二四年:港幣152,000元)。

主要客戶及供應商

於年內,本集團之最大五名客戶總計之營業額佔本集團之總收益不足30%,而本集團之單一最大客戶之營業額佔本集團之總收益約3%。

於年內,本集團之最大五名供應商總計之採購額 佔本集團之總採購額不足30%。

概無董事、任何彼等的緊密聯繫人或任何股東(據 董事所知擁有5%以上的本公司已發行股份數目) 擁有本集團之最大五名客戶或供應商的任何權益。

ISSUED SHARE CAPITAL

There is no movement in the Company's issued share capital during the year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the share option scheme of the Company as disclosed in this annual report, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the year.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2025, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to HK\$59,704,000, of which HK\$50,443,000 has been proposed as the final dividend for the year.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations totalling HK\$100,000 (2024: HK\$152,000).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Sales to the five largest customers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total revenue for the year and sales to the single largest customer of the Group accounted for approximately 3% of the Group's total revenue for the year.

Purchases from the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total purchases for the year.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which, to the knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

主要風險及不明朗因素

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

下表闡述本集團數項主要風險以及目前因應管理 或減輕風險而採取的風險管理/控制活動:

The following table illustrates the current risk management/control activities that are in place to manage or mitigate the major risks of the Group:

| 風險類別 | 風險描述 | 風險緩解措施 |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| Risk Category | Risk Description | Mitigation Controls to the Risk |
| 宏觀經濟因素 Macro-Economic Factors | 經濟衰退等不利的宏觀經濟狀況可能對公司發展和產品供需產生不利影響,從而可能導致影響公司的盈利能力。 Unfavourable macro-economic condition, such as economic recession, may have a detrimental impact on company development and products supply and demand which may in result affect the profitability of the company. 多種因素如貿易戰可能影響經濟和業務所景可能會受到不利影響。 The diverse factors, such as trade war, may affect the economic and business conditions. Hence, revenue, financial performance, operational results and business prospects may be adversely affected. | 本集團在產品線及客戶群方面採取多元化策略。本集團產品線涵蓋客戶群所屬產業廣泛,客戶地理位置多元化,覆蓋100個國家。當不利的宏觀經濟狀況影響某些產業或國家時,本集團仍可從其他產品線和國家產生收入,減少不利的宏觀經濟狀況所帶來的影響。 The Group adopts a diversification strategy on its product lines and customer base. The Group's product lines cover a broad range of industries where the customers belong, and the customers are diversified in terms of geographical locations which cover 100 countries. When unfavourable macro-economic factors affect certain industries or countries, the Group may still generate revenue from other product lines and countries, and reduce the impact brought by the unfavourable macro-economic factors. 本集團能快速應對宏觀經濟狀況的變化,例如在本集團強大的研發能力支撐下,推出新產品或升級產品以應對市場需求。此外,本集團進行架構重組,以有效應對外圍環境的變化。 The Group can quickly respond to the change in macro-economic conditions, such as introducing new or upgraded products to cope with the market demand, which are supported by the Group's strong research and development capabilities. In addition, reorganization on the Group's structure has been carried out in order to effectively respond to the change in external environments. |

| 風險類別 Risk Category | 風險描述 Risk Description | 風險緩解措施 Mitigation Controls to the Risk |
|---|--|---|
| 宏觀經濟因素 <i>(續)</i> Macro-Economic Factors (<i>Continued</i>) | | 此外,本集團建立鼓勵員工以結果為導向的工作環境,容許員工在授權範圍內靈活處理工作。員工更能適應和應對市場變化,使本集團更妥善應對不利的宏觀狀況。 Moreover, the Group has established a working environment that encourages the staff to apply result-oriented approach on their work. The staff is allowed flexibility in handling their work within the authorization limit. The staff are more capable of adapting and responding to the market changes which allows the Group to better cope with the unfavourable macroeconomic conditions. |
| 人力資源 Human Resources | • 難以在市場上招聘適合公司營運需求的人才,影響公司的正常經營。 Difficulty in recruiting suitable talents in the market to meet the company's operational needs, which affects the company's normal operations. | 本集團制定有競爭力的薪酬及福利待遇以吸引合適的人才並留住現有員工以滿足本集團的營運需求。本集團致力於提供員工培訓和福利,為員工提供不同方面的內部培訓(如職業安全及心理健康)及專業知識的外部培訓(如法規更新)。 The Group has established competitive remuneration and fringe benefits packages to attract suitable talents as well as retaining existing staff to meet the operational needs of the Group. The Group puts much effort on staff trainings and welfare. It provides internal trainings to staff on different aspects such as occupational safety and psychological health, and also external trainings on professional knowledge such as regulatory updates. 本集團亦與員工保持良好溝通,定期透過年度評核收集他們的反饋以了解員工的需求。The Group also maintains good communication with staff and collects feedbacks from them regularly by conducting annual appraisal to understand their needs. |

| 風險類別 Risk Category | 風險描述 Risk Description | 風險緩解措施 Mitigation Controls to the Risk |
|--|---|---|
| 人力資源 (續) Human Resources (Continued) | | • 此外,本集團定期組織團隊建立活動,例如: 聚餐、公司旅遊、運動會等,促進員工在相 同部門內部或與不同單位的溝通及聯繫。 Moreover, the Group regularly organizes team building activities, e.g., meal gatherings, company trips, sport day, etc., to facilitate communications and strengthen bonding between staff within the same department or from different divisions. |
| | | 另外,本集團與離職員工(尤其是高級員工) 舉行離職會議,了解並收集他們對公司的反 饋(例如工作環境、離職原因方面),以便日 後改善。 In addition, the Group conducts exit meeting with resigned staff, especially senior level staff to understand and collect their feedbacks on the company, such as working environment, reasons for leaving, etc. for future improvements. |
| | | 本集團定期透過外部招聘公司尋找合適人才以促進招聘流程。 The Group seeks assistance from external recruiters to search suitable talents regularly for facilitating the recruitment processes. |
| 原材料供應 Supply of Raw Materials | • 無法確保穩定的原材料和服務供應,可能影響公司及時向客戶交付產品的能力。 Inability to secure a stable supply of raw materials and services which may affect the company's ability to deliver products to customers in a timely manner. | • 本集團積極推行尋找供應商的工作,對新樣品進行全面測試和認證,確保每種原材料至少有兩家或以上的供應商。 The Group actively carries out the supplier sourcing work, conducts comprehensive tests and recognition for new samples, and ensures that each material has at least two or more suppliers. |
| | | • 同時,本集團設立專責的供應商管理部門以加強供應鏈卓越性,負責每月評估供應商在品質、成本和交付(QCD)指標的表現。表現欠佳的供應商將被限制使用,以確保「汰弱留強」的競爭模式,從而推動持續改進。 At the same time, the Group has established a dedicated Supplier Management Department to strengthen supply chain excellence, responsible for monthly evaluations of supplier performance across quality, cost, and delivery (QCD) metrics. Underperforming suppliers face restricted usage, ensuring a competitive "survival of the fittest" approach that drives continuous improvement. |

| 風險類別 Risk Category | 風險描述 Risk Description | 風險緩解措施 Mitigation Controls to the Risk |
|---|--------------------------|---|
| 原材料供應 (續) Supply of Raw Materials (Continued) | | 對於高增值戰略供應商,本集團簽訂了長期合作協議,以確保成本的競爭力、卓越的品質和重要原材料的可靠供應。 For high-value strategic suppliers, the Group secures long-term partnership agreements to guarantee cost competitiveness, superior quality, and reliable supply of critical materials. |
| | | • 此外,本集團推行標準化的零件設計與選擇,提高採購效率。透過每年與供應商進行磋商,鎖定最佳價格,保持一致的品質,並確保準時交付 — 均有助於打造穩定、有彈性且可持續的供應鏈。 Additionally, the Group enforces standardized component design and selection, streamlining procurement efficiency. Through annual supplier negotiations, it locks in optimal pricing, maintains consistent quality, and ensures ontime deliveries — all contributing to a stable, resilient, and sustainable supply chain. |
| | | 本集團已建立清晰的組織架構和通報路線以確保危機能及時通報至管理層。 The Group has established a clear organizational structure and reporting lines to ensure that any crisis can be reported to the management in a timely manner. |
| | | • 危機發生時,本集團將成立由相關部門負責人組成的應對小組以應對危機。應對小組透過短訊應用程式創建聊天室進行即時溝通,以確保危機能有效和及時解決。 When crisis occurs, the Group will set up a response team consisting of relevant department heads to cope with the crisis. The response team creates a "chat room" using messaging applications to conduct instant communication and ensures the crisis can be resolved in an efficient and timely manner. |

| 風險類別 | 風險描述 | 風險緩解措施 |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Risk Category | Risk Description | Mitigation Controls to the Risk |
| 危機管理 Crisis Management | • 沒有任何機制及時應對公司的 危機並提出相應的解決方案, 導致危機發生時未能有效應對, 影響公司經營,甚至造成損失。 There is no mechanism to respond to the company's crisis in a timely manner and propose corresponding solution, resulting in failure to respond effectively when crisis occurs, which affects the company's operations and even causes losses. | 建立清晰的組織架構和通報路線以確保危機 通報能夠及時開展。 The Group has established a clear organizational structure and reporting lines to ensure that any crisis can be reported to the management in a timely manner. 危機發生時,本集團將成立由相關部門負責人組成的應對小組以應對危機。應對小組透過短訊應用程式創建聊天室進行即時溝通,以確保危機能有效和及時解決。 When crisis occurs, the Group will set up a response team consisting of relevant department heads to cope with the crisis. The response team creates a "chat room" using messaging applications to conduct instant communication and ensures the crisis can be resolved in an efficient and timely manner. |

| 風險類別 | 風險描述 | 風險緩解措施 |
|------------------|---|---|
| Risk Category | Risk Description | Mitigation Controls to the Risk |
| 生產 Production | • 當任何公司生產設施遭受重大中斷,如生產線故障或任何生產設施的電力短缺或故障,都可能會限制、延誤或停止公司生產設施的生產。 Any major disruption at any of the company's production facilities, such as a breakdown of production lines or a power shortage or failure at any of the production facilities may limit, delay or halt the company's production at the production facilities. | 各工廠和車間充分執行TPM (全面生產管理)以確保設備處於正常生產狀態。一旦發現潛在風險,將把異常狀況立即報告至設備維修部門進行處理。 All factories and workshops have fully implemented TPM (Total Productive Maintenance) work to ensure that the equipment is in a normal production state. Once any potential risks are detected, abnormal situations will be reported immediately to the equipment maintenance department for handling. 設備維修部門亦會定期進行設備檢查,及時發現並更換老化或磨損的零件,以確保設備不會發生重大故障。 The equipment maintenance department will also conduct regular equipment inspections to promptly identify and replace aging or worn-out components, ensuring that the equipment does not experience major malfunctions. 倉庫備有常用設備零件,發生故障時可立即更換相關零件。如倉庫缺貨,將緊急聯絡設備供應商並在24小時內處理。 The warehouse is stocked with common equipment spare parts. In case of a failure, relevant parts can be replaced immediately. If there are no spare parts in the warehouse, an urgent contact will be made with the equipment supplier to handle the issue within 24 hours. 在本集團的生產設施發生中斷的情況下,可立即將其生產線外判給市場上眾多的承包商。In circumstances where disruption at the Group's production facilities occurs, the Group can outsource its production processes immediately, and there are many subcontractors available in the market. |

董事

於年內及截至本報告書日期,本公司之董事如下:

執行董事

蔣麗苑女士*@(主席兼集團總裁) 鍾效良先生

獨立非執行董事

陳智思先生+*@#

(自二零二四年八月二十六日起退任)

許志偉先生+*# 郭敬文先生+@#

Anish LALVANI 先生+*@#

利子厚先生+*@#

陳慶光先生+*@#

- + 審核委員會成員
- * 薪酬委員會成員
- @ 提名委員會成員
- # 企業管治委員會成員

本公司董事之個人資料載於本年報第17至21頁。 本公司之高級管理人員同時為本公司執行董事 (「執行董事」)。

於二零二四年十一月二十八日,郭敬文先生獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」),有關委任自二零二四年十二月一日起生效。根據本公司之細則第100條的規定,郭敬文先生將於即將舉行之本公司股東周年大會上退任並有資格重選連任。

根據本公司之細則第109(A)條的規定,Anish LALVANI先生及利子厚先生將於即將舉行之本公司股東周年大會上輪流退任。Anish LALVANI先生符合資格並願意於即將舉行之股東周年大會上膺選連任。利子厚先生已通知本公司,他將不會於即將舉行之股東周年大會上尋求重選連任。因此,他將於即將舉行之股東周年大會結束後退任本公司的獨立非執行董事。

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG*@ (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN +*@# (retired with effect from 26 August 2024)

Mr. Harry Chi HUI+*#

Mr. Clement King Man KWOK +@#

Mr. Anish LALVANI+*@#

Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE+*@#

Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN+*@#

- + Member of the Audit Committee
- * Member of the Remuneration Committee
- @ Member of the Nomination Committee
- # Member of the Corporate Governance Committee

The biographical details of the Directors of the Company are set out on pages 17 to 21 of this annual report. The senior management of the Company is also the executive directors of the Company (the "Executive Directors").

Mr. Clement King Man KWOK was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company (the "Independent Non-executive Director(s)") on 28 November 2024 with his appointment effective from 1 December 2024. In accordance with Bye-law 100 of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Clement King Man KWOK shall retire and, being eligible for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

In accordance with Bye-law 109(A) of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Anish LALVANI and Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. Mr. Anish LALVANI, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE has informed the Company that he will not be seeking re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. He will therefore retire as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company at the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting.

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事就其依據香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)第3.13條而作出有關獨立性的年度確認 函,並仍然認為彼等仍屬獨立人士。

The Company has received from each Independent Non-executive Director an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and still considers them to be independent.

董事資料之變更

以下列載有關董事資料變動而根據上市規則第 13.51B(1)條須作披露的資料:

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Changes in Directors' information which are required to be disclosed under Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules are set out below:

| 姓名 Name | 變動詳情 Details of Changes |
|----------------------------|---|
| 許志偉先生 Mr. Harry Chi HUI | 許先生辭任KW Nelson Interior Design and Contracting Group Limited (股份代號: 08411)(一間於聯交所GEM上市的公司)獨立非執行董事,自二零二五年一月一日起生效。 Mr. Hui resigned as an Independent Non-executive Director of KW Nelson Interior Design and Contracting Group Limited (stock code: 08411) (a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange) with effect from 1 January 2025. |
| | 許先生獲委任為本公司企業管治委員會主席,該委任將於二零二五年八月二十八日舉行之本公司股東周年大會結束後生效。 Mr. Hui has been appointed as the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company which shall take effect from the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 28 August 2025. |

| 姓名 | 變動詳情 |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Name | Details of Changes |
| | |
| 郭敬文先生 Mr. Clement King Man KWOK | 郭先生退任香港上海大酒店有限公司(股份代號:00045)(一間於聯交所主板上市的公司)董事總經理兼行政總裁,自二零二四年十月三十一日起生效:彼亦不再擔任香港上海大酒店有限公司執行董事及行政總裁顧問,自二零二五年五月七日起生效。 Mr. Kwok stepped down as the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of The Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Limited (stock code: 00045) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) with effect from 31 October 2024. He also ceased to act as an Executive Director and Advisor to the Chief Executive Officer of The Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Limited with effect from 7 May 2025. 郭先生獲委任為香港中文大學酒店及旅遊管理學諮詢委員會主席,自二零二五年一月一日起生效。 |
| | Mr. Kwok was appointed as the Chairperson of the Advisory Committee on Hotel and Tourism Management of The Chinese University of Hong Kong with effect from 1 January 2025. |
| | 郭先生獲委任為瑞安房地產有限公司(股份代號:00272)(一間於聯交所主板上市的公司)獨立非執行董事,自二零二五年七月一日起生效。 Mr. Kwok was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of Shui On Land Limited (stock code: 00272) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) with effect from 1 July 2025. |
| 利子厚先生 Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE | 利先生將退任本公司獨立非執行董事,並將不再擔任本公司企業管治委員會主席,以及本公司審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員,自二零二五年八月二十八日即將舉行之本公司股東周年大會結束後生效。 |

除上文所披露者外,自本公司2024/25中期報告 日期以來及截至本報告日期概無董事資料之重大 變更須根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條作出披露。 董事之個人資料載於本公司網站「關於我們」— [投資者專區] 一欄。

28 August 2025.

Save as disclosed above, there was no substantial change in Directors' information since the date of the 2024/25 Interim Report of the Company and up to the date of this report which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules. The biographical details of Directors are available in the "Investors" under "About Us" section on the Company's website.

Mr. Lee will retire as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company and will cease to be the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company, which shall take effect from the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on

董事服務合約

擬於即將舉行之本公司股東周年大會上重選連任 之董事,概無與本公司訂立本公司在一年內不可 在不予賠償(法定賠償除外)之情況下可予以終 **止**之服務合約。

董事薪酬

年內董事薪酬詳情載於財務報表附註9。

董事於交易、安排或合約中之重大權益

除本年報所披露者外,在年內或年度結束時概無 其他與董事或與董事有關連的實體仍然或曾經直 接或間接擁有重大權益的重要交易、安排或合約。

獲准許的彌償條文

惠及本公司董事之獲准許的彌償條文現正有效, 且於年內及本報告書批准時一直生效。於截至二 零二五年三月三十一日止之財政年度內,本公司 亦已為本公司及其附屬公司之董事購買董事及行 政人員責任保險,以為其在依法履行職務過程中 可能產生的賠償提供足夠保障。

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除於上文「購股權」一節及財務報表附註31所披 露外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內並無訂立 任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉購買本公司或任 何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益,而董事、 最高行政人員或彼等之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女 於年內概無擁有可認購本公司證券之任何權利, 亦無行使任何該等權利。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於二零二五年三月三十一日,概無執行董事於直 接或間接與本集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭 的業務擁有任何權益。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Details of Directors' emoluments for the year are set out in note 9 to the financial statements

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS. ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in which any Director or any entity connected with the Director is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors of the Company is currently in force and was in force during the year and at the time of approval of this report. The Company has also purchased the Directors' and officers' liability insurance to provide adequate protection against claims arising from the lawful discharge of duties by the Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the section headed "Share Options" above and in note 31 to the financial statements, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisitions of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors, chief executive or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 March 2025, none of the Executive Directors had any interest in a business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

董事於股份、相關股份及債券之權益及 淡倉

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本公司之已發行普通股數目為630,531,600股;本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中持有根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記於本公司所備存的登記冊內之權益及淡倉,或根據上市規則附錄C3上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)而須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

(a) 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2025, the number of issued ordinary shares of the Company was 630,531,600; and the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

(a) Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

| 董事姓名 Name of Director | 身份 Capacity | 於普通股/ 相關股份* 之權益 Interest in ordinary shares/ underlying shares* | 附註 Notes | 佔本公司 已發行普通股 之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the Company's issued ordinary shares |
|--------------------------------|--|--|-------------|--|
| 蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG | 實益擁有人 Beneficial owner 其他 Other | 9,730,000 399,641,620 | (i) (2) | 1.54% 63.38% |
| 鍾效良 Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG | 實益擁有人 Beneficial owner | 2,666,000 | (ii) | 0.42% |
| 陳慶光 Johnson Chin Kwang TAN | 實益擁有人 Beneficial owner | 484,000 | - | 0.08% |
| Anish LALVANI | 其他 Other | 652,000 | (iii) | 0.10% |

附註:

- (i) 於該等權益中·4,730,000為本公司授予董 事(作為實益擁有人)之購股權。
- (ii) 於該等權益中,2,000,000為本公司授予董事(作為實益擁有人)之購股權。
- (iii) 該等股份權益乃以全權信託的全權受益人 身份持有。
- * 有關本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司 授出之購股權的相關股份權益之詳情載於 下文[購股權]一節。

Notes:

- (i) Among these interests, 4,730,000 were share options granted by the Company to the Director as beneficial owner.
- (ii) Among these interests, 2,000,000 were share options granted by the Company to the Director as beneficial owner.
- (iii) These interests in shares were held in the capacity as discretionary beneficiary of a discretionary trust.
- Details of the interests of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the underlying shares in respect of the share options granted by the Company are set out in the section headed "Share Options" below.

董事局報告書

Report of the Directors

(b) 於相聯法團股份之好倉

- (b) Long positions in shares of associated corporations
- 於震雄投資有限公司(「震雄投資」)之 普通股權益:
- Interests in ordinary shares of Chen Hsong Investments Limited ("CH Investments"):

| 董事姓名 Name of Director | 身份 Capacity | 於普通股之權益 Interest in ordinary shares | 附註 Notes | 佔震雄投資 已發行普通股 股份之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the issued ordinary shares of CH Investments |
|--------------------------|----------------|---|-------------|---|
| 蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG | 其他 Other | 58,220,300 | (2) | 100.00% |

- (ii) 本公司之董事蔣麗苑女士被視作持有 下列相聯法團的股份之權益:
- Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG, a Director of the Company, is deemed to be interested in the shares of the following associated corporations:

| 相聯法團名稱 Name of associated corporation | 於股份之權益 Interest in shares | | 佔相聯法團有關類別 發行股份之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the relevant class of issued shares of associated corporation |
|--|--|----------|---|
| Assetwise Holdings Limited | 1股普通股 1 ordinary share | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| 震雄(中國)投資有限公司 Chen Hsong (PRC) Investment Company Limited | 2股無投票權遞延股份 2 non-voting deferred shares | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| 震雄機器廠有限公司 Chen Hsong Machinery Company, Limited | 50,000,000 股 無投票權遞延股份 50,000,000 non-voting deferred shares | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited | 1股可贖回股份 1 redeemable share | (1) | 100.00% |
| CHI Dorset Square Limited | 4,264,675股普通股 4,264,675 ordinary shares | (1), (6) | 100.00% |

| 相聯法團名稱 Name of associated corporation | 於股份之權益 Interest in shares | | 佔相聯法團有關類別 發行股份之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the relevant class of issued shares of associated corporation |
|---|---|----------|---|
| 連凱有限公司 Continuous Victory Limited | 1股普通股 1 ordinary share | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| 迪斯有限公司 Desee Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| 達觀有限公司 Desko Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| 雅都發展有限公司 Elegant City Developments Limited | 1股普通股 1 ordinary share | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| Elite Sino Investments Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| 博冠投資有限公司 Equaltex Investment Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| 高文有限公司 Goman Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| Gondmyne Limited | 100,000 股普通股 100,000 ordinary shares | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| Granwich Limited | 1股普通股 1 ordinary share | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| 香港電腦輔助設計及生產服務 有限公司 | 52,570,000 股普通股 | (1), (3) | 75.10% |
| Hong Kong Cad-Cam Services Limited | 52,570,000 ordinary shares | | |
| Kadom Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| 佳事來投資有限公司 KCI Investments Limited | 1股普通股 1 ordinary share | (1), (5) | 100.00% |

| 相聯法團名稱 Name of associated corporation | 於股份之權益 Interest in shares | 附註 Note s | 佔相聯法團有關類別 已發行股份之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the relevant class of issued shares of associated corporation |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 高祐有限公司 Koyoki Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| 美姬有限公司 Mikia Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| 慕珍有限公司 Mogin Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| Pacific Concept Global Limited | 6股普通股 6 ordinary shares | (1), (3) | 60.00% |
| 派諾有限公司 Parot Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| Perfect Choice Global Limited | 1股普通股 1 ordinary share | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| 寶達仕有限公司 Potachi Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| Pro-Team Pacific Limited | 1股普通股 1 ordinary share | (1), (3) | 100.00% |
| 利勤有限公司 Rikon Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| 仲都有限公司 Semicity Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| 西北有限公司 Sibeland Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| 崇美有限公司 Sumei Limited | 2股普通股 2 ordinary shares | (1), (4) | 100.00% |
| 益創集團有限公司 Value Creation Group Limited | 1股普通股 1 ordinary share | (1), (3) | 100.00% |

附註:

- (1) Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited 持有震雄投資100%權益,Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited則由 Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited全資擁有。 Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited為蔣震工業慈善基金(「慈善基金」)之全權信託之信託人。根據證券及期貨條例,由於蔣麗苑女士實益擁有Proficient City Investments Limited之100%股份,該公司為慈善基金之幾位合資格受益人之其中一位,故被視作於有關股份持有權益。
- (2) 此乃Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited間接持有之權益,而Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited為慈善基金之信託人,而慈善基金間接持有震雄投資100%權益。根據證券及期貨條例,由於蔣麗苑女士實益擁有Proficient City Investments Limited之100%股份,該公司為慈善基金之幾位合資格受益人之其中一位,故被視作於有關股份持有權益。
- (3) 該等權益由震雄投資持有。
- (4) 該等權益由震雄投資透過Gondmyne Limited間接持有。
- (5) 該等權益由震雄投資透過Assetwise Holdings Limited 間接持有。
- (6) 該等權益由震雄投資透過Perfect Choice Global Limited 間接持有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二五年三 月三十一日,本公司董事或最高行政 人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股 份、相關股份或債券中擁有根據證券 及期貨條例第352條須登記於本公司 所備存的登記冊內之任何權益或淡倉, 或根據標準守則而須另行知會本公司 及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

Notes:

- (1) Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited holds 100% interest in CH Investments. In turn, Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited is wholly-owned by Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited. Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited is the trustee of a discretionary trust, namely The Chiang Chen Industrial Charity Foundation (the "Charity Foundation"). By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG is deemed to be interested in the relevant shares as she beneficially owns 100% shares in Proficient City Investments Limited, one of the several eligible beneficiaries of the Charity Foundation.
- (2) This represents the interest indirectly held by Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited, the trustee of the Charity Foundation, which holds 100% indirect interest in CH Investments. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG is deemed to be interested in the relevant shares as she beneficially owns 100% shares in Proficient City Investments Limited, one of the several eligible beneficiaries of the Charity Foundation.
- (3) Such interests are held by CH Investments.
- (4) Such interests are indirectly held by CH Investments through Gondmyne Limited.
- (5) Such interests are indirectly held by CH Investments through Assetwise Holdings Limited.
- (6) Such interests are indirectly held by CH Investments through Perfect Choice Global Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2025, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

購股權

本公司之購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)摘要載於財務報表附註31。

本公司已採納經股東於本公司在二零一四年九月二十四日(「採納日期」)舉行之股東周年大會上批准之購股權計劃,自採納日期起為期十年。購股權計劃已於二零二四年九月二十三日屆滿,不可再提出任何關於授出購股權之要約,惟根據購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使的購股權將繼續有效,並可根據購股權計劃規則之規定而可繼續行使。

於年內根據購股權計劃董事(其中一名亦為主要 股東)及本集團選定僱員持有的購股權的變動及 於二零二五年三月三十一日尚未行使的購股權的 詳情如下:

SHARE OPTIONS

A summary of the share option scheme of the Company (the "Share Option Scheme") is set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

The Company had adopted the Share Option Scheme approved by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 24 September 2014 ("Adoption Date") with a term of 10 years from the Adoption Date. The Share Option Scheme expired on 23 September 2024, under which no further grant of share options shall be offered. The outstanding share options granted under the Share Option Scheme continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the rules of the Share Option Scheme.

Details of the movements in the share options held by the Directors (one of whom is also a substantial Shareholder) and the selected employees of the Group under the Share Option Scheme during the year and outstanding as at 31 March 2025 were as follows:

| | | | 購股權數量 Number of share options | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|---|
| 參與人姓名或類別 Name or category of participant | 授出日期 Date of grant | 於二零二四年 四月一日 As at 1 April 2024 | 授出 Granted | 已行使 Exercised | 註銷 Cancelled | 失效 Lapsed | 於二零二五年 三月三十一日 As at 31 March 2025 | 行使期 Exercise period | 附註 Notes | 行使價 每股 <i>(港幣)</i> Exercise price per share <i>(HK\$)</i> |
| 第一類 Category I | | | | | | | | | | |
| 董事 Directors 蔣麗苑(<i>附註(6))</i> Lai Yuen CHIANG (<i>Note (6))</i> | 27/11/2020 21/01/2022 06/12/2023 | 2,200,000 1,900,000 630,000 | - - - | - - - | - | - - - | 2,200,000 1,900,000 630,000 | 27/11/2022 - 26/11/2030 21/01/2024 - 20/01/2032 06/12/2025 - 05/12/2033 | (5)(i) (5)(i) (5)(i) | 2.20 2.49 1.436 |
| 鍾效良 Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG | 27/11/2020 21/01/2022 06/12/2023 | 1,200,000 600,000 200,000 | - - - | - - - | - - - | - - - | 1,200,000 600,000 200,000 | 27/11/2022 - 26/11/2030 21/01/2024 - 20/01/2032 06/12/2025 - 05/12/2033 | (5)(i) (5)(i) (5)(i) | 2.20 2.49 1.436 |
| 第二類 Category II | | | | | | | | | | |
| 選定僱員 <i>(附註(3)) (總計)</i> Selected employees (<i>Note (3))</i> (in aggregate) | 27/11/2020 21/01/2022 06/12/2023 16/09/2024 | 2,640,000 840,000 2,270,000 | - - - 1,110,000 | - - - | - - - | (100,000) - (30,000) - | 2,540,000 840,000 2,240,000 1,110,000 | 27/11/2022 - 26/11/2030 21/01/2024 - 20/01/2032 06/12/2025 - 05/12/2033 16/09/2026 - 15/09/2034 | (5)(ii) (5)(ii) (5)(ii) (5)(ii) | 2.20 2.49 1.436 1.44 |
| 第三類 Category III | | | | | | | | | | |
| 選定僱員 (<i>附註(3)) (總計)</i> Selected employees (<i>Note (3))</i> (in aggregate) | 27/11/2020 21/01/2022 06/12/2023 16/09/2024 | 1,890,000 1,180,000 2,910,000 | - - - 2,240,000 | - - - | - - - - | (600,000) (100,000) (670,000) (100,000) | 1,290,000 1,080,000 2,240,000 2,140,000 | 27/11/2023 - 26/11/2030 21/01/2025 - 20/01/2032 06/12/2026 - 05/12/2033 16/09/2027 - 15/09/2034 | (5)(iii) (5)(iii) (5)(iii) (5)(iii) | 2.20 2.49 1.436 1.44 |
| 合計 Total | | 18,460,000 | 3,350,000 | - | - | (1,600,000) | 20,210,000 | | | |

| | | | | 購股 Number of s | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|-------------------|-----------|--------|---------------|-----------------|-------|----------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | 行使價 |
| | | 於二零二四年 | | | | | 於二零二五年 | | | 每股 <i>(港幣)</i> |
| | | 四月一日 | | | | | 三月三十一日 | | | Exercise price |
| 參與人姓名或類別 | 授出日期 | As at | 授出 | 已行使 | 註銷 | 失效 | As at | 行使期 | 附註 | per share |
| Name or category of participant | Date of grant | 1 April 2024 | Granted | Exercised | Cancelled | Lapsed | 31 March 2025 | Exercise period | Notes | (HK\$) |

獲最高薪酬之五名人士(附註(10)) Five highest paid individuals (Note (10))

| 第一類 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|---|---|---|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-------|
| Category I | | | | | | | | | | |
| 董事 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Directors | | | | | | | | | | |
| 蔣麗苑 <i>(附註(6))</i> | 27/11/2020 | 2,200,000 | - | - | - | - | 2,200,000 | 27/11/2022 - 26/11/2030 | (5)(i) | 2.20 |
| Lai Yuen CHIANG (Note (6)) | 21/01/2022 | 1,900,000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,900,000 | 21/01/2024 - 20/01/2032 | (5)(i) | 2.49 |
| | 06/12/2023 | 630,000 | - | - | - | - | 630,000 | 06/12/2025 - 05/12/2033 | (5)(i) | 1.436 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 鍾效良 | 27/11/2020 | 1,200,000 | - | - | - | - | 1,200,000 | 27/11/2022 - 26/11/2030 | (5)(i) | 2.20 |
| Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG | 21/01/2022 | 600,000 | - | - | - | - | 600,000 | 21/01/2024 - 20/01/2032 | (5)(i) | 2.49 |
| | 06/12/2023 | 200,000 | - | - | - | - | 200,000 | 06/12/2025 - 05/12/2033 | (5)(i) | 1.436 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 第二類 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Category II | 07/11/0000 | COO 000 | | | | | COO 000 | 07/11/0000 00/11/0000 | (F)/::\ | 0.00 |
| 選定僱員(附註(3))(總計) | 27/11/2020 | 600,000 | - | - | - | - | 600,000 | 27/11/2022 – 26/11/2030 | (5)(ii) | 2.20 |
| Selected employees (Note (3)) | 21/01/2022 | 200,000 | - | - | - | - | 200,000 | 21/01/2024 – 20/01/2032 | (5)(ii) | 2.49 |
| (in aggregate) | 06/12/2023 | 70,000 | - | - | - | - | 70,000 | 06/12/2025 - 05/12/2033 | (5)(ii) | 1.436 |
| | 16/09/2024 | - | _ | | _ | _ | - | 16/09/2026 - 15/09/2034 | (5)(ii) | 1.44 |
| 第三類 | | | | | | | | | | |
| カー ^映 Category III | | | | | | | | | | |
| 選定僱員(附註(3))(總計) | 27/11/2020 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 27/11/2023 - 26/11/2030 | (5)(iii) | 2.20 |
| Selected employees (Note (3)) | 21/01/2022 | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | 21/01/2025 - 20/01/2032 | (5)(iii) | 2.49 |
| (in aggregate) | 06/12/2023 | 150.000 | _ | | | | 150,000 | 06/12/2026 - 05/12/2033 | (5)(iii) | 1.436 |
| (III aggicgale) | 16/09/2024 | 130,000 | 400.000 | _ | | | 400.000 | 16/09/2027 - 15/09/2034 | | 1.430 |
| | 10/03/2024 | | 400,000 | | | | 400,000 | 1010312021 - 1310312034 | (5)(iii) | 1.44 |
| 合計 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | 7,750,000 | 400,000 | - | - | - | 8,150,000 | | | |

附註:

- (1) 所有上述購股權(除二零二三年十二月六日及二零二四年九月十六日所授出者以外)均於二零二三年一月一日生效的上市規則第十七章修訂前授出。
- (2) 概無向任何參與人授出之購股權超逾1%的個人 限額。
- (3) 此類別只包括僱員參與者。概無向任何關連實體 參與者或服務提供者授出購股權。
- (4) 在緊接購股權於二零二零年十一月二十七日、二零二二年一月二十一日、二零二三年十二月六日及二零二四年九月十六日授出日期之前的股份收市價分別為港幣2.22元、港幣2.44元、港幣1.41元及港幣1.44元。
- (5) 購股權的歸屬期自授出日期開始至相關行使期開 始時結束:
 - (i) 就第一類而言,向各承授人授出之50%及 50%購股權分別於授出日期第二周年及第 四周年當日起歸屬並可行使,惟概無購股 權可於授出日期起計滿十年後行使。
 - (ii) 就第二類而言,向各承授人授出之30%、 30%及40%購股權分別於授出日期第二周 年、第四周年及第六周年當日起歸屬並可 行使,惟概無購股權可於授出日期起計滿 十年後行使。第二類所涉及購股權之歸屬 須經董事局主席同意。
 - (iii) 就第三類而言,向各承授人授出之30%、 30%及40%購股權分別於授出日期第三周 年、第五周年及第七周年當日起歸屬並可 行使,惟概無購股權可於授出日期起計滿 十年後行使。第三類所涉及購股權之歸屬 須經董事局主席同意。

購股權的歸屬不受任何表現目標及/或回補機制 的約束。

Notes:

- (1) All of the above grants of share options (except the grants on 6 December 2023 and 16 September 2024) were made prior to the amendments to Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules taking effect on 1 January 2023.
- (2) None of the grants of share options to any participant is in excess of the 1% individual limit.
- (3) Such category included employee participants only. No share options had been granted to any related entity participant or service provider.
- (4) The closing prices of the shares immediately before the date on which the share options were granted on 27 November 2020, 21 January 2022, 6 December 2023 and 16 September 2024 were HK\$2.22, HK\$2.44, HK\$1.41 and HK\$1.44 respectively.
- (5) The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the relevant exercise period:
 - (i) In respect of Category I, as to 50% and 50% of the share options granted to each grantee shall be vested on and are exercisable from the date falling on the second and fourth anniversary from the date of grant respectively provided that no share options shall be exercised after ten years from the date of grant.
 - (ii) In respect of Category II, as to 30%, 30% and 40% of the share options granted to each grantee shall be vested on and are exercisable from the date falling on the second, fourth and sixth anniversary from the date of grant respectively provided that no share options shall be exercised after ten years from the date of grant. Vesting of the share options in respect of Category II is subject to the consent of the Chairman of the Board.
 - (iii) In respect of Category III, as to 30%, 30% and 40% of the share options granted to each grantee shall be vested on and are exercisable from the date falling on the third, fifth and seventh anniversary from the date of grant respectively provided that no share options shall be exercised after ten years from the date of grant. Vesting of the share options in respect of Category III is subject to the consent of the Chairman of the Board.

The vesting of the share options is not subject to any performance target and/or clawback mechanism.

- (6) 根據證券及期貨條例,蔣麗苑女士(本公司主席、執行董事兼集團總裁及主要股東)由於實益擁有慈善基金之幾位合資格受益人其中一位之100%股份,而該慈善基金之信託人間接持有震雄投資(該公司持有399,641,620股股份,佔本公司於本報告書日期已發行股份之63.38%)之100%權益,因此彼亦被視為擁有震雄投資所持有本公司股份之權益。
- (7) 於二零二四年四月一日,本公司可根據購股權計劃授出39,113,160購股權。於二零二四年九月十六日,本公司授出合共3,350,000購股權。購股權計劃已於二零二四年九月十十三日屆滿,不可再提出任何關於授出購股權之要約。於購股權計劃屆滿前,可根據購股權計劃授出之購股權總數為35,763,160,佔本公司已發行股份數目之5.67%。本公司可根據購股權計劃可予發行之股份總數為20,210,000(即於本報告日期尚未行使的購股權),佔本公司於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內已發行股份數目之3.21%。購股權計劃並無設立服務提供者分項限額。
- (8) 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內,根據本公司購股權計劃授出的購股權而可予發行之股份數目(即3,350,000股)除以本公司於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度之已發行普通股總數(按截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內本公司已發行股份並無變動,即630,531,600股)的加權平均數為0.53%。
- (9) 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內及截至本 報告日期,本公司並無任何庫存股份。
- (10) 於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 獲最高薪酬之五名人十包括兩名董事及三名僱員。

- (6) By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG (the Chairman, an Executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer and a substantial Shareholder of the Company) is also deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by CH Investments, a company holding 399,641,620 shares, representing 63.38% of the issued shares of the Company as at the date of this report, as she beneficially owns 100% shares in one of the several eligible beneficiaries of the Charity Foundation, where the trustee thereof indirectly holds 100% interest in CH Investments.
- As at 1 April 2024, 39,113,160 share options were available for grant under the Share Option Scheme. On 16 September 2024, the Company granted a total of 3,350,000 share options. The Share Option Scheme expired on 23 September 2024, under which no further grant of share options shall be offered. Prior to the expiry of the Share Option Scheme, the total number of shares options available for grant under the Share Option Scheme were 35,763,160, representing 5.67% of the number of issued shares of the Company. The total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme were 20,210,000, representing 3.21% of the number of issued shares of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025, which were outstanding share options as at the date of this report. There was no service provider sublimit set under the Share Option Scheme.
- (8) The number of shares that may be issued in respect of share options granted under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2025 (i.e., 3,350,000) divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025 (i.e., 630,531,600, where there has been no movements in the issued shares of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025) was 0.53%.
- (9) The Company does not have any treasury shares during the year ended 31 March 2025 and up to the date of this report.
- (10) The five highest paid individuals of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 included two Directors and three employees.

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份 之權益及淡倉

於二零二五年三月三十一日,就本公司董事及最 高行政人員所知,根據證券及期貨條例第336條 須備存的本公司登記冊所記錄之主要股東及其他 人士於本公司之股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉如 下:

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2025, so far as was known to the Directors and chief executive of the Company, the interests or short positions of substantial Shareholders and other persons in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

| 股東名稱/姓名 Name of Shareholder | 身份 Capacity | 普通股/ 相關股份* 股數 Number of ordinary shares/ underlying shares* | 附註 Notes | 佔本公司 已發行普通股 之概約百分比 Approximate percentage of the Company's issued ordinary shares |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|-------------|--|
| | | | | |
| 震雄投資 CH Investments | 實益擁有人 Beneficial owner | 399,641,620 | (1) | 63.38% |
| Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited | 於受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation | 399,641,620 | (1) | 63.38% |
| Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited | 信託人 Trustee | 399,641,620 | (1) | 63.38% |
| 蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG | 實益擁有人 Beneficial owner | 9,730,000 | (2) | 1.54% |
| | 其他 Other | 399,641,620 | (3) | 63.38% |
| Proficient City Investments Limited | 於受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation | 399,641,620 | (3) | 63.38% |
| David Michael WEBB | 於受控制法團之權益 Interest of controlled corporation | 48,004,000 | (4) | 7.61% |

附註:

- (1) 此乃震雄投資所持有之同一批股份。由於Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited為慈善基金之信託人,故被 視作於有關股份持有權益,而該等有關股份乃 透過其所控制之法團Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited在震雄投資持有100%權益而持有。
- (2) 於該等權益中·4,730,000為本公司授予董事(作 為實益擁有人)之購股權。
- (3) 此乃震雄投資所持之同一批股份。由於 Proficient City Investments Limited 為慈善基金之幾位合資格 受益人之其中一位,故被視作於有關股份持有權益,而本公司之董事蔣麗苑女士為 Proficient City Investments Limited 唯一實益股東。
- (4) 根據 David Michael WEBB先生於二零二五年三月三十一日呈交之權益披露通知,該等股份權益由 Preferable Situation Assets Limited 及 Member One Limited 持有,該等公司由 David Michael WEBB先生100%控制。
- * 有關本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司授出之 購股權的相關股份權益之詳情載於上文「購股權」 一節。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二五年三月三十一日,概無任何其他人士擁有本公司之股份或相關股份之權益或淡倉而須記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司所備存之登記冊內。

Notes:

- (1) This represents the same parcel of shares held by CH Investments. Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited is deemed to have interest in the relevant shares by virtue of being the trustee of the Charity Foundation, and the relevant shares are held through its controlled corporation, Chiangs' Industrial Holdings Limited, which holds 100% interest in CH Investments.
- (2) Among these interests, 4,730,000 were share options granted by the Company to the Director as beneficial owner.
- (3) This represents the same parcel of shares held by CH Investments. Proficient City Investments Limited is deemed to have interest in the relevant shares by virtue of being one of the several eligible beneficiaries of the Charity Foundation and Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG, a Director of the Company, is the sole beneficial shareholder of Proficient City Investments Limited.
- (4) Based on the notice of disclosure of interests of Mr. David Michael WEBB filed on 31 March 2025, these interests in shares are held by Preferable Situation Assets Limited and Member One Limited, companies 100% controlled by Mr. David Michael WEBB.
- * Details of the interests of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the underlying shares in respect of the share options granted by the Company are set out in the section headed "Share Options" above.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2025, no other persons were recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO as having interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company.

控股股東於合約中之重大權益

除本年報所披露者外,於年內,概無存續由本集 團任何成員公司與本公司任何控股股東或其任何 附屬公司訂立的重大合約。

管理合約

於年內並無訂立或存在有關本公司全部或任何重 大部分業務的管理及行政之合約。

薪酬政策

本集團之薪酬政策(包括釐定薪金及花紅)合符本公司及其附屬公司經營當地之一般慣例。本公司之薪酬委員會經考慮本集團之經營業績、個人職務和表現及可供比較之市場統計數據以及當時市場情況,檢討本公司董事包括執行董事(同時為本公司高級管理人員)之薪酬政策及架構。本公司之董事的薪酬政策乃由薪酬委員會檢討。

本公司已採納購股權計劃作為對本公司董事及本 集團選定僱員的獎勵或激勵:有關計劃之詳情載 於上文「購股權」一節及財務報表附註31。

關連交易

於年內,本集團並無進行任何須遵照上市規則的 申報規定於本年報內作出披露的關連交易。

關連人士交易

本集團與根據適用之會計原則被視為「關連人士」 之人士訂立若干交易。詳情載於財務報表附註 35。

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no contract of significance between any members of the Group and any of the controlling Shareholders of the Company, or any of their subsidiaries, subsisted during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existing during the year.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Group's emolument policy, including the determination of salaries and bonuses, is in line with the local practices where the Company and its subsidiaries operate. The Remuneration Committee of the Company reviews the emolument policy and structure for the remuneration package for the Directors of the Company (including Executive Directors who are also senior management of the Company), having regard to the Group's operating results, individual duties and performance and comparable market statistics as well as prevailing market conditions. The Remuneration Policy of the Directors of the Company is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee.

The Company has adopted the Share Option Scheme as rewards or incentives to Directors of the Company and selected employees of the Group, details of the scheme are set out in the section headed "Share Options" above and in note 31 to the financial statements.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had no connected transactions that were subject to the Listing Rules' reporting requirements for disclosure in this annual report.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group entered into certain transactions with parties regarded as "Related Parties" under applicable accounting principles. Details are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

公眾持股量

根據本公司得悉而董事知悉的公開資料,本公司 於年內及截至本報告書日期已按照上市規則規定 維持多於本公司已發行股份之25%的足夠數額 公眾持股量。

企業管治

本公司的企業管治原則及常規載於本年報第22 至63頁之企業管治報告書。

核數師

本集團截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表已由安永會計師事務所審核,安永會計師事務所將任滿告退,並合資格及願意膺選連任。本公司將於即將舉行之本公司股東周年大會上提呈決議案,續聘安永會計師事務所為本公司之核數師。

代表董事局

蔣麗苑

主席兼集團總裁

香港,二零二五年六月二十日

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the sufficient amount of public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares during the year and up to the date of this report as required under the Listing Rules.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's corporate governance principles and practices are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 22 to 63 of this annual report.

AUDITOR

The financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 have been audited by Ernst & Young who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for reappointment of Ernst & Young as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Lai Yuen CHIANG

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 20 June 2025

獨立核數師報告書

Independent Auditor's Report



致:震雄集團有限公司列位股東(於百慕達許冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第98至231頁的震雄集團有限公司及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二五年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則會計準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二五年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計 準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任 已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公 會頒布的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守 則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的 其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審 計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基 礎。

To the shareholders of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 98 to 231, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2025, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") as issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

致: 震雄集團有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在對綜合財務報表整體進行審計並形成意見的背景下進行處理的,我們不對這些事項提供單獨的意見。我們對下述每一事項在審計中是如何應對的描述也以此為背景。

我們已經履行了本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務 報表承擔的責任」部分闡述的責任,包括與這些 關鍵審計事項相關的責任。相應地,我們的審計 工作包括執行為應對評估的綜合財務報表重大錯 誤陳述風險而設計的審計程序。我們執行審計程 序的結果,包括應對下述關鍵審計事項所執行的 程序,為綜合財務報表整體發表審計意見提供了 基礎。

To the shareholders of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's* responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

致:震雄集團有限公司列位股東(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

To the shareholders of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 該事項在審計中是如何應對的

Impairment assessment of trade receivables 應收貿易賬款的減值評估

As at 31 March 2025, after netting off with an aggregate impairment provision of HK\$91,633,000, the total net carrying amount of the Group's trade receivables was HK\$1,130,754,000. Significant judgements and estimates are applied by management, based on the lifetime expected credit loss approach, in assessing whether the trade receivables are recoverable and if impairment provision is required. Management considers various factors, including the ageing of the trade receivables, historical collection patterns, existence of any disputes, trading history with each customer, prevailing and expected future market conditions and other available information concerning the creditworthiness of customers.

Related disclosures about trade receivables are included in notes 4 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二五年三月三十一日, 貴集團的應收貿易賬款 經扣除港幣91,633,000元的減值撥備後,總淨額為港幣 1,130,754,000元。管理層按全期預期信貸虧損方式應用 重大判斷及估計以評估應收貿易賬款是否可收回及減值 撥備是否需計提。管理層考慮因素包括應收貿易賬款的 賬齡、以往還款記錄、爭議存在性、跟各個別客戶的貿易記錄、現時及預期未來市場狀況及其他有關客戶信貸 質素的資訊。

有關應收貿易賬款的披露事項,載於綜合財務報表附註 4及21。 Our audit procedures included evaluating management's assessment methodology, and the inputs and assumptions applied by management in performing the impairment assessment by checking the ageing of trade receivables, the credit terms granted by the Group, historical collection patterns and post year-end settlements, of selected samples of customers. In addition, we assessed the published economic indices that management applied in their assessment of the impairment provision for trade receivables.

我們的審計程序包括評估管理層的評估方法,以及透過審閱選定的樣本客戶應收貿易賬款的賬齡、 貴集團給予之信貸期、過往還款記錄以及期末後的還款情況,以評估管理層在進行減值評估時投入的資料和假設。此外,我們評估管理層應用於評估應收貿易賬款減值撥備的已公布經濟指標。

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

致:震雄集團有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

刊載於年度報告內其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊 載於年度報告內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表 及我們的核數師報告書。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息, 我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結 論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是 閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否 與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭解的情 況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情 況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他 信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

To the shareholders of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

致:震雄集團有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則會計準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行職責,監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

To the shareholders of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

致: 震雄集團有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理 保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告書。我 們遵照百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條的法規, 僅對全體成員作出報告,除此以外,本報告書並 無其他用途。我們不會就核數師報告書的內容向 任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述 存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響 綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的 經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關的內部監控,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 監控的有效性發表意見。

To the shareholders of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

致: 震雄集團有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在中之時,則有必要在核數師報告書的被露不足,則我們應當發表的被露不足,則我們應當發數不足,則我們應於核數的被露不足,則我們應當發數。 無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數時日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 計劃並執行 貴集團的審計,就 貴集團 內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、 適當的審計憑證,作為對綜合財務報表發 表意見之基礎。我們負責 貴集團審計目 的而執行的審計工作的方向、監督和審查。 我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的 審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我 們在審計中識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。 To the shareholders of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

致: 震雄集團有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合 有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通 有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關 係和其他事項,以及為消除對獨立性的威脅所採 取的行動或防範措施(若適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告書中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告書中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告書中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告書的審計項目合夥人是黃家榮(執業證書號碼: P07059)。

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓

二零二五年六月二十日

To the shareholders of Chen Hsong Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Wong Ka Wing (practising certificate number: P07059).

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants 27/F One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

20 June 2025

Consolidated Income Statement

Year ended 31 March 2025

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 附註 Notes | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------------|--|----------|-------------|-------------|
| 收益 | REVENUE | 6 | 2,594,735 | 2,009,545 |
| Δν Æ Γ ÷ ★ | 0-4-61 | | (1.004.003) | (1.520.561) |
| 銷售成本 | Cost of sales | | (1,984,983) | (1,532,561) |
| 毛利 | Gross profit | | 609,752 | 476,984 |
| 其他收入及收益淨額 | Other income and gains, net | | 106,880 | 108,357 |
| 銷售及分銷支出 | Selling and distribution expenses | | (279,851) | (219,167) |
| 行政支出 | Administrative expenses | | (145,401) | (153,069) |
| 其他經營支出淨額 | Other operating expenses, net | | (101,605) | (86,712) |
| 融資成本 | Finance costs | 8 | (1,561) | (1,199) |
| 應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損 | Share of profits less losses of associates | | 1,411 | (52) |
| | | | | |
| 除税前溢利 | PROFIT BEFORE TAX | 7 | 189,625 | 125,142 |
| 所得税支出 | Income tax expense | 11 | (35,620) | (26,283) |
| 本年度溢利 | PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | | 154,005 | 98,859 |
| 歸屬於: | ATTRIBUTABLE TO: | | | |
| + 0 = # × H + 1 | 5 7 1 1 1 2 | | 154000 | 100.050 |
| 本公司權益持有人 | Equity holders of the Company | | 154,386 | 100,853 |
| 非控股權益 | Non-controlling interests | | (381) | (1,994) |
| | | | 154,005 | 98,859 |
| 本公司權益 | EARNINGS PER SHARE | | | |
| 持有人應佔 | ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY | | | |
| 每股盈利 | HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY | 13 | | |
| 基本(港仙) | Basic (HK cents) | | 24.5 | 16.0 |
| 攤薄(港仙) | Diluted (HK cents) | | 24.5 | 16.0 |

綜合全面收益表

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 31 March 2025

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|------------------------|---|----------|----------|
| 本年度溢利 | PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | 154,005 | 98,859 |
| 其他全面收益/(支出) | OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSES) | | |
| 可於其後期間重新分類 | Other comprehensive expenses that may be | | |
| 至收益表之其他 | reclassified to the income statement in | | |
| 全面支出: | subsequent periods: | | |
| 匯兑差額: | Exchange differences: | | |
| 換算海外業務之 | Exchange differences on translation | | |
| 匯兑差額 | of foreign operations | (74,574) | (84,067) |
| 應佔聯營公司其他 | Share of other comprehensive | | |
| 全面支出 | expenses of associates | (345) | (1,004) |
| 於出售附屬公司之 | Release of exchange fluctuation reserve | | |
| 轉撥匯兑變動儲備 | upon disposal of subsidiaries | (2,062) | |
| 可於其後期間重新分類 | Net other comprehensive expenses that | | |
| 至收益表之其他 | may be reclassified to the income | | |
| | statement in subsequent periods | (76.001) | (OF 071) |
| 全面支出淨額 | statement in subsequent perious | (76,981) | (85,071) |
| 不會於其後期間重新分類 | Other comprehensive income/(expenses) | | |
| 至收益表之其他全面 | that will not be reclassified to the income | | |
| 收益/(支出): | statement in subsequent periods: | | |
| 定額福利計劃之精算收益 | Actuarial gains on a defined benefit plan | 462 | 1,755 |
| AC BATTEL STATE TO THE | Actional game on a defined better plan | 102 | 1,700 |
| 物業重估之收益(附註14) | Gain on property revaluation (note 14) | _ | 72,112 |
| 所得税之影響 | Income tax effect | | (18,028) |
| | | _ | 54,084 |
| | | | |
| 不會將於其後期間重新 | Net other comprehensive income that | | |
| 分類至收益表之其他 | will not be reclassified to the income | 460 | FF 000 |
| 全面收益淨額 | statement in subsequent periods | 462 | 55,839 |
| 本年度其他全面支出, | OTHER COMPREHENSIVE EXPENSES | | |
| 扣除税項 | FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX | (76,519) | (29,232) |
| 本年度總全面 | TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | |
| 收益 | FOR THE YEAR | 77,486 | 69,627 |
| 歸屬於: | ATTRIBUTABLE TO: | | |
| 本公司權益持有人 | Equity holders of the Company | 78,127 | 72,129 |
| 非控股權益 | Non-controlling interests | (641) | (2,502) |
| <u> </u> | 65666 | (071) | (2,502) |
| | | 77,486 | 69,627 |

綜合財務狀況表

於二零二五年三月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2025

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 附註 Notes | 2025 | 2024 |
|----------------|------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| 非流動資產 | NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| 物業、廠房及設備 | Property, plant and equipment | 14 | 546,815 | 551,750 |
| 投資物業 | Investment properties | 15 | 358,347 | 388,071 |
| 使用權資產 | Right-of-use assets | 16(a) | 56,111 | 58,120 |
| 商譽 | Goodwill | 17 | 51,905 | 51,905 |
| 無形資產 | Intangible assets | 18 | 1,808 | 2,648 |
| 於聯營公司之投資 | Investments in associates | 19 | 25,673 | 24,607 |
| 遞延税項資產 | Deferred tax assets | 29 | 28,880 | 31,065 |
| 購買物業、廠房及 | Deposits for purchases of items of | | | |
| 設備訂金 | property, plant and equipment | | 12,953 | 5,474 |
| 應收貿易及票據賬款 | Trade and bills receivables | 21 | 109,824 | 86,214 |
| 定額福利資產 | Defined benefit assets | 28 | 5,041 | 4,764 |
| 非流動資產總計 | Total non-current assets | | 1,197,357 | 1,204,618 |
| グF/川 切 貝 庄 沁 印 | Total Hori-current assets | | 1,137,337 | 1,204,010 |
| 流動資產 | CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| 存貨 | Inventories | 20 | 788,554 | 694,637 |
| 應收貿易及票據賬款 | Trade and bills receivables | 21 | 1,463,974 | 1,232,090 |
| 訂金、預付款項及 | Deposits, prepayments and | | | |
| 其他應收賬款 | other receivables | 22 | 242,116 | 137,119 |
| 應收融資租賃賬款 | Finance lease receivables | 23 | _ | 1,610 |
| 抵押銀行存款 | Pledged bank deposits | 24 | 138,784 | 47,899 |
| 現金及銀行結存 | Cash and bank balances | 25 | 528,179 | 825,777 |
| 流動資產總計 | Total current assets | | 3,161,607 | 2,939,132 |
| 流動負債 | CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| 應付貿易及票據賬款 | Trade and bills payables | 26 | 816,347 | 623,110 |
| 其他應付賬款、 | Other payables, accruals and | | ,- | , |
| 應計負債及合約負債 | contract liabilities | 27 | 302,654 | 290,667 |
| 租賃負債 | Lease liabilities | 16(b) | 4,274 | 3,429 |
| 應付税項 | Tax payable | | 40,684 | 36,746 |
| 流動負債總計 | Total current liabilities | | 1,163,959 | 953,952 |
| 流動資產淨值 | NET CURRENT ASSETS | | 1,997,648 | 1,985,180 |
| 資產總值減 | TOTAL ASSETS LESS | | | |
| 流動負債 | CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 3,195,005 | 3,189,798 |

綜合財務狀況表(續)

於二零二五年三月三十一日

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (continued) As at 31 March 2025

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 附註 Notes | 2025 | 2024 |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | |
| 非流動負債 | NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| 其他應付賬款及應計負債 | Other payables and accruals | 27 | 4,431 | 11,195 |
| 租賃負債 | Lease liabilities | 16(b) | 13,262 | 13,910 |
| 遞延税項負債 | Deferred tax liabilities | 29 | 88,940 | 90,624 |
| U >> ~ (+ /+ // >) | | | | |
| 非流動負債總計 | Total non-current liabilities | | 106,633 | 115,729 |
| | | | | |
| 資產淨值 | NET ASSETS | | 3,088,372 | 3,074,069 |
| | | | | _ |
| 權益 | EQUITY | | | |
| 本公司權益持有人 | Equity attributable to equity holders | | | |
| 應佔權益 | of the Company | | | |
| 已發行股本 | Issued share capital | 30 | 63,053 | 63,053 |
| 儲備 | Reserves | 32 | 3,018,517 | 2,994,477 |
| | | | | |
| | | | 3,081,570 | 3,057,530 |
| 非控股權益 | Non-controlling interests | | 6,802 | 16,539 |
| | | | | |
| 權益總計 | TOTAL EQUITY | | 3,088,372 | 3,074,069 |

蔣麗苑 Lai Yuen CHIANG

主席兼集團總裁 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

鍾效良 Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG

董事 Director

綜合權益變動表

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 March 2025

2025 本公司權益持有人應佔 Attributable to equity holders of the Company

| | | 7/1> | 已發行 股本 Issued | 股份 溢價賬 Share | 資本贖回 儲備 Capital | 資本儲備 | 法定儲備 | 一般儲備 |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 附註 Notes | share capital | premium account | redemption reserve | Capital reserve | Statutory reserve | General reserve |
| (/6// //0/ | (πήφ σσσ) | 710100 | cupitui | uccount | 1000170 | 1000110 | 1000110 | 1000110 |
| 於二零二四年四月一日 | At 1 April 2024 | | 63,053 | 509,580 | 295 | 58,478 | 150,702 | 2,351 |
| 本年度溢利/(虧損) | Profit/(loss) for the year | | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 本年度其他全面 | Other comprehensive income/ | | | | | | | |
| 收益/(支出): | (expenses) for the year: | | | | | | | |
| 換算海外業務之 | Exchange differences on translation | | | | | | | |
| 匯兑差額 | of foreign operations | | - | - | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 應佔聯營公司 | Share of other comprehensive | | | | | | | |
| 其他全面支出 | expenses of associates | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 於出售附屬公司之 轉撥匯兑變動 | Release of exchange fluctuation | | | | | | | |
| 特別 は は は は は は は は は は は は り は り り り り り | reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries | 38 | | | | | | |
| 定額福利計劃之 | Actuarial gains on a defined | 30 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 精算收益 | benefit plan | 28 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 167F K.III. | benefit plan | | | | | | | |
| 本年度總全面 | Total comprehensive income/ | | | | | | | |
| 收益/(支出) | (expenses) for the year | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 以股權支付的 | Equity-settled share option | | | | | | | |
| 購股權安排 | arrangements | 31 | - | - | - | 1,400 | - | _ |
| 出售附屬公司 | Disposal of subsidiaries | 38 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 保留溢利轉撥 | Transfer from retained profits | | - | - | - | _ | 889 | - |
| 截至二零二四年 | Final dividend | | | | | | | |
| 三月三十一日止 | for the year ended | | | | | | | |
| 年度之末期股息 | 31 March 2024 | 12 | - | - | - | - | - | _ |
| 中期股息 | Interim dividend | 12 | _ | _ | | _ | | |
| 於二零二五年 | | | | | | | | |
| 三月三十一日 | At 31 March 2025 | | 63,053 | 509,580* | 295* | 59,878* | 151,591* | 2,351* |

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 March 2025

2025 本公司權益持有人應佔 Attributable to equity holders of the Company

| | | | 資產重估 儲備 Asset | 匯兑變動 儲備 Exchange | 保留溢利 | | 非控股 權益 Non- | 權益總計 |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------|---------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------|
| (洪敞工二) | /LIV¢'000) | 附註 | revaluation | fluctuation | Retained | 總計 Total | controlling | Total |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | Notes | reserve | reserve | profits | Total | interests | equity |
| 於二零二四年四月一日 | At 1 April 2024 | | 135,315 | 78,391 | 2,059,365 | 3,057,530 | 16,539 | 3,074,069 |
| 本年度溢利/(虧損) 本年度其他全面 收益/(支出): | Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income/ (expenses) for the year: | | - | - | 154,386 | 154,386 | (381) | 154,005 |
| 換算海外業務之 匯兑差額 應佔聯營公司 | Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive | | - | (74,314) | - | (74,314) | (260) | (74,574) |
| 其他全面支出 於出售附屬公司之 | expenses of associates Release of exchange fluctuation | | - | (345) | - | (345) | - | (345) |
| 轉撥匯兑變動 儲備 定額福利計劃之 | reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries Actuarial gains on a defined | 38 | - | (2,062) | - | (2,062) | - | (2,062) |
| 精算收益 | benefit plan | 28 | _ | _ | 462 | 462 | _ | 462 |
| 16445 | | | | | | | | |
| 本年度總全面 收益/(支出) 以股權支付的 | Total comprehensive income/ (expenses) for the year Equity-settled share option | | - | (76,721) | 154,848 | 78,127 | (641) | 77,486 |
| 購股權安排 | arrangements | 31 | _ | _ | _ | 1,400 | _ | 1,400 |
| 出售附屬公司 | Disposal of subsidiaries | 38 | - | - | _ | _ | (9,096) | (9,096) |
| 保留溢利轉撥 | Transfer from retained profits | | - | - | (889) | _ | _ | - |
| 截至二零二四年 | Final dividend | | | | | | | |
| 三月三十一日止 | for the year ended | | | | | | | |
| 年度之末期股息 | 31 March 2024 | 12 | _ | _ | (31,527) | (31,527) | _ | (31,527) |
| 中期股息 | Interim dividend | 12 | | | (23,960) | (23,960) | | (23,960) |
| 於二零二五年 | | | | | | | | |
| 三月三十一日 | At 31 March 2025 | | 135,315* | 1,6/0* | 2,157,837* | 3,081,570 | 6,802 | 3,088,372 |

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

2024

本公司權益持有人應佔 Attributable to equity holders of the Company

| | | - | 已發行 股本 | 股份 溢價賬 | 資本贖回 儲備 | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|---------|-----------|------------|---------|-----------|---------|
| | | | Issued | Share | Capital | 資本儲備 | 法定儲備 | 一般儲備 |
| | | 附註 | share | premium | redemption | Capital | Statutory | General |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | Notes | capital | account | reserve | reserve | reserve | reserve |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 於二零二三年四月一日 | At 1 April 2023 | | 63,053 | 509,580 | 295 | 57,030 | 149,641 | 2,351 |
| 本年度溢利/(虧損) | Profit/(loss) for the year | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 本年度其他全面 | Other comprehensive income/ | | | | | | | |
| 收益/(支出): | (expenses) for the year: | | | | | | | |
| 換算海外業務之 | Exchange differences on translation | | | | | | | |
| 匯兑差額 | of foreign operations | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 應佔聯營公司 | Share of other comprehensive | | | | | | | |
| 其他全面支出 | expenses of associates | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 物業重估之收益 | Gain on property revaluation, | | | | | | | |
| 扣除税項 | net of tax | 14 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 定額福利計劃之 | Actuarial gains on a defined | | | | | | | |
| 精算收益 | benefit plan | 28 | _ | _ | | | _ | |
| 本年度總全面 | Total comprehensive income/ | | | | | | | |
| 收益/(支出) | (expenses) for the year | | | | | | | |
| 以股權支付的 | Equity-settled share option | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 購股權安排 | arrangements | 31 | | | | 1,206 | | |
| 保留溢利轉撥 | Transfer from retained profits | 51 | | | | 242 | 1,061 | |
| 截至二零二三年 | Final dividend | | | | | 272 | 1,001 | |
| 三月三十一日止 | for the year ended | | | | | | | |
| 年度之末期股息 | 31 March 2023 | 12 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 中期股息 | Interim dividend | 12 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | |
| 於二零二四年 三月三十一日 | At 31 March 2024 | | 63,053 | 509,580* | 295* | 58,478* | 150,702* | 2,351 |
| $-\pi = 1 - \Pi$ | ALDI WIDICII ZUZ4 | | 03,003 | JU9,58U" | 295" | 20,4/8 | 100,702" | ۷,331 |

該等儲備賬項包括綜合財務狀況表內之綜合儲 * 備為港幣3,018,517,000元(二零二四年:港幣 2,994,477,000元)。

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$3,018,517,000 (2024: HK\$2,994,477,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2025

2024 本公司權益持有人應佔

Attributable to equity holders of the Company

資產重估 匯兑變動 非控股 儲備 儲備 權益 權益總計 Asset **Exchange** 保留溢利 Non-附註 Retained 總計 controlling revaluation fluctuation Total (港幣千元) (HK\$'000) Notes reserve reserve profits Total interests equity 於二零二三年四月一日 At 1 April 2023 81,231 162,954 2,023,005 3,049,140 19,041 3,068,181 本年度溢利/(虧損) Profit/(loss) for the year 100,853 98,859 100,853 (1,994)本年度其他全面 Other comprehensive income/ 收益/(支出): (expenses) for the year: 換算海外業務之 Exchange differences on translation 匯兑差額 of foreign operations (83,559)(83,559)(508)(84,067) 應佔聯營公司 Share of other comprehensive 其他全面支出 expenses of associates (1,004)(1,004)(1,004)物業重估之收益 Gain on property revaluation, 54,084 扣除税項 net of tax 14 54,084 54,084 定額福利計劃之 Actuarial gains on a defined 精算收益 benefit plan 28 1,755 1,755 1,755 本年度總全面 Total comprehensive income/ 收益/(支出) 54,084 (84,563) 102,608 72,129 (2,502)69,627 (expenses) for the year 以股權支付的 Equity-settled share option 購股權安排 arrangements 31 1,206 1,206 保留溢利轉撥 Transfer from retained profits (1.303)截至二零二三年 Final dividend 三月三十一日止 for the year ended 12 年度之末期股息 31 March 2023 (46.029)(46.029)(46.029)中期股息 Interim dividend 12 (18,916)(18,916)(18,916)於二零二四年 三月三十一日 At 31 March 2024 135,315* 78,391* 2,059,365* 3,057,530 16,539 3,074,069

綜合現金流量表

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 March 2025

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 附註 Notes | 2025 | 2024 |
|----------------------|--|----------|-----------|---------|
| 經營業務之 | CASH FLOWS FROM | | | |
| だ宮未份と 現金流量 | OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| 克亚派里 除税前溢利 | Profit before tax | | 190 625 | 105 140 |
| | | | 189,625 | 125,142 |
| 調整: | Adjustments for: | 0 | 1 561 | 1 100 |
| 融資成本 | Finance costs | 8 | 1,561 | 1,199 |
| 應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損 | Share of profits less losses of associates | 19 | (1,411) | 52 |
| 利息收入 | Interest income | 7 | (28,672) | (23,603 |
| 融資租賃利息收入 | Finance lease interest income | 7 | (54) | (225 |
| 物業、廠房及設備 | Depreciation of property, plant and | | | |
| 之折舊 | equipment | 7 | 52,606 | 51,176 |
| 使用權資產之折舊 | Depreciation of right-of-use assets | 7 | 5,152 | 4,971 |
| 無形資產之攤銷 | Amortization of intangible assets | 7 | 800 | 812 |
| 出售物業、廠房及設備及 | Gain on disposal of items of | | | |
| 使用權資產之 | property, plant and equipment | | | |
| 收益淨額 | and right-of-use asset, net | 7 | (2,157) | (1,245 |
| 提前終止租賃收益 | Gain on early termination of a lease | 7 | _ | (9 |
| 出售附屬公司之收益淨額 | Gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net | 7 | (17,886) | - |
| 註銷附屬公司收益 | Gain on deregistration of a subsidiary | 7 | _ | (83 |
| 物業、廠房及設備 | Write-off of items of property, | | | |
| 之註銷 | plant and equipment | 7 | 6,359 | 1,511 |
| 存貨撥備/(撥備撥回) | Provision/(write-back of provision) | | | |
| 淨額 | for inventories, net | 7 | 9,814 | (1,045 |
| 應收貿易賬款減值/ | Impairment/(write-back of impairment) | | | |
| (減值撥回)淨額 | of trade receivables, net | 7 | 10,755 | (2,956 |
| 投資物業之公平值 | Fair value losses on | | , | , |
| 虧損 | investment properties | 7 | 22,944 | 10,569 |
| 以股權支付的購股權支出 | Equity-settled share option expenses | 31 | 1,400 | 1,206 |
| | Equity Settled Share option expenses | | 2,100 | 1,200 |
| | | | 250,836 | 167,472 |
| 存貨減少/(増加) | Decrease/(increase) in inventories | | (120,547) | 79,621 |
| 應收貿易及票據賬款 | Decrease/(increase) in trade and | | | |
| 減少/(增加) | bills receivables | | (304,096) | 136,765 |
| 應收融資租賃賬款 | Decrease/(increase) in finance lease | | | |
| 減少/(增加) | receivables | | 1,044 | (1,104 |
| 訂金、預付款項及 | Increase in deposits, prepayments and | | | |
| 其他應收賬款增加 | other receivables | | (108,367) | (23,682 |
| 應付貿易及票據賬款增加 | Increase in trade and bills payables | | 204,335 | 9,657 |
| 其他應付賬款、應計負債及 | Increase/(decrease) in other payables, | | , | , |
| 合約負債增加/(減少) | accruals and contract liabilities | | 9,389 | (16,953 |
| 供款予定額福利計劃 | Contributions to a defined benefit plan | | (29) | (586 |

綜合現金流量表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 March 2025

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 附註 Notes | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|---|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| (= dol. => () | | | | |
| 經營產生/(流出)之現金 | Cash generated from/(used in) operations | | (67,435) | 351,190 |
| 已付利息 | Interest paid | | (1,561) | (1,199) |
| 已收融資租賃利息 | Finance lease interest received | | 54 | 225 |
| 已付香港利得税項 | Hong Kong profits tax paid | | _ | (3,305) |
| 退回海外税項 | Overseas taxes refunded | | 1,264 | 4,466 |
| 已付海外税項 | Overseas taxes paid | | (31,194) | (28,335) |
| 經營業務之現金流入/(流出) | Net cash flows from/(used in) operating | | | |
| 淨額 | activities | | (98,872) | 323,042 |
| 投資業務之 | CASH FLOWS FROM | | | |
| 現金流量 | INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| 購買物業、廠房及設備 | Purchases of items of property, plant and | | | |
| 及使用權資產 | equipment and a right-of-use asset | 33(a) | (58,922) | (52,807) |
| 出售物業、廠房及設備 | Proceeds from disposal of items of | | , | , , , , , , |
| 及使用權資產 | property, plant and equipment and | | | |
| 所得款項 | a right-of-use asset | | 2,213 | 1,568 |
| 出售附屬公司所得款項 | Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries | <i>38</i> | 6,728 | . – |
| 已收利息 | Interest received | | 28,672 | 23,603 |
| 購買物業、廠房及 | Increase in deposits for purchases of | | | |
| 設備訂金增加 | items of property, plant and equipment | 33(a) | (12,697) | (5,147) |
| 於存款時距離原期滿日超過 | Decrease/(increase) in bank deposits with | | | |
| 三個月之銀行存款 | original maturity of more than three | | | |
| 減少/(增加) | months when acquired | | 8,825 | (8,825) |
| 提取抵押銀行存款 | Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits | | 447,385 | 70,793 |
| 存放抵押銀行存款 | Placement of pledged bank deposits | | (538,614) | (93,736) |
| 投資業務之現金流出淨額 | Net cash flows used in investing activities | | (116,410) | (64,551) |
| | | | | |
| 融資業務之 | CASH FLOWS FROM | | | |
| 現金流量 | FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| 新借銀行貸款 | New bank loans | | 101,652 | _ |
| 償還銀行貸款 | Repayment of bank loans | | (101,652) | _ |
| 已付股息 | Dividends paid | | (55,487) | (64,945) |
| 租賃付款之本金部分 | Principal portion of lease payments | 33(c) | (3,610) | (3,170) |
| 融資業務之現金流出淨額 | Net cash flows used in financing activities | | (59,097) | (68,115) |
| 14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.1 | THE CASH HOWS ASCA III III AHOH ACTIVITIES | | (33,037) | (00,113) |

綜合現金流量表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2025

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 附註 Notes | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|--|----------|--------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| 現金及現金等價物之 | NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH | | | |
| 增加/(減少)淨額 | AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | (274,379) | 190,376 |
| 年初之現金 | Cash and cash equivalents | | | |
| 及現金等價物 | at beginning of year | | 816,952 | 644,662 |
| 匯率變動之影響 | Effect of foreign exchange rate | | | |
| 淨額 ———————————————————————————————————— | changes, net | | (14,394) | (18,086) |
| 年終之現金 | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | | |
| 及現金等價物 | AT END OF YEAR | | 528,179 | 816,952 |
| | | | | |
| 現金及現金等價物 | ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF | | | |
| 結存之分析 | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | | |
| 現金及銀行結存 | Cash and bank balances | 25 | 398,004 | 470,388 |
| 於存款時距離原期滿日 | Bank deposits with original maturity of | | | |
| 不足三個月之銀行存款 | less than three months when acquired | 25 | 130,175 | 346,564 |
| 綜合現金流量表所列之 | Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the | | | |
| 現金及現金等價物 | consolidated statement of cash flows | | 528,179 | 816,952 |
| 於存款時距離原期滿日 | Bank deposits with original maturity of | | 020,173 | 010,302 |
| 超過三個月之銀行存款 | more than three months when acquired | 25 | _ | 8,825 |
| | more than three months when acquired | 23 | _ | 0,023 |
| 綜合財務狀況表所列之 | Cash and cash equivalents as stated in | | | |
| 現金及現金 | the consolidated statement of | | | |
| 等價物 | financial position | | 528,179 | 825,777 |

財務報表附註

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2025

公司及集團資料 1.

震雄集團有限公司(「本公司」)為於百慕達 註冊成立之有限公司。本公司之主要營業 地點位於香港威非路道18號萬國寶通中心 20樓2001室。

於年內,本集團主要從事製造及銷售注塑 機及有關產品。

董事認為本公司之最終控股公司為於巴哈 馬註冊成立之 Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited。 香港註冊成立之震雄投資有限公司(「震雄 投資」)則為本公司之直接控股公司。

主要附屬公司之詳情載於第232至234頁。

2. 會計政策

2.1 編製基準

該等財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會(「香 港會計師公會」)頒布之香港財務報告準則 會計準則(包括所有香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」)、香港會計準則(「香港 會計準則」)及詮釋)及香港公司條例之披露 要求而編製。除投資物業按公平值計算外, 財務報表乃按歷史成本慣例而編製。定額 福利資產以預計單位基數精算估值法計量, 並於財務報表附註3進一步解釋。財務報表 以港幣呈列,除了另有指明,所有金額均 以千元(港幣千元)列報。

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Chen Hsong Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Unit 2001, 20th Floor, Citicorp Centre, 18 Whitfield Road, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was principally involved in the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products.

In the opinion of the directors, the Company's ultimate holding company is Cititrust (Bahamas) Limited, a company incorporated in the Bahamas. Chen Hsong Investments Limited ("CH Investments"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong, is the Company's immediate holding company.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are set out on pages 232 to 234.

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties which have been measured at fair value. Defined benefit assets are measured using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method as further explained in note 3 to the financial statements. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

2. 會計政策(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(全部統稱為「本集團」)截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司為本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集團對參與投資對象業務的經對動回報承擔風險或享有權利以及能透過對投資對象的權力(如本集團獲賦予現有能力以主導投資對象相關活動的既存權利)影響該等回報時,即取得控制權。

在一般情況下,有一個假設,即大多數投票權形成控制權。倘本公司擁有少於投資對象大多數投票或類似的權利,則本集團於評估其是否擁有對投資對象的權力時會考慮一切相關事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票持有人的合約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生的權利;及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司財務報表使用與本公司一致的會計政策按相同申報期編製。附屬公司業績自本集團獲得控制權之日起綜合入賬,直至控制權終止之日為止。

即使會導致非控股權益出現虧損結餘,收益表及其他全面收入的各個組成部分仍會歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。所有與本集團成員公司間交易有關的集團內公司間資產及負債、權益、收入、支出及現金流量於綜合賬目時全數抵銷。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2025. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee:
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

2. 會計政策(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

倘事實及情況顯示以上所述三項控制元素中的一項或多項元素有變動,則本集團會重新評估其是否擁有投資對象的控制權。 倘並無失去控制權,則附屬公司之擁有權權益變動會入賬列為權益交易。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權,則終 止確認該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)、負 債、相關任何非控股權益及匯兑波動儲備, 並記錄所保留任何投資之公平值及任何因 此於損益產生之盈餘或虧絀。先前於其他 全面收入已確認的本集團應佔部分會視乎 情況,按倘本集團直接出售相關資產或負 債所要求的相同基準重新分類至收益表或 保留溢利(如適當)。

2.2 會計政策及披露變動

本集團於本年度的財務報表首次採納以下 經修訂之香港財務報告準則會計準則。

香港財務報告準則 售後回租的 第16號(修訂) 租賃負債

香港會計準則第1號 *負債分類為* (修訂) *流動或非流動* (「二零二零年

修訂」)

香港會計準則第1號 *附帶契諾的非流動* (修訂) *負債*(「二零二二 年修訂」)

香港會計準則第7號 供應商融資安排 及香港財務報告

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve and recognizes the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to the income statement or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRS Accounting Standards for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as

Current or Non-current (the "2020 Amendments")

Amendments to HKAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with

Covenants (the "2022 Amendments")

Amendments to HKAS 7 and Supplier Finance
HKFRS 7 Arrangements

準則第7號(修訂)

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

2. 會計政策(續)

2.2 會計政策及披露變動(續)

經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則之性質 及影響詳述如下:

- (a) 香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂訂明 賣方承租人於計量售後租回交易中產 生之租賃負債時之規定,以確保賣方 承租人不會確認與其保留之使用權有 關之任何損益金額。由於本集團自首 次應用香港財務報告準則第16號之日 起並無具有並非基於指數或比率之可 變租賃付款之售後租回交易,故該等 修訂對本集團之財務狀況或表現並無 產生任何影響。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRS Accounting Standards are described below:

- (a) Amendments to HKFRS 16 specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction to ensure the sellerlessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. Since the Group has no sale and leaseback transactions with variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate occurring from the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- (b) The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify that a liability can be settled in its own equity instruments, and that only if a conversion option in a convertible liability is itself accounted for as an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

2. 會計政策(續)

2.2 會計政策及披露變動(續)

(b) (續)

對於實體須於報告期後十二個月內遵 守未來契諾之非流動負債,須作出額 外披露。

本集團已重新評估其於二零二三年及 二零二四年四月一日之負債條款及條 件,並認為其負債之流動或非流動分 類於首次應用該等修訂時維持不變。 因此,該等修訂對本集團之財務狀況 或表現並無產生任何影響。

(c) 香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告 準則第7號之修訂闡明供應商融資安 排之特點,並規定須就該等安排作出 額外披露。該等修訂之披露規定旨在 協助財務報告書使用者了解供應商融 資安排對實體之負債、現金流量及流 動資金風險之影響。因本集團並沒有 提供供應商融資安排,該等修訂對本 集團之財務報表並無任何影響。

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

(b) (continued)

Additional disclosures are required for non-current liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period.

The Group has reassessed the terms and conditions of its liabilities as at 1 April 2023 and 2024 and concluded that the classification of its liabilities as current or noncurrent remained unchanged upon initial application of the amendments. Accordingly, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

(c) Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. As the Group does not have supplier finance arrangements, the amendments did not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

2. 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告準則會計 準則

本集團並無於該等財務報表內應用以下已 頒布但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂之香港財 務報告準則會計準則。本集團擬在該等新 訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則生 效時予以應用(如適用)。

| 香港財務報告準則 |
|--------------|
| 第10 昧 |

財務報表的呈列及 披露3

香港財務報告準則 第19號

無公眾責任的附屬公 司:披露3

香港財務報告準則 第9號及香港財務 報告準則第7號 (修訂)

金融工具之分類及 計量2

香港財務報告準則 第9號及香港財務 報告準則第7號

(修訂)

涉及依賴自然能源的 電力的合約2

香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港 會計準則第28號 (修訂)

投資者與其聯營公司 或合營企業之間的 資產出售或注資4

香港會計準則 第21號(修訂)

缺乏可兑換性1

香港財務報告準則 會計準則之 年度改進 一第11冊

香港財務報告準則 第1號、香港財務 報告準則第7號、 香港財務報告準則 第9號、香港財務 報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則 第7號(修訂)2

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING **STANDARDS**

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. The Group intends to apply these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

| HKFRS 18 | Presentation and Disclosure in |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| | |

Financial Statements³

HKFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public

Accountability: Disclosures3

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and

HKFRS 7

Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments²

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and

HKFRS 7

Contracts Referencing Naturedependent Electricity²

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and Sale or Contribution of Assets

HKAS 28

between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture4

Amendments to HKAS 21

Lack of Exchangeability¹

Annual improvements to **HKFRS** Accounting

Standards — Volume 11

Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 72

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

2. 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒布但未生效的香港財務報告準則會計 準則(續)

- 於二零二五年一月一日或以後開始之年度 期間生效
- 於二零二六年一月一日或以後開始之年度 期間生效
- 於二零二七年一月一日或以後開始之年 度/報告期間生效
- 尚未釐定強制生效日期,但可供採納

本集團現正就初次採納此等新訂及經修訂 之香港財務報告準則會計準則之影響作出 評估,惟尚未能確定此等新訂及經修訂香 港財務報告準則會計準則會否對其財務表 現及財務狀況造成任何重大影響。

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING **STANDARDS** (continued)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
- Effective for annual/reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards upon initial application, but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards would have any significant impact on its financial performance and financial position.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策

投資聯營公司及合營企業

聯營公司指本集團持有不少於20%投票權 作為長期權益,且對其有影響力之實體。 顯著影響力指參與被投資方財務及經營決 策之權力,惟並非控制或共同控制有關政策。

合營企業指一種合營安排,對安排擁有共同控制權之訂約方據此對合營企業之資產淨值擁有權利。共同控制指按照合約協定對一項安排所共有之控制,共同控制僅在有關活動要求享有控制權之訂約方作出一致同意之決定時存在。

本集團於聯營公司及合營企業之投資乃按 本集團根據權益會計法應佔資產淨值減任 何減值虧損於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long-term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in associates and joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognizes its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates or joint ventures, except where unrealized losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

投資聯營公司及合營企業(續)

倘於聯營公司投資成為於合營企業投資(或 於合營企業投資成為於聯營公司投資),保 留權益不予重新計量。相反,投資繼續按 權益法列賬。在所有其他情況下,失去對 聯營公司之重大影響力或對合營企業之共 同控制權後,本集團計量及確認按公平值 計量之任何保留投資。失去重大影響力或 共同控制權後,聯營公司或合營企業之賬 面值與保留投資之公平值及出售所得款項 之間之差額於收益表確認。

業務合併及商譽

業務合併乃以購買法入賬。轉讓之代價乃 以收購日期的公平值計量,該公平值為本 集團轉讓的資產於收購日期的公平值,本 集團向被收購方之前擁有人承擔的負債及 本集團發行以換取被收購方控制權之股本 權益總和。於各業務合併中,本集團選擇 是否以公平值或被收購方可識別資產淨值 的應佔比例,計量於被收購方屬現時擁有 人權益之非控股權益。非控股權益之所有 其他部分乃按公平值計量。收購相關成本 於產生時列為開支。

當所收購的一系列活動及資產包括一項輸 入數據和一個實質流程, 目兩者可為創造 輸出作出重大貢獻時,本集團確定其已收 購一項業務。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (continued)

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognizes any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in the income statement.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of noncontrolling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisitionrelated costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

當本集團收購業務時,須根據合約條款、 收購日期之經濟環境及相關條件對所承擔 金融資產及負債進行評估,以適當分類及 確認,包括將嵌入式衍生工具與被收購方 主合約分開。

倘業務合併分階段進行,先前持有之股本權益應按收購日期公平值重新計量,而任何因此產生的收益或虧損將於收益表或其他全面收益表中確認(如適當)。

收購方將轉讓之任何或然代價於收購日期 按公平值確認。分類為資產或負債的或然 代價均以公平值計量,而公平值變動將於 收益表中確認。分類為權益的或然代價將 不會重新計量,且其後結清於權益中入賬。

商譽按成本進行初始計量,即已轉讓代價、非控股權益之確認金額及本集團先前所持於被收購方之股本權益公平值總額超出所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債之差額。倘總代價及其他項目之總和低於所收購資產淨值之公平值,則於重新評估後之差額會於收益表確認為廉價購買時之收益。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in the profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the income statement. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognized for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognized in the income statement as a gain on bargain purchase.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

初始確認後, 商譽按成本減累計減值虧損 計量。商譽每年就減值進行檢討,倘有事 件或情況變化顯示賬面值可能出現減值跡 象,則進行更為頻密之檢討。本集團於三 月三十一日進行年度商譽減值測試。就減 值測試而言,業務合併中購入之商譽由收 購日期起,被分配到預期將從合併之協同 效應中受益之本集團各現金產生單位,不 論本集團之其他資產或負債是否被分配至 該等單位或單位組別。

減值按對與商譽有關之現金產生單位(現金 產生單位組別)可收回金額進行之評估釐 定。倘現金產生單位(現金產生單位組別) 之可收回金額少於其賬面值,則確認減值 虧損。就商譽確認之減值虧損不會於隨後 期間撥回。

當商譽分配至現金產生單位(或現金產生單 位組別)及出售該單位之某部分業務,則於 釐定出售業務之收益或虧損時,與出售業 務相關之商譽將包括在該業務之賬面值內。 在此情況下出售之商譽將以出售業務和保 留之現金產生單位部分相對價值為基礎作 計量。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 March. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergy of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

公平值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公平值計量投資物業。公平值為於計量日期於與市場參轉之有序交易中因出售資產而收取或基轉負債而支付之價格。公平值計量於資產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或負債之之最有利之市場發生,或如並無主要市場發生,或如並無主要市場發生,或如並無主要市場發生,或如並無主要發生,或與最有利市場須為本集團可進入之與出數資產或負債之公平值乃使用市場參與行使最佳經濟利益對資產或負債進行定額時所使用之假設予以計量。

非金融資產之公平值計量計及市場參與者 以最佳方式動用資產或向會以最佳方式動 用資產之其他市場參與者出售有關資產, 以產生經濟利益之能力。

本集團針對具體情況使用不同估值方法, 確保有足夠數據計量公平值,並儘可能利 用有關可觀察輸入值及減少使用不可觀察 輸入值。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

公平值計量(續)

公平值於財務報表計量或披露之所有資產 及負債,乃根據對公平值計量整體而言屬 重大之最低層級輸入值分類於公平值層級, 載列如下:

第一層 — 基於相同資產或負債於活躍 市場之報價(未經調整)

第二層 — 基於對公平值計量而言屬重大 之最低層級輸入值可觀察(不 論直接或間接)之估值技巧

第三層 — 基於對公平值計量而言屬重 大之最低層級輸入值不可觀 察之估值技巧

對於按經常性基準於財務報表確認之資產 及負債,本集團於各報告期末透過重新評 估分類(根據對公平值計量整體而言屬重大 之最低層級輸入值),確定是否於各層級之 間發生轉移。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement (continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

非金融資產減值

倘有跡象顯示出現減值或要求就資產進行年度減值測試(存貨、遞延税項資產及投資物業除外),則會估計該資產的可收回金額。可收回金額按資產或現金產出單位的使用價值或其公平值減處置成本(以較高者為準),並就個別資產而釐定,除非有關資產並無產生在頗大程度上獨立於其他資產或資產組別的現金流入,在此情況下可收回金額就資產所屬的現金產出單位而釐定。

在對現金產出單位進行減值測試時,倘公司資產(如總部大樓)的部分賬面值在合理及一致的基準上進行分配,則將分配至個別現金產出單位,否則將分配至最小現金產出單位組別。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超出其可收回金額時予以確認。於評估使用價值時,估的現金流量按可反映現時市場前所近時的際稅前現在更大時間值及資產特定風險的除稅前別也與減值資產功能相符之該等支出,也過過一個人。減值虧損於其產生期間計入。減值虧損於其產生期間計入時,則減值虧損按該重估資產的有關會計政策入賬。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets and investment properties), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognized only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

於每個報告期末會評定是否有跡象顯示之 前已確認的減值虧損不再存在或減少。倘 出現該等跡象,則會估計可收回金額。過 往確認的資產減值虧損(商譽除外)僅會於 用以釐定資產可收回金額的估計改變時撥 回,惟撥回後的數額不得高於假設過往年 度並無就資產確認減值虧損而應有的賬面 值(扣除折舊/攤銷後)。減值虧損的撥回 於產生期間計入收益表。

關連人士

- 一方被視為本集團之關連人士倘若:
- 該一方為該名人士家族的人士或直系 親屬,而該名人士
 - 控制或共同控制本集團; (i)
 - (ji) 對本集團施以重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主 要管理層成員;

或

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/ amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

關連人士(續)

- (b) 該一方為實體,而符合下列任何一項 條件:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之 成員公司;
 - (ii) 該實體為另實體的聯營公司或 合營企業(或另一實體之母公 司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司);
 - (iii) 該實體及本集團均為同一第三 方之合營企業;
 - (iv) 該實體為第三方實體之合營企 業,而另實體為該第三方實體 之聯營公司;
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或一家與本集 團有關連之實體就僱員的福利 而設的離職後福利計劃;
 - (vi) 該實體由(a)項所識別人士控制 或共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)項所識別人士對實體有 重大影響或屬該實體(或該實體 的母公司)主要管理人員;及
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任何成 員向本集團或本集團的母公司 提供主要管理人員服務。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties (continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a):
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備及折舊

除在建工程以外之物業、廠房及設備乃按 成本值減累計折舊及任何減值後入賬。

物業、廠房及設備之成本值包括其購入價 及令其達致符合預計用途之操作狀況及付 運至使用地點之任何直接應佔費用。在物 業、廠房及設備投產後產生之開支,例如 維修及保養,通常在產生之期間從收益表 中扣除。在符合確認條件之情況下,主要 檢修費用將予以資本化,作為一項置換列 入資產之賬面值。倘物業、廠房及設備之 重要部分需要分期更換,本集團會將該部 分確認為擁有特定使用年期及相應地折舊 之獨立資產。

折舊乃以直線法按其估計可使用年期將物 業、廠房及設備各個項目之成本攤銷至其 剩餘價值計算。為此而採用的主要年率如下:

香港之樓宇 - 按租賃年期

香港以外地區之樓宇 - 十五至六十年

廠房、機器、傢俬及 - 二至十五年 其他設備

永久業權土地並無作出折舊撥備。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalized in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings in Hong Kong Over the lease terms

Buildings outside Hong Kong 15 to 60 years

Plant, machinery, furniture and -2 to 15 years other equipment

Freehold land is not depreciated.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備及折舊(續)

倘若物業、廠房及設備項目之部分具不同 的使用期限,該項目之成本按合理基準分 配給各部分,其各部分各自計算折舊。

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法最少於 每個財政年度末審閱及在適當時進行調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目包括任何已初始確認之重要部分乃於出售或當預期使用或出售項目將不產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。於終止確認該資產的年度有關出售或棄用所產生的收益或虧損,為其銷售所得淨額與賬面價之差額。

在建工程按成本值扣除減值列賬及無作出 折舊撥備。當工程完成及可供使用後,在 建工程將重新適當地按物業、廠房及設備 種類分類。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognized in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognized is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. It is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

投資物業

投資物業指持作賺取租金收入及/或資本 增值用涂(包括使用權資產)。該等物業初 始按成本(包括交易成本)列賬。於初始確 認後,投資物業乃按反映報告期末之市況 的公平值列賬。

投資物業公平值變動產生之收益或虧損於 產生年度計入收益表內。

棄用或出售投資物業產生之任何收益或虧 損於棄用或出售年度在收益表內確認。

關於投資物業轉撥為自用物業,該物業就 其後會計處理之視作成本,為改變用途當 日的公平值。倘本集團佔用的物業由自用 物業成為投資物業,須根據香港會計準則 第16號《物業、廠房及設備》,本集團就自 用物業將根據「物業、廠房及設備及折舊」 所述的政策;及/或就持有為使用權資產 的物業將根據「使用權資產」所述的政策, 將該物業入賬,直至更改用途該日為止, 而該物業的賬面值及公平值於當日的任何 差額,則於資產重估儲備內作為變動入賬。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including right-of-use assets) held to earn rental income and/ or for capital appreciation. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

For a transfer from investment properties to owner-occupied properties, the deemed cost of a property for subsequent accounting is its fair value at the date of change in use. If a property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" for owned property and/ or accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under "Right-of-use assets" for property held as a right-ofuse asset up to the date of change in use, and any difference at that date between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property is accounted for as movements in the asset revaluation reserve in accordance with HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨取得的無形資產於初始確認時按成本計量。無形資產的可使用年期評定為有限期或無限期。有限期的無形資產隨後按可使用經濟年期攤銷,於有跡象顯示無形資產可能出現減值時評估減值。有限可使用年期的無形資產的攤銷期及攤銷方法至少於各財政年度未審閱。

技術

購入的技術按成本扣除任何減值虧損列賬, 並按五年可使用年期以直線法攤銷。

研究及開發費用

所有研究費用於發生時在收益表中扣除。

集團須展示新產品的研發項目為技術上可 行,使該項目的無形資產可以被應用或出 售,有意及有能力應用或出售該資產,該 資產如何帶來未來經濟利益,有足夠資 完成該資產,以及該研發費用可以可靠地 計量,該費用才可資本化及延後列支。否 則,產品開發開支於發生時會作列支處理。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Know-how

Purchased know-how is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortized on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the income statement as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalized and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時分類為其後按攤銷 成本、按公平值計入其他全面收益及按公 平值計入損益計量。

於初始確認時,金融資產分類取決於金融 資產的合約現金流量特點及本集團管理該 等金融資產的業務模式。除並無重大融資 成分或本集團已應用可行權宜方法不調整 重大融資成分的影響的應收貿易賬款外, 本集團初始按公平值加上(倘金融資產並非 按公平值計入損益)交易成本計量金融資 產。並無重大融資部分或本集團已應用可 行權宜方法的應收貿易賬款按照下文「收益 確認」所載政策根據香港財務報告準則第 15號釐定的交易價格計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或按公平值計入 其他全面收益進行分類及計量,需產生純 粹為支付本金及未償還本金利息(純粹為支 付本金及利息)的現金流量。具有並非純粹 支付本金及利息之現金流量的金融資產進 行分類及按公平值計量計入損益,且不論 業務模式。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

初始確認及計量(續)

買入及出售乃指按照一般市場規定或慣例 在一定期間內要求交付資產之金融資產買 賣,正常情況下於交易日(即本集團承諾購 買或出售該資產之日期)予以確認。

後續計量

其後金融資產之計量根據其分類進行,該 等金融資產之分類如下:

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務工具)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後使用實際 利率方法計量,並可能受減值影響。當資產終止確認、修訂或減值時,收益及虧損於收益表內確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortized cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或金融資產之一部分或一組相似 金融資產之一部分,如適用)主要在下列情 况將被終止確認(例如:從本集團之綜合財 務狀況表移除),倘:

- 收取該項資產的所得現金流量之權利 經已屆滿;或
- 本集團已將收取該項資產所得現金流 量之權利轉讓,但已透過「傳送」安 排,將所得現金流量在沒有顯著延緩 之情況下,全數付予第三者;及(i)本 集團已轉讓該項資產之絕大部分風險 及回報;或(ii)本集團並無轉讓或保留 該項資產絕大部分風險及回報,但已 轉讓該項資產之控制權。

倘本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金 流量之權利或已訂立傳送安排,會評估其 有否保留該項資產擁有權的風險及回報, 以及其程度。倘其並無轉讓或保留該項資 產的絕大部分風險及回報,且並無轉讓該 項資產的控制權,本集團繼續按本集團的 持續參與程度確認入賬該轉讓資產。於該 情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉讓 資產及相關負債乃按反映本集團保留之權 利及義務之基準計量。

以對所轉讓資產作出擔保的形式持續涉及 的資產按資產原有賬面值與本集團應須償 還的最高代價金額兩者的較低者計算。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (i) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (ii) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值

本集團就所有並非按公平值計入損益而持有之所有債務工具確認預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」) 撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於根據合約到期的合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差額而釐定,並以原實際利率的近似值貼現。預期現金流量將包括出售所持抵押的現金流量或組成合約條款的其他加強信用之物品。

一般方式

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。就自初始確認起未有顯著增加的信貸風險而言,預期信貸虧損提供予由未來十二個月內可能發生違約事件而導致的信貸虧損(十二個月預期信貸虧損)。就自初始確認起經已顯著增加的信貸風險而言,不論何時發生違約,於餘下風險年期內的預期信貸虧損均須計提虧損撥備(全期預期信貸虧損)。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認後是否出現顯著增加。作此評估時,本集團比較金融工具於初報問出現違約的風險與該金融工具於初始確認日期出現違約的風險,並考慮毋須花費不必要成本或精力即可獲得的合理及有理據的資料,包括過往及前瞻性資料。本集團認為,當合約付款逾期超過三十天時,信貸風險即顯著增加。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方式(續)

本集團認為,倘合約付款逾期一年,則金 融資產視作違約。本集團根據合理及有理 據的資料(包括本集團的信貸風險控制慣例 及逾期超過九十天之金融資產的過往還款 率),對逾期九十天視作違約的假設作出反 駁。然而,在並無計及本集團持有的任何 加強信用之物品前,本集團亦可於內部或 外部資料顯示本集團不大可能悉數收取尚 未償還合約金額時將金融資產視作違約。 倘無法合理預期收回合約現金流量,則撇 銷金融資產。

按攤銷成本計量之金融資產須根據一般方 法進行減值,並於下列計量預期信貸虧損 之階段分類,惟如下文所詳述應用簡化方 法之應收貿易賬款及應收融資租賃賬款除外。

- 階段一 -信貸風險自初始確認以來並 無顯著增加,且虧損撥備按等 同於十二個月預期信貸虧損 之金額計量之金融工具
- 階段二 -信貸風險自初始確認以來顯 著增加(惟並非已信貸減值之 金融資產),且虧損撥備按等 同於全期預期信貸虧損之金 額計量之金融工具
- 階段三 -於報告日期為已信貸減值(惟 並非購買或發起之已信貸減 值),且虧損撥備按等同於全 期預期信貸虧損之金額計量 之金融資產

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach (continued)

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are one year past due. The Group has rebutted the 90 days past due presumption of default based on reasonable and supportable information including the Group's credit risk control practices and the historical recovery rate of financial assets over 90 days past due. However, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortized cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and finance lease receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month **ECLs**
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

簡化方式

就不含重大融資部分,或當本集團應用可 行權宜方法不調整重大融資部分應收 服款,以及應收融資租賃膨款,本集團 用簡化方式計算預期信貸虧損。 方式計算預期信貸虧損險之變虧 所是基於各報告日期之全期預期信貸虧 確認虧損撥備。本集團已設立建基於歷 經濟環境特定之前瞻性因素作出調整。

金融負債

初始確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認分類為透過損益賬按 公平值列賬之金融負債、貸款及借款或指 定於有效對沖中作為對沖工具的衍生工具 (視情況而定)。

所有金融負債初始按公平值確認,如屬貸 款及借款,則扣除直接應佔之交易成本。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易及票據賬 款、於其他應付賬款及應計負債內的金融 負債以及租賃負債。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, and finance lease receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and bills payables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals and lease liabilities.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

金融負債(續)

後續計量

金融負債之後續計量根據其分類進行,該 等金融負債之分類如下:

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債(應付及其他應 付賬款及借款)

於初始確認後,應付及其他應付以及計息 借款其後以實際利率法按攤銷的成本計價, 惟折算之影響並不重大者除外,於該情況 下則以成本列賬。

如果負債終止確認以及按實際利率進行攤 銷程序時,其損益在收益表內確認。

攤銷後的成本於計入收購之任何折讓或溢 價後計算,並包括屬實際利率不可分割部 分之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷於收益表 內確認。

財務擔保合同

本集團作出之財務擔保合同即要求作出付 款以償付持有人因特定債務人未能根據債 務工具之條款償還到期款項而招致損失之 合同。財務擔保合同初始按其公平值確認 為負債(就發出該擔保直接應佔之交易成本 進行調整)。初始確認後,本集團按以下兩 者中之較高者計量財務擔保合同:(i)根據「金 融資產減值」所載政策釐定的預期信貸虧損 的撥備;及(ii)初始確認之金額減(倘適用) 累計確認收入金額。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortized cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables and interestbearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in the income statement.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognized initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of (i) the ECL allowance determined in accordance with the policy as set out in "Impairment of financial assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognized.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

終止確認金融負債

財務負債之責任在已解除或註銷或屆滿時終止確認。

倘現有金融負債為同一貸款人以重大不同 條款之負債取代時,或現有負債之條款有 重大修改時,有關交換或修改則被視為終 止確認原有負債及確認一項新負債,而有 關賬面值之差額乃於收益表內確認入賬。

抵銷金融工具

金融資產與金融負債抵銷,而有關淨額當有現時可強制執行之法律權利以抵銷已確認金額且有意按淨額基準結算或變現資產及結清負債時在財務狀況表呈報。

存貨

存貨乃按成本值及可變現淨值之較低者入 賬。成本按加權平均法計算,倘為在製品 及製成品,則包括直接物料,直接勞工及 應分擔之生產費用的部分入賬。可變現淨 值乃根據估計售價減去預計直至產品製成 及出售貨品所需之任何成本。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

現金及現金等價物

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等價 物指現金、銀行存款、以及可隨時轉換為 已知數額現金,並一般於購入時三個月內 到期並承受價值變動風險甚微之短期及高 度流通性之存款。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及銀行結存 包括現金、銀行存款及以上定義之短期存 款,扣除須應要求償還之銀行透支,該銀 行透支用作為本集團現金管理之一個完整 部分。

撥備

由於過往事件而需要承擔現時責任(法定或 推定),而履行該責任很可能導致資源流出, 且責任之金額能夠可靠地估計,則確認撥備。

倘折現影響大,確認為撥備之金額為預期 履行該責任所需之未來開支於報告期末之 現值。倘由於時間流逝導致已折現現值金 額增加,則計入收益表之融資成本內。

本集團就若干產品的銷售提供保證。本集 團於初始確認該等保證式保證撥備,乃根 據銷售量及過往維修及退貨之情況,(適當 地) 折現至其現值金額。保修相關費用會於 每年更改。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term highly liquid deposits with maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hands and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Provisions

A provision is recognized when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognized for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

The Group provides for warranties in relation to the sale of certain products. Provisions for these assurance-type warranties granted by the Group are initially recognized based on sales volume and past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate. The warrantyrelated cost is revised annually.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

所得税

所得税包括當期及遞延税項。與於收益表 以外確認項目有關之所得税在其他全面收 益或直接於權益內確認。

即期税務資產及負債以預期可退回或支付予税務機關的金額計量,根據報告期末已頒布或實際頒布之稅率(及稅務法例)推算,並計及詮釋及本集團經營所在國家之現行慣例。

在報告期末時,資產與負債的税基與其在 財政報告的賬面值之間的所有暫時性差異, 按負債法計提遞延税項撥備。

所有應課税暫時性差異均會確認為遞延税 項負債,惟:

- 倘若遞延税項負債的起因,是由一宗 非屬企業合併的交易中初始確認之資 產或負債,與及在交易時,對會計溢 利或應課税溢利或虧損均無影響,且 不會產生同等之應課稅及可扣減暫時 性差,則屬例外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投資的應課稅暫時性差異而言,倘若撥回暫時性差異的時間可以控制,以及該暫時性差異可能不會在可見將來撥回,則屬例外。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognized outside the income statement is recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

所有可扣減暫時性差異,及未被動用税項 抵免與任何未被動用税項虧損結轉,均確 認為遞延税項資產。若日後有可能出現應 課税溢利,可用以抵扣該等可扣減暫時性 差異、以及未被動用税項抵免及未被動用 税項虧損結轉,則遞延税項資產方會確認 入賬,惟:

- 倘若有關可扣減暫時性差異的遞延税 項資產的起因,是由一宗非屬企業合 併的交易中初始確認資產或負債,而 目在交易時,對會計溢利或應課稅溢 利或虧損均無影響,且不會產生同等 之應課税及可扣減暫時性差,則屬例 外;及
- 對於涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投資 的可扣減暫時性差異而言,只有在暫 時性差異有可能在可見將來撥回,而 且日後有可能出現應課税溢利,可用 以抵扣該等暫時性差異時,方會確認 遞延税項資產。

遞延税項資產的賬面值,在每個報告期末 予以評估。若不再可能有足夠應課税溢利 用以抵扣相關税項資產的全部或部分,則 扣減遞延税項資產賬面值。在可能有足夠 應課稅溢利用以抵扣相關稅項資產的全部 或部分時,則在每個報告期末確認過往不 予確認的遞延税項資產。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

變現資產或清償負債的期間預期適用的稅率,會用作衡量遞延稅項資產及負債,並以報告期末當日已經生效或大致上已經生效的稅率(及稅法)為基準。

僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將即期税項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且遞延税項負債抵銷,且遞延税項負債與同一稅務機關對同一應稅實體或於各需要結算期間或清償產實被淨額基準結算即期稅務負債及資產實期稅務負債之而稅務實體與之所得稅相關,則遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債可予抵銷。

政府補助款

政府補助款乃於合理確定將會取得該筆補助款及符合所有附帶條件時按公平值確認。當該補助款與開支項目有關時,補助款須有系統地與其擬補償的成本支銷期間內確認為收入。如補助款涉及一項資產,則公平值會計入遞延收入賬,並按有關資產之預期使用年期以每年均等額轉撥至收益表。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the income statement over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual installments.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收益確認

來自客戶合約之收益

來自客戶合約之收益在貨品轉移至客戶時 按反映本集團就交換該等貨品而預期有權 換取之代價金額確認。

當合約包含融資部分,就貨品轉移予客戶 而為客戶提供重大利益超過一年時,收益 按應收金額現值計量,使用合約開始時在 本集團與客戶之間訂立的獨立融資交易中 反映的貼現率貼現。當合約包含為本集團 提供超過一年的重大財務利益的融資部分 時,根據合約確認的收益包括根據實際利 率法計算的合約負債所附加的利息開支。 對於客戶付款與承諾貨品轉移之間的期限 為一年或不足一年的合約,交易價格根據 香港財務報告準則第15號應用可行權宜方 式就重大融資部分的影響不進行調整。此 外,倘本集團確認之資產攤銷期為一年或 不足一年,本集團已選擇應用可行權宜方 法將獲取合同的增量成本於發生時確認為 支出。

來自銷售貨品的收益於資產的控制權轉移 至客戶時(一般在交付貨品時)確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of goods is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognized under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15. Furthermore, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient to recognize the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred if the amortization period of the asset that the Group otherwise would have recognized is one year or less.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

其他收入

利息收入利用實際利率法以應計基準確認, 所用利率為於金融工具之預期年期或更短 期間(如適用)內將估計未來現金收款準確 折現至金融資產賬面淨額之利率。

租金收入於租賃年期內按時間比例基準確認。

融資租賃利息收入利用實際利率法以應計基準確認,所用利率為於融資租賃的淨投資之預期年期或更短期間(如適用)內將估計未來現金收款準確折現至融資租賃的淨投資賬面淨額之利率。

合約負債

合約負債於本集團轉移相關貨品或服務之前收到客戶付款或有關款項到期(以較早者為準)時確認。合約負債於本集團履行合約(即轉讓相關貨品或服務的控制權予客戶)時確認為收益。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Other income

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Rental income is recognized on a time proportion basis over the lease term.

Finance lease interest income is recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the net investment of the finance lease or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the net investment of the finance lease.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognized when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃

本集團於合同開始時評估合同是否屬於或 包含租賃。倘合同授予權利以代價為換取 在一段時間內控制已識別資產的使用,則 該合同屬於或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃(惟短期租賃及低價值資 產和賃除外)採取單一確認及計量方法。本 集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃款項,而使 用權資產指使用相關資產的權利。

使用權資產 (a)

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即相關 資產可供使用日期)確認。使用權資 產按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值 虧損計量,並就重新計量租賃負債作 出調整。使用權資產的成本包括已確 認的租賃負債金額、已產生的初始直 接成本,以及於開始日期或之前作出 的租賃款減已收取的任何租賃優惠。 使用權資產的成本亦包括拆除及移除 相關資產或還原相關資產或其位處的 場地之估計成本(如適用)。使用權資 產在租期及估計可使用年期(以較短 者為準)內按直線法計提折舊如下:

租賃土地 五十至五十二年 物業 二至七年

倘使用權資產符合投資物業的定義, 則計入投資物業。相應使用權資產初 始按成本計量,其後根據本集團「投 資物業」政策按公平值計量。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-use assets (a)

Right-of-use assets are recognized at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Where applicable, the cost of a right-of-use asset also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Leasehold land **Properties**

50 to 52 years 2 to 7 years

When a right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property, it is included in investment properties. The corresponding right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value, in accordance with the Group's policy for "Investment properties".

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期按租期內作 出的租賃款的現值予以確認。租賃款 包括固定款項(包括實質固定款項)減 任何應收租賃優惠。

於計算租賃款的現值時,倘租賃內所 隱含的利率不易釐定,則本集團應用 租賃開始日期的增量借款利率的增別 於開始日期後,租賃負債金額的增加,並因支付租付 反映利息的增加,並因支付租便的增加,並因支付租賃修功 而減少。此外,如租期有任何債數 。此外,與變化(例如租變動), 後因指數或利率變動而出現變動 後因指數或利率變動而出現變勢 購買相關資產的選擇權評估有變,則 重新計量租賃負債的賬面值。

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團對其物業的短期租賃(即租期 為開始日期起計十二個月或以內且不 包含購買選擇權的租賃)應用短期租 賃確認豁免。其亦將低價值資產租賃 的確認豁免應用予被視為低價值的辦 公室設備的租賃。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的租賃款 在租期內按直線法確認為支出。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of properties (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of office equipment that is considered to be of low value.

Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets are recognized as an expense on a straightline basis over the lease term.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人

本集團作為出租人時,於租賃開始(或租賃 變更)時將其每項租賃分類為經營租賃或融 資租賃。

本集團並未轉移資產擁有權所附帶的絕大 部分風險與回報的租賃歸類為經營租賃。 租金收入於租期內按直線法列賬並計入收 益表的其他收入。

將相關資產擁有權所附帶的絕大部分風險 與回報轉移予承租人的租賃,入賬列作融 資租賃。於開始日期,租賃資產的成本按 租賃款及相關款項的現值(包括初始直接成 本)資本化,及以應收款列示,金額相等於 租賃的淨投資。於租賃的淨投資之融資收 入按租期內之每期間之固定回報率自收益 表中確認。

借貸成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即須花費長 時間以達致擬定用途或出售之資產)之直接 應佔借貸成本, 乃予以資本化作為該等資 產之成本部分。該借貸成本於有關資產大 致可作擬定用途或出售時停止撥作資本。 特定借貸作合資格資產開支因等待作臨時 投資而賺取的投資收入須從資本化的借貸 成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本均於產生 期間支銷。借貸成本包括實體所產生與借 款有關之利息及其他成本。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in other income in the income statement.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases. At the commencement date, the cost of the leased asset is capitalized at the present value of the lease payments and related payments (including the initial direct costs), and presented as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. The finance income on the net investment in the lease is recognized in the income statement so as to provide a constant periodic rate of return over the lease terms.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalized as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalization of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalized. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

股息

末期股息在獲股東於股東大會批准時確認為負債。擬派之末期股息於財務報告書附註披露。由於本公司之組織章程及細則授予董事宣派中期股息之權力,故中期股息可同時獲建議及宣派。因此,中期股息在獲建議及宣派時即時確認為一項負債。

外幣

該等財務報表以港元(乃本公司之功能貨幣) 呈列。本集團屬下各公司自行決定其功能 貨幣,而各公司的財務報表內之項目均以 該功能貨幣計算。本集團屬下各公司列賬 之外幣交易首先按交易日期之功能貨幣匯 率入賬。於報告期末以外幣為單位之貨幣 資產與負債按該日之功能貨幣匯率重新換 算。因貨幣結算或換算引起之差額於收益 表內確認。根據外幣歷史成本計算之非貨 幣項目按初始交易日期之匯率換算。根據 外幣公平值計算之非貨幣項目按釐定公平 值當日之匯率計算。重新換算按公平值計 量之非貨幣項目產生之收益或虧損,按確 認該項目的公平值變動之收益或虧損一致 之方式處理(即公平值收益或虧損於其他全 面收益或收益表內確認之項目之匯兑差額 亦分別於其他全面收益或收益表內確認)。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Dividends

Final dividends are recognized as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's Memorandum and Association and Bye-laws grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognized immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars. which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or the income statement is also recognized in other comprehensive income or the income statement, respectively).

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

為釐定終止確認與預付代價有關的非貨幣 資產或非貨幣負債時的相關資產、開支或 收入的初始確認匯率,初始交易日期為本 集團初始確認因預付代價而產生非貨幣資 產或非貨幣負債的日期。倘存在多次付款 或預收款項,本集團釐定預付代價各付款 或收款交易日期。

若干海外附屬公司、及聯營公司之功能貨 幣並非港元。於報告期末,該等公司之資 產及負債均按報告期末之匯率換算為港元, 而該等公司之收益表按與交易日期之現行 匯率相若之匯率換算為港元。匯率差異計 入其他全面收益,並於匯兑變動儲備累計, 惟歸屬於非控股權益之差額除外。於出售 外地營運時,就特定外地營運儲備內之累 計金額部分將於收益表確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之 現金流量按有關日期之匯率換算為港元。 海外附屬公司年內經常產牛之現金流量按 年內之加權平均匯率換算為港元。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a nonmonetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognizes the non-monetary asset or nonmonetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions. The resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve, except to the extent that the differences are attributable to non-controlling interests. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

僱員褔利

(a) 退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例設立定額供款之強制性公積金計劃公析福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)予合資格參與該強積金計劃之僱員。供款乃按僱員底薪之若干百分比計算,並於根據強積金計劃之規則應予支付時計入收益表。強積金計劃之資產乃獨立於本集團之資產,並由獨立管理之基金另行持有。本集團之僱主供款於強積金計劃供款後全數歸屬僱員。

強積金計劃生效前,本集團曾設立一個定額供款退休福利計劃(「退休計劃」),供合資格及選擇參與該計劃之僱員參加。退休計劃與強積金計劃之運作方式相近,惟倘僱員於有權全數收取本集團之僱主供款以前離職,本集團繼後應付之供款可以從遭放棄之有關款項扣減。

本集團在中國大陸附屬公司之僱員須參與地方市政府所管理之中央退休金計劃(「中央計劃」)。該等附屬公司須根據其僱員之薪金若干百分比計算,在按中央計劃規定之支付日期向該中央計劃支付供款額,並在有關之期間從收益表中扣除。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits

(a) Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a certain percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Prior to the MPF Scheme becoming effective, the Group operated a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme (the "DCRB Scheme") for those employees who were eligible and had elected to participate in the DCRB Scheme. The DCRB Scheme operates in a similar way to the MPF Scheme, except that when an employee leaves the Group prior to his/her interest in the DCRB Scheme vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group would be reduced by the relevant amount of the forfeited employer contributions.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme (the "Central Scheme") which is operated by the local municipal government. The contributions payable by these subsidiaries to the Central Scheme, which are based on a certain percentage of the salaries of their employees, are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Central Scheme.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

僱員褔利(續)

(a) 退休金計劃(續)

根據台灣勞動基準法所要求,本集團在台灣之附屬公司設立一項撥款定須撥款定須超人金計劃(「舊計劃」),並須須相人。該退休準備金供款,為僱員提供退休及終止服務之福利。該退休准備金由勞工退休準備金監督委員會」)管理,並以委員會之名義融大之一間經政府批准擔當信託人之金融機構。定額福利計劃的退休金福利成本,乃採用預計單位基數精算估值法計算。

舊計劃所產生之重新計量(包括精算 收益及虧損、資產上限之影響(不包 括定額福利負債的利息淨額)及計劃 資產回報(不包括定額福利負債的利 息淨額)),乃即時確認於綜合財務狀 況表內,有關計入或扣除自保留區 之款項於發生期間確認於其他全面收 益。重新計量概不於隨後期間重新分 類至收益表。

過往服務成本乃於以下日期(以較早 者為準)確認於收益表內:

- 計劃修訂或裁減之日;及
- 本集團確認架構重整相關成本 之日

利息淨額乃利用折現率將定額福利負 債或資產淨額計算。本集團於綜合收 益表「銷售成本」,「銷售及分銷支出」 及「行政支出」下確認定額福利責任之 以下變動:

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(a) Pension schemes (continued)

As required by the Taiwanese Labour Standard Law, the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan operate a funded defined benefit pension scheme (the "Old Scheme") and make monthly contributions to the retirement fund to meet employees' retirement and termination benefits entitlements. The fund is administered by the Employees' Retirement Fund Committee (the "Committee") and is deposited under the Committee's name with a government approved financial institution, which acts as the trustee. The cost of providing pension benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

Remeasurements arising from the Old Scheme, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of financial position with a corresponding debit or credit to retained profits through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to the income statement in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognized in the income statement at the earlier of:

- the date of the plan amendment or curtailment; and
- the date that the Group recognizes restructuringrelated costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Group recognizes the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under "cost of sales", "selling and distribution expenses" and "administrative expenses" in the consolidated income statement:

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

僱員褔利(續)

(a) 退休金計劃(續)

- 服務成本包括現時服務成本、 過往服務成本、裁減之損益及 非例行結算;及
- 利息支出或收入淨額

(b) 基於股權的支付交易

本公司採納購股權計劃。集團的僱員 (包括董事)為集團提供服務藉以換取 股權形式報酬之交易是為「以股權支 付交易」。與僱員進行股權結算之公 易成本乃參考其於授出日期之公平值 計量。該公平值乃由外聘專業合資格 估值師採用二項式/布萊克 — 斯科 爾斯期權定價模型釐定,詳情載列於 財務報表附註31。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(a) Pension schemes (continued)

- Service costs comprising current service costs, pastservice costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income

In 2005, the Taiwan government amended the related pension scheme regulations by adding a new contributory pension scheme (the "New Scheme") in the Labour Pension Act, which became effective on 1 July 2005. According to the amended retirement regulations, the employees can choose to either join the New Scheme or to stay participating with the Old Scheme. The obligation of the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan to those employees selecting the New Scheme is to contribute the required portion of the monthly compensation to the government designated account since the election, while the Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan are still liable under the Old Scheme for the portion pertaining to the service years prior to 1 July 2005.

(b) Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions"). The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a polynomial model, further details of which are given in note 31 to the financial statements.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

僱員褔利(續)

(b) 基於股權的支付交易(續)

以股權支付交易的成本連同股價的相 應升幅會於達到表現及/或服務條件 的期內確認為僱員福利支出。由每個 報告期末直至歸屬日就以股權支付交 易確認的累計支出反映歸屬期屆滿, 以及就本集團有關最終將會歸屬的股 本工具數目的最佳估計。每一期間收 益表之扣除或計入,指該期間開始和 結束時已確認累計支出之變動。

釐定獎勵獲授當日之公平值時,並不 計及服務及非市場表現條件,惟在有 可能符合條件的情況下,作為本集團 對最終將會歸屬的股本工具數目最佳 估計之一部分評估。市場表現條件反 映於獲授當日之公平值。獎勵之任何 其他附帶條件(但不帶有附屬服務要 求) 視作非歸屬條件。非歸屬條件反 映於獎勵之公平值中,除非同時具服 務及/或表現條件,否則獎勵即時支 銷。

因非市場表現及/或服務條件尚未達 到,該獎勵最終未歸屬而不確認任何 支出。當獎勵包括市場或非歸屬條件, 倘符合所有其他表現及/或服務條件, 不論市場或非歸屬條件是否達到要求, 該等交易均視作已歸屬。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Share-based payment transactions (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement. are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognized. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

3. 重大會計政策(續)

僱員褔利(續)

(b) 基於股權的支付交易(續)

當以股權支付報酬的條件修訂時,會確認最少的支出,猶如條款並無修訂一般之符合獎勵原先條款之水平。此外,倘按修訂日期的計算,任何修訂導致基於股權的支付交易的總公平值有所增加,或對僱員帶來其他利益,則應就該等修訂確認支出。

當以股權支付報酬註銷時,會視作報酬已於註銷當日已歸屬,而報酬尚未確認的任何支出會即時確認。

此包括未符合屬本集團或僱員控制範 圍內之非歸屬條款所涉及之購股權。 然而,倘註銷的報酬有任何替代的新 報酬,並指定為授出當日的替代報酬, 則該項註銷及報酬會如上段所述被視 為原有報酬的修訂處理。

未行使購股權的攤薄影響會以額外股份攤薄入賬,計算每股盈利。

4. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報表時,管理層須作出可能影響收益、支出、資產及負債呈報金額及相應披露以及或然負債披露之判斷、估計及假設。此等假設及估計之不確定因素可能導致須於未來為受影響之資產及負債賬面值作出重大調整。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(b) Share-based payment transactions (continued)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognized as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately.

This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷

於應用本集團之會計政策過程中,管理層 已作出下列對財務報表內所確認金額產生 最重大影響之判斷(不包括涉及估計者):

(a) 資產減值

釐定資產有否出現減值或過往導致減 值之情況是否不再存在時,本集團須 就資產減值範圍作出判斷,特別是評 估(1)有否出現可能影響資產價值之 事件或影響資產價值之該等事件已不 存在;(2)資產賬面值是否獲得日後現 金流量現值淨額支持,而日後現金流 量按持續使用資產或終止確認估計; 及(3)編製現金流量預測所用適合主 要假設包括現金流量預測是否以適當 比率折現。倘管理層所選用以決定減 值水平之假設(包括現金流量預測所 用折現率或增長率假設) 有變,或對 減值測試所用現值淨額構成重大影響。

分派股息產生之扣繳稅

本集團在決定是否應根據有關稅務管 轄權就若干附屬公司所分派之股息計 提扣繳稅,乃按支付股息時間而作出 判斷。本集團認為,倘若於可預見之 未來溢利不獲分派,則毋須計提扣繳 税。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND **ESTIMATES** (continued)

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Impairment of assets

In determining whether an asset is impaired or the event previously causing the impairment no longer exists, the Group has to exercise judgement in the area of asset impairment, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred that may affect the asset value or such event affecting the asset value has not been in existence; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset or derecognition; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management to determine the level of impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test.

(b) Withholding taxes arising from the distributions of dividends

The Group's determination as to whether to accrue for withholding taxes arising from the distributions of dividends from certain subsidiaries according to the relevant tax jurisdictions is subject to judgement on the timing of the payment of the dividend. The Group considered that if the profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future, then no withholding taxes should be provided.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

(c) 投資物業和自用物業的劃分

本集團釐定一項物業是否符合投資物 業資格,並已制定作出此類判斷的準 則。投資物業指為賺取租金或資本升 值或兩者兼得而持有的物業。因此, 本集團考慮一項物業產生的現金流量 是否很大程度上獨立於本集團持有的 其他資產。一些物業部分是為賺取租 金或資本升值而持有, 而另一部分為 用於生產或提供貨品或服務或行政用 途而持有。倘該等部分可分開出售或 根據融資租賃分開出租,則本集團對 該等部分獨立列賬。倘該等部分不能 分開出售,則只有在為用於生產或提 供貨品或服務或行政用途而持有的部 分不重大的情况下,該物業方屬投資 物業。判斷是對各單項物業作出,以 確定配套服務是否如此重要以致物業 不符合投資物業的資格。

(d) 融資租賃與經營租賃的劃分

租賃須分類為融資租賃(此租賃轉移 擁有權之所有回報及風險大部分,及 導致出租人確認應收款)或經營租賃 (此租賃導致出租人仍確認租賃資產)。

以下情況一般會將租賃分類為融資租 賃:

• 在租賃期屆滿時,租賃將資產的擁有權轉移給承租人;

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Judgements (continued)

(c) Classification between investment properties and owneroccupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

(d) Classification between finance leases and operating leases

Leases are required to be classified as either finance leases (which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, and give rise to the recognition of a receivable by the lessor) or operating leases (which result in the recognition of the leased asset by the lessor).

Situations that would normally lead to a lease being classified as a finance lease include the following:

• the lease transfers ownership of the asset to the lessee by the end of the lease term;

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

- 融資租賃與經營租賃的劃分(續)
 - 承租人有購買資產的選擇權, 所訂立的購買價格預計將遠低 於行使選擇權時的公平值,並 於租賃開始日時,就可合理地 確定該選擇權將被行使;
 - 即使所有權不轉移,但租賃期 佔資產使用壽命的大部分;
 - 於租賃開始日,最少應付租賃 款項的現值幾乎相當於租賃資 產的公平值;或
 - 租賃資產性質特殊,如果不作 較大改造,只有承租人才能使用。
- (e) 釐定附有續租選擇權的合同租期的重 大判斷

本集團有一張含延期選擇權的租賃合 同。本集團運用判斷以評估是否行使 選擇權作續租。就此,本集團會考慮 產生經濟誘因以使其行使續租的所有 相關因素。於開始日期後,倘出現本 集團可予控制的重大事項或情況改變, 並影響其行使或不行使續租選擇權的 能力,則本集團會重新評估租期。

由於該資產對本集團營運構成重要性, 本集團將續租期計入物業租賃租期的 一部分。該租賃有一個不可撤銷的短 期間(即五年),而倘替代品是不易可 得的,則將會對營運造成重大負面影 墾。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND **ESTIMATES** (continued)

Judgements (continued)

- Classification between finance leases and operating leases (continued)
 - the lessee has the option to purchase the asset at a price which is expected to be sufficiently lower than the fair value at the date the option becomes exercisable and, at the inception of the lease, it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised;
 - the lease term is for the major part of the economic life of the asset, even if title is not transferred;
 - at the inception of the lease, the present value of the minimum lease payments amounts to at least substantially all of the fair value of the leased asset; or
 - the leased assets are of a specialized nature such that only the lessee can use them without major modifications being made.
- Significant judgement in determining the lease term of a contract with a renewal option

The Group has a lease contract that includes an extension option. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether or not to exercise the option to renew the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the renewal. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew.

The Group includes the renewal period as part of the lease term for a lease of its property due to the significance of the asset to its operations. The lease has a short noncancellable period (i.e., five years) and there will be a significant negative effect on operation if a replacement is not readily available.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素

大有可能導致下一財政年度之資產及負債 賬面值須作重大調整之未來主要假設及報 告期末之其他主要估計不明朗因素討論如下。

(a) 應收貿易賬款及應收融資租賃賬款預 期信貸虧損撥備之估計

本集團利用撥備矩陣計算應收貿易賬款及應收融資租賃賬款之預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於多個具有類似虧損模式之客戶分部組別之逾期天數釐定。本集團考慮於報告日期可得的有關過往事項、當前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測之資料。

撥備矩陣初始以本集團觀察所得之歷 史違約率為基礎。本集團將校準矩陣, 以利用前瞻性資料調整歷史信貸虧損 經驗。舉例而言,倘預測經濟狀況預 期於來年轉差,導致製造界別違約宗 數上升,則會調整歷史違約率。於各 報告日期,本集團會更新其觀察所得 之歷史違約率,並分析前瞻性估計之 變動。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described as below.

(a) Estimation regarding provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables and finance lease receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables and finance lease receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns. The Group takes into consideration information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables and finance lease receivables is disclosed in notes 21 and 23 to the financial statements, respectively.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素(續)

存貨撥備之估計 (b)

本集團之管理層定期檢閱陳舊存貨之 貨齡分析,此涉及將陳舊存貨項目之 賬面值與可變現淨值作比較。另外, 本集團之管理層考慮因素包括過往銷 售記錄、期末後存貨使用或銷售情況 及售價、市場需求、技術變更以及本 集團未來存貨的使用或銷售計劃。其 目的在於確定有否需要對任何陳舊及 滯銷之項目於財務報表計提撥備。此 外,亦定期進行人手點算所有存貨, 以決定是否需要對任何已辨別之陳舊 存貨及次貨計提撥備。於二零二五年 三月三十一日的存貨賬面淨值為港 幣 788,554,000元 (二零二四年:港幣 694,637,000元), 詳情載列於財務報 表附註20。

(c) 商譽減值

本集團至少每年釐定商譽是否減值, 對已獲分配商譽之現金產出單位之使 用價值作出估計。估計使用價值要求 本集團對來自現金產出單位之預期未 來現金流量作出估計,亦要選擇合適 折現率及增長率計算該等現金流量之 現值。於二零二五年三月三十一日, 商譽之賬面淨值為港幣51,905,000元 (二零二四年:港幣51,905,000元)。 減值評估之詳情載列於附註17。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND **ESTIMATES** (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Estimation regarding inventory provision

Management of the Group reviews the inventory ageing analysis on a periodic basis for those aged inventories. This involves comparison of the carrying value of the aged inventory items with the respective net realizable value. In addition, management of the Group considers various factors, including historical sales patterns, post year-end usage or sales and selling prices of inventories, market demand, technological changes and the Group's future plan of usage or sale to ascertain whether provision is required to be made in the financial statements for any obsolete and slow-moving items. Physical counts on all inventories are carried out on a periodic basis in order to determine whether any provision is required to be made in respect of any obsolete and defective inventories identified. The net carrying amount of inventories as at 31 March 2025 was HK\$788,554,000 (2024: HK\$694,637,000), details of which are set out in note 20 to the financial statements.

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also to choose a suitable discount rate and growth rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The net carrying amount of goodwill as at 31 March 2025 was HK\$51,905,000 (2024: HK\$51,905,000). More details of the impairment assessment are given in note 17.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

5. 經營分部資料

本集團主要從事製造及銷售注塑機及有關產品。就管理而言,本集團根據其客戶所在地分為不同業務單位,有下列三個可報告經營分部:

- (i) 中國大陸及香港;
- (ii) 台灣;及
- (iii) 其他海外國家。

管理層會分開監察本集團之經營分部之業績,以就資源分配及表現評估方面作出決定。分部表現乃根據經調整之除稅前溢利而計量之可報告分部溢利來作評估。經調整除稅前溢利與本集團之除稅前溢利計量一致,惟利息收入、未攤分收入及收益、非租賃有關的融資成本、應佔聯營公司關利減虧損及企業及未攤分支出不計入有關計量中。

分部資產扣除於聯營公司之投資、遞延税 項資產及現金及銀行結存(抵押銀行存款除 外)。分部負債扣除應付税項及遞延税項負 債。

可報告經營分部之間並沒有重大銷售。

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally involved in the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products. For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on the locations of customers and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (i) Mainland China and Hong Kong;
- (ii) Taiwan; and
- (iii) Other overseas countries.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, unallocated income and gains, non-lease-related finance costs, share of profits less losses of associates and corporate and unallocated expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude investments in associates, deferred tax assets and cash and bank balances except pledged bank deposits. Segment liabilities exclude tax payable and deferred tax liabilities.

There are no significant sales between the reportable operating segments.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

5. 經營分部資料(續)

下表載列截至二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日止年度本集團經營分部之收益、 業績、若干資產、負債及開支資料。

5. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

The following tables present revenue, results, certain assets, liabilities and expenditure information for the Group's operating segments for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

| 從對外客戶的 | |
|--------|--|
| 分部收益 | |

| | | 分部业 | 交益 | | |
|---------------------------|---|---------------|-----------|------------|----------|
| | | Segment (| revenue | 分部業 | 績 |
| | | from external | customers | Segment re | esults |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 中國大陸及香港 | Mainland China and Hong Kong | 1,840,082 | 1,449,902 | 183,370 | 114,900 |
| 台灣 | Taiwan | 38,616 | 37,815 | (1,610) | (3,682) |
| 其他海外國家 | Other overseas countries | 716,037 | 521,828 | 26,825 | 37,497 |
| | | 2,594,735 | 2,009,545 | 208,585 | 148,715 |
| 經營分部業績與 除税前溢利 調節如下: | Reconciliation of results of operating segments to profit before tax is as follows: | | | | |
| 調節如卜: | as follows: | | | | |
| 經營分部業績 | Operating segment results | | | 208,585 | 148,715 |
| 未攤分收入及收益 | Unallocated income and gains | | | 28,726 | 23,828 |
| 企業及未攤分支出 | Corporate and unallocated expenses | | | (48,500) | (47,280) |
| 融資成本(租賃負債 | Finance costs (other than interest on | | | | |
| 利息除外) | lease liabilities) | | | (597) | (69) |
| 應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損 | Share of profits less losses of associates | | | 1,411 | (52) |
| 除税前溢利 | Profit before tax | | | 189,625 | 125,142 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

5. 經營分部資料(續)

5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

| | 分部資 | 音產 | 分部 | 負債 | |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Segment liabilities | |
| (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | |
| | | | | | |
| Mainland China and Hong Kong | 3,002,485 | 2,705,352 | 1,008,908 | 834,726 | |
| Taiwan | 58,641 | 62,756 | 14,491 | 13,668 | |
| Other overseas countries | 715,106 | 494,193 | 117,569 | 93,917 | |
| | | | | | |
| | 3,776,232 | 3,262,301 | 1,140,968 | 942,311 | |
| Investments in associates | 25,673 | 24,607 | _ | _ | |
| Unallocated assets | 557,059 | 856,842 | _ | _ | |
| Unallocated liabilities | | | 129,624 | 127,370 | |
| | | | | | |
| | 4,358,964 | 4,143,750 | 1,270,592 | 1,069,681 | |
| | 0 | | | | |
| | Mainland China and Hong Kong Taiwan Other overseas countries Investments in associates Unallocated assets | (HK\$'000) Segment 2025 Mainland China and Hong Kong Taiwan 3,002,485 Other overseas countries 715,106 Investments in associates 25,673 Unallocated assets 557,059 Unallocated liabilities - 4,358,964 | Mainland China and Hong Kong Taiwan 3,002,485 2,705,352 Taiwan 58,641 62,756 Other overseas countries 715,106 494,193 Investments in associates 25,673 24,607 Unallocated assets 557,059 856,842 Unallocated liabilities - - 4,358,964 4,143,750 | Segment assets 1,008,908 Taiwan 58,641 62,756 14,491 117,569 Other overseas countries 715,106 494,193 117,569 Investments in associates 25,673 24,607 - Unallocated assets 557,059 856,842 - Unallocated liabilities - - 129,624 | |

| | | 折舊及 | | 其他分 Other segmen 其他非現 | t information | I 資本[| 開支 |
|---------|------------------------------|-----------|--------|-----------------------------|---------------|----------|--------|
| | | Depreciat | | Other no | n-cash | Сарі | |
| | | amortiz | zation | expe | nses | expend | liture |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 中國大陸及香港 | Mainland China and Hong Kong | 55,983 | 54,818 | 29,014 | 12,063 | 63,223 | 66,358 |
| 台灣 | Taiwan | 524 | 485 | 106 | _ | 442 | 260 |
| 其他海外國家 | Other overseas countries | 2,051 | 1,656 | 183 | 8 | 378 | 766 |
| | | 58,558 | 56,959 | 29,303 | 12,071 | 64,043 | 67,384 |

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

5. 經營分部資料(續)

5. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

| | | 非流動資 | 資產 |
|---------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | Non-current | t assets |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
| | | | |
| 中國大陸及香港 | Mainland China and Hong Kong | 1,041,094 | 1,069,984 |
| 台灣 | Taiwan | 15,724 | 16,922 |
| 其他海外國家 | Other overseas countries | 1,835 | 433 |
| | | | |
| | | 1,058,653 | 1,087,339 |

上述之非流動資產資料乃按資產所在地及 扣除遞延税項資產及金融工具計算。

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes deferred tax assets and financial instruments.

主要客戶之資料

截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度,與單一對外客戶之交易收益並 無佔本集團總收益之10%或以上。

6. 收益

本集團來自客戶合約的收益與銷售注塑機 及有關產品有關,並且所有收益均於貨品 控制權轉移至客戶時確認,一般為交付貨 品時。

Information about major customers

For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, no revenue from transactions with a single external customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's total revenue.

6. **REVENUE**

The Group's revenue from contracts with customers is related to the sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products, and all the revenue is recognized at a point in time when control of goods is transferred to customers generally on delivery of the goods.

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | |
| 來自客戶合約的收益 | Revenue from contracts with customers | 2,594,735 | 2,009,545 |

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

6. 收益(續)

6. REVENUE (continued)

分拆收益資料

Disaggregated revenue information

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 來自客戶合約的 收益 一 銷售注塑機及 有關產品 按地域區分之市場 | Revenue from contracts with customers — sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products Geographical markets | | |
| 中國大陸及香港台灣 其他海外國家 | Mainland China and Hong Kong Taiwan Other overseas countries | 1,840,082 38,616 716,037 | 1,449,902 37,815 521,828 |
| 來自客戶合約的收益總計 | Total revenue from contracts with customers | 2,594,735 | 2,009,545 |
| 下表載列計入報告期初合約負告期內確認的收益金額: | 債而於本報 The following table shows the the current reporting period liabilities at the beginning of the | that was included i | _ |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
| 計入報告期初 合約負債的 已確認收益: 銷售注塑機及 | Revenue recognized that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period: Sale of plastic injection moulding | | |

machines and related products

履約責任

有關產品

Performance obligations

有關本集團履約責任的資料概列如下:

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarized below:

60,300

65,620

銷售注塑機及有關產品

Sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products

履約責任於交付貨品後達成,而付款一般 於交付起計三十天至一百八十天內到期。

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the goods and payment is generally due between 30 days and 180 days from delivery.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

7. 除税前溢利

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

本集團之除稅前溢利已扣除/(計入)下列 各項:

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 附註 Notes | 2025 | 2024 |
|-------------------------------|--|----------------|------------|---------------|
| 售出存貨成本 | Cost of inventories sold | | 1,984,983 | 1,532,561 |
| 物業、廠房及設備 | Depreciation of property, | | 2,50 1,500 | 1,002,001 |
| 之折舊 | plant and equipment | 14 | 52,606 | 51,176 |
| 使用權資產之折舊 | Depreciation of right-of-use assets | 16(a) | 5,152 | 4,971 |
| 無形資產之攤銷 | Amortization of intangible assets | 18 18 | 800 | 812 |
| 出售物業、廠房及設備 | Gain on disposal of items of property. | 10 | 000 | OIZ |
| 及使用權資產 | plant and equipment and right-of- | | | |
| 之收益淨額* | use asset, net* | | (2,157) | (1,245) |
| 出售附屬公司之收益淨額* | Gain on disposal of subsidiaries, net* | 38 | (17,886) | (1,245) |
| 註銷附屬公司之收益* | Gain on deregistration of a subsidiary* | 30 | (17,000) | (83) |
| 物業、廠房及設備 | Write-off of items of property, | | _ | (65) |
| 之註銷* | plant and equipment* | 14 | 6,359 | 1,511 |
| 不記入租賃負債計量的 | Lease payments not included in the | 14 | 0,339 | 1,511 |
| 租賃款 | measurement of lease liabilities | 16(c) | 4,475 | 2,959 |
| 提前終止租賃收益* | | 16(c) 16(c) | 4,475 | |
| 研究及開發費用*** | Gain on early termination of a lease* | 10(0) | 78,986 | (9) 79,077 |
| 研究及用發質用 ***** 政府補助款 */**** | Research and development costs*** | | , | , |
| | Government grants*/**** | | (38,610) | (41,822) |
| 核數師酬金 | Auditor's remuneration | | 2,756 | 2,738 |
| 員工福利支出(董事薪酬 | Employee benefit expenses (excluding | | | |
| 除外 — 附註9): | directors' emoluments — <i>note 9</i>): | | 267.627 | 200 240 |
| 工資及薪酬 | Wages and salaries | | 367,637 | 322,342 |
| 以股權支付的購股權支出 | | | 1,248 | 783 |
| 退休金計劃供款 | Pension scheme contributions | | | 10.055 |
| (定額供款計劃)**** | (defined contribution scheme)**** | | 52,524 | 42,655 |
| 退休金計劃成本 | Pension scheme costs | | | |
| (定額福利計劃) | (defined benefit scheme) | 28 | (29) | 27 |
| 應收貿易賬款減值/ | Impairment/(write-back of impairment) | | | () |
| (減值撥回)淨額*** | of trade receivables, net*** | 21 | 10,755 | (2,956) |
| 存貨撥備/(撥備撥回) | Provision/(write-back of provision) | | | |
| 淨額** | for inventories, net** | | 9,814 | (1,045) |
| 匯兑差額淨額* | Foreign exchange differences, net* | | 4,762 | (201) |
| 投資物業之公平值 | Fair value losses on investment | | | |
| 虧損* | properties* | 15 | 22,944 | 10,569 |
| 自用物業之租金 | Gross rental income on | | | |
| 收入總值* | owner-occupied properties* | | (5,829) | (5,973) |
| 減:因自用物業賺取 | Less: Direct operating expenses | | | |
| 租金產生之 | arising from rental-earning | | | |
| 直接經營開支 | owner-occupied properties | | 35 | 36 |
| 自用物業之租金 | Net rental income on | | | |
| 4 收入淨額 | | | (5,794) | (5,937) |
| 火八伊帜 | owner-occupied properties | | (5,754) | (5,957) |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

7. 除税前溢利(續)

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (continued)

本集團之除税前溢利已扣除/(計入)下列 各項:(續) The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting): (continued)

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | | | |
| 投資物業之租金 | Gross rental income on investment | | |
| 收入總值* | properties* | (31,358) | (31,319) |
| 減:因投資物業賺取 | Less: Direct operating expenses | | |
| 租金產生之 | arising from rental-earning | | |
| 直接經營開支 | investment properties | 1,470 | 1,470 |
| | | | |
| 投資物業之 | Net rental income on | | |
| 租金收入淨額 | investment properties | (29,888) | (29,849) |
| 利息收入* | Interest income* | (28,672) | (23,603) |
| 融資租賃利息收入* | Finance lease interest income* | (54) | (225) |

- * 該等項目已包括於綜合收益表之「其他收入及收益淨額」內。
- ** 該項目已包括於綜合收益表之「銷售成本」 內。
- *** 該等項目已包括於綜合收益表之「其他經營支出淨額」內。
- **** 因主要於中國大陸開展研究活動下收取的 補助而收到多項政府補助。收到的政府補助,倘若無附帶任何未實現之條件或有事項且與意圖補助之成本並不匹配,則被確認為其他收入。倘若與收到的政府補助所 匹配的相關支出尚未發生或所附帶條件尚 未實現,則在綜合財務狀況表中作為「其 他應付賬款及應計負債」列示。
- ***** 於二零二五年三月三十一日及二零二四年 三月三十一日,本集團並無可用作扣減其 來年退休金計劃供款的沒收供款。

- * These items are included in "Other income and gains, net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.
- ** This item is included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated income statement.
- *** These items are included in "Other operating expenses, net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.
- **** Various government grants have been received mainly for setting up research activities in Mainland China. Conditions or contingencies relating to these grants are fulfilled and they are not deducted from the related costs for which they are intended to compensate, but recorded in other income. Government grants received for which related expenditure has not yet been incurred to which there were unfulfilled conditions are included in "Other payables and accruals" on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position.
- ***** As at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the pension schemes in future years.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

8. 融資成本

8. **FINANCE COSTS**

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | |
| 銀行貸款利息 | Interest on bank loans | 597 | 69 |
| 租賃負債利息 | Interest on lease liabilities | 964 | 1,130 |
| | | | |
| | | 1,561 | 1,199 |

9. 董事薪酬

根據上市規則及香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、 (b)、(c)及(f)條以及公司(披露董事利益資 料) 規例第2分部, 年內董事薪酬披露如下:

9. **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

Directors' emoluments for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, are as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-------------|---|--------|--------|
| | | | |
| 袍金: | Fees: | | |
| 執行董事 | Executive directors | _ | _ |
| 獨立非執行董事 | Independent non-executive directors | 1,187 | 1,209 |
| 其他薪酬: | Other emoluments: | | |
| 薪金、津貼及實物利益 | Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind | 8,055 | 8,108 |
| 表現掛鉤花紅 | Performance related bonuses | 3,747 | 1,536 |
| 以股權支付的購股權支出 | Equity-settled share option expenses | 152 | 423 |
| 退休金計劃供款 | Pension scheme contributions | 36 | 36 |
| | T.116 | 10 177 | 11 210 |
| 袍金及其他薪酬總計 | Total fee and other emoluments | 13,177 | 11,312 |

執行董事就彼等為本集團提供的服務及貢 獻,根據本公司於二零一四年九月二十四 日採納之購股權計劃獲授購股權,進一步 詳請載列於財務報表附註31。該等購股權 的公平值(已於歸屬期內在收益表中確認) 按照於授予日期的價值釐定及計入本年度 財務報表,並已於上述董事薪酬中披露。

Executive directors were granted share options under the share option scheme of the Company adopted on 24 September 2014 in respect of their services and contribution to the Group, further details of which are set out in note 31 to the financial statements. The fair value of such share options, which has been recognized in the income statement over the vesting periods, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' emoluments disclosures.

9. 董事薪酬(續)

9. **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS** (continued)

(a) 獨立非執行董事

(a) Independent non-executive directors

年內,支付予獨立非執行董事的袍金 如下: The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------------|----------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | |
| 陳智思先生 | Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN | 105 | 258 |
| 許志偉先生 | Mr. Harry Chi HUI | 210 | 153 |
| Anish LALVANI先生 | Mr. Anish LALVANI | 266 | 276 |
| 利子厚先生 | Mr. Michael Tze Hau LEE | 264 | 264 |
| 陳慶光先生 | Mr. Johnson Chin Kwang TAN | 269 | 258 |
| 郭敬文先生 | Mr. Clement King Man KWOK | 73 | _ |
| | | | |
| 總計 | Total | 1,187 | 1,209 |

年內,並無其他薪酬支付予獨立非執 行董事(二零二四年:無)。 There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2024: Nil).

上表所示獨立非執行董事之薪酬乃與 彼等擔任本公司董事之服務有關。 The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

陳智思先生退任本公司獨立非執行董事,自二零二四年八月二十六日舉行 之本公司股東周年大會結束後生效。 Mr. Bernard Charnwut CHAN retired as an independent non-executive director with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 August 2024.

郭敬文先生獲委任為本公司之獨立非 執行董事,自二零二四年十二月一日 起生效。 Mr. Clement King Man KWOK was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 1 December 2024.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

9. 董事薪酬(續)

9. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(b) 執行董事

(b) Executive directors

| | | 2025 | | | | | |
|----------------|------------------------------|------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| | _ | | 薪金、 | | 以股權 | | |
| | | | 津貼及 | | 支付的 | | |
| | | | 實物利益 | 表現 | 購股權支出 | 退休金 | |
| | | | Salaries, | 掛鉤花紅 | Equity- | 計劃供款 | |
| | | | allowances | Performance | settled | Pension | 薪酬總計 |
| | | 袍金 | and benefits | related | share option | scheme | Total |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | Fees | in kind | bonuses | expenses | contributions | emoluments |
| ++ == ++ / l . | | | 0.100 | 0.155 | 110 | 10 | 0.410 |
| 蔣麗苑女士* | Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG* | _ | 6,130 | 3,155 | 116 | 18 | 9,419 |
| 鍾效良先生* | Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG* | _ | 1,925 | 592 | 36 | 18 | 2,571 |
| | | - | 8,055 | 3,747 | 152 | 36 | 11,990 |
| | _ | | | 20 | 024 | | |
| | | | 薪金、 | | 以股權 | | |
| | | | 津貼 | | 支付的 | | |
| | | | 及實物利益 | 表現 | 購股權支出 | 退休金 | |
| | | | Salaries, | 掛鉤花紅 | Equity- | 計劃供款 | |
| | | | | Performance | settled | Pension | 薪酬總計 |
| | | 袍金 | and benefits | related | | scheme | Total |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | Fees | in kind | bonuses | expenses | contributions | emoluments |
| 蔣麗苑女士* | Ms. Lai Yuen CHIANG* | _ | 6,183 | 1,536 | 308 | 18 | 8,045 |
| 鍾效良先生 | Mr. Stephen Hau Leung CHUNG | _ | 1,925 | | 115 | 18 | 2,058 |
| | | | | | | | |

^{*} 表現掛鉤花紅乃參照公司表現以及根據個人表現與貢獻而釐定。

^{*} The performance related bonus was determined by reference to the Company's performance as well as the individual performance and contribution.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

9. 董事薪酬(續)

(b) 執行董事(續)

執行董事薪酬範圍如下:

9. **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS** (continued)

(b) Executive directors (continued)

The emoluments of the executive directors fell within the following bands:

* = 1 +

| | 重事人數 | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|------|--|
| | Number of directors | | |
| (港幣)(HK\$) | 2025 | 2024 | |
| | | | |
| 2,000,001 – 2,500,000 | _ | 1 | |
| 2,500,001 – 3,000,000 | 1 | _ | |
| 8,000,001 - 8,500,000 | _ | 1 | |
| 9,000,001 – 9,500,000 | 1 | _ | |
| | | | |
| | 2 | 2 | |

上表所示執行董事之薪酬乃與彼等就 管理本公司及本集團事務之服務有關。

本公司之高級管理人員同時為本公司 執行董事。

截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度內並無安排致使董事 放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬。

年內,本集團並無支付薪酬予董事以 促使對方加入本集團或作為加入本集 團時之報酬、或離職補償(二零二四 年:無)。 The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The senior management of the Company is also the executive directors of the Company.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office (2024: Nil).

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

10. 五名獲最高薪酬之僱員

年內,五名獲最高薪酬之僱員包括二名(二零二四年:二名)董事,其薪酬已載列於財務報表附註9。

三名(二零二四年:三名)非董事最高薪酬僱員的年內薪酬詳情如下:

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included two (2024: two) directors, details of whose emoluments are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

Details of the remuneration for the year of the three (2024: three) non-director highest paid employees are as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-------------|---|-------|-------|
| | | | |
| 薪金、津貼及實物利益 | Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind | 3,149 | 3,226 |
| 表現掛鉤花紅 | Performance related bonuses | 70 | 60 |
| 以股權支付的購股權支出 | Equity-settled share option expenses | 134 | 89 |
| 退休金計劃供款 | Pension scheme contributions | 36 | 54 |
| | | 3,389 | 3,429 |

非董事最高薪酬僱員薪酬範圍如下:

The remuneration of the non-director highest paid employees fell within the following bands:

 僱員人數 Number of employees

 (港幣) (HK\$)
 2025
 2024

 500,001 - 1,000,000
 1
 1

 1,000,001 - 1,500,000
 2
 2

 3
 3

非董事最高薪酬僱員就彼為本集團提供的服務及貢獻,根據本公司於二零一四年九月二十四日採納之購股權計劃獲授購股權,進一步詳情載列於財務報表附註31。該等購股權的公平值(已於歸屬期內在收益表中確認)按照於授予日期的價值釐定及計入本年度財務報表,並已於上述非董事最高薪酬僱員薪酬中披露。

Share options were granted under the share option scheme of the Company adopted on 24 September 2014 to the non-director highest paid employees in respect of their services and contribution to the Group, further details of which are set out in note 31 to the financial statements. The fair value of such share options, which has been recognized in the income statement over the vesting periods, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

11. 所得税支出

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

本集團年內未有計提香港利得税,乃由於本集團於該年度沒有產生源於香港之應課稅溢利(二零二四年:無)。其他地區之溢利稅項則按本集團經營業務所在國家/司法權區之現行稅率計算。

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2024: Nil). Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries/jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|---------------|---|--------|---------|
| | | | |
| 即期: | Current: | | |
| 本年度支出 | Charge for the year | | |
| 香港 | Hong Kong | _ | _ |
| 其他地區 | Elsewhere | 33,997 | 26,293 |
| 過往年度少提/(多提)撥備 | Underprovision/(overprovision) in prior years | 117 | (2,621) |
| 遞延(附註29) | Deferred (note 29) | 1,506 | 2,611 |
| 本年度税項支出 | Tax charge for the year | 35,620 | 26,283 |

就除税前溢利以適用於本公司及其附屬公司住所及/或經營所在國家/司法權區之法定税率計算(税率由15%至40%(二零二四年:15%至40%))之税項支出,與按實際税率計算之税項支出之調節如下:

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates, ranging from 15% to 40% (2024: 15% to 40%), for the countries/jurisdictions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled and/or operate to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

| (港幣千元) ———————————————————————————————————— | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|---|----------|----------|
| 除税前溢利 | Profit before tax | 189,625 | 125,142 |
| | | | |
| 按法定税率計算之税項 | Tax at the statutory tax rates | 55,669 | 35,848 |
| 個別省份或地方機構之 | Tax concessions/lower tax rates for | | |
| 税務寬減/較低税率 | specific provinces and local authorities | (25,365) | (14,482) |
| 聯營公司應佔溢利及虧損 | Profits and losses attributable to associates | (353) | 14 |
| 不可扣税之支出 | Expenses not deductible for tax | 16,769 | 15,875 |
| 毋須繳納税項之收入 | Income not subject to tax | (11,719) | (7,009) |
| 未確認之本年度税項虧損 | Tax losses for the year not recognized | 2,350 | 5,094 |
| 使用未確認之過往年度 | Unrecognized tax losses from prior | | |
| 税項虧損 | years utilized | (5,247) | (3,008) |
| 過往年度即期税項之 | Adjustments in respect of current tax | | |
| 調整 | of prior years | 117 | (2,621) |
| 本集團之附屬公司分配利潤 | Effect of withholding tax on distributable | | |
| 產生扣繳税之影響 | profits of the subsidiaries of the Group | 3,399 | (3,428) |
| | | | |
| 按本集團實際税率計算之 | Tax charge at the Group's effective | | |
| 税項支出 | tax rate | 35,620 | 26,283 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

12. 股息

12. DIVIDENDS

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------------------|--|--------|--------|
| | | | |
| 年內已付股息: | Dividends paid during the year: | | |
| 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止 | Final in respect of the financial year | | |
| 財政年度之末期 — | ended 31 March 2024 — HK\$0.050 | | |
| 每股普通股港幣0.050元 | (year ended 31 March 2023: HK\$0.073) | | |
| (截至二零二三年三月三十一日 | per ordinary share | | |
| 止年度:港幣0.073元) | | 31,527 | 46,029 |
| 中期 — 每股普通股港幣0.038元 | Interim — HK\$0.038 (2024: HK\$0.030) | | |
| (二零二四年:港幣0.030元) | per ordinary share | 23,960 | 18,916 |
| | | | |
| | | 55,487 | 64,945 |
| | | | |
| 建議末期股息: | Proposed final dividend: | | |
| 末期 — 每股普通股港幣0.080元 | Final — HK\$0.080 (2024: HK\$0.050) | | |
| (二零二四年:港幣0.050元) | per ordinary share | 50,443 | 31,527 |

本年度建議之末期股息須經本公司股東在 即將舉行之股東周年大會批准後方可作實。 該等財務報表並未反映應付末期股息。

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. These financial statements do not reflect the final dividend payable.

13. 本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據年內本公司權益持有 人應佔本集團溢利港幣154,386,000元(二 零二四年:港幣100,853,000元)及年內已 發行普通股之加權平均數630,531,600股(二 零二四年:630,531,600股)計算所得。

由於截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度尚未行使的購股權的行使 價高於本公司的平均市價,因此,所持該 等購股權對每股普通股的基本盈利金額並 無攤薄效果,故於該年內概無就所呈列的 每股基本盈利金額就攤薄進行調整。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year of HK\$154,386,000 (2024: HK\$100,853,000) and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 630,531,600 (2024: 630,531,600) outstanding during the year.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 in respect of a dilution as the exercise prices of the share options of the Company outstanding during the years are higher than the average market prices of the Company's ordinary shares and, accordingly, such share options held have no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share amounts presented.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

廠房、

31 March 2025

14. 物業、廠房及設備

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

二零二五年三月三十一日

31 March 2025

| | | | | 機器、傢俬 及其他設備 Plant, | |
|--|---|------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | | 土地 | | machinery, | |
| | | 及樓宇* | 在建工程 | furniture | |
| | | Land and | Construction | and other | 總計 |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | buildings* | in progress | equipment | Total |
| 於二零二四年四月一日 | At 1 April 2024 | | | | |
| が <u>一</u> 令一四十四月一口 成本 | At 1 April 2024 | CO7 777 | 2 220 | 1 001 570 | 1 700 000 |
| *** | Cost | 637,777 | 3,339 | 1,061,573 | 1,702,689 |
| 累計折舊及減值 | Accumulated depreciation and impairment | (383,469) | | (767,470) | (1,150,939) |
| 賬面淨值 | Net carrying amount | 254,308 | 3,339 | 294,103 | 551,750 |
| | | | | | |
| 於二零二四年四月一日, | At 1 April 2024, net of accumulated | | | | |
| 已扣除累計折舊及減值 | depreciation and impairment | 254,308 | 3,339 | 294,103 | 551,750 |
| 添置 | Additions | 347 | 52,120 | 11,576 | 64,043 |
| 出售 | Disposals | _ | _ | (56) | (56) |
| 註銷 | Write-offs | _ | (64) | (6,295) | (6,359) |
| 轉撥 | Transfers | _ | (4,801) | 4,801 | - |
| 本年度折舊撥備 | Depreciation provided during the year | (26,302) | _ | (26,304) | (52,606) |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (3,736) | (83) | (6,138) | (9,957) |
| ₩ - = | N. 0.1 M 1. 0005 | | | | |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日, | At 31 March 2025, net of accumulated | 004.617 | E0 E11 | 071 607 | F4C 01F |
| 已扣除累計折舊及減值 ———————————————————————————————————— | depreciation and impairment | 224,617 | 50,511 | 271,687 | 546,815 |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日 | At 31 March 2025 | | | | |
| 成本 | Cost | 621,243 | 50,511 | 1,013,497 | 1,685,251 |
| 累計折舊及減值 | Accumulated depreciation and impairment | (396,626) | 50,511 | (741,810) | (1,138,436) |
| · ☆日 Ⅵ 酉 仄 /桝 旧 | Accumulated depreciation and impairment | (330,020) | | (/+1,010) | (1,100,400) |
| 賬面淨值 | Net carrying amount | 224,617 | 50,511 | 271,687 | 546,815 |

^{*} 於二零二五年三月三十一日,土地及樓宇包括永久業權土地港幣4,496,000元(二零二四年:港幣4,694,000元)。

As at 31 March 2025, included in land and buildings was a freehold land of HK\$4,496,000 (2024: HK\$4,694,000).

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

二零二四年三月三十一日

31 March 2024

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 土地 及樓宇* Land and buildings* | 在建工程 Construction in progress | 廠房、 機器、傢俬 及其他設備 Plant, machinery, furniture and other equipment | 總計 Total |
|---------------|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| | At 1 April 2002 | | | | |
| 於二零二三年四月一日 | At 1 April 2023 | CO1 OOF | 11 000 | 1 005 050 | 1 770 047 |
| 成本 | Cost | 681,285 | 11,906 | 1,085,056 | 1,778,247 |
| 累計折舊及減值 | Accumulated depreciation and impairment | (390,548) | | (802,317) | (1,192,865) |
| 賬面淨值 | Net carrying amount | 290,737 | 11,906 | 282,739 | 585,382 |
| | | | | | |
| 於二零二三年四月一日, | At 1 April 2023, net of accumulated | | | | |
| 已扣除累計折舊及減值 | depreciation and impairment | 290,737 | 11,906 | 282,739 | 585,382 |
| 添置 | Additions | _ | 4,493 | 40,075 | 44,568 |
| 出售 | Disposals | _ | _ | (323) | (323) |
| 註銷 | Write-offs | _ | _ | (1,511) | (1,511) |
| 轉撥 | Transfers | 2,782 | (12,517) | 9,735 | _ |
| 轉撥至投資物業 | Transfer to investment properties | (4,356) | _ | _ | (4,356) |
| 本年度折舊撥備 | Depreciation provided during the year | (26,427) | _ | (24,749) | (51,176) |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (8,428) | (543) | (11,863) | (20,834) |
| 於一零一四年二日二十一日, | At 31 March 2024, net of accumulated | | | | |
| 已扣除累計折舊及減值 | depreciation and impairment | 254,308 | 3,339 | 294,103 | 551,750 |
| | | | | | |
| 於二零二四年三月三十一日 | At 31 March 2024 | | | | |
| 成本 | Cost | 637,777 | 3,339 | 1,061,573 | 1,702,689 |
| 累計折舊及減值 | Accumulated depreciation and impairment | (383,469) | | (767,470) | (1,150,939) |
| 賬面淨值 | Net carrying amount | 254,308 | 3,339 | 294,103 | 551,750 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團之一個租賃樓宇轉撥至投資物業(「轉發至投資物業」)。該租賃樓宇於轉撥至投資物業」)。該租賃樓宇於轉撥已按其現時用途作個別重估價值,其之值總計為港幣76,468,000元(附註15),由獨立及專業資格估值師公司戴德梁行有限公司作估值。來自以上估值之重估溢利總託稅項負債港幣18,028,000元(附註29)已計入其他全面收益。估值之進一步詳情載列於財務報表附註15。

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2024, one of the Group's leasehold buildings was transferred to investment properties (the "Transfer to Investment Properties"). That leasehold building was revalued individually at the date of the transfer by Cushman & Wakefield Limited, an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers, at an aggregate fair value of HK\$76,468,000 (note 15) based on its existing use. A total revaluation surplus of HK\$72,112,000, resulting from the above valuation, had been credited to other comprehensive income, together with the related deferred tax liability of HK\$18,028,000 (note 29). Further details of the valuation were set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

15. 投資物業

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------|
| 於年初的賬面值 轉撥至投資物業 於收益表確認之公平值 | Carrying amount at beginning of year The Transfer to Investment Properties Fair value changes recognized in | 388,071 - | 332,866 76,468 |
| 於收益表確認之公千值 變動(附註7) 匯兑調整 | the income statement (note 7) Exchange realignment | (22,944) (6,780) | (10,569) (10,694) |
| 於年末的賬面值 | Carrying amount at end of year | 358,347 | 388,071 |

投資物業乃根據經營租賃租予第三方,有 關概要之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註16。

本集團投資物業之進一步詳情載於第236頁。

The investment properties of the Group were determined as industrial properties in Mainland China, based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property. Apart from the revaluation of the Group's investment properties of HK\$76,468,000 during the date of the Transfer to Investment Properties as detailed in note 14 to the financial statements, the investment properties of the Group were revalued on 31 March 2025 based on valuations performed by Cushman & Wakefield Limited, at HK\$358,347,000 (2024: HK\$388,071,000). Each year, the Group's management decides to appoint which external valuer to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The Group's management has discussions with the valuer on the valuation assumptions and valuation results once a year when the valuation is performed for annual financial reporting.

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 16 to the financial statements.

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included on page 236.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

15. 投資物業(續)

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

公平值層級

下表列示本集團投資物業之公平值計量層級:

Fair value hierarchy

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's investment properties:

於二零二五年三月三十一日的公平值計量採用

| | | Fair value | Fair value measurement as at 31 March 2025 using | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|--------------|---------|--|
| | | 於活躍市場 | 重大可觀察 | 重大不可觀察 | | |
| | | 之報價 | 輸入數據 | 輸入數據 | | |
| | | (第一層) | (第二層) | (第三層) | | |
| | | Quoted | Significant | Significant | | |
| | | prices in | observable | unobservable | | |
| | | active markets | inputs | inputs | 總計 | |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | Total | |
| 以下項目之經常性 公平值計量: | Recurring fair value measurement for: | | | | | |
| 工業物業 | Industrial properties | _ | _ | 358,347 | 358,347 | |

於二零二四年三月三十一日的公平值計量採用

| | | Fair value | Fair value measurement as at 31 March 2024 using | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|--------------|-------|--|
| | | 於活躍市場 | 重大可觀察 | 重大不可觀察 | | |
| | | 之報價 | 輸入數據 | 輸入數據 | | |
| | | (第一層) | (第二層) | (第三層) | | |
| | | Quoted | Significant | Significant | | |
| | | prices in | observable | unobservable | | |
| | | active markets | inputs | inputs | 總計 | |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | Total | |
| | | | | | | |
| 以下項目之經常性 公平值計量: | Recurring fair value measurement for: | | | | | |

年內,第一層與第二層之間並無任何公平 值計量轉撥,亦無從第三層轉入或轉出(二 零二四年:無)。

Industrial properties

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2024: Nil).

388,071

388,071

工業物業

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

15. 投資物業(續)

公平值層級(續)

以下為投資物業估值所用估值方法及主要 輸入數據之概要:

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Below is a summary of the valuation technique used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties:

| | 估值方法 | 重大不可觀察 輸入數據 | 範圍/加 | 梅亚拉佐 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | 百組刀法 Valuation | Significant unobservable | 配 配 P P P P P P P P P P | |
| | technique | inputs | 2025 | 2024 |
| 工業物業 Industrial properties | 投資方法 Investment method | 年期租金 (每月) Term rent (per month) | 港幣 2,268,000 元 HK\$2,268,000 | 港幣 2,838,000 元 HK\$2,838,000 |
| | | 年期收益率 Term yield | 6.5%-7% | 6.5%-7% |
| | | 復歸租金 (每月) Reversionary rent (per month) | 港幣 2,403,000 元 HK\$2,403,000 | 港幣 2,608,000 元 HK\$2,608,000 |
| | | 復歸收益率 Reversionary yield | 6.5%-7% | 6.5%-7% |

本集團工業物業之公平值乃使用投資方法, 以現有租約的租金收入,並計及物業的可 復歸潛在作出資本化。公平值計量與年期 租金及復歸租金呈正相關關係以及與年期 收益率及復歸收益率呈負相關關係。 The fair value of the Group's industrial properties is determined using the investment method, by capitalizing the rental income derived from the existing tenancy with due allowance for the reversionary potential of the property. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the term rent and reversionary rent and negatively correlated to term yield and reversionary yield.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

16. 和賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團就經營中使用的若干物業及辦公 室設備訂有租賃合同。一次性付款已被 提前作出,以向業主收購租賃土地,租期 為五十至五十二年(二零二四年:五十至 五十二年),且根據該等土地租賃條款,將 不會支付進一步款項。截至二零二五年三 月三十一日止年度內,物業租賃之租賃期 限一般介乎一至七年(二零二四年:介乎一 至七年)。辦公室設備個別為低價值。

(a) 使用權資產

於年內本集團使用權資產的賬面值及 變動如下:

16. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for certain of its properties and office equipment used in its operations. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire the leased land from the owners with lease periods of 50 to 52 years (2024: 50 to 52 years) and no ongoing payments will be made under the terms of these land leases. During the year ended 31 March 2025, leases of properties generally have lease terms between 1 and 7 years (2024: between 1 and 7 years). Office equipment is individually of low value.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

| | | 租賃土地 | | | |
|---------------|----------------------|-----------|------------|---------|--|
| | | Leasehold | 物業 | 總計 | |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | land | Properties | Total | |
| | | | | _ | |
| 於二零二三年四月一日 | At 1 April 2023 | 20,289 | 20,073 | 40,362 | |
| 添置 | Additions | 22,816 | 1,045 | 23,861 | |
| 提前終止 | Early termination | _ | (457) | (457) | |
| 折舊支出 | Depreciation charge | (985) | (3,986) | (4,971) | |
| 滙兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (684) | 9 | (675) | |
| | | | | | |
| 於二零二四年三月三十一日及 | At 31 March 2024 and | | | | |
| 二零二四年四月一日 | 1 April 2024 | 41,436 | 16,684 | 58,120 | |
| 添置 | Additions | _ | 4,316 | 4,316 | |
| 折舊支出 | Depreciation charge | (1,125) | (4,027) | (5,152) | |
| 進 兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (694) | (479) | (1,173) | |
| | | | | | |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日 | At 31 March 2025 | 39,617 | 16,494 | 56,111 | |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

16. 租賃(續)

16. LEASES (continued)

本集團作為承租人(續)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) 租賃負債

(b) Lease liabilities

年內租賃負債的賬面值及變動如下:

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---------|----------|
| | | | |
| 於四月一日之賬面值 | Carrying amount at 1 April | 17,339 | 19,926 |
| 新租賃 | New leases | 4,316 | 1,045 |
| 提早解除租賃 | Early termination of a lease | _ | (466) |
| 年內已確認 | Accretion of interest recognized | | |
| 利息增加 | during the year | 964 | 1,130 |
| 付款 | Payments | (4,574) | (4,300) |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (509) | 4 |
| | | | |
| 於三月三十一日之賬面值 | Carrying amount at 31 March | 17,536 | 17,339 |
| | <u> </u> | | |
| 分析為: | Analyzed into: | | |
| 流動部分 | Current portion | 4,274 | 3,429 |
| 非流動部分 | Non-current portion | 13,262 | 13,910 |
| 分析為: | Analyzed into: | | |
| 一年內 | Within one year | 4,274 | 3,429 |
| 第二年 | In the second year | 3,797 | 3,564 |
| 第三至第五年 | In the third to fifth years, | , , | , , , , |
| (首尾兩年包括在內) | inclusive | 9,465 | 7,830 |
| 五年後 | Beyond five years | , _ | 2,516 |
| | • | | <u> </u> |
| | | 17,536 | 17,339 |

租賃負債的到期分析披露於財務報表附註40。

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 40 to the financial statements.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

16. 租賃(續)

16. LEASES (continued)

本集團作為承租人(續)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(c) 於收益表確認的租賃相關款項如下:

(c) The amounts recognized in the income statement in relation to leases are as follows:

| 港幣千元) (HK\$'000) | | 2025 | 2024 |
|------------------|--|--------|-------|
| | | | |
| 租賃負債利息 | Interest on lease liabilities | 964 | 1,130 |
| 使用權資產折舊支出 | Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets | 5,152 | 4,971 |
| 與短期租賃有關的支出 | Expense relating to short-term leases | | |
| (記入銷售成本、 | (included in cost of sales, | | |
| 銷售及分銷支出 | selling and distribution expenses and | | |
| 以及行政支出) | administrative expenses) | 4,387 | 2,864 |
| 與低價值資產租賃有關的 | Expense relating to leases of low-value assets | | |
| 支出(記入行政支出) | (included in administrative expenses) | 88 | 95 |
| 提前終止租賃收益 | Gain on early termination of a lease | _ | (9) |
| 於收益表確認的 | Total amount recognized in the income | | |
| 款項總額 | statement | 10,591 | 9,051 |

⁽d) 租賃的現金流出總額披露於財務 報表附註33(c)。

⁽d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 33(c) to the financial statements.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

16. 租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排於中華人民共和國(「中國」)出租若干部分自用物業及投資物業(附註14及15),由工業物業組成。租賃條款一般要求承租人支付保證金,並根據當時市場狀況定期調整租金。年內,本集團的已確認租金收入為港幣37,187,000元(二零二四年:港幣37,292,000元),詳情載於財務報表附註7。

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團根據 與承租人訂立的不可撤銷經營租賃之未來 期間的未折現應收租賃款項如下:

16. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessor

The Group leases certain parts of its owner-occupied properties and investment properties (notes 14 and 15) consisting of industrial properties in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") under operating lease arrangements. The terms of the leases generally require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions. Rental income recognized by the Group during the year was HK\$37,187,000 (2024: HK\$37,292,000), details of which are included in note 7 to the financial statements.

At 31 March 2025, the undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------|---|---------|---------|
| | | | |
| 一年內 | Within one year | 45,492 | 47,475 |
| 一年以上但兩年以內 | After one year but within two years | 16,887 | 39,972 |
| 兩年以上但三年以內 | After two years but within three years | 17,244 | 12,997 |
| 三年以上但四年以內 | After three years but within four years | 14,744 | 8,503 |
| 四年以上但五年以內 | After four years but within five years | 12,952 | 7,412 |
| 超過五年 | After five years | 11,057 | 16,174 |
| | | | |
| | | 118,376 | 132,533 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

17. 商譽

17. GOODWILL

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------|
| M - = 7 m D - D | A. 1. A II. 0000 | |
| 於二零二三年四月一日, | At 1 April 2023, | |
| 二零二四年三月三十一日, | 31 March 2024, | |
| 二零二四年四月一日及 | 1 April 2024 and | |
| 二零二五年三月三十一日 | 31 March 2025 | |
| 成本 | Cost | 94,923 |
| 累計減值 | Accumulated impairment | (43,018) |
| 賬面淨值 | Net carrying amount | 51,905 |

商譽減值測試

由業務合併產生之商譽分配予本集團於中 國順德之一組附屬公司,其為位於中國大 陸及香港可報告經營分部之現金產生單位, 從事製造及銷售注塑機及有關產品。該等 附屬公司之可收回金額乃根據使用價值之 計算釐定,計算所用的現金流量預測以五 年財政預算為基礎。此使用價值計算的主 要假設包括預期增長率及折現率。收益及 成本之變動乃根據管理層經驗及對市場未 來變化之預期。財政預算的制定反映了當 年及過去年度的表現、以及發展的預期。 現金流量預測所用的折現率定為8%(二零 二四年:10%)(税前),以反映相關附屬公 司之特定風險。五年期後之現金流量按增 長率2%(二零二四年:2%)推算。

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations is allocated to a group of subsidiaries in Shunde, the PRC, which is a cash-generating unit under the reportable operating segment in Mainland China and Hong Kong and engaged in the manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines and related products. The recoverable amount of the subsidiaries has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation include the expected growth rate and discount rate. Changes in revenue and costs are based on management experience and expectations of future changes in the market. The financial budgets are prepared reflecting current and prior years performance and development expectations. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 8% (2024: 10%) which is before tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant subsidiaries. The cash flows beyond the 5-year period are extrapolated using a growth rate of 2% (2024: 2%).

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

18. 無形資產

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

二零二五年三月三十一日

31 March 2025

| 已扣除累計攤銷及減值 本年度攤銷撥備 / 匯兑調整 ! 於二零二五年三月三十一日之賬面淨值 ! | Cost at 1 April 2024, net of accumulated amortization and impairment Amortization provided during the year Exchange realignment Net carrying amount at 31 March 2025 At 31 March 2025 Cost | 2,648 (800) (40) 1,808 |
|--|---|---------------------------------|
| 已扣除累計攤銷及減值 本年度攤銷撥備 / 匯兑調整 ! 於二零二五年三月三十一日之賬面淨值 ! | amortization and impairment Amortization provided during the year Exchange realignment Net carrying amount at 31 March 2025 At 31 March 2025 | (800) |
| 本年度攤銷撥備 / 匯兑調整 ! 於二零二五年三月三十一日之賬面淨值 ! | Amortization provided during the year Exchange realignment Net carrying amount at 31 March 2025 At 31 March 2025 | (800) |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日之賬面淨值 | Exchange realignment Net carrying amount at 31 March 2025 At 31 March 2025 | (40) |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日之賬面淨值 | Net carrying amount at 31 March 2025 At 31 March 2025 | |
| | At 31 March 2025 | 1,808 |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日 | | |
| | Cost | |
| 成本 | 0031 | 3,969 |
| 累計攤銷及減值 | Accumulated amortization and impairment | (2,161) |
| 賬面淨值 | Net carrying amount | 1,808 |
| 二零二四年三月三十一日 | 31 March 2024 | |
| | | ++ 4= |
| (港幣千元) (| (HK\$'000) | 技術 Know-how |
| | | |
| | Cost at 1 April 2023, net of accumulated | |
| 已扣除累計攤銷及減值 | amortization and impairment | 3,579 |
| | Amortization provided during the year | (812) |
| 匯兑調整 目 | Exchange realignment | (119) |
| 於二零二四年三月三十一日之賬面淨值 | Net carrying amount at 31 March 2024 | 2,648 |
| 於二零二四年三月三十一日 | At 31 March 2024 | |
| 成本 | Cost | 4,040 |
| 累計攤銷及減值 | Accumulated amortization and impairment | (1,392) |
| | Net carrying amount | 2,648 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

19. 於聯營公司之投資

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 | |
|--------|---------------------|--------|--------|--|
| | | | | |
| 應佔資產淨值 | Share of net assets | 25,673 | 24,607 | |

應付聯營公司之賬款餘額為貿易相關、無 抵押、免息及一般於三十天內支付。就此, 於二零二五年三月三十一日,應付聯營公 司賬款港幣407,000元(二零二四年:港幣 13,322,000元)已記入應付貿易及票據賬款 內,於財務報表附註26載列。

所有本集團之聯營公司均為於中國註冊及 於中國大陸經營之企業法人。

聯營公司之詳細資料如下:

The balances due to the associates are trade related, unsecured, interest-free and are normally settled on a term of 30 days. Accordingly, as at 31 March 2025, the amounts due to associates of HK\$407,000 (2024: HK\$13,322,000) are included in the trade and bills payables, as disclosed in note 26 to the financial statements.

All of the Group's associates are corporate entities registered in the PRC and operating in Mainland China.

本集團確佔

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

| | | 个 未固然们 | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| | | 權益百分比 | |
| | | Percentage of | |
| | 實收註冊資本 | ownership interest | 主要業務 |
| 名稱 | Paid-up | attributable | Principal |
| Name | registered capital | to the Group | activities |
| | | | |
| 佛山市富雄鑄造廠有限公司(1),(2) | 1,520,000美元 | 25 | 製造及銷售 |
| Foshan Fu Xiong Foundry Co., Ltd. (1), (2) | US\$1,520,000 | | 球墨鑄鐵產品 |
| | | | Manufacture and sale |
| | | | of iron casting products |
| 佛山市順德區富雄機械製造有限公司(1),(2) | 800,000美元 | 25 | 無經營活動 |
| Foshan Shunde Fu Xiong Machinery | US\$800,000 | | Dormant |
| Company, Limited (1), (2) | . , | | |
| 附註: | Notes: | | |
| | | | |

- (1) 上述公司以三月三十一日為其報告日期, 以符合其控股公司之報告日期。
- (2) 英文公司名稱僅供識別。

- (1) The above companies use 31 March as their reporting date to conform with their holding company's reporting date.
- The English company names are translated for identification purposes only.

二零二五年三月三十一日

20.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

19. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

下表列示本集團個別並非重大的聯營公司的財務資訊總額:

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's associates that are not individually material:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | | |
|-------------------------|--|---------|---------|--|
| 佔聯營公司年度溢利/(虧損) 佔聯營公司 | Share of the associates' profit/(loss) for the year Share of the associates' other | 1,411 | (52) | |
| 其他全面支出 佔聯營公司 | comprehensive expenses Share of the associates' total | (345) | (1,004) | |
| 總全面收益/(支出) | comprehensive income/(expenses) | 1,066 | (1,056) | |
| 本集團於聯營公司 投資賬面值總額 | Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's investments in the associates | 25,673 | 24,607 | |
| 存貨 | 20. INVENTORIES | | | |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 | |
| 原料 | Raw materials | 262,323 | 259,413 | |
| 在製品 | Work in progress | 219,391 | 193,168 | |
| 製成品 | Finished goods | 306,840 | 242,056 | |

788,554

694,637

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

21. 應收貿易及票據賬款

21. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | |
|---|---|-----------|-----------|
| ->- 1/- 67 C2 C2 C5 | | | 1 000 500 |
| 應收貿易賬款 | Trade receivables | 1,222,387 | 1,098,568 |
| 減值 | Impairment | (91,633) | (86,938) |
| ····································· | - | 1 100 754 | 1 011 000 |
| 應收貿易賬款淨額 | Trade receivables, net | 1,130,754 | 1,011,630 |
| 應收票據賬款 | Bills receivable | 443,044 | 306,674 |
| 應收貿易及票據賬款總計 | Total trade and bills receivables | 1,573,798 | 1,318,304 |
| 部分分類為非流動部分 | Portion classified as non-current portion | (109,824) | (86,214) |
| | | | |
| 流動部分 | Current portion | 1,463,974 | 1,232,090 |

客戶之貿易條款一般為現金交易、銀行票據及信用放貸。本集團根據個別客戶之商業實力及信譽給予客戶信貸額,信貸期一般為三十天至一百八十天。本集團採取嚴格政策控制信貸條款及應收賬款,務求信貸風險降至最低。

基於上述的觀點及本集團的應收貿易及票據賬款由大量分散客戶所組成,故沒有重大的集中信貸風險。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押或其他加強信用之物品。除應收貿易賬款港幣60,681,000元(二零二四年:港幣93,126,000元)以平均年利率6.3%(二零二四年:6.2%)計息及信貸期一般為十八個月至三十六個月(二零二四年:十八個月至三十六個月)外,剩餘之應收貿易及票據賬款並不附利息。

Trading terms with customers are either cash on delivery, bank bills or on credit. The Group grants credit to customers based on their respective business strength and creditability, with credit periods of 30 days to 180 days in general. The Group adopts strict control policies over credit terms and receivables that serve to minimize credit risk.

In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade and bills receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances. Except for the trade receivables of HK\$60,681,000 (2024: HK\$93,126,000) which are interest-bearing at an average interest rate of 6.3% (2024: 6.2%) per annum and with credit periods of 18 months to 36 months (2024: 18 months to 36 months) in general, the remaining trade and bills receivables are non-interest-bearing.

31 March 2025

21. 應收貿易及票據賬款(續)

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團已質 押應收票據賬款港幣149,475,000元(二零二四年:港幣73,307,000元)用作擔保發出 給予供應商的銀行承兑匯票,該等匯票記入應付貿易及票據賬款內。

於報告期末之應收貿易賬款按發票日期及 扣除虧損撥備計算之賬齡分析如下:

21. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

As at 31 March 2025, the Group has pledged bills receivable of HK\$149,475,000 (2024: HK\$73,307,000) to secure the issuance of bank acceptance notes, included in the trade and bills payables, to suppliers.

The ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | |
| 九十天內 | Within 90 days | 651,126 | 471,634 |
| 九十一至一百八十天 | 91 to 180 days | 173,251 | 151,274 |
| 一百八十一至三百六十五天 | 181 to 365 days | 160,584 | 176,240 |
| 超過一年 | Over 1 year | 145,793 | 212,482 |
| | | | |
| | | 1,130,754 | 1,011,630 |

應收貿易賬款虧損撥備變動如下:

The movements in the loss allowance for trade receivables are as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 | |
|---------------------------------|---|---------|---------|--|
| 於年初 已於收益表扣除的減值虧損/ | At beginning of year Impairment losses charged/(write-back of | 86,938 | 92,297 | |
| (計入的減值虧損撥回)的 淨額 <i>(附註7)</i> | impairment losses credited) to the income statement, net (note 7) | 10,755 | (2,956) | |
| 註銷不能收回的金額 | Amounts written off as uncollectible | (1,966) | (202) | |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (4,094) | (2,201) | |
| 於年末 | At end of year | 91,633 | 86,938 | |

於二零二五年三月三十一日,虧損撥備增加乃主要由於逾期超過一百八十天以上之 結餘的預期信貸虧損率增加所致。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,虧損撥備減 少乃主要由於逾期超過一百八十天以上之 結餘的預期信貸虧損率下降所致。 As at 31 March 2025, the increase in the loss allowance was mainly due to the increase in expected credit loss rate of balances past due over 180 days.

As at 31 March 2024, the decrease in the loss allowance was mainly due to the decrease in expected credit loss rate of balances past due over 180 days.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

21. 應收貿易及票據賬款(續)

於各報告日期採用撥備矩陣進行減值分析, 以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於具有 類似虧損模式的多個客戶分部組別的逾期 日數釐定。該計算反映或然率加權結果、 貨幣時值及於報告日期可得的有關過往事 項、當前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的合理 及可靠資料。

下表載列使用撥備矩陣計算的本集團應收 貿易賬款的信貸風險資料:

於二零二五年三月三十一日

21. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure ECLs. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

At 31 March 2025

| | | | | 逾期 | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | | | | Past due | | |
| | | | | 九十一至 | 超過 | |
| | | | 少於九十天 | 一百八十天 | 一百八十天 | |
| | | 即期 | Less than | 91 to | Over | 總計 |
| | | Current | 90 days | 180 days | 180 days | Total |
| | | | | | | |
| 預期信貸虧損率 | Expected credit loss rate | 0% | 3% | 5% | 63% | 7% |
| 賬面值總額(港幣千元) | Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) | 894,481 | 141,206 | 51,732 | 134,968 | 1,222,387 |
| 預期信貸虧損(港幣千元) | Expected credit losses (HK\$'000) | 390 | 3,865 | 2,544 | 84,834 | 91,633 |

於二零二四年三月三十一日

At 31 March 2024

| | | 逾期 Past due | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | 即期 | 少於九十天 Less than | 九十一至 一百八十天 91 to | 超過 一百八十天 Over | 總計 |
| | | Current | 90 days | 180 days | 180 days | Total |
| 預期信貸虧損率 賬面值總額 <i>(港幣千元)</i> 預期信貸虧損 <i>(港幣千元)</i> | Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) Expected credit losses (HK\$'000) | 0% 750,068 1,193 | 2% 127,502 2,365 | 3% 66,081 1,874 | 53% 154,917 81,506 | 8% 1,098,568 86,938 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

21. 應收貿易及票據賬款(續)

21. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

於報告期末之應收票據賬款之到期日分析 如下: The maturity dates of the bills receivable as at the end of the reporting period are analyzed as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------------|-----------------|---------|---------|
| | | | |
| 九十天內 | Within 90 days | 176,684 | 139,352 |
| 九十一至一百八十天 | 91 to 180 days | 246,442 | 129,552 |
| 一百八十一至三百六十五天 | 181 to 365 days | 18,296 | 18,226 |
| 超過一年 | Over 1 year | 1,622 | 19,544 |
| | | | |
| | | 443,044 | 306,674 |

於二零二五年三月三十一日,應收票據賬款並無逾期或減值(二零二四年:無)。 述結餘中的金融資產概無涉及近期違虧 發及逾期款項之應收賬款。預期信貸虧損 乃參考本集團過往虧損記錄使用虧損率 估計。虧損率將於適時調整以反映當前 活計。虧損率將於適時調整以反映當前 況及未來經濟狀況預測。本集團並無提 虧損撥備,乃由於管理層估計於二零二十 年三月三十一日及二零二四年三月三十一 日的預期信貸虧損為最小。 As at 31 March 2025, none of the bills receivable was either past due or impaired (2024: Nil). The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts. The ECLs are estimated by applying a loss rate approach with reference to the historical loss record of the Group. The loss rate is adjusted to reflect the current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate. No loss allowance was provided because management estimated that the ECLs as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 were minimal.

22. 訂金、預付款項及其他應收賬款

22. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|---------|--------------------------|----------|----------|
| 訂金及預付款項 | Deposits and prepayments | 195,151 | 102,036 |
| 其他應收賬款 | Other receivables | 47,889 | 41,732 |
| 減:減值 | Less: Impairment | (12,345) | (15,443) |
| 應收税項 | Tax recoverable | 11,421 | 8,794 |
| | | | |
| | | 242,116 | 137,119 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

22. 訂金、預付款項及其他應收賬款(續)

22. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(continued)

訂金及預付款項以及其他應收賬款減值撥 備變動如下:

The movements in impairment allowance for deposits and prepayments and other receivables are as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|---------|--------|
| 於年初 | At beginning of year | 15,443 | 16,947 |
| 註銷不能收回的金額 | Amounts written off as uncollectible | (2,837) | (946) |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (261) | (558) |
| | | | |
| 於年末 | At end of year | 12,345 | 15,443 |

一般而言,本集團計量相等於其他應收款 項的十二個月預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備。 可收回性乃參考債務人信貸狀況作評估。 除其他應收賬款港幣12,345,000元(二零 二四年:港幣15,443,000元)外,結餘中的 金融資產概無涉及近期違約記錄及逾期款 項之應收賬款。於二零二五年三月三十一 日及二零二四年三月三十一日的剩餘結餘 的預期信貸虧損被評估為最小。

在上述其他應收賬款減值撥備中包括 對已作個別減值其他應收賬款撥備港 幣 12,345,000 元 (二零二四年:港幣 15,443,000元),其於撥備前之賬面值為 港幣12,555,000元(二零二四年:港幣 15,656,000元)。

Generally, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12month ECLs of other receivables. The recoverability was assessed with reference to the credit status of the debtors. Except for other receivables of HK\$12,345,000 (2024: HK\$15,443,000), the financial assets included in these balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts. The ECLs of the remaining balances as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 were assessed to be minimal.

Included in the above impairment allowance for other receivables is an allowance for individually impaired other receivables of HK\$12,345,000 (2024: HK\$15,443,000) with a gross carrying amount before provision of HK\$12,555,000 (2024: HK\$15,656,000).

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

23. 應收融資租賃賬款

本集團租賃若干注塑機予客戶。該等租賃分類為融資租賃及於二零二五年三月三十一日,其剩餘租期已完結(二零二四年:一個月至十個月)。客戶於融資租賃租期完結時,將購買已租賃之注塑機。

23. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

The Group leases certain of its injection moulding machines to its customers. These leases are classified as finance leases and have no remaining lease terms as at 31 March 2025 (2024: 1 month to 10 months). The customers shall purchase the leased injection moulding machines at the end of the lease terms of the finance leases.

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|------------|--------------------------------|---------|---------|
| 應收融資租賃賬款 | Finance lease receivables | 4,258 | 5,944 |
| 減值 | Impairment | (4,258) | (4,334) |
| 應收融資租賃賬款淨額 | Finance lease receivables, net | _ | 1,610 |

於報告期末之根據融資租賃的未來最少應 收租賃款項總額及彼等現值分析如下:

The total future minimum lease receivables under finance leases and their present values as at the end of the reporting period are analyzed as follows:

| | | 最少應收租 <u>1</u> Minimum lease r | | 最少應收租賃款 Present valu minimum lease r | ue of |
|----------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--|-------|
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 應收款項: | Amounts receivable: | | 1.005 | | 1.610 |
| | Within one year | - | 1,665 | | 1,610 |
| 最少應收融資 | Total minimum finance | | | | |
| 租賃款項總計 | lease receivables | - | 1,665 | _ | 1,610 |
| 未賺取財務收入 | Unearned finance income | | (55) | | |
| 應收融資租賃款項 | Total net finance lease | | | | |
| 淨額總計 | receivables | _ | 1,610 | | |

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內並無或然收入被確認(二零二四年:無)。

No contingent income was recognized during the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: Nil).

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

23. 應收融資租賃賬款(續)

23. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

應收融資租賃賬款虧損撥備變動如下:

The movements in the loss allowance for finance lease receivables are as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-------------|---|---------------|----------------|
| 於年初 匯兑調整 | At beginning of year Exchange realignment | 4,334 (76) | 4,488 (154) |
| 於年末 | At end of year | 4,258 | 4,334 |

於各報告日期採用撥備矩陣進行減值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於具有類似虧損模式的多個客戶分部組別的逾期日數釐定。該計算反映或然率加權結果、貨幣時值及於報告日期可得的有關過往事項、當前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的合理及可靠資料。

下表載列使用撥備矩陣計算的本集團應收融資租賃賬款的信貸風險資料:

於二零二五年三月三十一日

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure ECLs. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's finance lease receivables using a provision matrix:

At 31 March 2025

| | | | | 逾期 | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-------|
| | | Past due | | | | |
| | | | | 九十一至 | 超過 | |
| | | | 少於九十天 | 一百八十天 | 一百八十天 | |
| | | 即期 | Less than | 91 to | Over | 總計 |
| | | Current | 90 days | 180 days | 180 days | Total |
| | | | | | | |
| 預期信貸虧損率 | Expected credit loss rate | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 100% |
| 賬面值總額(港幣千元) | Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) | _ | _ | _ | 4,258 | 4,258 |
| 預期信貸虧損(港幣千元) | Expected credit losses (HK\$'000) | _ | _ | - | 4,258 | 4,258 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

23. 應收融資租賃賬款(續)

23. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

於二零二四年三月三十一日

At 31 March 2024

| | | | | 逾期 | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------|----------|----------|-------|
| | | | | Past due | | |
| | | | | 九十一至 | 超過 | |
| | | | 少於九十天 | 一百八十天 | 一百八十天 | |
| | | 即期 | Less than | 91 to | Over | 總計 |
| | | Current | 90 days | 180 days | 180 days | Total |
| | | | | | | |
| 預期信貸虧損率 | Expected credit loss rate | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 73% |
| 賬面值總額 <i>(港幣千元)</i> | Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) | 1,530 | 80 | _ | 4,334 | 5,944 |
| 預期信貸虧損(港幣千元) | Expected credit losses (HK\$'000) | _ | _ | _ | 4,334 | 4,334 |

24. 抵押銀行存款

24. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | | 2024 |
|-------------|--|---------|--------|
| | | | |
| 抵押銀行存款,流動部分 | Pledged bank deposits, current portion | 138,784 | 47,899 |

結存包括若干附屬公司所持有之抵押銀行存款為港幣138,784,000元(二零二四年:港幣45,141,000元)用作擔保發出給予供應商的銀行承兑匯票,該等匯票記入應付貿易及票據賬款內。於二零二四年三月三十一日,一間附屬公司所持為港幣2,758,000元之抵押銀行存款用作擔保於中國大陸銀行給予客戶作購買本集團產品的銀行貸款。

抵押銀行存款存放於並無近期違約紀錄之 有信譽銀行。 Balances included pledged bank deposits of certain subsidiaries in the amount of HK\$138,784,000 (2024: HK\$45,141,000) for securing the issuance of bank acceptance notes which are included in the trade and bills payables, to suppliers. As at 31 March 2024, a pledged bank deposit of a subsidiary in the amount of HK\$2,758,000 was secured for a bank loan granted by bank in Mainland China to customers to purchase the Group's products.

The pledged bank deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

25. 現金及銀行結存

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|------------|---|---------|---------|
| 現金及銀行結存 | Cash and bank balances | 398,004 | 470,388 |
| 於存款時距離原期滿日 | Bank deposits with original maturity of | | |
| 不足三個月之銀行存款 | less than three months when acquired | 130,175 | 346,564 |
| 於存款時距離原期滿日 | Bank deposits with original maturity of | | |
| 超過三個月之銀行存款 | more than three months when acquired | | 8,825 |
| | | | |
| 總現金及銀行結存 | Total cash and bank balances | 528,179 | 825,777 |

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團以 人民幣計值之現金及銀行結存為約港 幣 212,830,000 元 (二零二四年:港幣 345,405,000元)。人民幣不能自由兑換為 其他貨幣,惟根據中國大陸外匯管理條例 及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團可 透過獲准經營外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑 換為其他貨幣。

銀行存款以銀行每日存款浮動利率賺取利 息。視乎本集團現金的需求,而定立由兩 星期至六個月(二零二四年:七天至六個 月) 不等的定期存款, 並以各自的定期存 款息率賺取利息。銀行結存存放於並無近 期違約紀錄之有信譽銀行。於二零二五年 三月三十一日,現金及銀行結存包括活期 存款港幣26,625,000元(二零二四年:港幣 238,987,000元)。該活期存款訂立由一年 至兩年不等的年期。提早取出該活期存款 並無罰息或限制。該活期存款持有之目的 乃應付短期現金承諾。

As at 31 March 2025, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to approximately HK\$212,830,000 (2024: HK\$345,405,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under the Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorized to conduct foreign exchange business.

The cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The time deposits are made for varying periods of between 2 weeks and 6 months (2024: 7 days and 6 months) depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default. As at 31 March 2025, included in the cash and bank balances were demand deposits of HK\$26,625,000 (2024: HK\$238,987,000). The demand deposits were made for varying periods of between 1 year and 2 years. There was no penalty for or restriction on early withdrawal of the demand deposits. The demand deposits were held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

26. 應付貿易及票據賬款

26. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

於報告期末之應付貿易及票據賬款按發票 日期計算之賬齡分析如下: The ageing analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------------|-----------------|---------|---------|
| | | | |
| 九十天內 | Within 90 days | 410,742 | 408,225 |
| 九十一至一百八十天 | 91 to 180 days | 214,285 | 128,443 |
| 一百八十一至三百六十五天 | 181 to 365 days | 160,306 | 73,350 |
| 超過一年 | Over 1 year | 31,014 | 13,092 |
| | | | |
| | | 816,347 | 623,110 |

應付貿易及票據賬款並不附利息及一般三個月至六個月內結算。應付貿易及票據賬款當中包括應付聯營公司款項港幣407,000元(二零二四年:港幣13,322,000元),其付款條款為三十天內支付。

The trade and bills payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 3 months to 6 months. Included in the trade and bills payables are trade payables of HK\$407,000 (2024: HK\$13,322,000) due to associates which are repayable within 30 days.

27. 其他應付賬款、應計負債及合約負債

27. OTHER PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 附註 Notes | 2025 | 2024 |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----------|---------|----------|
| | | | | |
| 合約負債 | Contract liabilities | (a) | 67,817 | 88,649 |
| 其他應付賬款及應計負債 | Other payables and accruals | (b) | 239,268 | 213,213 |
| | | | | |
| 其他應付賬款、應計負債 | Total other payables, accruals | | | |
| 及合約負債總計 | and contract liabilities | | 307,085 | 301,862 |
| 部分分類 | Portion classified as non-current | | | |
| 為非流動部分 | portion | | (4,431) | (11,195) |
| | | | | |
| 流動部分 | Current portion | | 302,654 | 290,667 |

附註:

- (a) 合約負債包括交付貨品的預收款。於二零二三年四月一日的合約負債為港幣83,390,000元。合約負債於二零二五年減少(二零二四年:增加)主要由於於年終就銷售貨品而向客戶收取的預收款減少(二零二四年:增加)。
- (b) 記入其他應付賬款及應計負債的金融負債 並不附利息。

Notes:

- (a) Contract liabilities include advances received to deliver goods. The contract liabilities as at 1 April 2023 amounted to HK\$83,390,000. The decrease (2024: increase) in contract liabilities in 2025 was mainly due to the decrease (2024: increase) in advances received from customers in relation to the sale of goods at the end of the year.
- (b) The financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals are non-interest-bearing.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

28. 定額福利計劃

本集團在台灣之附屬公司設立舊計劃,提供於二零零五年七月一日勞工退休金條例實施前已獲台灣之附屬公司聘用之絕大部分僱員。根據舊計劃,僱員有權每年按照累計基點享有退休福利,累計基點乃按服務年數釐定,最多為45點。直至五十五至六十五歲之退休年齡時,按累計基點乘以最後六個月的平均月薪計算。

舊計劃要求本集團每月向該退休準備金供款,該退休準備金由委員會管理,並以委員會之名義存入一間經政府批准擔當信託人之金融機構。該資產由信託人持有,與本集團的資產單獨分開。委員會負責確定該計劃的投資策略。

舊計劃受利率風險、退休金受益人的壽命變動風險,股本市場風險及信貸風險的影響。

最近期之計劃資產及定額福利責任現值精算估值,乃由台灣精算學會認可之合資格精算師鉅璇資產管理顧問股份有限公司於二零二五年三月三十一日進行,乃以預計單位基數精算估值法計算。

於報告期末之主要精算假設如下:

28. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

The Group's subsidiaries in Taiwan operate the Old Scheme, covering substantially all of its employees who were recruited by the Taiwanese subsidiaries before the implementation of the Labour Act on 1 July 2005. Under the Old Scheme, the employees are entitled to retirement benefits annually based on an accumulated base point, which is determined based on their years of service, with a maximum of 45 points multiplied by the average monthly salary for the final six months of employment on attainment of a retirement age ranging from 55 to 65.

The Old Scheme requires the Group to make monthly contributions to the retirement fund. The fund is administered by the Committee and is deposited under the Committee's name with a government approved financial institution, which acts as the trustee. The assets held by the trustee are separated from those of the Group. The Committee is responsible for the determination of the investment strategy of the scheme.

The Old Scheme is exposed to interest rate risk, the risk of changes in the life expectancy for pensioners, equity market risk and credit risk.

The most recent actuarial valuations of the plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligations were carried out on 31 March 2025 by Greatfine Wealth Management Consulting Inc., a qualified actuary recognized by the Actuarial Institute in Taiwan, using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

The principal actuarial assumptions used as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| | | 2025 | 2024 |
|---------|----------------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 折現率 | Discount rate | 1.4% | 1.3% |
| 預期薪金增長率 | Expected rate of salary increase | 1.0% | 1.0% |

精算估值顯示計劃資產的市值為港幣11,779,000元(二零二四年:港幣11,645,000元),且這些資產的精算價值佔為符合條件員工計提的福利的175%(二零二四年:169%)。盈餘為港幣5,041,000元並預期於剩餘服務期十三年消除。

The actuarial valuation showed that the market value of plan assets was HK\$11,779,000 (2024: HK\$11,645,000) and that the actuarial value of these assets represented 175% (2024: 169%) of the benefits that had accrued to qualifying employees. The surplus of HK\$5,041,000 is expected to be cleared over the remaining service period of 13 years.

31 March 2025

28. 定額福利計劃(續)

28. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

下表為報告期末所使用的重大假設的定量 敏感性分析: A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions as at the end of the reporting period is shown below:

| | | | 2025 | i | |
|--------|------------------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| | | | 定額福利 | | 定額福利 |
| | | | 責任增加 | | 責任減少 |
| | | 比率增加 | Increase of | 比率減少 | Decrease of |
| | | Increase | defined | Decrease | defined |
| | | in rate | benefit | in rate | benefit |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | % | obligations | % | obligations |
| 折現率 | Discount rate | 0.5 | 30 | (0.5) | (31) |
| 未來薪金增長 | Future salary increase | 0.5 | 3 | (0.5) | (3) |

| | | 2024 | | | | | |
|--------|------------------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------------|--|--|
| | _ | | 定額福利責任 | | 定額福利責任 | | |
| | | | 增加/(減少) | | 增加/(減少) | | |
| | | | Increase/ | | Increase/ | | |
| | | 比率增加 | (decrease) of | 比率減少 | (decrease) of | | |
| | | Increase | defined | Decrease | defined | | |
| | | in rate | benefit | in rate | benefit | | |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | % | obligations | % | obligations | | |
| 折現率 | Discount rate | 0.5 | (122) | (0.5) | 133 | | |
| 未來薪金增長 | Future salary increase | 0.5 | 133 | (0.5) | (123) | | |

上述敏感性分析,乃根據關鍵假設在報告期末時發生合理變動時對定額福利責任的影響的推斷。敏感性分析乃根據重大假設變動,同時所有其他假設維持不變而釐定。敏感性分析可能並不代表定額福利責任之實際變動,因為假設不太可能孤立於其他假設出現變動。

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligations as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period. The sensitivity analysis is based on a change in a significant assumption, keeping all other assumptions constant. The sensitivity analysis may not be representative of an actual change in the defined benefit obligations as it is unlikely that changes in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

28. 定額福利計劃(續)

28. **DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN** (continued)

在綜合收益表中確認的有關計劃費用/收入總額如下:

The total expenses/income recognized in the consolidated income statement in respect of the scheme are as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|---------------------|---|------------|------------|
| ₩ +10 DD 76 +12 -1- | | •• | 5.0 |
| 當期服務成本 利息成本淨額 | Current service cost Interest cost, net | 33 (62) | 56 (29) |
| | | | |
| 淨福利費用/(收入) | Net benefit expenses/(income) | (29) | 27 |

定額福利責任及計劃資產的公平值之變動 如下: The movements in the defined benefit obligations and the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

| | | | 於收益表扣除的選休成本 Pension cost charged to the income statement | | | | 計 | 2025 人其他全面收益的 Remeasurement I comprehe | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|--|--|---|-------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | 人口統計 假設變化 引起的 | 財務 假設變化 引起的 | | 計入其他 | | | |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$*000) | 於 二零二四年 四月一日 At 1 April 2024 | 當期 服務成本 Current service cost | 利息 費用淨額 Net interest expense | 計入 收益表小計 Subtotal included in the income statement | 已付福利 Benefit paid | 精算變動 Actuarial changes arising from changes in demographic assumptions | 精算變動 Actuarial changes arising from changes in financial assumptions | 經驗調整 Experience adjustments | 全面收益 小計 Subtotal included in other comprehensive income | 僱主繳存 Contribution by employer | 匯兑調整 Exchange realignment | 於 二零二五年 三月三十一日 At 31 March 2025 |
| 定額福利責任計劃資產公平值福利資產 | Defined benefit obligations Fair value of plan assets Benefit assets | 6,881 (11,645) | 33 - | 90 (152) | 123 (152) | (320) | - | (11) | 358 (809) | 347 (809) | - | (293) 507 | 6,738 (11,779) |

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

28. 定額福利計劃(續)

28. **DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN** (continued)

2024

| | | | | | | | | 2024 | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|----------|---------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|----------|
| | | | 於收 | 益表扣除的退休 | 成本 | | | 計入其他全面收 | (益的重新計量) | 紐 | | | |
| | | | Pensi | on cost charged | to the | | | Remeasurem | ent gains in othe | r | | | |
| | | | i | ncome statemer | nt | | | comprehe | ensive income | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 人口統計 | 財務 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 假設變化 | 假設變化 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 引起的 | 引起的 | | 計入其他 | | | |
| | | | | | | | 精算變動 | 精算變動 | | 全面收益 | | | |
| | 於 | | | 計入 | | Actuarial | Actuarial | | 小計 | | | 纹 | |
| | | 二零二三年 | 當期 | 利息 | 收益表小計 | | changes | changes | | Subtotal | | | 二零二四年 |
| | | 四月一日 | 服務成本 | 費用淨額 | Subtotal | | arising from | arising from | | included | | | 三月三十一日 |
| | | At | Current | Net | included in | 已付福利 | changes in | changes in | 經驗調整 | in other | 僱主繳存 | 匯兑調整 | At |
| | | 1 April | service | interest | the income | Benefit | demographic | financial | Experience | comprehensive | Contribution | Exchange | 31 March |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2023 | cost | expense | statement | paid | assumptions | assumptions | adjustments | income | by employer | realignment | 2024 |
| 定額福利責任 | Defined benefit obligations | 11,361 | 56 | 124 | 180 | (3,515) | _ | (53) | (583) | (636) | _ | (509) | 6,881 |
| 計劃資產公平值 | Fair value of plan assets | (13,972) | _ | (153) | (153) | 3,515 | _ | (00) | (1,119) | (1,119) | (613) | 697 | (11,645) |
| 11 割貝圧以下旧 | i all value of piati assets | (13,372) | | (133) | (130) | 3,313 | | | (1,113) | (1,113) | (013) | 037 | (11,043) |
| 福利資產 | Benefit assets | (2,611) | 56 | (29) | 27 | _ | _ | (53) | (1,702) | (1,755) | (613) | 188 | (4,764) |

本集團計劃資產總額之公平值主要分類如下:

The major categories of the fair value of the total plan assets of the Group are as follows:

| | | 2025 | 2024 |
|----------|---------------------------|------|------|
| | | | |
| 現金及現金等價物 | Cash and cash equivalents | 14% | 15% |
| 股本工具 | Equity instruments | 72% | 72% |
| 債務工具 | Debt instruments | 14% | 13% |
| | | | |
| | | 100% | 100% |

截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度內,本集團預期於下個財政年度 內對定額福利計劃不作出供款。

於報告期末,定額福利責任之平均持續時間為三年(二零二四年:四年)。

During the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group did not expect to make a contribution to the defined benefit plan during the next financial year.

The average duration of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period is 3 years (2024: 4 years).

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

29. 遞延税項

29. DEFERRED TAX

於年內,遞延税項負債及資產變動如下:

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

遞延税項負債

Deferred tax liabilities

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 物業重估 Revaluation of properties | 撥備及超過 相關折舊的 折舊免税額 Provisions and depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation | 扣繳税 Withholding tax | 總計 Total |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------|
| | | | | | |
| 於二零二三年四月一日 本年度於收益表扣除/ (計入)之遞延税項 | At 1 April 2023 Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement | 50,098 | 13,896 | 13,186 | 77,180 |
| 淨額(附註11) 本年度於其他全面收益 扣除之遞延税項 | during the year, net (note 11) Deferred tax charged to the statement of comprehensive income during | (2,509) | 3,839 | (3,428) | (2,098) |
| | the year | 18,028 | _ | _ | 18,028 |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (1,543) | (471) | (472) | (2,486) |
| 於二零二四年三月三十一日 及二零二四年四月一日 本年度於收益表扣除/ (計入)之遞延税項 | At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement | 64,074 | 17,264 | 9,286 | 90,624 |
| 淨額(附註11) | during the year, net (note 11) | (5,868) | 2,370 | 3,399 | (99) |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (1,116) | (305) | (164) | (1,585) |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日 之確認於綜合財務狀況表 遞延税項負債淨值 | Net deferred tax liabilities recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2025 | 57,090 | 19,329 | 12,521 | 88,940 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

29. 遞延税項(續)

29. **DEFERRED TAX** (continued)

遞延税項資產

Deferred tax assets

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 撥備 Provisions | 税項虧損 Tax losses | 遞延收益 Deferred revenue | 總計 Total |
|---|---|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| <u>** </u> | | | | | |
| 於二零二三年四月一日 | At 1 April 2023 | 36,822 | _ | 192 | 37,014 |
| 本年度於收益表扣除 之遞延税項 | Deferred tax charged to the income statement | | | | |
| 淨額(附註11) | during the year, net (note 11) | (4,680) | _ | (29) | (4,709) |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (1,233) | _ | (7) | (1,240) |
| 於二零二四年三月三十一日 及二零二四年四月一日 本年度於收益表計入/ (扣除)之遞延税項 | At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the income statement | 30,909 | - | 156 | 31,065 |
| 淨額(附註11) | during the year, net (note 11) | (2,830) | 1,230 | (5) | (1,605) |
| 匯兑調整 | Exchange realignment | (578) | _ | (2) | (580) |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日 之確認於綜合財務狀況表 遞延税項資產淨值 | Net deferred tax assets recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2025 | 27,501 | 1,230 | 149 | 28,880 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

29. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產(續)

就本集團之税項虧損源於香港、中國 大陸及台灣分別為港幣242,736,000元 (二零二四年:港幣257,254,000元)、 港幣 28.354.000 元 (二零二四年:港幣 22,544,000元)及港幣45,920,000元(二零 二四年:港幣54,997,000元),可供抵銷錄 得該虧損之公司日後之應課税溢利。由於 該等公司已錄得虧損一段時間,並無預計 應課稅溢利於可見將來可供抵扣稅項虧損, 故無就該等虧損確認遞延税項資產,惟於 二零二五年三月三十一日香港產生之税項 虧損港幣7.454.000元(二零二四年:無) 除外(乃由於在日後有可能出現應課税溢 利,可用以抵扣該未被動用税項虧損)。在 未確認税項虧損中,包括港幣28,354,000 元(二零二四年:港幣22,544,000元)及 港幣45,920,000元(二零二四年:港幣 54,997,000元)的虧損分別將於虧損產生後 五年及十年內逾期。其他虧損可以無限期 累積。

根據新企業所得稅法,於中國大陸成立的外資企業向外國投資者宣派股息時需徵10%扣繳稅,自二零零八年一月一日起生效並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日後賺取的溢利。倘中國與外國投資者所在司法權區訂有稅務條約,則可能適用較低的扣繳稅稅率。本集團於年內的適用稅率為5%或10%。

此外,根據台灣扣繳稅條例,向非本地居 民股東宣派之股息將被徵收21%(二零二四年:21%)扣繳稅。因此,本集團須就於台 灣成立的該等附屬公司產生的溢利所派發 之股息繳納扣繳稅。

29. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Deferred tax assets (continued)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong, Mainland China and Taiwan of HK\$242,736,000 (2024: HK\$257,254,000), HK\$28,354,000 (2024: HK\$22,544,000) and HK\$45,920,000 (2024: HK\$54,997,000), respectively, that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these losses as they have arisen in those companies that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilized in the foreseeable future, except for tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$7,454,000 (2024: Nil) as at 31 March 2025 to the extent that it was probable that future taxable profit would be available against which the unused tax losses could be utilised. Included in unrecognized tax losses are losses of HK\$28,354,000 (2024: HK\$22,544,000) and HK\$45,920,000 (2024: HK\$54,997,000) that will expire within five years and ten years, respectively, from the date the losses arose. Other losses can be carried forward indefinitely.

Pursuant to the New Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement was effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between the PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate during the year was 5% or 10%.

In addition, pursuant to Taiwan withholding tax regulations, a 21% (2024: 21%) withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to non-resident shareholders. Therefore, the Group is liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Taiwan in respect of earnings generated.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

29. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產(續)

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團若 干於中國大陸成立的附屬公司未就未匯 出溢利的應付扣繳稅確認遞延稅項,其 無確認之相關的暫時性差異總值合共約 港幣1,827,617,000元(二零二四年:港幣 1,674,711,000元)。董事認為,該等附屬公 司不大可能於可見未來分配於二零零八年 一月一日後賺取之溢利。

於二零二五年三月三十一日,並無就因扣繳稅產生之於台灣成立的附屬公司投資相關的暫時性差異總值而確認的遞延稅項負債合共約港幣44,270,000元(二零二四年:港幣46,216,000元)。

本公司向其股東派發之股息並無任何所得 税之影響。

29. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Deferred tax assets (continued)

As at 31 March 2025, no deferred tax has been recognized for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China, of which the aggregate amount of temporary differences has not been recognized totalled approximately HK\$1,827,617,000 (2024: HK\$1,674,711,000). In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute their earnings accrued after 1 January 2008 in the foreseeable future.

As at 31 March 2025, the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with the investments in subsidiaries established in Taiwan for which deferred tax liabilities arising from withholding tax have not been recognized totalled approximately HK\$44,270,000 (2024: HK\$46,216,000).

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

30. 股本

30. SHARE CAPITAL

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------|---------|
| 法定: 1,000,000,000 股普通股 | Authorized: 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of | 100.000 | 100,000 |
| 每股港幣0.10元 | HK\$0.10 each | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| 已發行及全數繳足: 630,531,600股 | Issued and fully paid: 630,531,600 | | |
| (二零二四年:630,531,600股) 普通股每股港幣0.10元 | (2024: 630,531,600) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each | 63,053 | 63,053 |

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權

本公司已採納經股東於本公司在二零一四年九月二十四日(「採納日期」)舉行之股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),自採納日期起計為期十年。購股計劃已於二零二四年九月二十三日屆滿,不再提出任何關於授出購股權之要約,惟根據購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使的購股權將繼續有效,並可根據購股權計劃規則之規定而可繼續行使。

根據購股權計劃,本公司董事可酌情邀請任何參與人接納購股權以認購本公司悉數繳足普通股,惟須受當中所述之條款及條件限制。根據購股權計劃授出之購股權並不賦予持有人收取股息或於股東大會上投票之權利。

購股權計劃之詳情載列如下:

(a) 目的

對合資格之參與人於本集團作出或將 可作出貢獻而予以獎勵或鼓勵。

(b) 參與人

- (i) 本集團任何成員或任何控股股 東(根據購股權計劃之定義)或 由控股股東控制之任何公司之:
 - (a) 任何董事(不論是執行或 非執行,包括任何獨立非 執行董事)及僱員(不論是 全職或兼職),或
 - (b) 其時借調之任何人;或

31. SHARE OPTIONS

The Company had adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") approved by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 24 September 2014 (the "Adoption Date") with a term of 10 years from the Adoption Date. The Share Option Scheme expired on 23 September 2024, under which no further grant of share options shall be offered. The outstanding share options granted under the Share Option Scheme continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

Under the Share Option Scheme, the directors of the Company may, at their discretion, invite any participants to take up share options to subscribe for fully paid ordinary shares in the Company subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. Share options under the Share Option Scheme do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The particulars of the Share Option Scheme are as follows:

(a) Purpose

As rewards or incentives for the contribution or potential contribution to the Group from the eligible participants.

(b) Participants

- (i) (a) any director (whether executive or nonexecutive, including any independent nonexecutive director) and employee (whether full time or part time) of, or
 - (b) any individual for the time being seconded to work for,

any member or any controlling shareholder (as defined under the Share Option Scheme) of the Group or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder; or

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

(b) 參與人(續)

- (ii) 本集團任何成員或任何控股股 東或由控股股東控制之任何公 司所發行之任何證券之持有人; 或
- (iii) 本集團任何成員或任何控股股 東或由控股股東控制之公司之:
 - (a) 任何業務或合作夥伴、特 許經營權受讓人、承包商 或分銷商,
 - (b) 任何人士或個體提供研究、發展或其他技術支援或任何諮詢、顧問、專業或其他與業務運作有關之服務,
 - (c) 貨品或服務之任何供應 商,或
 - (d) 貨品或服務之任何客戶。

就購股權計劃而言,參與人包括由一 位或多位隸屬以上任何類別參與人所 控制之任何公司。

(c) 可予發行普通股數目上限

於購股權計劃屆滿之日,最多達63,053,160股普通股(相等於本公司已發行股本10%)可予發行。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

(b) Participants (continued)

- (ii) any holder of any securities issued by any member or any controlling shareholder of the Group or any company controlled by a controlling shareholder; or
- (iii) (a) any business or joint venture partner, franchisee, contractor or distributor of,
 - (b) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services in respect of business operations to,
 - (c) any supplier of goods or services to, or
 - (d) any customer of goods or services of,

any member or any controlling shareholder of the Group or a company controlled by a controlling shareholder.

For the purposes of the Share Option Scheme, the participants shall include any company controlled by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of participants.

(c) Maximum number of ordinary shares available for issue

A total of 63,053,160 ordinary shares are available for issue, which represent 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of expiry of the Share Option Scheme.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

(d) 每位參與人可獲授權益上限

除根據購股權計劃之條款另行批准外, 任何參與人在任何十二個月內(截至 授出購股權當日止)根據購股權計劃 及本公司任何其他購股權計劃獲授之 購股權(包括已註銷、已行使及尚未 行使之購股權)予以行使時所發行及 將發行之普通股上限不得超過本公司 已發行普通股的1%。

(e) 可根據購股權認購普通股之期限

由授出購股權之日起計十年內,或本公司董事局於授出時所指定的較短期間。

(f) 購股權獲行使前必須持有之最短期限 (如有)

於授出購股權時,本公司董事局將指 定購股權獲行使前必須持有之最短期 限(如有)。

(g) 接納購股權須付金額及付款之期限

在提出購股權要約之日起(包括該日)四十五天內須接受有關之要約。於接受每份購股權要約時,須付港幣1.00元。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

(d) Maximum entitlement of each participant

The maximum number of ordinary shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of share options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to any participant (including cancelled, exercised and outstanding share options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the ordinary shares in issue unless otherwise approved in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

(e) Period within which the ordinary shares must be taken up under a share option

Within ten years from the date of grant of the share option or such shorter period as the board of directors of the Company determines at the time of grant.

(f) Minimum period, if any, for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised

At the time of granting a share option, the board of directors of the Company will determine the minimum period(s), if any, for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised.

(g) Amount payable upon acceptance of a share option and the period within which the payment must be made

An offer for the grant of a share option must be accepted within forty-five days inclusive of the day on which the offer was made. The amount payable on acceptance of the offer for an option is HK\$1.00.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

(h) 釐定購股權行使價之基準

行使購股權時須予支付之每股股份行 使價將由本公司董事局釐定,惟行使 價須至少為下列最高者:

- (i) 於授出購股權之要約日期(必須 為營業日)之本公司普通股收市 價,而該收市價乃載於聯交所 刊發之日報表;
- (ii) 於緊接授出購股權之要約日期 前五個營業日之本公司普通股 平均收市價,而該等收市價乃 載於聯交所刊發之日報表:及
- (iii) 本公司普通股之面值。

(i) 購股權計劃之有效期

購股權計劃之有效年期由採納日期起 計為期十年及已於二零二四年九月 二十三日屆滿。

年內,本公司已於二零二四年九月十六日 (「二零二四年授出日期」)根據購股權計劃 向參與人授出合共3,350,000購股權予本集 團選定僱員。有關授出之購股權數目佔本 公司於二零二四年授出日期已發行普通股 之約0.53%

行使購股權時須予支付之每股股份行使價為港幣1.44元。本公司普通股於緊接二零二四年授出日期前(即二零二四年九月十三日)之收市價為港幣1.44元。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

(h) Basis of determining the exercise price of a share option

The exercise price per share payable on the exercise of a share option shall be determined by the board of directors of the Company and shall be no less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the ordinary shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of grant, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average of the closing prices of the ordinary shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of an ordinary share of the Company.

(i) Life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme had a life of ten years commencing on the Adoption Date and expired on 23 September 2024.

During the year, the Company had granted a total of 3,350,000 share options on 16 September 2024 (the "2024 Grant Date") to participants under the Share Option Scheme, which were granted to selected employees of the Group. The number of share options granted represented approximately 0.53% of the Company's ordinary shares in issue as at 2024 Grant Date.

The exercise price per share payable on the exercise of a share option is HK\$1.44. The closing price of the ordinary shares of the Company immediately before the 2024 Grant Date (i.e., as of 13 September 2024) was HK\$1.44.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年內,本公司已於二零二三年十二月六日(「二零二三年授出日期」)根據購股權計劃向參與人授出合共6,290,000購股權,其中830,000購股權授予本公司執行董事(其中一位亦為主要股東),及5,460,000購股權授予本集團選定僱員。

行使購股權時須予支付之每股股份行使價為港幣1.436元。本公司普通股於緊接二零二三年授出日期前(即二零二三年十二月五日)之收市價為港幣1.41元。

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年內,本公司已於二零二二年一月二十一日(「二零二二年授出日期」)根據購股權計劃向參與人授出合共6,130,000購股權,其中2,500,000購股權授予本公司執行董事(其中一位亦為主要股東),及3,630,000購股權授予本集團選定僱員。

行使購股權時須予支付之每股股份行使價 為港幣2.49元。本公司普通股於緊接二零 二二年授出日期前(即二零二二年一月二十 日)之收市價為港幣2.44元。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年內,本公司已於二零二零年十一月二十七日(「二零二零年授出日期」) 根據購股權計劃向參與人授出合共11,520,000購股權,其中3,400,000購股權授予本公司執行董事(其中一位亦為主要股東),及8,120,000購股權授予本集團選定僱員。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company had granted a total of 6,290,000 share options on 6 December 2023 (the "2023 Grant Date") to participants under the Share Option Scheme, amongst which 830,000 share options were granted to executive directors (one of whom is also a substantial shareholder) of the Company and 5,460,000 share options were granted to selected employees of the Group.

The exercise price per share payable on the exercise of a share option is HK\$1.436. The closing price of the ordinary shares of the Company immediately before the 2023 Grant Date (i.e., as of 5 December 2023) was HK\$1.41.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company has granted a total of 6,130,000 share options on 21 January 2022 (the "2022 Grant Date") to participants under the Share Option Scheme, amongst which 2,500,000 share options were granted to executive directors (one of whom is also a substantial shareholder) of the Company and 3,630,000 share options were granted to selected employees of the Group.

The exercise price per share payable on the exercise of a share option is HK\$2.49. The closing price of the ordinary shares of the Company immediately before the 2022 Grant Date (i.e., as of 20 January 2022) was HK\$2.44.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company had granted a total of 11,520,000 share options on 27 November 2020 (the "2020 Grant Date") to participants under the Share Option Scheme, amongst which 3,400,000 share options were granted to executive directors (one of whom is also a substantial shareholder) of the Company and 8,120,000 share options were granted to selected employees of the Group.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

行使購股權時須予支付之每股股份行使價 為港幣2.20元。本公司普通股於緊接二零 二零年授出日期前(即二零二零年十一月 二十六日)之收市價為港幣2.22元。

除上文所披露者除外,於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度概無根據購股權計劃購股權獲授出、就調整而獲授出、已行使或被註銷。於二零二五年三月三十一日,本公司概無(二零二四年:無)因行使根據購股權計劃授出的購股權而發行普通股。

年內,根據購股權計劃,以下的購股權尚 未行使:

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

The exercise price per share payable on the exercise of a share option is HK\$2.20. The closing price of the ordinary shares of the Company immediately before the 2020 Grant Date (i.e., as of 26 November 2020) was HK\$2.22.

Save as disclosed above, no share options were granted, granted for adjustment, exercised or cancelled under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2025. As at 31 March 2025, no ordinary shares (2024: Nil) were issued by the Company as a result of the exercise of share options granted under the Share Option Scheme.

The following share options were outstanding under the Share Option Scheme during the year:

| | | 2025 | 2024 | | |
|-------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| | | 加權平均行使價 (每股普通股港幣) | | 加權平均行使價 <i>(每股普通股港幣)</i> | |
| | | Weighted average | | Weighted average | |
| | | exercise price | 購股權數目 | exercise price | 購股權數目 |
| | | (HK\$ per | Number of | (HK\$ per | Number of |
| | | ordinary share) | share options | ordinary share) | share options |
| 於年初 | At beginning of year | 2.02 | 18,460,000 | 2.31 | 14,090,000 |
| 於年內授出 | Granted during the year | 1.44 | 3,350,000 | 1.436 | 6,290,000 |
| 於年內失效 | Lapsed during the year | 1.84 | (1,600,000) | 2.21 | (1,920,000) |
| 於年末 | At end of year | 1.94 | 20,210,000 | 2.02 | 18,460,000 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

於報告期末,尚未行使之購股權的行使期 及行使價如下:

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

The exercise periods and exercise prices of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於二零二五年三月三十一日 At 31 March 2025

| | | 行使價* | |
|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | (每股普通股港幣) | |
| | | Exercise price* | 購股權數目 |
| /= /+ ++n | | (HK\$ per | Number of |
| 行使期 | Exercise period | ordinary share) | share options |
| | | | |
| 二零二二年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2022 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 2,462,000 |
| 二零二三年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2023 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 387,000 |
| 二零二四年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2024 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 2,462,000 |
| 二零二五年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2025 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 387,000 |
| 二零二六年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2026 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 1,016,000 |
| 二零二七年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2027 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 516,000 |
| 二零二四年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2024 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 1,502,000 |
| 二零二五年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2025 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 324,000 |
| 二零二六年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2026 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 1,502,000 |
| 二零二七年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2027 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 324,000 |
| 二零二八年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2028 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 336,000 |
| 二零二九年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2029 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 432,000 |
| 二零二五年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2025 to | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 1,087,000 |
| 二零二六年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2026 to | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 672,000 |
| 二零二七年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2027 to | | , |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 1,087,000 |
| | | | |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

於二零二五年三月三十一日 At 31 March 2025

| | | 一 | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | <i>(每股普通股港幣)</i> Exercise price* | 联 W 操 事 日 | |
| | | | 購股權數目 Number of | |
| 仁 | Funnish married | (HK\$ per | | |
| 行使期 ———————————————————————————————————— | Exercise period | ordinary share) | share options | |
| | | | | |
| 二零二八年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2028 to | | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 672,000 | |
| 二零二九年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2029 to | | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 896,000 | |
| 二零三零年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2030 to | | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 896,000 | |
| 二零二六年九月十六日至 | 16 September 2026 to | | | |
| 二零三四年九月十五日 | 15 September 2034 | 1.44 | 333,000 | |
| 二零二七年九月十六日至 | 16 September 2027 to | | | |
| 二零三四年九月十五日 | 15 September 2034 | 1.44 | 642,000 | |
| 二零二八年九月十六日至 | 16 September 2028 to | | | |
| 二零三四年九月十五日 | 15 September 2034 | 1.44 | 333,000 | |
| 二零二九年九月十六日至 | 16 September 2029 to | | • | |
| 二零三四年九月十五日 | 15 September 2034 | 1.44 | 642,000 | |
| 二零三零年九月十六日至 | 16 September 2030 to | | ,,,,,, | |
| 二零三四年九月十五日 | 15 September 2034 | 1.44 | 444,000 | |
| 二零三一年九月十六日至 | 16 September 2031 to | 2 | 111,000 | |
| 二零三四年九月十五日 | 15 September 2034 | 1.44 | 856,000 | |
| | 10 00ptember 2004 | 1.77 | 030,000 | |
| | | | 00.010.055 | |
| | | | 20,210,000 | |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

於二零二四年三月三十一日

At 31 March 2024 行使價*

(每股普通股港幣)

| | | Exercise price* (HK\$ per | 購股權數目 Number of |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 行使期 | Exercise period | ordinary share) | share options |
| | | | |
| 二零二二年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2022 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 2,492,000 |
| 二零二三年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2023 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 567,000 |
| 二零二四年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2024 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 2,492,000 |
| 二零二五年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2025 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 567,000 |
| 二零二六年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2026 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 1,056,000 |
| 二零二七年十一月二十七日至 | 27 November 2027 to | | |
| 二零三零年十一月二十六日 | 26 November 2030 | 2.20 | 756,000 |
| 二零二四年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2024 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 1,502,000 |
| 二零二五年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2025 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 354,000 |
| 二零二六年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2026 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 1,502,000 |
| 二零二七年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2027 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 354,000 |
| 二零二八年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2028 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 336,000 |
| 二零二九年一月二十一日至 | 21 January 2029 to | | |
| 二零三二年一月二十日 | 20 January 2032 | 2.49 | 472,000 |
| 二零二五年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2025 to | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 1,096,000 |
| 二零二六年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2026 to | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 873,000 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

於二零二四年三月三十一日 At 31 March 2024

| | | 行使價* (每股普通股港幣) Exercise price* (HK\$ per | 購股權數目 Number of | |
|-------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| 行使期 | Exercise period | ordinary share) | share options | |
| 二零二七年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2027 to | | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 1,096,000 | |
| 二零二八年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2028 to | | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 873,000 | |
| 二零二九年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2029 to | | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 908,000 | |
| 二零三零年十二月六日至 | 6 December 2030 to | | | |
| 二零三三年十二月五日 | 5 December 2033 | 1.436 | 1,164,000 | |

18,460,000

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內授出之購股權之公平值為港幣867,000元(各為港幣0.25元至港幣0.27元)。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度內授出之購股權之公平值為港幣1,068,000元(各為港幣0.16元至港幣0.18元)。截至二零二年三月三十一日止年度內授出之購股權之公平值為港幣1,993,000元(各為港幣0.30元至港幣0.34元)。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內授出之購股權之公平值為港幣4,657,000元(各為港幣0.39元至港幣0.42元)。截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團於收益表確認購股權支幣1,400,000元(二零二四年:港幣1,206,000元)。

The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2025 was HK\$867,000 (HK\$0.25 to HK\$0.27 each). The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2024 was HK\$1,068,000 (HK\$0.16 to HK\$0.18 each). The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2022 was HK\$1,993,000 (HK\$0.30 to HK\$0.34 each). The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2021 was HK\$4,657,000 (HK\$0.39 to HK\$0.42 each). During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recognized a share option expense of HK\$1,400,000 (2024: HK\$1,206,000) in the income statement.

^{*} 倘本公司已發行股本出現變化,購股權行 使價須作調整。

^{*} The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the event of any variation in the issued share capital of the Company.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

截至二零二五年,二零二四年,二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內所授出之以股權支付之購股權之公平值,乃於授出日期使用多項式模型作出估計,經計及授出購股權之條款及條件。下表載列所用模型之主要輸入數據:

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

The fair values of equity-settled share options granted during the years ended 31 March 2025, 2024, 2022 and 2021 were estimated as at the dates of grant, using a polynomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the major inputs to the model used:

| | | 2025 | 2024 | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------|--------------------------------|------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | | |
| 股息收益率(%) | Dividend yield (%) | 5.56 | 8.37 | 6.7 | 4.1 |
| 預期波幅(%) | Expected volatility (%) | 29.8 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 29.7 |
| 歷史波幅(%) | History volatility (%) | 29.8 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 29.7 |
| 無風險利率(%) | Risk-free interest rate (%) | 2.6 | 3.6 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| 購股權預期年期(年) | Expected life of option (year) | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 加權平均股價 | Weighted average share price | | | | |
| (每股港幣) | (HK\$ per share) | 1.44 | 1.436 | 2.49 | 2.20 |

購股權預期年期未必反映可能出現之行使 模式。預期波幅反映歷史波幅可指示未來 趨勢之假設,惟亦未必代表實際結果。

計算公平值時並無考慮所授出購股權之其 他特性。

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本公司根據購股權計劃尚未行使的購股權為20,210,000,佔本公司於該日已發行普通股之約3.21%。於本公司目前的資本架構下,悉數行使尚未行使的購股權將導致本公司發行20,210,000股額外普通股,並錄得額外股本港幣2,021,000元及股份溢價港幣37,196,000元(發行支出前)。

The expected life of the share options is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the share options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

As at 31 March 2025, the Company had 20,210,000 share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 3.21% of the Company's ordinary shares in issue as at that date. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 20,210,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$2,021,000 and share premium of HK\$37,196,000 (before issue expenses).

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

31. 購股權(續)

年內,根據購股權計劃授出的1,600,000購股權(二零二四年:1,920,000購股權)已失效。除上文所披露者外,於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度概無購股權獲授出、就調整而獲授出、已行使或被註銷。

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止之年度 後直至財務報表審批日期,根據購股權計 劃授出的購股權並沒有失效。於財務報表 審批日期,本公司根據購股權計劃尚未行 使的購股權為20,210,000,佔本公司於該 日已發行普通股之約3.21%。

32. 儲備

本集團本年度及過往年度的儲備及其變動於財務報表內之綜合權益變動表中呈列。

根據台灣公司法,亞塑機械股份有限公司 及震雄機械廠股份有限公司須將一部分税 後溢利轉撥至一不可派發之資本儲備中。 惟當該資本儲備達到該公司資本50%時, 可將其半數撥充資本,而該資本儲備亦可 隨時用於抵銷虧損。

根據中國對外商獨資企業及中外合資經營企業之法例,本公司於中國大陸之附屬公司須轉撥部分稅後溢利至法定儲備(此為被限制使用之儲備),直至該項儲備累積總額達至其註冊資本50%。

31. SHARE OPTIONS (continued)

1,600,000 share options (2024: 1,920,000 share options) granted under the Share Option Scheme were lapsed during the year. Save as disclosed above, no share option was granted, granted for adjustment, exercised or cancelled during the year ended 31 March 2025.

Subsequent to the year ended 31 March 2025 and up to the date of the approval of the financial statements, no share options granted under the Share Option Scheme were lapsed. As at the date of approval of the financial statements, the Company had 20,210,000 share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 3.21% of the Company's ordinary shares in issue as at that date.

32. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

In accordance with the Company Law of Taiwan, Asian Plastic Machinery Company, Limited and Chen Hsong Machinery Taiwan Company, Limited are required to transfer a portion of their profit after tax to a capital reserve, which is non-distributable. When the capital reserve has accumulated to 50% of their capital, up to 50% of the capital reserve may be capitalized. The capital reserve may be utilized at anytime to offset any deficit.

In accordance with the Law of the PRC on Sole Foreign Investment Enterprises and Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprises, the Company's Mainland China subsidiaries are required to transfer a portion of their profit after tax to the statutory reserve, which is restricted as to use, until the accumulated total reaches 50% of their registered capital.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

33. 綜合現金流量報附註

(a) 主要非現金交易

- (i) 於年內,購買物業、廠房及設備之非流動訂金為港幣5,121,000元(二零二四年:港幣14,577,000元)轉撥至物業、廠房及設備。
- (ii) 於年內,本集團有關物業(二零 二四年:物業)租賃安排的使用 權資產及租賃負債的非現金添 置分別為港幣4,316,000元(二 零二四年:港幣1,045,000元)及 港幣4,316,000元(二零二四年: 港幣1,045,000元)。

33. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

- (i) During the year, non-current deposits for purchases of items of property, plant and equipment of HK\$5,121,000 (2024: HK\$14,577,000) were transferred to property, plant and equipment.
- (ii) During the year, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of HK\$4,316,000 (2024: HK\$1,045,000) and HK\$4,316,000 (2024: HK\$1,045,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for properties (2024: properties).

(b) 融資活動引起的負債變動

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

| | | 租賃負債 | 計息銀行貸款 |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| | | Lease | Interest-bearing |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | liabilities | bank borrowings |
| | | | |
| 於二零二三年四月一日 | At 1 April 2023 | 19,926 | _ |
| 融資現金流量變動 | Changes from financing cash flows | (3,170) | _ |
| 新租賃 | New leases | 1,045 | _ |
| 提早解除租賃 | Early termination of a lease | (466) | _ |
| 融資成本 | Finance costs | 1,130 | _ |
| 分類為經營現金流量之 | Interest paid classified as operating | | |
| 已付利息 | cash flows | (1,130) | _ |
| 外匯變動 | Foreign exchange movement | 4 | _ |
| | | | |
| 於二零二四年三月三十一日及 | At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 | | |
| 二零二四年四月一日 | | 17,339 | _ |
| 融資現金流量變動 | Changes from financing cash flows | (3,610) | _ |
| 新租賃 | New leases | 4,316 | _ |
| 融資成本 | Finance costs | 964 | 597 |
| 分類為經營現金流量之 | Interest paid classified as operating | | |
| 已付利息 | cash flows | (964) | (597) |
| 外匯變動 | Foreign exchange movement | (509) | _ |
| | | | |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日 | At 31 March 2025 | 17,536 | |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

33. 綜合現金流量報附註(續)

33. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(c) 租賃現金流出總額

計入現金流量表的租賃現金流出總額 如下:

(c) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------|-----------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | | |
| 經營活動內 | Within operating activities | 5,439 | 4,089 |
| 融資活動內 | Within financing activities | 3,610 | 3,170 |
| | | | |
| | | 9,049 | 7,259 |

34. 承擔

本集團於報告期末的資本承擔如下:

於二零二五年三月三十一日,關於本集團 於中國大陸之生產設施興建及更新改善工程,以及購買位於歐洲倉庫,已簽約但未 撥備之資本承擔合共約港幣17,177,000元 (二零二四年:港幣1,074,000元)。

於二零二五年三月三十一日,關於本集 團購買於中國大陸之物業、廠房及設備, 已簽約但未撥備之資本承擔合共約港幣 4,401,000元(二零二四年:港幣5,404,000 元)。

34. COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had capital commitments, which were contracted but not provided for, in respect of the construction and upgrading of industrial facilities in Mainland China, as well as purchase of the warehouse in Europe amounting to approximately HK\$17,177,000 (2024: HK\$1,074,000).

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had capital commitments, which were contracted but not provided for, in respect of the purchase of property, plant and equipment in Mainland China amounting to approximately HK\$4,401,000 (2024: HK\$5.404.000).

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

35. 關連人士交易

年內,本集團有以下的關連人士交易:

- (a) 本集團以港幣44,564,000元(二零 二四年:港幣48,102,000元)向一聯 營公司以雙方協商的價格與條款購買 原材料。
- (b) 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年 度內,本集團向達觀有限公司(本公 司之控股股東震雄投資的附屬公司) 租用物業,為期五年。本集團有選擇 權續租額外兩年期。每月應付租賃款 項以雙方同意之基礎釐定。就此,涉 及租賃之使用權資產港幣10,490,000 元(二零二四年:港幣12,624,000元) 及租賃負債港幣11,239,000元(二零 二四年:港幣12,978,000元)於二零 二五年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況 表內確認。於年內,使用權資產之折 舊港幣2,134,000元(二零二四年:港 幣2.133.000元)及租賃負債利息支出 港幣648,000元(二零二四年:港幣 747,000元)於綜合收益表內扣除。

以上與達觀有限公司有關的關連人士 交易構成關連交易,本公司已就此按 照上市規則第14A章遵守披露規定。

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group had the following related party transactions during the year:

- (a) The Group purchased raw materials amounting to HK\$44,564,000 (2024: HK\$48,102,000) from an associate at prices and on terms mutually agreed by the Group and the associate.
- During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group leased a property from Desko Limited, a subsidiary of CH Investments, the controlling shareholder of the Company, for a term of five years. The Group has an option to renew the lease for a further term of two years. The monthly lease payable was determined on a basis mutually agreed by both parties. Accordingly, a right-of-use asset of HK\$10,490,000 (2024: HK\$12,624,000) and a lease liability of HK\$11,239,000 (2024: HK\$12,978,000) in respect of the lease were recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025. During the year, depreciation of the right-of-use asset of HK\$2,134,000 (2024: HK\$2,133,000) and the interest expense on the lease liability of HK\$648,000 (2024: HK\$747,000) were charged to the consolidated income statement.

The related party transaction in respect of Desko Limited above constituted a connected transaction for which the Company had complied with the disclosure requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

35. 關連人士交易(續)

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬:

(c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| | | | |
| 短期僱員福利 | Short-term employee benefits | 11,802 | 9,644 |
| 受僱後福利 | Post-employment benefits | 36 | 36 |
| 以股權支付的購股權支出 | Equity-settled share option expenses | 152 | 423 |
| | | | |
| 支付主要管理人員 | Total compensation paid to key | | |
| 薪酬總額 | management personnel | 11,990 | 10,103 |

主要管理人員薪酬乃參照公司表現以及根據個人表現與貢獻而釐定。

The compensation of key management personnel was determined by reference to the Company's performance as well as individual performance and contribution.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

36. 金融工具分類

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

於報告期末,不同類別金融工具之賬面值 如下:

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

金融資產

Financial assets

| | | 以攤銷後的成 | 本計價之 |
|-------------|--|--------------|-----------|
| | | 金融資 | 產 |
| | | Financial as | ssets at |
| | | amortized | l cost |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
| | | | |
| 應收貿易及票據賬款 | Trade and bills receivables | 1,573,798 | 1,318,304 |
| 記入訂金、預付款項及 | Financial assets included in deposits, | | |
| 其他應收賬款的金融資產 | prepayments and other receivables | 41,865 | 32,606 |
| 應收融資租賃賬款 | Finance lease receivables | - | 1,610 |
| 抵押銀行存款 | Pledged bank deposits | 138,784 | 47,899 |
| 現金及銀行結存 | Cash and bank balances | 528,179 | 825,777 |
| | | | |
| | | 2,282,626 | 2,226,196 |

| 金融負債 | Financial liabilities | | |
|--------------------|--|---|----------------|
| | | 以攤銷後的成 金融負 Financial liabi amortized | 責 lities at |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
| 應付貿易及票據賬款記入其他應付賬款及 | Trade and bills payables Financial liabilities included in | 816,347 | 623,110 |
| 應計負債的金融負債 | other payables and accruals | 167,121 | 152,253 |
| 租賃負債 | Lease liabilities | 17,536 | 17,339 |
| | | 1,001,004 | 792,702 |

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

37. 金融工具的公平值及公平值層級

管理層估計現金及銀行結存、抵押銀行存款之流動部分、應收貿易賬款及應收融資 租賃賬款之流動部分、應收票據賬款、記入訂金、預付款項及其他應收款項的金融 6 資產、應付貿易及票據賬款、記入其他應付賬款以及應計負債的金融負債之流動部分的公平值與其賬面值相若,主要是由於該等工具於短期內屆滿所致。

應收貿易賬款及應收融資租賃賬款之非流動部分、抵押銀行存款之非流動部分、記 入其他應付賬款及應計負債的金融負債之 非流動部分及租賃負債的公平值已使用具 有類似條款、信貸風險及餘下到期日之工 具現時可取得之利率折現預期未來現金流 量而估算,其公平值與其賬面值相若。

本集團之財務團隊負責釐定金融工具公平 值計量的政策及程序。於各報告日期,財 務團隊分析金融工具的價值變動及釐定估 值應用的主要輸入數據。估值經審閱及向 董事報告。

37. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and bank balances, the current portion of pledged bank deposits, the current portion of trade receivables and finance lease receivables, bills receivable, financial assets included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables, trade and bills payables and current portion of financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of the non-current portion of trade receivables and finance lease receivables, the non-current portion of pledged bank deposits, the non-current portion of financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals and lease liabilities are estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities and approximate to their carrying amounts.

The Group's finance team is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. At each reporting date, it analyzes the movements in the values of the financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and reported to directors.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

38. 出售附屬公司

38. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

於二零二五年三月,本集團向獨立第三方 出售若干附屬公司的股權,代價為人民幣 6,200,000元(相等於港幣6,728,000元)。 出售後,該等實體不再是本集團的附屬公司。

In March 2025, the Group disposed of equity interests in several subsidiaries to an independent third party for a consideration of RMB6,200,000 (equivalent to HK\$6,728,000). Subsequent to the disposal, these entities are no longer subsidiaries of the Group.

出售日期的資產及負債的賬面值如下:

The carrying values of the assets and liabilities on the date of disposal were as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | | 2025 |
|-------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|
| 已出售資產淨值: | Net assets dispo | osed of: | |
| 非控股權益 | Non-controllir | | (9,096) |
| 匯兑變動儲備 | Exchange fluctu | | (2,062) |
| 出售附屬公司之收益淨額 | Gain on disposa | al of subsidiaries, net | 17,886 |
| 總代價 | Total considerat | iion | 6,728 |
| 支付方式: | Satisfied by: | | |
| 現金 | Cash | | 6,728 |
| 有關出售的現金及現金等價分析如下: | 物流入淨額的 | An analysis of the net inflow of cash and respect of the disposal is as follows: | cash equivalents in |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | | 2025 |
| 有關出售附屬公司之現金及 | | sh and cash equivalents | 6 700 |
| 現金等價物流入淨額 | in respect of | the disposal of subsidiaries | 6,728 |

39. 轉讓金融資產

39. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

(a) 所有未終止確認的已轉讓金融資產

根據中國票據法之票據背書

下表提供以部分已轉讓金融資產不符 合終止確認方式轉讓的應收票據摘要 及相關負債:

Transferred financial assets that are not derecognized in their entirety

Bills endorsement under the Law of Negotiable Instruments of the PRC

The following table provides a summary of bills receivable that have been transferred in such a way that part of the transferred financial assets do not qualify for derecognition. together with the associated liabilities:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|----------------|---|--------|--------|
| 持續獲確認資產 賬面值 | Carrying amount of assets that continued to be recognized | 52,710 | 68,006 |
| 相關負債賬面值 | Carrying amount of associated liabilities | 52,710 | 68,006 |

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團 向其若干供應商背書已獲若干中國的 當地銀行接受的若干應收票據(「背書 票據」),以結清應付此等供應商的應 付貿易賬款。因本集團保留重大風險 及回報,包括背書票據的違約風險, 故此,其持續確認背書票據的所有賬 面值及相關的已結清應付貿易賬款。 背書後,本集團對背書票據使用並無 任何權利,包括向任何其他第三方出 售、轉讓或質押背書票據。

As at 31 March 2025, the Group endorsed certain bills receivable accepted by certain local banks in the PRC (the "Endorsed Bills") to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers. Since the Group has retained the substantial risks and rewards, which include default risk relating to the Endorsed Bills, it continued to recognize the full carrying amounts of the Endorsed Bills and the associated trade payables settled. Subsequent to the endorsement, the Group does not retain any rights on the use of the Endorsed Bills, including sales, transfer or pledge of the Endorsed Bills to any other third parties.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

39. 轉讓金融資產(續)

(b) 所有終止確認的已轉讓金融資產

根據中國票據法之票據背書

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團 向其若干供應商背書剩餘賬面值為港 幣 195.643,000元 (二零二四年:港幣 100,867,000元)已獲若干中國有信譽 的銀行接受的若干應收票據(「終止確 認背書票據」),以結清應付此等供應 商的應付貿易賬款。終止確認背書票 據於報告期末剩餘到期日為一個月至 六個月(二零二四年:一個月至六個 月)。根據中國票據法,倘銀行欠款, 則終止確認背書票據持有人有權向本 集團追索(「持續參與」)。因本集團已 轉讓被終止確認背書票據有關的絕大 部分風險及回報,故此,其終止確認 終止確認背書票據的所有賬面值及相 關應付貿易賬款。本集團就持續參與 終止確認背書票據及購回該等終止確 認背書票據的未折現現金流量的最大 虧損風險相等於其賬面值。因此,本 集團的持續參與終止確認背書票據的 公平值並不重大。

於年內,本集團於轉讓終止確認背書 票據日期並未確認任何收益或虧損。 並無收益或虧損於年內或累計確認自 持續參與。該背書於整年平均地作出。

39. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

(b) Transferred financial assets that are derecognized in their entirety

Bills endorsement under the Law of Negotiable Instruments of the PRC

As at 31 March 2025, the Group endorsed certain bills receivable accepted by certain reputable banks in the PRC (the "Derecognized Endorsed Bills") to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers with a remaining carrying amount in aggregate of HK\$195,643,000 (2024: HK\$100,867,000). The Derecognized Endorsed Bills have a remaining maturity of 1 month to 6 months at the end of the reporting period (2024: 1 month to 6 months). In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognized Endorsed Bills have a right of recourse against the Group if the banks default (the "Continuing Involvement"). Since the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Derecognized Endorsed Bills, it has derecognized the full carrying amounts of the Derecognized Endorsed Bills and the associated trade payables. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognized Endorsed Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognized Endorsed Bills is equal to their carrying amounts. Thus, the fair values of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognized Endorsed Bills are not significant.

During the year, the Group has not recognized any gain or loss on the date of transfer of the Derecognized Endorsed Bills. No gains or losses were recognized from the Continuing Involvement, both during the year or cumulatively. The endorsement has been made evenly throughout the year.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

40. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要金融工具包括現金及銀行結存、 抵押銀行存款、應收貿易及票據賬款、應 收融資租賃賬款、其他應收賬款、應付貿 易及票據賬款、其他應付賬款、應計負債 以及計息銀行貸款。

由本集團金融工具所產生的主要風險為利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金 風險。有關該等金融工具的風險及減低該 等風險的政策載於下文。管理層管理及監 察該等風險,以確保及時和有效地施行適 當的措施。

利率風險

本集團所面對的市場利率變動風險主要與本集團的浮息銀行貸款有關。本集團緊密 監察其利率風險,當有重大利率風險時, 會考慮採取措施以減低有關風險。

外幣風險

本集團的外幣風險源於商業交易、已確認 的資產及負債,以及於中國大陸、台灣、 巴西及荷蘭業務的淨投資。

本集團有外幣交易風險,該等風險源於本 集團的大部分銷售及採購交易,是以美元、 人民幣、日圓及新台幣為交易貨幣。

管理層緊密監控以美元、人民幣、日圓及 新台幣為交易貨幣的交易及投資於中國大 陸、台灣、巴西及荷蘭之外幣風險;如有 需要,會考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and bank balances, pledged bank deposits, trade and bills receivables, finance lease receivables, other receivables, trade and bills payables, other payables, accruals and interest-bearing bank borrowings.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank loans carrying floating interest rates. The Group monitors its interest rate exposure closely and considers to take measures to reduce significant interest rate exposure, if any.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's foreign exchange risk arises from commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in operations in Mainland China, Taiwan, Brazil and the Netherlands.

The Group has transactional currency risk exposures. Such risk exposures arise from a substantial portion of the Group's sales and purchases transactions denominated in United States dollars ("US\$"), RMB, JPY and New Taiwanese dollars ("NTD").

Management closely monitors foreign exchange exposure in transactions denominated in US\$, RMB, JPY and NTD and its investments in Mainland China, Taiwan, Brazil and the Netherlands and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

40. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險(續)

下表列示本集團除税前溢利於報告期末(在 所有其他變數保持不變的情況下)對美元、 人民幣、歐元及新台幣匯率的合理可能變 動的敏感度(由於貨幣資產及負債的公平值 變動)。

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currency risk (continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in US\$, RMB, Euro and NTD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

| | | 外幣匯率 增加/(減少) Increase/ | 除税前溢利 增加/(減少) Increase/ |
|--------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | (decrease) | (decrease) |
| | | in foreign | in profit |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | currency rate | before tax |
| | | | |
| 2025 | | | |
| 倘人民幣對港元升值 | If RMB strengthens against HK\$ | 5% | (14,862) |
| 倘人民幣對港元貶值 | If RMB weakens against HK\$ | (5%) | 14,862 |
| 倘人民幣對美元升值 | If RMB strengthens against US\$ | 5% | (9,880) |
| 倘人民幣對美元貶值 | If RMB weakens against US\$ | (5%) | 9,880 |
| 倘歐元對港元升值 | If Euro strengthens against HK\$ | 5% | (82) |
| 倘歐元對港元貶值 | If Euro weakens against HK\$ | (5%) | 82 |
| 倘新台幣對美元升值 | If NTD strengthens against US\$ | 5% | (922) |
| 倘新台幣對美元貶值 | If NTD weakens against US\$ | (5%) | 922 |
| 倘人民幣對巴西雷亞爾升值 | If RMB strengthens against Brazilian Real ("R\$") | 5% | (1,570) |
| 倘人民幣對巴西雷亞爾貶值 | If RMB weakens against R\$ | (5%) | 1,570 |
| 倘美元對巴西雷亞爾升值 | If US\$ strengthens against R\$ | 5% | (7,795) |
| 倘美元對巴西雷亞爾貶值 | If US\$ weakens against R\$ | (5%) | 7,795 |
| 2024 | | | |
| 倘人民幣對港元升值 | If RMB strengthens against HK\$ | 5% | 4,765 |
| 倘人民幣對港元貶值 | If RMB weakens against HK\$ | (5%) | (4,765) |
| 倘人民幣對美元升值 | If RMB strengthens against US\$ | 5% | (7,787) |
| 倘人民幣對美元貶值 | If RMB weakens against US\$ | (5%) | 7,787 |
| 倘歐元對港元升值 | If Euro strengthens against HK\$ | 5% | 290 |
| 倘歐元對港元貶值 | If Euro weakens against HK\$ | (5%) | (290) |
| 倘新台幣對美元升值 | If NTD strengthens against US\$ | 5% | (2,733) |
| 倘新台幣對美元貶值 | If NTD weakens against US\$ | (5%) | 2,733 |
| 倘人民幣對巴西雷亞爾升值 | If RMB strengthens against R\$ | 5% | (2,168) |
| 倘人民幣對巴西雷亞爾貶值 | If RMB weakens against R\$ | (5%) | 2,168 |
| 倘美元對巴西雷亞爾升值 | If US\$ strengthens against R\$ | 5% | (5,003) |
| 倘美元對巴西雷亞爾貶值 | If US\$ weakens against R\$ | (5%) | 5,003 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

40. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

最大風險及年末階段

下表根據本集團的信貸政策(除非有毋須花費不必要成本或精力而取得的資料,否則主要基於過往逾期資料及於三月三十一日的年末階段分類)列出信貸風險的信貸質素及最大信貸風險。呈報金額為金融資產的賬面值總額及財務擔保合同面對的信貸風險。

於二零二五年三月三十一日

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 March. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets and the exposure to credit risk for the financial guarantee contracts.

At 31 March 2025

| | 十二個月 預期 信貸虧損 | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|------------|-----------|
| | | 12-month | 全: | 期預期信貸虧 | 損 | |
| | | ECLs | | Lifetime ECLs | S | |
| | | | | | 簡化方式 | |
| | | 第一階段 | 第二階段 | 第三階段 | Simplified | 總計 |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | approach | Total |
| 應收貿易賬款* | Trade receivables* | _ | _ | _ | 1,222,387 | 1,222,387 |
| 應收票據賬款 | Bills receivable | | | | _,, | _,, |
| — 正常** | — Normal** | 443,044 | _ | _ | _ | 443,044 |
| 記入訂金、預付款項及 | Financial assets included in | | | | | |
| 其他應收賬款 | deposits, prepayments and | | | | | |
| 的金融資產 | other receivables | | | | | |
| — 正常** | — Normal** | 41,655 | _ | _ | _ | 41,655 |
| — 呆壞** | — Doubtful** | _ | _ | 12,555 | _ | 12,555 |
| 應收融資租賃賬款* | Finance lease receivables* | _ | _ | _ | 4,258 | 4,258 |
| 抵押銀行存款 | Pledged bank deposits | | | | | |
| — 未逾期 | Not yet past due | 138,784 | _ | _ | _ | 138,784 |
| 現金及銀行結存 | Cash and bank balances | | | | | |
| 未逾期 | — Not yet past due | 528,179 | _ | _ | _ | 528,179 |
| | | 1,151,662 | _ | 12,555 | 1,226,645 | 2,390,862 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

40. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

最大風險及年末階段(續)

於二零二四年三月三十一日

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued)

At 31 March 2024

十二個月 預期 信貸虧損 全期預期信貸虧損 12-month **ECLs** Lifetime ECLs 簡化方式 第一階段 第二階段 Simplified 總計 第三階段 (港幣千元) (HK\$'000) Stage 2 approach Total Stage 1 Stage 3 應收貿易賬款* Trade receivables* 1,098,568 1,098,568 應收票據賬款 Bills receivable -- 正常** — Normal** 306.674 306.674 記入訂金、預付款項及 Financial assets included in 其他應收賬款 deposits, prepayments and 的金融資產 other receivables -- 正常** — Normal** 32.393 32.393 — 呆壞** — Doubtful** 15,656 15,656 應收融資租賃賬款* Finance lease receivables* 5.944 5.944 抵押銀行存款 Pledged bank deposits 47.899 — Not yet past due 47,899 現金及銀行結存 Cash and bank balances — 未逾期 Not yet past due 825,777 825,777 提供給銀行的擔保,最大 Guarantee given to a bank, at 數額,用作擔保給予 the maximum, for a bank 客戶作購買本集團產品 loan granted to a customer to 的銀行貸款 purchase the Group's products - 未逾期 Not yet past due 1,307 1,307 1.214.050 15.656 1,104,512 2,334,218

^{*} 就本集團應用減值撥備簡化方式的應收貿易賬款及應收融資租賃賬款而言,基於撥備矩陣的資料於財務報表附註21及23中披露。

^{**} 當應收票據賬款以及記入訂金、預付款項 及其他應收賬款的金融資產並未逾期,以 及無資料表明該等金融資產自初始確認後 信貸風險顯著增加,則其信貸質素被視為 「正常」。否則,金融資產的信貸質素被視 為「呆壞」。

^{*} For trade receivables and finance lease receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for provision for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in notes 21 and 23 to the financial statements.

^{**} The credit quality of the bills receivable and the financial assets included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

40. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團採用循環流動資金計劃工具,以監察其資金短缺的風險。該工具考慮到金融工具(如:應付貿易及票據賬款)及金融資產(如:應收貿易及票據賬款以及應收融資租賃賬款)的到期日及預測經營現金流量。

本集團的金融負債(包括或然負債)於報告期末(按已訂約未折現的付款額)的到期日分佈如下:

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments (e.g., trade and bills payables) and financial assets (e.g., trade and bills receivables and finance lease receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

| | | | 2025 | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------|-----------|
| | | | 三個月以上及 | | | |
| | | 三個月內 | 十二個月內 | | | |
| | | 或按要求 | More than | | | |
| | | Less than | 3 months and | | 超過五年 | |
| | | 3 months or | less than | 一至五年 | Over | 總計 |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | on demand | 12 months | 1 to 5 years | 5 years | Total |
| 應付貿易及票據賬款 | Trade and bills payables | 602,882 | 213,465 | _ | _ | 816,347 |
| 記入其他應付賬款及 | Financial liabilities included in | | | | | |
| 應計負債的金融負債 | other payables and accruals | 164,774 | _ | 2,347 | - | 167,121 |
| 租賃負債 | Lease liabilities | 1,367 | 3,844 | 14,710 | | 19,921 |
| | | 769,023 | 217,309 | 17,057 | _ | 1,003,389 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

40. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk (continued)

| | | | | 2024 | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| | | 三個月內 或按要求 | 三個月以上及 十二個月內 More than | | | |
| | | Less than | 3 months and | | 超過五年 | |
| | | 3 months or | less than | 一至五年 | Over | 總計 |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | on demand | 12 months | 1 to 5 years | 5 years | Total |
| | | | | | | |
| 應付貿易及票據賬款 | Trade and bills payables | 566,700 | 56,410 | _ | _ | 623,110 |
| 記入其他應付賬款及 | Financial liabilities included in | | | | | |
| 應計負債的金融負債 | other payables and accruals | 143,910 | - | 8,343 | _ | 152,253 |
| 租賃負債 | Lease liabilities | 1,144 | 3,187 | 13,051 | 2,578 | 19,960 |
| 提供給銀行的擔保, | Guarantee given to a bank, at the | | | | | |
| 最大數額,用作擔保給予 | maximum, for a bank loan granted | | | | | |
| 客戶作購買本集團產品的 | to a customer to purchase the | | | | | |
| 銀行貸款 | Group's products | 1,307 | _ | _ | - | 1,307 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 713,061 | 59,597 | 21,394 | 2,578 | 796,630 |

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為維護本集團 持續經營的能力及保持健康的資本比率, 以支持其業務及最大限度地提高股東利益。

本集團根據經濟狀況的變動而管理及調整 其資本架構。為保持或調整資本架構,本 集團或會調整派予股東的股息、向股東退 回資本或發行新股。截至二零二五年三月 三十一日及二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度內,該等資本管理之目標、政策或程序 並無任何改變。

此外,本集團乃透過淨流動資產狀況合共港幣1,997,648,000元(二零二四年:港幣1,985,180,0000元)(即總流動資產減總流動負債)監控資本。本集團之政策為維持淨流動資產。

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and make adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

In addition, the Group monitors capital using the position of net current assets of HK\$1,997,648,000 (2024: HK\$1,985,180,000), which is total current assets minus total current liabilities. The Group's policy is to maintain net current assets position.

二零二五年三月三十一日

31 March 2025

41. 本公司財務狀況表

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

本公司於報告期末的財務狀況表資料如下:

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| 非流動資產 | NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| 於附屬公司之投資 | Investments in subsidiaries | 644,440 | 536,286 |
| | | , | |
| 流動資產 | CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| 訂金及其他應收賬款 | Deposits and other receivables | 735 | 1,434 |
| 現金及銀行結存 | Cash and bank balances | 5,854 | 105,210 |
| 流動資產總計 | Total current assets | 6,589 | 106,644 |
| | Total cultoff assets | 0,505 | 100,011 |
| 流動負債 | CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| 其他應付賬款及應計負債 | Other payables and accruals | 12,103 | 8,128 |
| | | | |
| 流動負債總計 | Total current liabilities | 12,103 | 8,128 |
| 流動資產/(負債)淨值 | NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) | (5,514) | 98,516 |
| ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | (0,011) | |
| 資產總值減流動負債 | TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | 638,926 | 634,802 |
| | | | |
| 非流動負債 | NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| 其他應付賬款及應計負債 | Other payables and accruals | 432 | 661 |
| 資產淨值 | NET ASSETS | 638,494 | 634,141 |
| | | | |
| 權益 | EQUITY | | |
| 已發行股本 | Issued share capital | 63,053 | 63,053 |
| 儲備(附註) | Reserves (note) | 575,441 | 571,088 |
| 權益總計 | TOTAL EQUITY | 638,494 | 634,141 |

二零二五年三月三十一日

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

31 March 2025

41. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

附註:

本公司之儲備概要如下:

Note:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

| | | 股份 溢價賬 | 資本贖回 儲備 | | | |
|----------------|--|-----------|------------|---------|----------|----------|
| | | Share | Capital | 資本儲備 | 保留溢利 | |
| | | premium | redemption | Capital | Retained | 總計 |
| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | account | reserve | reserve | profits | Total |
| | | | | | | |
| 於二零二三年四月一日 | At 1 April 2023 | 509,580 | 295 | 3,256 | 110,164 | 623,295 |
| 本年度溢利及 | Profit for the year and total | | | | | |
| 本年度總全面收益 | comprehensive income for the year | _ | _ | - | 11,532 | 11,532 |
| 以股權支付的購股權安排 | Equity-settled share option arrangements | _ | _ | 1,206 | - | 1,206 |
| 截至二零二三年三月三十一日 | Final dividend for the year ended | | | | | |
| 止年度之末期股息(附註12) | 31 March 2023 (note 12) | - | _ | _ | (46,029) | (46,029) |
| 中期股息(附註12) | Interim dividend (note 12) | _ | | | (18,916) | (18,916) |
| | | | | | | |
| 於二零二四年三月三十一日及 | At 31 March 2024 and | | | | | |
| 二零二四年四月一日 | 1 April 2024 | 509,580 | 295 | 4,462 | 56,751 | 571,088 |
| 本年度溢利及 | Profit for the year and total | | | | | |
| 本年度總全面收益 | comprehensive income for the year | _ | = | = | 58,440 | 58,440 |
| 以股權支付的購股權安排 | Equity-settled share option arrangements | _ | _ | 1,400 | - | 1,400 |
| 截至二零二四年三月三十一日 | Final dividend for the year ended | | | | | |
| 止年度之末期股息(附註12) | 31 March 2024 (note 12) | _ | _ | - | (31,527) | (31,527) |
| 中期股息(附註12) | Interim dividend (note 12) | _ | = | = | (23,960) | (23,960) |
| | | | | | | |
| 於二零二五年三月三十一日 | At 31 March 2025 | 509,580 | 295 | 5,862 | 59,704 | 575,441 |

資本儲備包括已授出但尚未行使的購股權 之公平值,並於財務報表附註3內基於股權 的支付交易之會計政策進一步解釋。該金 額將於相關購股權獲行使時被轉至股份溢 價賬,或於相關購股權屆滿或被沒收時被 轉至保留溢利。

42. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

the related share options expire or are forfeited.

此財務報表已於二零二五年六月二十日經 董事局審批及授權刊發。

The financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the board of directors on 20 June 2025.

The capital reserve comprises the fair value of share options

granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in

the accounting policy for share-based payment transactions in

note 3 to the financial statements. The amount will either be

transferred to share premium account when the related share

options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits when

42. 財務報表審批

主要附屬公司

於二零二五年三月三十一日

Principal Subsidiaries

As at 31 March 2025

下表所載列之公司為董事認為對本年度業績產生 重大影響或構成本集團資產淨值主要部分之附屬 公司。董事並認為,列出其餘附屬公司之詳情將 過於冗長。 The table below lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

| | | | 本公司持有 | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| | 成立/註冊 | | 權益百分比 | |
| | 及經營地區 | ¬ ₹/- m + / | Percentage | |
| | Place of | 已發行股本/ | of equity | |
| n n n n n | incorporation/ | 實收資本 | attributable | 之 亜 米 水 |
| 公司名稱 | registration | Issued share/ | to the | 主要業務 |
| Company name | and operations | paid-up capital | Company | Principal activities |
| 間接持有 | | | | |
| Held indirectly | | | | |
| 亞塑機械股份有限公司(5) | 台灣 | 普通股 | 100 | 銷售注塑機 |
| Asian Plastic Machinery | Taiwan | Ordinary | | Sale of |
| Company, Limited ⁽⁵⁾ | | 新台幣50,000,000元 | | plastic injection |
| 7 | | NTD50,000,000 | | moulding machines |
| 震雄工業園 (深圳) 有限公司(1) | 中國/ | 3,000,000美元 | 100 | 持有物業 |
| Chen Hsong Industrial Park | 中國大陸 | US\$3,000,000 | | Property holding |
| (Shenzhen) Company Limited(1) | PRC/ | | | |
| | Mainland China | | | |
| 震雄機器廠有限公司 | 香港 | 普通股港幣2元 | 100 | 銷售注塑機 |
| Chen Hsong Machinery | Hong Kong | Ordinary HK\$2 | | Sale of |
| Company, Limited | | 無投票權遞延股份(4) | _ | plastic injection |
| | | 港幣50,000,000元 | | moulding machines |
| | | Non-voting deferred (4) | | |
| | | HK\$50,000,000 | | |
| Chen Hsong Machinery (India) | 印度 | 普通股 | 100 | 銷售注塑機 |
| Private Limited | India | Ordinary | | Sale of |
| | | 印度盧比25,000,000 | | plastic injection |
| | | Rs.25,000,000 | | moulding machines |
| | | | | - |

主要附屬公司(續)

Principal Subsidiaries (continued)

於二零二五年三月三十一日

As at 31 March 2025

| 公司名稱 Company name | 成立/註冊 及經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | 已發行股本/ 實收資本 Issued share/ paid-up capital | 本公司持有權益百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company | 主要業務 Principal activities |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| 間接持有(續) Held indirectly (continued) | | | | |
| 震雄機械(寧波)有限公司 ^{(1) (5)} Chen Hsong Machinery (Ningbo) Company, Limited ^{(1) (5)} | 中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China | 8,010,000美元 US\$8,010,000 | 100 | 製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines |
| 震雄機械(深圳)有限公司 ^{(3) (5)} Chen Hsong Machinery (Shenzhen) Company Limited ^{(3) (5)} | 中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China | 17,130,000美元 US\$17,130,000 | 100 | 製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines |
| 震雄機械廠股份有限公司 ⁽⁵⁾ Chen Hsong Machinery Taiwan Company, Limited ⁽⁵⁾ | 台灣 Taiwan | 普通股 Ordinary 新台幣165,000,000元 NTD165,000,000 | 100 | 製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines |
| 震雄機電設備(深圳)有限公司 ^{(1) (5)} Chen Hsong Mechanical and Electrical Equipment (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. ^{(1) (5)} | 中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China | 港幣 24,000,000 元 HK\$24,000,000 | 100 | 製造及銷售哥林柱 Manufacture and sale of tie bars |
| 震雄營銷(深圳)有限公司 ⁽¹⁾⁽⁵⁾ Chen Hsong Sales & Marketing (Shenzhen) Company, Limited ⁽¹⁾⁽⁵⁾ | 中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China | 港幣 10,000,000 元 HK\$10,000,000 | 100 | 銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines |
| Chen Hsong South America Importação, Exportação e Comércio de Equipamentos Ltda. | 巴西 Brazil | 巴西雷亞爾5,721,000 R\$5,721,000 | 100 | 銷售注塑機 Sale of plastic injection moulding machines |

主要附屬公司(續)

於二零二五年三月三十一日

Principal Subsidiaries (continued)

As at 31 March 2025

| 公司名稱 Company name | 成立/註冊 及經營地區 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | 已發行股本/ 實收資本 Issued share/ paid-up capital | 本公司持有權益百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company | 主要業務 Principal activities | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| 間接持有(續) Held indirectly (continued) | | | | | |
| 佛山市順德區震德塑料機械 有限公司 ^{(3) (5)} Foshan Shunde Chen De Plastics Machinery Company Limited ^{(3) (5)} | 中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China | 7,300,000美元 US\$7,300,000 | 100 | 製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines | |
| 佛山市順德區震德精密機械 有限公司 ^{(3) (5)} Foshan Shunde Chen De Precision Machinery Co., Limited ^{(3) (5)} | 中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China | 7,900,000美元 US\$7,900,000 | 100 | 製造及銷售注塑機 Manufacture and sale of plastic injection moulding machines | |
| 佛山市順德區中意液壓 有限公司 ^{(1) (5)} Intra-Italia Hydraulics (Foshan Shunde) Co., Ltd. ^{(1) (5)} | 中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China | 3,000,000美元 US\$3,000,000 | 100 | 製造及銷售液壓馬達 Manufacture and sale of hydraulic motors | |
| 深圳震雄精密設備有限公司 ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾ Shenzhen Chen Hsong Precision Equipment Limited ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾ | 中國/ 中國大陸 PRC/ Mainland China | 12,000,000美元 US\$12,000,000 | 100 | 製造及銷售鑄件 Manufacture and sale of casting parts | |
| 附註: | Not | es: | | | |
| (1) 此等公司為外商獨資企業。 | (1) | These companies are whol | ly foreign-owned en | terprises. | |
| (2) 此公司為中外合資經營企業。 | | This company is a Sino-foreign equity joint venture. | | | |
| (3) 此等公司為外商投資企業。 | | These companies are foreign invested enterprises. | | | |
| (4) 無投票權遞延股份有受限制權利收 在股東大會上投票及有受限制權利 發還資本後之盈餘。 | | The non-voting deferred shares carry limited rights to dividends, not to vote at general meetings and limited rights to receive any surpli return of capital in a winding-up. | | | |
| (5) 英文公司名稱僅供識別。 | | English company names are translated for identification purposes only. | | | |

五年財務摘要

Five-Year Financial Summary

以下為摘錄自本集團過往五個財政年度已公布及 經審核之財務報表的業績、資產、負債及非控股 權益。 A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

業績 RESULTS

截至三月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 March

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | | | |
| 收益 | Revenue | 2,594,735 | 2,009,545 | 2,312,584 | 2,728,763 | 2,360,553 |
| | | | | | | |
| 經營溢利 | Profit from operating activities | 189,775 | 126,393 | 161,012 | 239,097 | 270,013 |
| 融資成本 | Finance costs | (1,561) | (1,199) | (1,157) | (1,306) | (1,948) |
| 應佔聯營公司 | Share of profits less losses of | | | | | |
| 溢利減虧損 | associates | 1,411 | (52) | (914) | 777 | 2,737 |
| | | | | | | |
| 除税前溢利 | Profit before tax | 189,625 | 125,142 | 158,941 | 238,568 | 270,802 |
| 所得税支出 | Income tax expense | (35,620) | (26,283) | (30,156) | (24,574) | (65,977) |
| | | | | | | |
| 本年度溢利 | Profit for the year | 154,005 | 98,859 | 128,785 | 213,994 | 204,825 |
| | | | | | | |
| 歸屬於: | Attributable to: | | | | | |
| 本公司權益持有人 | Equity holders of the Company | 154,386 | 100,853 | 130,289 | 213,309 | 203,021 |
| 非控股權益 | Non-controlling interests | (381) | (1,994) | (1,504) | 685 | 1,804 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 154,005 | 98,859 | 128,785 | 213,994 | 204,825 |

資產、負債及非控股權益

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

於三月三十一日

As at 31 March

| (港幣千元) | (HK\$'000) | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 資產總值 | Total assets | 4,358,964 | 4.143,750 | 4.149,309 | 4,429,327 | 4,378,438 |
| 負債總值 | Total liabilities | (1,270,592) | (1,069,681) | (1,081,128) | (1,200,865) | (1,365,392) |
| 非控股權益 | Non-controlling interests | (6,802) | (16,539) | (19,041) | (19,413) | (16,514) |
| | | 3,081,570 | 3,057,530 | 3,049,140 | 3,209,049 | 2,996,532 |

Particulars of Investment Properties As at 31 March 2025

| 地點 Location | 現時用途 Existing use | 租約類型 Type of lease | 本集團 應佔權益 Attributable interest of the Group | 總樓面面積 (平方米) Gross floor area (sq. m.) |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| 中國 廣東省深圳市 坪山區 坑梓街道 人民西路 177號 震雄工業園 12-B幢、13-B幢及B區食堂大樓 Block 12-B, Block 13-B and canteen building in District B Chen Hsong Industrial Park 177 Renmin West Road Kengzi Sub-District Pingshan District Shenzhen, Guangdong Province The PRC | 工業 Industrial | 中期 Medium | 100% | 約72,000 Approximately 72,000 |
| 中國 浙江省寧波市 北侖區 新碶街道 甬江路28號 3幢1號及6幢1號 No. 1 of Buildings 3 & 6, 28 Yongjiang Road Xinqi Sub-District Beilun District Ningbo, Zhejiang Province The PRC | 工業 Industrial | 中期 Medium | 100% | 約 15,000 Approximately 15,000 |

震雄集團有限公司 Chen Hsong Holdings Limited

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