DEEPEXI TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. (Incorporated in the People's Republic of China)

Audited Financial Statements

31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025

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Independent auditor's report
To the directors of Deepexi Technology Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in People's Republic of China with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Deepexi Technology Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 4 to 91, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025, and the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024, and the six months ended 30 June 2025 (the "Relevant Periods"), and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025 and of the Group's consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for each of the Relevant Periods in accordance with the basis of preparation set out in note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the fact that the financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2024 (the "Interim Comparative Information") is unaudited.

Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, which also include the Interim Comparative Information, that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements for the Relevant Periods as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial
 information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the
 consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the
 audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the board of directors of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Restriction on distribution and use

These consolidated financial statements are prepared for the purpose of preparation of financial information for inclusion in the prospectus of the Company in connection with the listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and accordingly may not be suitable for another purpose.

Our report is intended solely for the information and use by the directors of the Company and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the Company.

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong

V October 2025

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Year o	Six months ended 30 June			
	Notes	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
REVENUE	5	100,468	129,040	242,926	60,497	132,103
Cost of sales		(70,909)	(77,267)	(116,749)	(27,579)	(59,397)
Gross profit		29,559	51,773	126,177	32,918	72,706
Other income and gains	6	40,153	5,978	8,622	2,829	1,853
Selling and marketing expenses		(120,178)	(103,312)	(89,096)	(45,712)	(49,311)
Administrative expenses Research and development		(84,723)	(143,000)	(49,314)	(26,617)	(145,507)
expenses Impairment (losses)/gains on		(94,168)	(82,342)	(81,399)	(24,146)	(58,244)
financial and contract assets, net		(2,433)	(5,516)	(9,305)	(6,215)	1,189
Other expenses	0	(3,404)	(4,594)	(2,695)	(1,620)	(2,327)
Finance costs Share of profits and losses of an	8	(1,035)	(797)	(385)	(248)	(265)
associate Changes in fair values of financial		2,668	14	(2,409)	(230)	-
liabilities at shares with preferential rights	27	(421,570)	(221,023)	(1,155,186)	(551,923)	(128,265)
LOSS BEFORE TAX	7	(655,131)	(502,819)	(1,254,990)	(620,964)	(308,171)
Income tax expense	11	(95)	(76)			(50)
LOSS FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD		(655,226)	(502,895)	(1,254,990)	(620,964)	(308,221)
Attributable to:						
Owners of the parent		(655,226)	(502,895)	(1,254,990)	(620,964)	(308,221)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME						
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Equity investment designated at fair value through other comprehensive income:						
Changes in fair value		526	(180)			-
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR/						
PERIOD, NET OF TAX		526	(180)			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD		(654,700)	(503,075)	(1,254,990)	(620,964)	(308,221)
Total comprehensive loss						
attributable to:		(0-1-00)	(=========	(4.0=4.000)	(222.22.1)	(000.004)
Owners of the parent		(654,700)	(503,075)	(1,254,990)	(620,964)	(308,221)
LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT						
Basic and diluted (RMB)	13	(3.24)	(2.45)	(6.11)	(3.02)	(1.12)
` '						

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025

			As at 30 June		
	Notes	2022	s at 31 December 2023	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment	14	8,983	7,232	3,252	5,190
Right-of-use assets	15	15,883	15,535	5,799	8,695
Other intangible assets		35	35	35	317
Investment in an associate	17	1,495	2,409	-	-
Equity investment designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	18	1,180	_	_	_
Other non-current assets	21	4,790	4,411	3,155	2,754
	•	· · ·	,		
Total non-current assets	-	32,366	29,622	12,241	16,956
OLIDDENT ACCETO					
CURRENT ASSETS Inventories	19	25,750	11,003	14,546	12,245
Trade and bills receivables	20	41,034	74,367	166,233	146,795
Contract assets	22	6,230	5,305	15,350	15,856
Prepayments, other receivables and other					
assets	21	6,810	7,494	6,421	13,891
Financial assets at fair value through				426	378
profit or loss ("FVTPL") Pledged deposits	23	140	387	1,282	1,272
Restricted cash	23	-	-	-	8,404
Cash and cash equivalents	23	549,138	336,798	208,317	183,385
Total comment access		000 400	405.054	440 575	200 000
Total current assets	-	629,102	435,354	412,575	382,226
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade payables	24	16,920	30,033	83,623	52,932
Other payables and accruals	25	59,761	41,175	54,413	44,926
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	26	-	-	-	50,115
Lease liabilities Tax payable	15	11,001 95	11,164	4,272	5,478
Shares with preferential rights	27	2,580,608	2,801,631	3,956,817	4,139,595
chares man protestinal rights		_,000,000	2,00.,00.	0,000,011	.,,
Total current liabilities		2,668,385	2,884,003	4,099,125	4,293,046
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(2.020.202)	(2,448,649)	(2 696 FEO)	(2.010.920)
NET CORRENT LIABILITIES		(2,039,283)	(2,440,049)	(3,686,550)	(3,910,820)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES		(2,006,917)	(2,419,027)	(3,674,309)	(3,893,864)
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES					
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Lease liabilities	15	6,797	4,877	1,605	3,315
Lease nabilities	13	0,797	4,077	1,003	3,313
Total non-current liabilities		6,797	4,877	1,605	3,315
	•				
Net liabilities		(2,013,714)	(2,423,904)	(3,675,914)	(3,897,179)
FOUITV					
EQUITY Paid-in capital/Share capital	29	50,137	50,137	50,333	300,000
Reserves	30	(2,063,851)	(2,474,041)	(3,726,247)	(4,197,179)
	•	, ,			
Total deficits	=	(2,013,714)	(2,423,904)	(3,675,914)	(3,897,179)

Director: Financial General Manager:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Paid-in capital/Share capital RMB'000	Capital reserve* RMB'000	Share-based payment reserve* RMB'000	Other reserves* RMB'000	Fair value reserve of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income* RMB'000	Accumulated losses* RMB'000	Total deficits RMB'000
As at 1 January 2022	46,417	1,353,682	57,577	(1,383,850)	(346)	(1,444,465)	(1,370,985)
Loss and other comprehensive loss for the year Issue of new shares with preferential	-	-	-	-	526	(655,226)	(654,700)
rights (note 29 and 30) Recognition of shares with preferential	3,720	118,945	-	-	-	-	122,665
rights (note 27) Recognition of equity-settled share-based	-	-	-	(120,450)	-	-	(120,450)
payment (note 31)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	9,756				9,756
As at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	50,137	1,472,627	67,333	(1,504,300)	180	(2,099,691)	(2,013,714)
Loss and other comprehensive loss for the year Recognition of equity-settled share-based	-	-	-	-	(180)	(502,895)	(503,075)
payment (note 31)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	92,885	-	-		92,885
As at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	50,137	1,472,627	160,218	(1,504,300)	-	(2,602,586)	(2,423,904)
Loss and other comprehensive loss for the year Capital contribution from shareholder	-	-	-	-	-	(1,254,990)	(1,254,990)
(note 29)	196	-	-	-	-	-	196
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment (note 31)	<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u> _	2,784	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	2,784
As at 31 December 2024	50,333	1,472,627	163,002	(1,504,300)		(3,857,576)	(3,675,914)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (continued)

	Paid-in capital/Shar e capital RMB'000	Capital reserve RMB'000	Share-based payment reserve RMB'000	Other reserves RMB'000	Fair value reserve of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total deficits RMB'000
As at 1 January 2024	50,137	1,472,627	160,218	(1,504,300)	-	(2,602,586)	(2,423,904)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the period(unaudited) Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment (unaudited)	- -	- 	834	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(620,964)	(620,964) 834
As at 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)	50,137	1,472,627	161,052	(1,504,300)	-	(3,223,550)	(3,044,034)
	Paid-in capital/Shar e capital RMB'000	Capital reserve* RMB'000	Share-based payment reserve* RMB'000	Other reserves* RMB'000	Fair value reserve of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income* RMB'000	Accumulated losses* RMB'000	Total deficits RMB'000
As at 1 January 2025	50,333	1,472,627	163,002	(1,504,300)	-	(3,857,576)	(3,675,914)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the period Capital contribution from shareholders (note 29) Equity transfer between shareholders (note 27)	- 22,924 -	- 10,528 -	- -	- - (54,513)	- -	(308,221)	(308,221) 33,452 (54,513)
Conversion into joint stock company Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment (note 31)	226,743	(917,314) 	108,017	- -	-	690,571	108,017
As at 30 June 2025	300,000	565,841	271,019	(1,558,813)	<u> </u>	(3,475,226)	(3,897,179)

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated deficits of RMB2,063,851,000, RMB2,474,041,000, RMB3,726,247,000 and RMB4,197,179,000 in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Year	Six months ended 30 June			
	Notes	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Loss before tax Adjustments for:		(655,131)	(502,819)	(1,254,990)	(620,964)	(308,171)
Finance costs Changes in fair values of financial	8	1,035	797	382	245	265
liabilities at shares with preferential rights	27	421,570	221,023	1,155,186	551,923	128,265
Fair value loss on financial assets at FVTPL		-	-	836	-	48
Investment income on financial assets at FVTPL	6	-	-	-	-	(168)
Share of profits and losses of an associate		(2,668)	(14)	2,409	230	-
Covid-19-related rent concessions from lessors	15	(508)	(154)	-	-	-
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of items of right of	14	72	-	208	2	1
use asset Loss on disposal of items of	6	(940)	(13)	(112)	(112)	-
intangible assets Equity-settled share-based payment Depreciation of property, plant and	7	24 9,756	92,885	2,784	834	108,017
equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	14 15	4,425 14,301	4,153 13,023	4,434 9,871	2,255 5,498	1,338 3,873
Amortisation of other intangible assets	7	5	-	-	-	12
Impairment losses/(gains)on financial and contract assets, net Foreign exchange (gains)/loss, net	7 7	2,433 (33,343)	5,516 (93)	9,305 (483)	6,215 (198)	(1,189) 154
Loss on disposal of an associate	7	1,190	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-
		(237,779)	(165,696)	(70,170)	(54,072)	(67,555)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories (Increase)/decrease in trade and bills		10,206	14,747	(3,543)	(4,585)	2,301
receivables Decrease/(increase) in other		(9,232)	(38,990)	(102,012)	(14,181)	21,386
receivables, prepayments and other assets (Increase)/decrease in contract		9,265	(389)	1,185	2,467	(4,504)
assets		(7,710)	1,150	(9,195)	(3,165)	(693)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables		3,146	13,113	53,590	5,883	(30,691)
(Decrease)/increase in other payables and accruals		(32,900)	(3,567)	17,840	(15,347)	(13,437)
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities		8,080	(14,718)	(4,479)	11,128	718
(Increase)/decrease in pledged bank deposits		-	(247)	(895)	(882)	10
Increase in restricted cash Decrease in government grants		- (125)	-	-	-	(8,404)
Cash used in operations Income tax paid		(257,049)	(194,597) (171)	(117,679)	(72,754)	(100,869) (50)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	-	(257,049)	(194,768)	(117,679)	(72,754)	(100,919)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

		Year e	Six months ended 30 June			
	Notes	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of items of property,						
plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets		(6,276)	(2,703)	(1,070) -	(1,070) -	(45) (294)
Purchases of financial assets at FVPTL Proceeds from disposal of		-	-	-	-	(179,800)
financial assets at FVTPL Proceeds from disposal of items of		-	-	158	-	179,968
property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of equity investment designated at fair value through other		9	-	-	-	-
comprehensive income		-	1,000	-	-	-
Investment in an associate		-	(900)	-	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of an associate		1,800				
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(4,467)	(2,603)	(912)	(1,070)	(171)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issue of shares with preferential rights		112,215	-	_	_	<u>-</u>
Capital contribution from						
shareholders New bank borrowings		-	-	196 -	-	33,452 50,000 (3,137)
Payment of listing expense Lease payments	15(b)	(13,624)	(15,062)	(10,569)	(5,964)	(4,003)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		98,591	(15,062)	(10,373)	(5,964)	76,312
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(162,925)	(212,433)	(128,964)	(79,788)	(24,778)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year/period		678,720	549,138	336,798	336,798	208,317
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		33,343	93	483	198	(154)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year/period	23	549,138	336,798	208,317	257,208	183,385

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025

		As at 30 June			
	Notes	2022	s at 31 December 2023	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
	4.4	2.204	7 100	2 224	1.002
Property, plant and equipment	14	2,394	7,128	3,234	1,903
Right-of-use assets	15	1,169	15,535	5,799	8,290
Other intangible assets		35	35	35	317
Investments in subsidiaries	16	131,875	143,678	143,625	135,815
Investment in an associate	17	1,495	2,409	-	-
Equity investments designated at fair value					
through other comprehensive income		1,180	-	-	-
Long-term receivables from subsidiaries	1	94,016	144,000	97,013	97,018
Other non-current assets	21	1,209	4,411	3,132	2,731
Total non-current assets		233,373	317,196	252,838	246,074
				_	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Inventories	19	16,376	10,040	14,333	11,906
Trade and bills receivables	20	41,013	74,046	165,944	146,601
Amounts due from subsidiaries	33	206	206	-	-
Prepayments, other receivables and other					
assets	21	530,688	523,112	578,918	566,862
Financial assets at fair value through profit or		000,000	020,112	0,0,0,0	000,002
loss ("FVTPL")		_	_	426	378
Contract assets	22	5,858	5,279	15,320	15,827
Pledged deposits	23	140	387	1,282	1,272
Restricted cash	23	- 			5,134
Cash and cash equivalents	23	507,571	336,188	197,789	168,426
Total current assets		1,101,852	949,258	974,012	916,406
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade payables	24	14,994	23,948	67,245	51,699
					,
Amounts due to subsidiaries	33	4,593	11,235	28,047	20,659
Other payables and accruals	25	31,653	44,979	53,125	38,409
Interest-bearing bank borrowings		-	-	-	45,975
Lease liabilities	15	1,137	11,164	4,272	5,331
Shares with preferential rights	27	2,580,608	2,801,631	3,956,817	4,139,595
Total current liabilities		2 622 005	2 902 057	4 100 E06	4 204 669
Total current liabilities		2,632,985	2,892,957	4,109,506	4,301,668
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(1,531,133)	(1,943,699)	(3,135,494)	(3,385,262)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES		(1,297,760)	(1,626,503)	(2,882,656)	(3,139,188)
		(1,=01,100)	(1,122,011)	(=,===,===,	(5,100,100)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Lease liabilities	15	106	4,877	1,605	2.071
Lease nabilities	15	100	4,011	1,005	3,071
Total non-current liabilities		106	4,877	1,605	2.071
Total non-current liabilities		100	4,011	1,605	3,071
Net liabilities		(1,297,866)	(1,631,380)	(2,884,261)	(3,142,259)
		(: ,=0 : ,000)	(1,131,100)	(=,50.,=01)	(=,::=,===)
EQUITY					
Paid-in capital/Share capital	20	50,137	50,137	50,333	300.000
·	29	•		,	,
Reserves	30	(1,348,003)	(1,681,517)	(2,934,594)	(3,442,259)
T		// 00= 000:	(4.004.000)	(0.004.00:	(0 ((0 0==:
Total deficits		(1,297,866)	(1,631,380)	(2,884,261)	(3,142,259)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Deepexi Technology Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") on 3 May 2018, as a limited liability company under the Companies Law of the PRC. The registered office of the Company is located at Room 1001-1002, 10th Floor, Building 1, No.62 Courtyard, Xueyuan South Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China. The Company was restructured from a limited company to a joint-stock company on 8 April 2025.

During the Relevant Periods, the Group is principally engaged in the sale of FastData and FastAGI products and solutions consisting primarily of deployment of software and standard warranty services.

As at the date of this report, the Company had direct interests in its subsidiaries, all of which are private limited liability companies, the particulars of which are as follows:

Entity name	Notes	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of operations	Issued ordinary/registered share capital	Percentage of equity attributable to the C Direct %		Principal activities
Hangzhou Dipu Technology Co., Ltd 杭州滴普科技有限公 司* Shenzhen Dipu Intelligent		PRC/Mainland China, 2 December 2020	RMB10,000,000	100	-	Information transmission, software and information technology services
Technology Co., Ltd 深圳滴普智能科技有 限公司* Shanghai Dipu	(a)	PRC/Mainland China, 28 April 2019	RMB10,000,000	100	-	Information transmission, software and information technology services
Technology Co., Ltd 上海滴普科技有限公司*		PRC/Mainland China, 5 August 2020	RMB10,000,000	100	-	Scientific research and technical services
Deepexi Guangzhou Technology Co., Ltd 廣州滴普科技有限公 司*		PRC/Mainland China, Guangzhou City, 11 June 2019	RMB30,000,000	100	_	Information transmission, software and information technology services
Chengdu Dipu Technology Co., Ltd 成都滴普科技有限公 司* Sichuan Dipu	l. ,	PRC/Mainland China, 30 April 2019	RMB50,000,000	100	-	Information Transmission, Software and Information Technology Services
Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd 四川滴普智能科技有 限公司* Beijing Dipu Intelligent	(b)	PRC/Mainland China, 9 December 2024	RMB20,000,000	100	-	Scientific research and technical services
Technology Co., Ltd 北京滴普智能科技有 限公司* Dipu Zhiyun (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd	(b)	PRC/Mainland China, 25 July 2024	RMB1,000,000	100	-	Scientific research and technical services
滴普智雲(北京)科 技有限公司*		PRC/Mainland China, 12 June 2024 Hong Kong/	RMB5,000,000	100	-	Scientific research and technical services
Hong Kong Deepexi Technology Limited Wuxi Dipu Technology	(b)	Hong Kong 1 June 2023	HKD10,000	100	-	Scientific research and technical services
Co., Ltd. 無錫滴普科 技有限公司* Suzhou Dipu Zhiyun	(b)	PRC/Mainland China, 22 May 2025	RMB10,000,000	100	-	Scientific research and technical services
Technology Co., Ltd 蘇州滴普智雲科技有 限公司* Shenzhen Dipu Zhiyur Technology Co., Ltd	(b)	PRC/Mainland China, 23 May 2025	RMB10,000,000	100	-	Scientific research and technical services
深圳滴普智雲科技有限公司*		PRC/Mainland China, 13 June 2025	RMB10,000,000	100	-	Scientific research and technical services

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

- 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)
 - * The English names of these companies represent the best effort made by the directors of the Company to translate the Chinese names as these companies have not been registered with any official English names.
 - (a) The statutory auditors of these entities were Beijing Dehao International Certified Public Accountants (Limited Liability Partnership) (北京德皓國際會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)) for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2023. No audited financial statements have been prepared for these entities for the year ended 31 December 2024.
 - (b) No audited financial statements have been prepared for these entities for the years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024.

The investments in subsidiaries and long-term receivables from subsidiaries in the Company's statements of financial position represent:

	Year ei	Year ended 31 December			
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Investments, at cost	67,907	80,010	80,010	71,879	
Investments, deemed investments arising from share-					
based payment	63,968	63,668	63,615	63,936	
Long-term receivables from subsidiaries	94,016	144,000	97,013	97,018	
	225,891	287,678	240,638	232,833	
Less: Impairment	<u>-</u>				
Total	225,891	287,678	240,638	232,833	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements are prepared for the purpose of preparation of financial information for inclusion in the prospectus of the Company in connection with the listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. They have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. All HKFRS Accounting Standards effective for the accounting period commencing from 1 January 2025, together with the relevant transitional provisions, have been early adopted by the Group throughout the Relevant Periods and the period covered by the Interim Comparative Information.

The Group has previously prepared financial statements under Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises ("PRC GAAP") issued by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China. These financial statements are the first financial statements prepared by the Group in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards. Accordingly, "First-time adoption of HKFRS Accounting Standards" has been applied in preparing these financial statements and the transition date is 1 January 2022. There is no significant difference between the financial statements under PRC GAAP and HKFRS Accounting Standards.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments which have been measured at fair value at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

The financial statements have been prepared assuming the Group will continue as a going concern notwithstanding that the Group recorded net current liabilities of RMB3,910,820,000 and net liabilities of RMB3,897,179,000 as at 30 June 2025, which is primarily due to shares with preferential rights (the "Shares with Preferential Rights") totalling RMB4,139,595,000 are classified as liabilities.

However, in April 2025, the Company and the holders of the Shares with Preferential Rights have entered into a supplemental agreement that the redemption rights ceased to be exercisable upon submission of the IPO until the Company fails to complete the IPO within eighteen months. The directors of the Company are of the view that the Company is not required to return the investment funds in relations to the Shares with Preferential Rights on or before within twelve months and as a result, the Shares with Preferential Rights are not expected to be redeemed within twelve months since 30 June 2025.

The directors and management of the Company have considered that the preferential rights of these financial instruments would be terminated upon listing and the financial liability would then be reclassified to equity, resulting in the change from a net current liabilities position to a net current assets position.

In addition, the Group has performed a cash flow forecast for the next twelve months from the date of this report. Accordingly, the directors of the Company believe that the Group will have sufficient working capital to meet its financial liabilities and obligations as and when they fall due and to sustain its operations for the next twelve months from the date of the report. Accordingly, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.2 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONGKONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in the financial statements. The Group intends to apply these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

HKFRS 18
HKFRS 19
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and
HKFRS 7
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and
HKFRS 7
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and
HKAS 28
Annual Improvements to HKFRS
Accounting Standards – Volume

Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements² Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures² Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments¹

Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity¹

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture³
Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7¹

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

HKFRS 18 replaces HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. While a number of sections have been brought forward from HKAS 1 with limited changes, HKFRS 18 introduces new requirements for presentation within the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, including specified totals and subtotals. Entities are required to classify all income and expenses within the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income into one of the five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations and to present two new defined subtotals. It also requires disclosures about management-defined performance measures in a single note and introduces enhanced requirements on the grouping (aggregation and disaggregation) and the location of information in both the primary financial statements and the notes. Some requirements previously included in HKAS 1 are moved to HKAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, which is renamed as HKAS 8 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements. As a consequence of the issuance of HKFRS 18, limited, but widely applicable, amendments are made to HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows, HKAS 33 Earnings per Share and HKAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. In addition, there are minor consequential amendments to other HKFRS Accounting Standards. HKFRS 18 and the consequential amendments to other HKFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 with earlier application permitted. Retrospective application is required. The Group is currently analysing the new requirements and assessing the impact of HKFRS 18 on the presentation and disclosure of the Group's financial statements. The application of HKFRS 18 is not expected to have material impact on the financial position of the Group but is expected to affect the presentation of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and statement of cash flows and additional disclosure will be included in the financial statements. Except for HKFRS 18, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards will have no material impact on the Group's financial performance and financial position in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investment in an associate

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investment in an associate is stated in the consolidated statements of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

If the investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statements of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investment in the associate, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties and financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each of the Relevant Periods as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Electronic equipment	32%
Other equipment	19%
Leasehold improvements	33%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents buildings and plant and machinery under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Other intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Other intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of other intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Other Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Software

Purchased software is stated at cost less any impairment loss and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component and non-lease components, the Group adopts the practical expedient not to separate non-lease components and to account for the lease component and the associated non-lease components (e.g., property management services for leases of properties) as a single lease component.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings 1-5 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(c) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of buildings (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option).

Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade and bills receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade and bills receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity investments) Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income when they meet the definition of equity under HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit of loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit of loss when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on the equity investments are also recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach (continued)

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are within 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade and bills receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Simplified approach

For trade and bills receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, amounts due to related parties and interest-bearing bank loans and other liabilities.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss(continued)

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in HKFRS 9 are satisfied. Gains or losses on liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss, except for the gains or losses arising from the Group's own credit risk which are presented in other comprehensive income with no subsequent reclassification to profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities. The Group has designated its Shares with Preferential Rights as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, details of which are included in note 27 to the financial statements.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (trade and other payables)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Shares with Preferential Rights

The Company entered into a series of investment agreements with certain independent investors, pursuant to which, these investors agreed to make cash investments to the Company to acquire the equity interest of the Company (collectively referred as "Series Angel, Series Pre-A, Series A1, Series A+, Series B2 Financing and Series Equity Transfer").

The Series Angel, Series Pre-A, Series A1, Series A+, Series A3, Series A4, Series B1, Series B2 Financing and Series Equity Transfer are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the share purchase agreement and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities arising from Shares with Preferential Rights are classified as non-current liabilities or current liabilities depending on whether the Company has right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months after the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average method. The net realisable value is estimated based on current market situation and historical experience on similar inventories.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of each of the Relevant Periods of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each of the Relevant Periods, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the country in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of each of the Relevant Periods between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and an associate, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and an
 associate, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary
 differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which
 the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each of the Relevant Periods and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each of the Relevant Periods and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

The Group operates restricted share schemes. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer, further details of which are given in note 31 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each of the Relevant Periods until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of restricted shares unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

Sale of solutions

FastData and FastAGI solutions consist primarily of deployment of software and standard warranty services. The Group delivers products and solutions for projects with business enterprises. These products and solutions are provided through integrating the software and services, all of which are highly interdependent and interrelated with each other and represent multiple inputs to a combined output that is transferred to the customer. Accordingly, the software and related services, i.e., the integrated solution, are accounted for as a single performance obligation.

Revenue is recognised at the point in time when the software platform and related services are delivered to the customer's designated place, inspected and accepted by the customer. Certain sales contracts that the Group provides solution services recognised over the scheduled period on a straight-line basis since the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group. Such service contracts are for periods of one year and are billed based on the time incurred. The payment is generally due within 3 months from delivery.

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Contract assets

If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the contract terms, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional. Contract assets are subject to impairment assessment, details of which are included in the accounting policies for impairment of financial assets. They are reclassified to trade and bills receivables when the right to the consideration becomes unconditional.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related services to the customer).

Employee benefits

Pension scheme

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain proportion of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

The financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, apart from those involving estimations, which has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the unused tax losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits, together with future tax planning strategies.

The Group has tax losses of RMB907,807,000, RMB1,066,769,000, RMB1,098,557,000 and RMB1,147,991,000 as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods carried forward, respectively. These losses related to the Company and subsidiaries that have a history of losses, have not expired, and may not be used to offset taxable income elsewhere in the Group. The Company and the subsidiaries have neither any taxable temporary difference nor any tax planning opportunities available that could partly support the recognition of these losses as deferred tax assets. On this basis, the Group has determined that it cannot recognise deferred tax assets on the tax losses carried forward. Further details are included in note 11 to the financial statements.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Provision for expected credit losses on trade and bills receivables and contract assets

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade and bills receivables and contract assets. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type and rating).

The provision matrix is initially based on the comparable default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic products) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults, the historical default rates are adjusted. At the end of each Relevant Periods, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade and bills receivables and contract assets are disclosed in note 20 and 22 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets (including the right-of-use assets) at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. The non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Fair value of unlisted equity investments

The unlisted equity investments have been valued based on the market approach and asset-based approach. The valuation requires the Group to determine the comparable public companies (peers) and select the price multiple. In addition, the Group makes estimates about the discount for illiquidity and size differences. The Group classifies the fair value of these investments as Level 3. Further details are included in note 18 to the financial statements.

Fair value of financial liabilities arising from Shares with Preferential Rights

The fair value of the Shares with Preferential Rights that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation technique. The valuation technique is discounted cash flow model. The Group uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. For details of the key assumptions used and the impact of changes to these assumptions see note 27 to the financial statements. The use of different valuation techniques or inputs may result in significant differences in fair value estimate. The fair value generated by valuation technique is also verified with transactions of same or similar financial instruments in observable markets according to market practice.

Share-based payments

The Group estimates the number of share awards contingently issuable when determining the share-based payment expenses, which depends on the achievement of certain non-market performance targets of the Group under the Employee Incentive Scheme (as defined in note 31 to the financial statements). This requires an estimation of the performance targets to be achieved by the Group, including completion of public offering.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segment information

The Group's operation is solely the sale of FastData and FastAGI solutions consisting primarily of deployment of software and standard warranty services. For the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment, the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") (i.e., the chief executive officer) reviews the overall results and financial position of the Group as a whole prepared based on the same accounting policies set out in note 2.3. Accordingly, the Group has only a single operating segment and no further analysis of the single segment is presented.

Geographical information

As the Group generates all of its revenues in the PRC and its non-current assets are located in the PRC during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024, no geographical information is presented.

Information about major customers

Revenue from major customers which accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024 is set out below:

	Year en	ded 31 Decemb	Six months end	ed 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
				(Unaudited)		
Customer A (note a)	16,917	N/A*	N/A*	N/A*	N/A*	
Customer B (note b)	N/A*	15,775	N/A*	N/A*	N/A*	
Customer C (note c)	N/A*	13,546	N/A*	N/A*	N/A*	

^{*}Less than 10% of the Group's revenue.

Note a: Company A is the subsidiary of Customer A set out in the section headed "Business" in the Prospectus.

Note b: Company B is the Customer F set out in the section headed "Business" in the Prospectus.

Note c: Company C is the Customer G set out in the section headed "Business" in the Prospectus.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

REVENUE

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	Year e	Year ended 31 December			Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	2023 2024		2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000	
Revenue from contracts with						
customers	100,468	129,040	242,926	60,497	132,103	

Revenue from contracts with customers

(a) Disaggregated revenue information

	Year ended 31 December			Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
				(Unaudited)	
Types of goods or services					
FastData enterprise data					
intelligence solution	100,468	122,491	152,530	35,390	59,032
FastAGI enterprise AI solution		6,549	90,396	25,107	73,071
Total	100,468	129,040	242,926	60,497	132,103
Timing of revenue recognition					
Goods and services transferred at a					
point in time	99,080	126,857	240,733	59,608	125,414
Services transferred over time	1,388	2,183	2,193	889	6,689
Total	100,468	129,040	242,926	60,497	132,103

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in each of the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024 that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of each of the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024:

	Year ended 31 December			Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at	20,022	22.622	7.400	4.007	2 272
the beginning of the year/period:	26,032	22,633	7,108	1,927	3,272

(b) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

Sale of solutions

Revenue is recognised at the point in time when the software platform and related services are delivered to the customer's designated place, inspected and accepted by the customer. Certain sales contracts that the Group provides solution services recognised over the scheduled period on a straight-line basis since the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group. Such service contracts are for periods of one-year and are billed based on the time incurred.

The payment is generally due within 3 months from delivery.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

5. REVENUE (continued)

(b) Performance obligations(continued)

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below: (continued)

Sale of solutions(continued)

The amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024 are as follows:

	Year ended 31 December			Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000	
Amounts expected to be recognised as revenue:						
Within one year	62,307	46,917	47,612	17,818	109,214	
After one year	1,359	5,743	212	212	885	
Total	63,666	52,660	47,824	18,030	110,099	

The amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations which are expected to be recognised as revenue after one year relate to FastData enterprise data intelligence solution, of which the performance obligations are to be satisfied within two years. All the other amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations are expected to be recognised as revenue within one year. The amounts disclosed above do not include variable consideration which is constrained.

6. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

An analysis of other income and gains is as follows:

Year ended 31 December			Six months ended 30 June		
2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
			(Unaudited)		
2,870	4,422	4,317	2,145	911	
-	-	-	-	168	
2,569	1,419	3,521	279	274	
431	31	189	95	500	
5,870	5,872	8,027	2,519	1,853	
	<u> </u>				
33,343	93	483	198	-	
,					
940	13	112	112		
40.153	5.978	8.622	2.829	1,853	
	2022 RMB'000 2,870 2,569 431 5,870	2022 2023 RMB'000 RMB'000 2,870 4,422 2,569 1,419 431 31 5,870 5,872 33,343 93 940 13	2022 2023 2024 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 2,870 4,422 4,317 2,569 1,419 3,521 431 31 189 5,870 5,872 8,027 33,343 93 483 940 13 112	2022 2023 2024 2024 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 2,870 4,422 4,317 2,145 2,569 1,419 3,521 279 431 31 189 95 5,870 5,872 8,027 2,519 33,343 93 483 198 940 13 112 112	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

6. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (continued)

*The Group has received certain government grants related to assets and income. Certain of the grants related to assets and income have future related costs expected to be incurred and require the Group to comply with conditions attached to the grants and the government to acknowledge the compliance of these conditions. The grants related to assets were recognised in profit or loss over the period of the projects. The grants related to income have been received to compensate for the Group's research and development costs and are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which they are intended to compensate, are expensed.

Other government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

7. LOSS BEFORE TAX

The Group's loss before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

		Year er	nded 31 Dece	mber	Six months ended 30 June	
		2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
					(Unaudited)	
					,	
Cost of inventories and services sold		70,909	77,267	116,749	27,579	59,397
Depreciation of property, plant and						
equipment *	14	4,425	4,153	4,434	2,255	1,338
Depreciation of right-of-use assets*	15	14,301	13,023	9,871	5,498	3,873
Amortisation of intangible assets*		5	-	-	-	12
Lease payments not included in the						
measurement of lease liabilities	15(c)	4,339	1,439	166	94	120
Loss on disposal of items of						
property, plant and equipment***		72	<u>-</u>	208	2	1
Auditor's remuneration		189	650	379	-	-
Legal and professional fee		2,134	731	681	51	-
Listing expense		-	-	631	-	19,749
Interest income	6	(2,870)	(4,422)	(4,317)	(2,145)	(911)
Foreign exchange differences, net**		(33,343)	(93)	(483)	(198)	154
Impairment of trade and bill						
receivables	20	1,985	5,657	8,726	5,829	(1,948)
Impairment of contract assets	22	172	154	406	358	187
Impairment/(reversal of impairment)			(0.0.7)		•	
of other receivables	•	276	(295)	173	28	572
Government grants	6	(2,569)	(1,419)	(3,521)	(279)	(274)
Loss on disposal of investment in an		4.400				
associate***		1,190	-	-	-	-
Employee benefit expenses						
(including directors' and chief executive's remuneration (note 9):						
Wages, salaries and other						
allowances		214,819	179,486	140,635	70,827	62,637
Share-based payment expense		9,756	92,885	2,784	834	108,017
Pension scheme contributions		3,700	32,000	2,704		100,017
and social welfare		25,287	22,455	16,281	7,230	7,409

^{*} The depreciation of property, plant and equipment, amortisation of intangible assets, and right-of-use assets are included in "Cost of sales", "Selling and marketing expenses", "Administrative expenses", and "Research and development expenses" in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

^{**} The amounts are included in "Other income and gains" and "Other expenses" in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

^{***} The amounts are included in "Other expenses" in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

8. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

	Year	ended 31 Decem	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2022 2023		2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Interest on lease liabilities	1,035	797	382	245	150
Interest on bank loans	-	-	-	-	115
Others		_	3	3	
Total	1,035	797	385	248	265

9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration as recorded during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is set out below:

	Year	ended 31 Decem	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2022 2023 2024		2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Fees:	_				21
Other emoluments: Salaries, bonuses, allowances					
and benefits in kind Equity-settled share-based	7,014	5,352	4,743	2,581	2,001
payment expense	4,819	62,934	-	-	104,174
Pension scheme contributions	43	45	104	24	80
Subtotal	11,876	68,331	4,847	2,605	106,255
Total	11,876	68,331	4,847	2,605	106,276

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024 were as follows:

	Year	ended 31 Decemb	Six months end	ded 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Dr. Yang HongXia (i)	_	_	_	_	7
Dr. Kong Xianguang (i)	-	-	-	-	7
Mr. Zhang Jielong (i)			-		7
Total	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		_	21

Note:

(i) Dr. Yang HongXia, Dr. Kong Xianguang and Mr. Zhang Jielong were appointed as independent non-executive directors of the Company in March 2025.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive

	Fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Equity- settled share- based payment expense RMB'000	Pension scheme contributions and social welfare RMB'000	Total remuneration RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2022					
Executive directors: Mr. Zhao Jiehui (i) Mr. Yang Lei (ii) Mr. Cao Lianfei (iii) Ms. Shi Yi (iv)	- - -	1,947 1,818 1,743 1,506	3,736 484 122 477	19 8 8 8	5,702 2,310 1,873 1,991
Total		7,014	4,819	43	11,876
Non-executive director: Mr. Wang Zhenghao (vi)					
	Fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Equity- settled share- based payment expense RMB'000	Pension scheme contributions and social welfare RMB'000	Total remuneration RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2023					
Executive directors: Mr. Zhao Jiehui (i) Mr. Yang Lei (ii) Mr. Cao Lianfei (iii) Ms. Shi Yi (iv)	- - - -	1,747 1,277 1,203 1,125	51,886 3,287 1,110 6,651	19 9 8 9	53,652 4,573 2,321 7,785
Total		5,352	62,934	45	68,331
Non-executive director: Mr. Wang Zhenghao (vi)				<u>-</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

	Fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Equity- settled share- based payment expense RMB'000	Pension scheme contributions and social welfare RMB'000	Total remuneration RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2024					
Executive directors: Mr. Zhao Jiehui (i) Mr. Yang Lei (ii) Mr. Cao Lianfei (iii) Ms. Shi Yi (iv) Dr. Li Qiang (v)	- - - - -	1,263 1,106 1,032 855 487	- - - -	42 10 9 10 33	1,305 1,116 1,041 865 520
Total		4,743		104	4,847
Non-executive director: Mr. Wang Zhenghao (vi)					
	Fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Equity- settled share- based payment expense RMB'000	Pension scheme contributions and social welfare RMB'000	Total remuneration RMB'000
Six months ended 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)					
Executive directors: Mr. Zhao Jiehui (i) Mr. Yang Lei (ii) Mr. Cao Lianfei (iii) Ms. Shi Yi (iv)	: : :	769 688 651 473	- - -	10 5 4 5	779 693 655 478
Total		2,581		24	2,605
Non-executive director: Mr. Wang Zhenghao (vi)		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

- 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)
 - (b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

	Fees RMB'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Equity- settled share- based payment expense RMB'000	Pension scheme contributions and social welfare RMB'000	Total remuneration RMB'000
Six months ended 30 June 2025					
Executive directors:					
Mr. Zhao Jiehui (i)	-	452	351	33	836
Mr. Yang Lei (ii)	-	408	-	5	413
Mr. Cao Lianfei (iii)	-	372	21,126	4	21,502
Ms. Shi Yi (iv)	-	374	14,283	5	14,662
Dr. Li Qiang (v)		395	68,414	33	68,842
Total		2,001	104,174	80	106,255
Non-executive director: Mr. Wang Zhenghao (vi)			_	_	<u>-</u>

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Zhao Jiehui was appointed as an executive director in March 2025.
- (ii) Mr. Yang Lei was appointed as an executive director in March 2025.
- (iii) Mr. Cao Lianfei was appointed as an executive director in March 2025.
- (iv) Ms. Shi Yi was appointed as an executive director in March 2025.
- (v) Dr. Li Qiang was appointed as an executive director in March 2025.
- (vi) Mr. Wang Zhenghao was appointed as a non-executive director in March 2025.

During the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024, certain directors were granted restricted shares, in respect of their services to the Group, under the incentive scheme of the Company, which have been recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period, were determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial information for the relevant periods are included in the above directors' and chief executive's remuneration disclosures.

There was no arrangement under which the directors waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees for the years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2024 and 2025 included 4, 4, 4, 4 and 5 directors, respectively. Details of these directors' remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024 of the remaining highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

	Year	ended 31 Decem	Six months ended 30 June			
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000	
Salaries, bonuses, allowances and benefits in kind	1,472	1,134	966	577	-	
Equity-settled share-based						
payment expense	219	1,693	-	-	-	
Pension scheme contributions	4	4	9	3		
Total	1,695	2,831	975	580		

The number of the non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

		Number of employees						
	Year	ended 31 Decemb	per	Six months en	ded 30 June			
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025			
				(Unaudited)				
Nil to HKD1,000,000 HKD1,000,001 to	-	-	-	1	-			
HKD1,500,000 HKD1,500,001 to	-	-	1	-	-			
HKD2,000,000 HKD3,000,001 to	1	-	-	-	-			
HKD3,500,000		1						
Total	1	1	1	1				

During the years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2024, restricted shares were granted to 1 non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees in respect of his services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 31 to the financial statements. The fair value of such restricted shares which has been recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements is included in the above non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

INCOME TAX

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity basis on profits arising in or derived from the jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate.

Mainland China

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") rate of the PRC subsidiaries was 25% during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024, unless otherwise specified below.

The Company is qualified as a high and new technology enterprise and was subject to income tax at a preferential tax rate of 15% for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024. This qualification is subject to review by the relevant tax authority in the PRC for every three years.

Deepexi Guangzhou Technology Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group in Mainland China, is qualified as a high and new technology enterprise and was subject to income tax at a preferential tax rate of 15% for the years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024. This qualification is subject to review by the relevant tax authority in the PRC for every three years.

Hong Kong

The subsidiary incorporated in Hong Kong is subject to Hong Kong profits tax at the rate of 8.25% for taxable income not exceeding HKD2,000,000, and 16.5% for taxable income exceeding HKD2,000,000 on any estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong. No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits derived from or earned in Hong Kong during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024.

Certain of the Group's PRC subsidiaries are qualified as small and micro enterprises and are entitled to a preferential corporate income tax rate of 20% during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024.

	Year	ended 31 Decei	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2022 2023 2024			2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Current – Mainland China: Charge for the year/period	<u>95</u>	76			50

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

11. INCOME TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to loss before tax using the statutory rate for the jurisdiction in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled and/or operate to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

	Year e	nded 31 Decem	Six months end	ded 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Loss before tax	(655,131)	(502,819)	(1,254,990)	(620,964)	(308,171)
Tax at the statutory tax rate of					
25%	(163,783)	(125,705)	(313,748)	(155,241)	(77,043)
Lower tax rates for specific provinces or enacted by local					
authority	65,513	50,282	125,499	62,096	30,817
Additional deductible allowance for research and development					
expenses	(739)	(802)	(7,854)	(2,682)	(4,970)
Tax effect of changes in the carrying amount of shares with					
preferential rights	63,236	33,153	173,278	82,788	19,240
Deductible temporary difference	05.054	40.005	00.007	40.000	04.007
and tax losses not recognised	35,251	42,685	22,397	12,829	31,637
Expenses not deductible for tax	617	463	428	210	369
Tax charge at the Group's					
effective tax rate	95	76	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	50

The Group has accumulated tax losses arising in Mainland China of RMB907,807,000, RMB1,066,769,000 and RMB1,098,557,000 and RMB1,147,991,000 as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025, respectively, that will expire in one to ten years for offsetting against future taxable profits of the Group.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses and deductible temporary differences as they have arisen in the subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits in the foreseeable future will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

12. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or declared by the Company during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024.

13. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic loss per share amounts is based on the loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent and the weighted average numbers of ordinary shares outstanding (excluding shares reserved for the share incentive scheme) during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue and no adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share amounts presented for the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024.

	Year	<u>ended 31 Decer</u>	nber	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
				(Unaudited)		
Loss						
Loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, used in the basic loss per share calculation						
(RMB'000)	(655,226)	(502,895)	(1,254,990)	(620,964)	(308,221)	
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year/period, used in the basic loss per share						
calculation ('000)	202,315	205,558	205,566	205,558	275,020	
Loss per share (basic and						
diluted) RMB per share	(3.24)	(2.45)	<u>(6.11</u>)	(3.02)	(1.12)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group

	Electronic equipment RMB'000	Other equipment RMB'000	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at 31 December 2022					
At 1 January 2022: Cost Accumulated depreciation	1,672 (677)	1,182 (130)	8,501 (2,613)		11,355 (3,420)
Net carrying amount	995	1,052	5,888		7,935
At 1 January 2022, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Disposals Depreciation provided during the year (note 7)	995 767 (4) (733)	1,052 5 (77) (211)	5,888 4,782 - (3,481)	- - -	7,935 5,554 (81) (4,425)
At 31 December 2022, net of accumulated depreciation	1,025	769	7,189		8,983
At 31 December 2022: Cost Accumulated depreciation	2,435 (1,410)	1,110 (341)	13,283 (6,094)	<u> </u>	16,828 (7,845)
Net carrying amount	1,025	769	7,189		8,983
As at 31 December 2023					
At 1 January 2023: Cost Accumulated depreciation	2,435 (1,410)	1,110 (341)	13,283 (6,094)		16,828 (7,84 <u>5</u>)
Net carrying amount	1,025	769	7,189		8,983
At 1 January 2023, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided	1,025 2,117	769 -	7,189 -	- 285	8,983 2,402
during the year (note 7)	(893)	(202)	(3,058)	-	(4,153)
At 31 December 2023, net of accumulated depreciation	2,249	567	4,131	285	7,232
At 31 December 2023: Cost Accumulated depreciation	4,552 (2,303)	1,110 (543)	13,283 (9,152)	285 	19,230 (11,998)
Net carrying amount	2,249	567	4,131	285	7,232

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Group (continued)

	Electronic equipment RMB'000	Other equipment RMB'000	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at 31 December 2024					
At 1 January 2024: Cost Accumulated depreciation	4,552 (2,303)	1,110 (543)	13,283 (9,152)	285 	19,230 (11,998)
Net carrying amount	2,249	567	4,131	285	7,232
At 1 January 2024, net of accumulated depreciation Additions	2,249	567 -	4,131 947	285	7,232 947
Disposals Depreciation provided during	(66)	(142)	-	(285)	(493)
the year (note 7)	(940)	(195)	(3,299)		(4,434)
At 31 December 2024, net of accumulated depreciation	1,243	230	1,779	<u>-</u>	3,252
At 31 December 2024: Cost Accumulated depreciation	4,486 (3,243)	968 (738)	14,230 (12,451)	<u>-</u>	19,684 (16,432)
Net carrying amount	1,243	230	1,779		3,252
As at 30 June 2025					
At 1 January 2025: Cost Accumulated depreciation	4,486 (3,243)	968 (738)	14,230 (12,451)	<u> </u>	19,684 (16,432)
Net carrying amount	1,243	230	1,779		3,252
At 1 January 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Disposals Depreciation provided during	1,243 3,277 (1)	230 (22)	1,779	- - -	3,252 3,277 (1)
the period _	(356)	(66)	(916)	-	(1,338)
At 30 June 2025, net of accumulated depreciation	4,163	164	863		5,190
At 30 June 2025: Cost Accumulated depreciation	7,762 (3,599)	968 (804)	14,230 (13,367)	<u>-</u>	22,960 (17,770)
Net carrying amount	4,163	164	863	<u> </u>	5,190

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Company

	Electronic equipment RMB'000	Other equipment RMB'000	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at 31 December 2022					
At 1 January 2022: Cost Accumulated depreciation	144 (78)	736 (106)	5,371 (1,930)	<u>-</u>	6,251 (2,114)
Net carrying amount	66	630	3,441		4,137
At 1 January 2022, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Disposals Depreciation provided during the year	66 - - (33)	630 (38) (134)	3,441 393 - (1,931)	- - -	4,137 393 (38) (2,098)
At 31 December 2022, net	(00)	(104)	(1,501)		(2,000)
of accumulated depreciation	33	458	1,903		2,394
At 31 December 2022: Cost Accumulated depreciation	144 (111)	698 (240)	5,764 (3,861)	<u>-</u>	6,606 (4,212)
Net carrying amount	33	458	1,903		2,394
As at 31 December 2023					
At 1 January 2023: Cost Accumulated depreciation	144 (111)	698 (240) 458	5,764 (3,861)		6,606 (4,212)
Net carrying amount	33	430	1,903		2,394
At 1 January 2023, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided	33 2,896	458 359	1,903 4,398	- 285	2,394 7,938
during the year	(770)	(265)	(2,169)	-	(3,204)
At 31 December 2023, net of accumulated depreciation	2,159	552	4,132	285	7,128
At 31 December 2023: Cost Accumulated depreciation	3,040 (881)	1,057 (505)	10,162 (6,030)	285 	14,544 (7,416)
Net carrying amount	2,159	552	4,132	285	7,128

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Company (continued)

	Electronic equipment RMB'000	Other equipment RMB'000	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at 31 December 2024					
At 1 January 2024: Cost Accumulated depreciation	3,040 (881)	1,057 (50 <u>5</u>)	10,162 (6,030)	285 	14,544 (7,416)
Net carrying amount	2,159	552	4,132	285	7,128
At 1 January 2024, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Disposals Depreciation provided during	2,159 - (5)	552 - (137)	4,132 946 -	285 - (285)	7,128 946 (427)
the year	(925)	(189)	(3,299)		(4,413)
At 31 December 2024, net of accumulated depreciation	1,229	226	1,779		3,234
At 31 December 2024: Cost Accumulated depreciation	3,035 (1,806)	920 (694)	11,108 (9,32 <u>9</u>)	<u> </u>	15,063 (11,829)
Net carrying amount	1,229	226	1,779		3,234
As at 30 June 2025					
At 1 January 2025: Cost Accumulated depreciation	3,035 (1,806)	920 (694)	11,108 (9,329)	<u>-</u>	15,063 (11,829)
Net carrying amount	1,229	226	1,779		3,234
At 1 January 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during	1,229 6	226	1,779	<u>.</u>	3,234 6
the period At 30 June 2025, net of accumulated depreciation	(356) 879	<u>(65</u>) 161	<u>(916)</u> 863	<u>-</u>	(1,337) 1,903
At 30 June 2025: Cost Accumulated depreciation	3,041 (2,162)	920 (759)	11,108 (10,245)	- -	15,069 (13,166)
Net carrying amount	879	161	863		1,903

The property, plant and equipment (the "PPE") of the Group mainly consisted of office and electronic equipment, other equipment for research and development purpose and leasehold improvements. During the Relevant Periods, operating activities were carried forward as planned by the Group, all the PPE were maintained in good condition and normal use, and no obsolescence or physical damage to these PPE occurred during the Relevant Periods or was expected to take place in the near future.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

15. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various items of buildings. Leases of buildings generally have lease terms between 1 and 5 years.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The Group

The carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and the movements during the Relevant Periods are as follows:

	Buildings RMB'000
As at 1 January 2022 Additions Depreciation charge Termination of lease contracts	29,716 8,934 (14,301) (8,466)
As at 31 December 2022	15,883
	Buildings RMB'000
As at 1 January 2023 Additions Depreciation charge Termination of a lease contract	15,883 12,867 (13,023) (192)
As at 31 December 2023	15,535
	Buildings RMB'000
As at 1 January 2024 Additions Depreciation charge Termination of lease contracts	15,535 1,799 (9,871) (1,664)
As at 31 December 2024	5,799
	Buildings RMB'000
As at 1 January 2025 Additions Depreciation charge	5,799 6,769 (3,873)
As at 30 June 2025	8,695

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

15. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets (continued)

The Company

	Buildings RMB'000
As at 1 January 2022 Additions Depreciation charge	4,264 233 (3,328)
As at 31 December 2022	1,169
	Buildings RMB'000
As at 1 January 2023 Additions Transfer Depreciation charge Termination of a lease contract	1,169 12,867 14,714 (13,023) (192)
As at 31 December 2023	15,535
	Buildings RMB'000
As at 1 January 2024 Additions Depreciation charge Termination of lease contracts	15,535 1,799 (9,871) (1,664)
As at 31 December 2024	5,799
	Buildings RMB'000
As at 1 January 2025 Additions Depreciation charge	5,799 6,315 (3,824)
As at 30 June 2025	8,290

The right-of-use (the "ROU") assets of the Group consisted of the offices leased from third parties for headquarter offices purpose. During the Relevant Periods, all the ROU assets remained in good condition and normal use, and no obsolescence or physical damage of these ROU assets had occurred during the Relevant Periods or was expected to take place in the near future.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

15. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

The Group

The carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements during the Relevant Periods are as follows:

	As at 31 December			As at 30 June	
-	2022	2023	2024	2025	
_	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Carrying amount at 1 January	31,367	17,798	16,041	5,877	
New leases Accretion of interest recognised	8,934	12,867	1,799	6,769	
during the year/period	1,035	797	382	150	
Payments	(13,624)	(15,062)	(10,569)	(4,003)	
Termination of lease contracts	(9,406)	(205)	(1,776)	-	
Covid-19-related rent concessions	(500)	(454)			
from lessors	(508)	(154)		-	
Carrying amount at the end of the					
year/period	17,798	16,041	5,877	8,793	
Analysed into:					
Current portion	11,001	11,164	4,272	5,478	
Non-current portion	6,797	4,877	1,605	3,315	
The Company					
	As at	t 31 December		As at 30 June	
-	2022	2023	2024	2025	
_	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Carrying amount at 1 January	4,333	1,243	16,041	5,877	
New leases	233	12,867	1,799	6,315	
Transfer	-	16,555	-	· <u>-</u>	
Accretion of interest recognised					
during the year/period	129	797	382	143	
Payments	(3,441)	(15,062)	(10,569)	(3,933)	
Termination of lease contracts	-	(205)	(1,776)	-	
Covid-19-related rent concessions					
from lessors	(11)	(154)		<u>-</u>	
Carrying amount at the end of the					
carrying amount at the one or the	1,243	16,041	5,877	8,402	
year/period					
year/period _					
	1,137	11,164	4,272	5,331	

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 37 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

15. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

The Group

	Year ended 31 December			Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Interest on lease liabilities Depreciation charge of right-	1,035	797	382	245	150
of-use assets Expense related to short-term	14,301	13,023	9,871	5,498	3,873
and low-value leases Covid-19 related rent	4,339	1,439	166	94	120
concessions from lessors	(508)	(154)	<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total amount recognised in	40.467	45 405	10 110	E 007	4 4 4 4 2
profit or loss	19,167	15,105	10,419	5,837	4,143

The Company

	Year 6	ended 31 Decen	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Interest on lease liabilities Depreciation charge of right-	129	797	382	245	143
of-use assets Expense related to short-term	3,328	13,023	9,871	5,498	3,824
and low-value leases Covid-19-related rent	3,954	1,363	166	94	115
concessions from lessors	(11)	(154)			
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	7,400	15,029	10,419	5,837	4,082

⁽d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements.

16. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The Company

	As at 31 December			As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Investments in subsidiaries — capital contribution from the Company for obtaining 100% equity interests of				
subsidiaries Investments in subsidiaries — deemed investments arising from share-based	67,907	80,010	80,010	71,879
payment	63,968	63,668	63,615	63,936
Investments in subsidiaries	131,875	143,678	143,625	135,815

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

17. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

The Group and the Company

	A	As at 31 December		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Share of net assets	1,495	2,409	<u> </u>	

(a) The following table illustrates the financial information of the Group's associate:

	A	As at 31 December		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Share of the associate's profit/loss for the year/period	889	12	(2,931)	(105)
Share of the associate's total comprehensive income/loss	889	12	(2,931)	(105)
Carrying amount of the Group's investment in the associate	1,495	2,409		

18. EQUITY INVESTMENT DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	As	As at 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Unlisted equity investment, at fair value Jiangxi Galaxies Information Technology Co.,				
Ltd. (江西加萊格斯信息技術有限公司)	1,180		<u>-</u>	_

The above equity investment was irrevocably designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income as the Group considers the investment to be strategic in nature.

In February 2023, the Group disposed of its equity interest in Jiangxi Galaxies Information Technology Co., Ltd. as this investment no longer coincided with the Group's investment strategy. The fair value on the disposal date was RMB1,000,000 and no accumulated gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income need to be transferred to retained earnings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

19. INVENTORIES

The Group

	Α		As at 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Contract fulfilment costs	26,989	12,301	14,546	12,245
Less: provision for impairment	(1,239)	(1,298)	_	
Total	25,750	11,003	14,546	12,245
The Company				
	А	As at 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Contract fulfilment costs	17,615	11,338	14,333	11,906
Less: provision for impairment	(1,239)	(1,298)	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>

Contract fulfilment costs are recognised from the costs incurred to fulfil contracts of FastData and FastAGI products and solutions which will be recognised as cost of sales mainly within 12 months when the Group's related performance obligations are satisfied and hence the related service contract revenue is recognised.

16,376

10,040

14,333

20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

The Group

Total

	A		As at 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade and bills receivables	45,475	84,465	185,057	163,671
Impairment	(4,441)	(10,098)	(18,824)	(16,876)
Total	41,034	74,367	166,233	146,795
The Company				
	A	As at 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade and bills receivables	45,453	84,086	184,677	163,291
Impairment	(4,440)	(10,040)	(18,733)	(16,690)
Net carrying amount	41,013	74,046	165,944	146,601

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

The Group's trading terms with its certain customers are on credit, and the credit period is generally within 90 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade and bills receivables relate to diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade and bills receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An ageing analysis of the trade and bills receivables as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, based on the date of revenue recognition and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

The Group

	As a		As at 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	21,177	55,695	144,754	133,488
1 to 2 years	15,958	7,479	14,551	6,106
2 to 3 years	3,899	11,193	1,596	4,579
Over 3 years			5,332	2,622
Total	41,034	74,367	166,233	146,795
The Company				
	As at	As at 30 June		

	As:	As at 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	21,156	55,695	144,754	133,487
1 to 2 years	15,958	7,158	14,551	6,106
2 to 3 years	3,899	11,193	1,307	4,579
Over 3 years	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5,332	2,429
Total	41,013	74,046	165,944	146,601

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade and bills receivables are as follows:

The Group

	As a		As at 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At beginning of year/period Impairment loss, net	2,485 1,985	4,441 5,657	10,098 8,726	18,824 (1,948)
Write-off	(29)	_		
At end of year/period	4,441	10,098	18,824	16,876
The Company				
	As at	t 31 December		As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At beginning of year/period	2,485	4,440	10,040	18,733
Impairment loss, net	1,984	5,600	8,693	(2,043)
Write-off	(29)	_	<u>-</u> -	_
At end of year/period	4,440	10,040	18,733	16,690

An impairment analysis was performed at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025 using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Group writes off trade receivables when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulties and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g., when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, whichever occurs sooner, also taking into account legal advice where appropriate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade and bills receivables using a provision matrix:

The Group

As at 31 December 2022

	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	4.60%	11.92%	24.44%	-	9.77%
(RMB'000)	22,198	18,117	5,160	-	45,475
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	1,021	2,159	1,261	-	4,441
As at 31 December 2023					
	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	7.94%	15.42%	26.00%	-	11.96%
(RMB'000)	60,497	8,843	15,125	-	84,465
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	4,802	1,364	3,932	-	10,098
As at 31 December 2024					
	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	6.51%	15.71%	25.07%	50.78%	10.17%
(RMB'000)	154,831	17,262	,	10,834	185,057
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	10,077	2,711	534	5,502	18,824
As at 30 June 2025					
	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	6.49%	15.50%	25.22%	65.36%	10.31%
(RMB'000)	142,753	7,226	6,123	7,569	163,671
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	9,265	1,120	1,544	4,947	16,876

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade and bills receivables using a provision matrix: (continued)

The Company

As at 31 December 2022

	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Expected credit loss rate	4.60%	11.92%	24.44%	-	9.77%
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000) Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	22,176 1,020	18,117 2,159	5,160 1,261	-	45,453 4,440
As at 31 December 2023					
	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount (RMB'000) Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	7.94% 60,498 4,803	15.42% 8,463 1,305	15,125	- - -	11.94% 84,086 10,040
As at 31 December 2024					
	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	6.51%	15.71%	25.31%	50.78%	10.14%
(RMB'000) Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	154,831 10,077	17,262 2,711	1,750 443	10,834 5,502	184,677 18,733
As at 30 June 2025					
	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	6.49%	15.50%	25.22%	66.21%	10.22%
(RMB'000) Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	142,753 9,266	7,226 1,120	6,123 1,544	7,189 4,760	163,291 16,690

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

21. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

The Group

	As	As at 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Deferred listing expenses	-	-	111	6,438
Deposits and other receivables	6,492	6,357	5,776	6,007
Deductible value-added tax	4,545	4,466	2,964	4,387
Other current assets	1,519	1,743	1,559	1,219
	12,556	12,566	10,410	18,051
Impairment allowance	(956)	(661)	(834)	(1,406)
Subtotal	11,600	11,905	9,576	16,645
Less: Other non-current assets	(4,790)	(4,411)	(3,155)	(2,754)
Total current portion	6,810	7,494	6,421	13,891

The Company

		As at 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Amounts due from subsidiaries	523,404	507,916	574,548	555,606
Deferred listing expenses	-	-	111	6,438
Deposits and other receivables	1,984	5,982	5,697	5,707
Deductible value-added tax	1,045	2,335	981	2,035
Other current assets	1,041	1,481	1,545	1,205
Prepayments	4,604	10,464	=	-
	532,078	528,178	582,882	570,991
Impairment allowance	(181)	(655)	(832)	(1,398)
Subtotal	531,897	527,523	582,050	569,593
Less: Other non-current assets	(1,209)	(4,411)	(3,132)	(2,731)
Total current portion	530,688	523,112	578,918	566,862

Deposits and other receivables had no historical default. Deposits and other receivables were categorised in stage 1 at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. In calculating the expected credit loss rate, the Group considers the historical loss rate and adjusts for forward-looking macroeconomic data. As at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025, the Group estimated the expected credit losses for other receivables to be RMB956,000, RMB661,000 and RMB834,000 and RMB1,406,000, respectively.

Other receivables are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and are collectable within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

21. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS (continued)

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

The Group

22.

	А	s at 31 December		As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At beginning of year/period	680	956	661	834
Impairment, net	276	(295)	173	572
At end of year/period	956	661	834	1,406
The Company				
	A	s at 31 December		As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At beginning of year/period	-	181	655	832
Impairment, net	181	474	177	566
At end of year/period	181	655	832	1,398
CONTRACT ASSETS				
The Group				
	A	As at 31 December		As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Contract assets arising from:				
Warranty retention receivables	6,585	5,814	16,265	16,958
Impairment of contract assets	(355)	(509)	(915)	(1,102)
Total	6,230	5,305	15,350	15,856
The Company				
	A	s at 31 December		As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Contract assets arising from:				
Warranty retention receivables	6,195	5,783	16,233	16,927
Impairment of contract assets	(337)	(504)	(913)	(1,100)
Total		5,279		

Contract assets are initially recognised for the revenue earned from sales of products and the receipt of retention consideration is conditional on expiration of the warranty period. Upon expiration of the warranty period, the amounts recognised as contract assets are reclassified to trade and bills receivables.

The expected timing of recovery or settlement for all the contract assets is within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

22. CONTRACT ASSETS (continued)

The movements in the impairment of contract assets are as follows:

The Group

		As at 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At beginning of year/period	183	355	509	915
Impairment losses, net	172	154	406	187
At end of year/period	355	509	915	1,102
The Company				
		As at 31 December		As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At beginning of year/period	183	337	504	913
Impairment losses, net	154	167	409	187

337

504

1,100

913

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, RESTRICTED CASH AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

The Group

At end of year/period

		As at 31 December	As at 31 December				
	2022	2023	2024	2025			
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000			
Cash at banks	549,278	337,185	209,599	193,061			
Less: Restricted cash*	_	_	_	8,404			
Pledged deposits**	140	387	1,282	1,272			
Cash and cash equivalents	549,138	336,798	208,317	183,385			
Denominated in:							
RMB	288,510	304,975	175,597	151,867			
USD	260,628	31,823	32,720	29,730			
HKD	-			1,788			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, RESTRICTED CASH AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS (continued)

The Company

		As at 31 December			
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Cash at banks	507,711	336,575	199,071	174,832	
Less:					
Restricted cash*	-	-	-	5,134	
Pledged deposits**	140	387	1,282	1,272	
Cash and cash equivalents	507,571	336,188	197,789	168,426	
Denominated in:					
RMB	246,943	304,365	165,082	138,706	
USD	260,628	31,823	32,707	29,720	

^{*} As at 30 June 2025, the cash of RMB8,404,000 were restricted due to litigations which will become unrestricted after the resolution of those litigations.

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

24. TRADE PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

The Group

		As at 31 December			
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Within 1 year	12,646	24,673	75,174	45,142	
1 to 2 years	3,892	2,434	4,869	3,322	
2 to 3 years	327	2,599	1,592	2,556	
Over 3 years	55	327	1,988	1,912	
Total	16,920	30,033	83,623	52,932	

^{**} As at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025, the pledged deposits included RMB140,000, RMB387,000, RMB1,282,000 and RMB1,272,000, respectively, used as performance deposits for certain sales contracts which will become unrestricted after the completion of the contracts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

24. TRADE PAYABLES (continued)

The Company

	As at 31 December			As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	10,929	18,999	59,207	44,155
1 to 2 years	3,892	2,177	4,869	3,322
2 to 3 years	173	2,599	1,427	2,556
Over 3 years	<u> </u>	173	1,742	1,666
Total	14,994	23,948	67,245	51,699

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 1 to 3 months.

25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

The Group

		As a	As at 30 June		
		2022	2023	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Accrued listing expenses		-	-	849	14,784
Payroll and welfare paya	ables	29,836	22,624	14,872	13,322
Contract liabilities	(a)	22,890	8,172	3,693	4,411
Other payables	(b)	4,290	1,970	20,291	7,380
Other tax payable		2,393	7,707	13,295	3,801
Accrued operating expe	352	702	1,413	1,228	
Total		59,761	41,175	54,413	44,926

The Company

		As	As at 30 June		
		2022	2023	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Accrued listing expenses		-	-	849	14,784
Payroll and welfare payables	6	6,573	22,395	13,670	11,059
Contract liabilities	(a)	22,890	8,172	3,693	4,155
Other payables	(b)	755	1,948	20,207	4,162
Other tax payable	. ,	447	7,220	13,293	2,968
Accrued operating expenses	;	133	702	1,413	1,226
Amounts due to subsidiaries		855	4,542		55
Total		31,653	44,979	53,125	38,409

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (continued)

(a) Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

The Group

	As	at 31 December		As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Short-term advances received from customers				
Sale of solutions	22,890	8,172	3,693	4,411
The Company				
	As	at 31 December		As at 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Short-term advances received from customers				
Sale of solutions	22,890	8,172	3,693	4,155

⁽b) Other payables are trade in nature, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.

26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

The Group

The effective interest rates and maturities of the borrowings are as follows

		As at 30 June 2025				
		Effective interest				
		rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000		
Current						
Bank loans — unsecured		2.6-3.0	2026	50,115		
	=			,		
The carrying amounts of borrow	vings are deno	ominated in RMB.				
		As at 31 December		As at 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2025		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable:						
Within one year	_	-	_	50,115		
, · ·						

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

27. SHARES WITH PREFERENTIAL RIGHTS

The Group and the company

From December 2020 to August 2022, the Company had received several rounds of investments as follows:

In December 2020, the Company issued 3,529,412 angel round equity shares with a par value of RMB1.00 per share ("Series Angel Shares") to several independent investors for a cash consideration of RMB15,000,000 or RMB4.25 per share.

In December 2020, the Company issued 8,728,653 series pre-A equity shares with a par value of RMB1.00 per share ("Series Pre-A Shares") to several independent investors for a cash consideration of RMB54,117,647 or RMB6.20 per share.

In December 2020, the Company issued 8,870,967 series A1 equity shares with a par value of RMB1.00 per share ("Series A1 Shares") to several independent investors for a cash consideration of RMB213,766,120 or RMB25.53 per share.

In December 2020, the Company issued 10,059,797 series A+ equity shares with a par value of RMB1.00 per share ("Series A+ Shares") to several independent investors for a cash consideration of RMB589,981,458 or RMB32.84 per share.

In March 2021, the Company issued 1,876,366 series A3 equity shares with a par value of RMB1.00 per share ("Series A3 Shares") to several independent investors for a cash consideration of RMB68,605,000 or RMB36.56 per share.

In March 2021, the Company issued 5,874,409 series A4 equity shares with a par value of RMB1.00 per share ("Series A4 Shares") to several independent investors for a cash consideration of RMB274,345,470 or RMB46.84 per share.

In August 2021, the Company issued the first tranche of series B1 equity shares of 6,477,799 with a par value of RMB1.00 per share ("Series B1 Shares") to several independent investors for a cash consideration of RMB448,726,000 or RMB69.23 per share.

In January 2022, the Company issued the second tranche of series B1 equity shares of 1,509,360 with a par value of RMB1.00 per share ("Series B1 Shares") to one independent investor for a cash consideration of RMB10,450,000 or RMB69.23 per share.

In May 2022, the Company issued1,354,022 series B2 equity shares with a par value of RMB1.00 per share ("Series B2 Shares") to several independent investors for a cash consideration of RMB110,000,000 or RMB81.24 per share.

In February 2025, as disclosed in the section headed "History, Development and Corporate Structure" in the Prospectus, (i) Mr. Zhao Jiehui paid the registered capital of the Company in the amount of RMB592,333 and then transferred to CMBC Financial Investment, and (ii) Mr. Yang Lei paid the registered capital of the Company in the amount of RMB140,232 and then transferred to CMBC Financial Investment ("Series Equity Transfer Shares"). The total equity transfer consideration of RMB30,000,000 was determined based on arm's length negotiation between the parties and the equity transfer was approved by all shareholders of the Company.

Series Angel Shares, Series Pre-A Shares, Series A1 Shares, Series A+ Shares, Series A3 Shares, Series A4 Shares, Series B1 Shares, Series B2 Shares and Series Equity Transfer Shares are collectively referred to as the Shares with Preferential Rights.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

27. SHARES WITH PREFERENTIAL RIGHTS (continued)

Certain key terms of Shares with Preferential Rights are summarised as follows:

Redemption rights

Shares with Preferential Rights shall be redeemable by the Company and the founder of the Company upon the occurrence of certain events, with the main conditions being:

- (i) a qualified initial public offering (the "IPO") does not occur prior to 31 December 2027 (31 December 2024 for Series Angel, Series Pre-A and Series A1 Shares, 31 December 2025 for Series A+ and Series A3 Shares, 31 December 2026 for Series A4 and the first tranche of Series B1 Shares and 31 December 2027 for second tranche of Series B1 and Series B2 Shares); or
- (ii) changes to the Company's controlling shareholder.

The redemption price of the shares issued in the investments shall equal to the higher of (i) the aggregate of the original issue price for the respective series plus an amount accruing daily at 8% of the original preferred shares issue price per annum plus all unpaid dividends (ii) fair market value of the shares of relevant series on the date of redemption plus all unpaid dividends.

Liquidation preference

In the event of any liquidation including deemed liquidation, dissolution, acquisitions, sale or transfer of all or part of the core assets, winding up of the Company, the Company shall ensure that the investors of the investments are entitled to receive, prior and in preference to any distribution of any of the assets or surplus funds of the price for the respective series plus an amount declared but not paid dividends and the remaining assets of the Company available for distribution shall be distributed rateably among the shareholders.

Anti-dilution right

If the Company increases its share capital at a price lower than the price paid by the investors of the investments on a per share capital basis prior to a qualified IPO, the investors have a right to require the founding shareholders of the Company to transfer for nil consideration to the investors, so that the total amount paid by the investors divided by the total amount of share capital obtained is equal to the price per share capital in the new issuance.

Cease of the preferential rights

The preferential rights will automatically cease upon the submission of application with the Stock Exchange for the qualified IPO and listing. The Shares with Preferential Rights will become ordinary shares without any preferential rights.

In April 2025, the Company and investors have entered into a supplemental agreement pursuant to which the redemption right of the Shares with Preferential Rights will cease to be exercisable upon submission of the IPO and listing application to the Stock Exchange while the until the earlier of (1) the application is not accepted or declined by the Stock Exchange or the Company withdraws the said application, or the Stock Exchange does not approve the Company's application, or the Company's listing sponsor withdraws its listing sponsor; or (2) the Company fails to complete the IPO within eighteen months.

Presentation and classification

The Company recognised the financial instruments issued to investors as financial liabilities, because not all triggering events mentioned in the key terms above are within the control of the Company and these financial instruments did not meet the definition of equity for the Company. Financial liabilities are measured at fair value and any changes in the fair value of the financial liabilities were recorded in "Fair value loss on financial liabilities at FVTPL" in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Any changes in the carrying amount of the financial liabilities were recorded in "Changes in fair value of financial liabilities at shares with preferential rights".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

27. SHARES WITH PREFERENTIAL RIGHTS (continued)

The movements in Shares with Preferential Rights are set out as follows:

									Series Equity	
	Series Angel Shares	Series Pre-A Shares	Series A1 Shares	Series A+ Shares	Series A3 Shares	Series A4 Shares	Series B1 Shares	Series B2 Shares	Transfer Shares	Total shares
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	118,290	295,705	344,245	431,373	87,506	312,748	448,721	-	-	2,038,588
Change in fair value	34,833	86,308	89,617	99,866	17,425	51,237	42,284	<u>-</u>	-	421,570
Issuance for cash		-		-			10,450	110,000		120,450
At 31 December 2022	452 400	202.042	422.062	E24 220	104 024	262.005	E01 4EE	110 000		2 590 609
and 1 January 2023	153,123	382,013	433,862	531,239	104,931	363,985	501,455	110,000	-	2,580,608
Change in fair value	17,599	44,876	50,045	53,473	9,459	25,936	16,974	2,661		221,023
At 31 December 2023										
and 1 January 2024	170,722	426,889	483,907	584,712	114,390	389,921	518,429	112,661	-	2,801,631
Change in fair value	95,326	235,982	233,172	253,182	45,069	132,290	134,333	25,832		1,155,186
At 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025	266,048	662,871	717,079	837.894	159,459	522,211	652,762	138,493	_	3,956,817
and I January 2025	200,040	002,071	717,079	037,094	109,409	322,211	032,702	130,433	_	3,930,017
Equity transfer between										
shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,513	54,513
Change in fair value	9,112	22,570	22,866	25,601	4,729	14,599	16,141	3,281	9,366	128,265
At 30 June 2025	275,160	685,441	739,945	863,495	164,188	536,810	668,903	141,774	63,879	4,139,595

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

27. SHARES WITH PREFERENTIAL RIGHTS (continued)

The fair value of the shares were valued by the directors of the Company with reference to valuation reports carried out by an independent qualified professional valuer. The Company used discounted cash flow method to determine the total share value of the Company and applied the equity allocation model to determine the fair market value of the shares of relevant series at the end of each of the Relevant Periods upon redemption.

Key valuation assumptions used to determine the fair market value of the shares are as follows:

	As at 31 December			As at 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
Discount rate	-	15.20%	13.90%	13.80%	
Risk-free interest rate	2.50%	2.30%	1.10%	1.35%	
Volatility	44.40%	42.80%	42.90%	50.45%	
Discounts for lack of marketability					
("DLOM")	17.84%	14.97%	11.60%	10.43%	

If the Company's significant unobservable inputs applied in the valuation had been 1% lower or higher than management's estimation as at 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and 30 June 2025, the present value of the Shares with Preferential Rights would increase/(decrease) by the amounts listed in table below:

	A		
	Risk-free interest rate	Volatility	DLOM
Impact on the profit/(loss) before income tax due to estimated changes in present value of the Shares with Preferential Rights			
Add 1%	219	812	5,162
Reduce 1%	(219)	(659)	(5,162)
	A	s at 31 December 2023	
	Risk-free interest rate	Volatility	DLOM
Impact on the profit/(loss) before income tax due to estimated changes in present value of the Shares with Preferential Rights			
Add 1%	155	665	4,498
Reduce 1%	(155)	(5,363)	(4,498)
	A	s at 31 December 2024	
	Risk-free interest rate	Volatility	DLOM
Impact on the profit/(loss) before income tax due to estimated changes in present value of the Shares with Preferential Rights			
Add 1%	41	(73)	4,880
Reduce 1%	(41)	(1,390)	(4,880)
		As at 30 June 2025	
	Risk-free interest rate	Volatility	DLOM
Impact on the profit/(loss) before income tax due to estimated changes in present value of the Shares with Preferential Rights			
Add 1%	34	3,494	4,561
Reduce 1%	(34)	(1,316)	(4,561)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

28. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the Relevant Periods are as follows:

Deferred tax assets

The Group

	Lease liabilities	Impairment losses on financial and	Impairment of inventories	Total
	RMB'000	contract assets RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	5,995	523	910	7,428
Deferred tax (charged)/credited to profit or loss during the year	(2,212)	382	(724)	(2,554)
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	3,783	905	186	4,874
Deferred tax (charged)/credited to profit or loss during the year	(1,377)	786	9	(582)
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Deferred tax (charged)/credited to	2,406	1,691	195	4,292
profit or loss during the year	(1,524)	1,395	(195)	(324)
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025 Deferred tax credited/ (charged) to	882	3,086	-	3,968
profit or loss during the period	476	(152)		324
Gross deferred tax assets at 30 June 2025	1,358	2,934	<u>-</u>	4,292
The Company				
	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Impairment losses on financial and contract assets RMB'000	Impairment of inventories RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	650	435	910	1,995
Deferred tax (charged)/credited to profit or loss during the year	(464)	309	(724)	(879)
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during	186	744	186	1,116
the year	2,220	936	9	3,165
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 Decembe 2023 and 1 January 2024 Deferred tax (charged)/credited to profit or	2,406	1,680	195	4,281
loss during the year	(1,524)	1,392	(195)	(327)
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 Decembe 2024 and 1 January 2025 Deferred tax credited/(charged) to profit or	882	3,072	-	3,954
loss during the period	378	(182)	<u>-</u> .	196
Gross deferred tax assets at 30 June 2025	1,260	2,890		4,150

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

28. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the Relevant Periods are as follows:(continued)

Deferred tax liabilities

The Group

	Right-of-use assets RMB'000
At 1 January 2022 Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year	5,771 (2,342)
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year	3,429 (1,099)
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year	2,330 (1,460)
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025 Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the period	870 475
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 30 June 2025	1,345
The Company	
	Right-of-use assets RMB'000
At 1 January 2022 Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year	640 (465)
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year	175 2,155
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year	2,330 (1,460)
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025 Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the period	870 374
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 30 June 2025	1,244

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the statements of financial position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

28. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

The Group

		As at 31 December			
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Tax losses Deductible temporary	907,807	1,066,769	1,098,557	1,147,991	
differences	1,445	1,962	3,098	2,947	
Total	909,252	1,068,731	1,101,655	1,150,938	

The above tax losses are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised, refer to note 11.

29. PAID-IN CAPITAL/SHARE CAPITAL

The Group and the Company

	A	As at 31 December			
	2022	2022 2023 20			
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Issued and fully paid	50,137	50,137	50,333	300,000	
Issued but not fully paid	23,120	23,120	22,924		

A summary of movements in the Company's paid-in capital/share capital is as follows:

	Number of shares in issue	Paid-in capital/share capital RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	46,417,403	46,417
Issues of shares with preferential rights (note (a))	3,719,255	3,720
As at 31 December 2022, 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023	50,136,658	50,137
Capital contribution from shareholder (note (b))	195,905	196
At 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025	50,332,563	50,333
Capital contribution from shareholders (note (c))	22,923,877	22,924
Issue of ordinary shares upon conversion into a joint stock company (note (d))	226,743,560	226,743
At 30 June 2025	300,000,000	300,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

29. PAID-IN CAPITAL/SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes:

- (a) In September 2022, the Company received capital contributions of RMB122,665,000 from three investors. The capital contributions increased the paid-in capital and capital reserve by RMB3,720,000 and RMB118,945,000, respectively.
- (b) In December 2024, the registered capital of RMB195,905 of the Company was subscribed by an investor at par value. The capital contribution increased the paid-in capital by RMB196,000.
- (c) In February 2025, the registered capital of RMB22,923,877 of the Company was subscribed by investors. The capital contributions increased the paid-in capital and capital reserve by RMB22,924,000 and RMB10,528,000, respectively.
- (d) Pursuant to the shareholders' resolutions on 14 March 2025, the then existing shareholders of the Company agreed to convert the Company into a joint stock limited liability company with registered capital of RMB300,000,000. Upon the completion of registration with governmental authorities on 8 April 2025, the Company has been converted into a joint stock company with limited liability.

30. RESERVES

The Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the Relevant Periods are presented in the consolidated statements of changes in equity.

(a) Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents capital contributions and distributions to the shareholders.

(b) Share-based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve represents the equity-settled share awards as set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

(c) Fair value reserve of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The fair value reserve of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income represents unrealised fair value gains or losses for equity investment designated at financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

30. RESERVES (continued)

The Company

The amounts of the Company's reserves and the movements therein for the Relevant Periods are presented as follows:

	Capital reserve RMB'000	Share-based payment reserve RMB'000	Other reserves RMB'000	Fair value reserve of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income RMB'000	Accumulated loss RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at 1 January 2022 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	1,353,682 - -	57,577 - -	(1,383,850) - -	(346) - 526	(941,795) (442,048)	(914,732) (442,048) 526
Total comprehensive income for the year Issue of new shares with preferential rights Recognition of shares with preferential rights Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment	118,945	- - - 9,756	(120,450)	526 - -	(442,048) - - -	(441,522) 118,945 (120,450) 9,756
As at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	1,472,627	67,333	(1,504,300)	180	(1,383,843)	(1,348,003)
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year Total comprehensive loss for the year Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment	- 	92,885	- - - -	(180) (180)	(426,219) - (426,219)	(426,219) (180) (426,399) 92,885
As at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	1,472,627	160,218	(1,504,300)		(1,810,062)	(1,681,517)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment		2,784			(1,255,861) 	(1,255,861) 2,784
As at 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025	1,472,627	163,002	(1,504,300)		(3,065,923)	(2,934,594)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the period Capital contribution from shareholders (note 29) Equity transfer between shareholders (note 27) Conversion into a joint stock company Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment	10,528 - (917,314)	- - - 108,017	(54,513) - -	- - - -	(344,954) - - 690,571	(344,954) 10,528 (54,513) (226,743) 108,017
As at 30 June 2025	565,841	271,019	(1,558,813)		(2,720,306)	(3,442,259)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

2021 Share Incentive Scheme

A share incentive plan ("Employee Incentive Scheme") was approved by the shareholders of the Company on 8 July 2021 and became effective on the same day. Restricted shares under the Employee Incentive Scheme were granted to the employees who promote the success of the Group's operations. Tianjin Deepexi Huachuang Enterprise Management Consulting Partnership (Limited Partnership) (天津滴普華創企業管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)) ("Deepexi Huachuang") was used as restricted share platforms to facilitate the administration of the Employee Incentive Scheme. 37,299,300 shares of the Company were held by Deepexi Huachuang, were authorised and approved under the Employee Incentive scheme. Pursuant to the Employee Incentive Scheme, the subscription price was RMB1.00 or RMB3.00 per restricted share.

On 7 December 2023, the shareholders of the Company decided to waive the implied service period for certain employees granted shares in Deepexi Huachuang in recognition of their contribution to the Group. The removal of the vesting condition resulted in the one-time accelerated vesting of certain incentive shares in 2023. The share-based payment expenses of RMB86,384,000 was recognised immediately, which lead to the significant increase in share-based payment expenses in 2023.

2023 Share Incentive Scheme

A share incentive plan ("Employee Incentive Scheme") was approved by the shareholders of the Company on 7 December 2023 and became effective on the same day. Restricted shares under the Employee Incentive Scheme were granted to the employees who promote the success of the Group's operations. Guangzhou Deepexi Huaying Enterprise Management Consulting Partnership (Limited Partnership) (廣州滴普華贏企業管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)) ("Deepexi Huaying") was used as restricted share platforms to facilitate the administration of the Employee Incentive Scheme. 6,364,500 shares of the Company were held by Deepexi Huaying, were authorised and approved under the Employee Incentive scheme. Pursuant to the Employee Incentive Scheme, the subscription price was RMB6.00 per restricted share.

Subject to the terms and conditions as set out in those Employee Incentive Scheme above, if eligible employees resign before the three years ended after the completion of IPO (the "Target Date"), the controlling shareholder or parties designated by the controlling shareholder have the right to repurchase and the resigned employees have to sell the restricted shares granted and vested at the subscription price. Therefore, the period from the grant date to the Target Date constitutes an implied service period. The Group does not bear the obligation to settle the restricted shares for employees, the Employee Incentive Scheme was accounted as an equity transaction for share-based payments.

In January 2025, certain employees were granted shares in Deepexi Huaying in recognition of their contribution to the Group without vesting condition resulted in the one-time vesting of certain incentive shares. The share-based payment expenses of RMB106,773,000 was recognised immediately, which lead to the significant increase in share-based payment expenses in 2025.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The following granted shares were outstanding under the Employee Incentive Scheme during the Relevant Periods:

	Number of granted incentive shares
As at 1 January 2022	31,236,780
Granted during the year	3,875,950
Forfeited during the year	(983,868)
As at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	34,128,862
Granted during the year	5,245,972
Forfeited during the year	(2,075,457)
As at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Forfeited during the year	37,299,377 (1,303,802)
As at 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025	35,995,575
Granted during the period	7,845,762
Forfeited during the period	(219,859)
As at 30 June 2025	43,621,478

The fair value of the restricted shares as at the grant date were determined with reference to the fair value of ordinary shares on the grant date. The following table lists the inputs to the model:

	As at 31 December			As at 30 June	
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
DLOM	17.84%	14.97%	-	10.43%	
Risk-free interest rate (%)	2.50%	2.30%	=	1.35%	

The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

The total share-based payment expenses recognised in profit or loss for restricted shares were approximately RMB9,756,000, RMB92,885,000, RMB2,784,000 and RMB108,017,000 during the Relevant Periods, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of RMB8,934,000, RMB12,867,000, RMB1,799,000, RMB311,000 and RMB6,769,000, respectively, in respect of lease agreements.

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	Shares with preferential rights RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	2,038,588	31,367	2,069,955
New financing proceeds	120,450	· -	120,450
Change in fair value	421,570	-	421,570
Payments	-	(13,624)	(13,624)
New leases	-	8,934	8,934
Termination of lease contracts	-	(9,406)	(9,406)
Covid-19-related rent concessions from			
lessors	-	(508)	(508)
Accretion of interest recognised during the			
year		1,035	1,035
At 31 December 2022	2,580,608	17,798	2,598,406
	Shares with preferential rights RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2023	2,580,608	17,798	2,598,406
Change in fair value	221,023	-	221,023
Payments		(15,062)	(15,062)
New leases	_	12,867	12,867
Termination of a lease contract	-	(205)	(205)
Covid-19-related rent concessions from		,	,
lessors	-	(154)	(154)
Accretion of interest recognised during the		,	,
year	<u> </u>	797	797
At 31 December 2023	2,801,631	16,041	2,817,672

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities (continued).

		nares with ntial rights RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2024	,	2,801,631	16,041	2,817,672
Change in fair value		1,155,186	· -	1,155,186
Payments		- -	(10,569)	(10,569)
New leases		-	1,799	1,799
Termination of lease contracts		-	(1,776)	(1,776)
Accretion of interest recognised during year	ng the	<u> </u>	382	382
At 31 December 2024	;	3,956,817	5,877	3,962,694
		Shares with		
	prefere	ential rights	Lease liabilities	Total
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January 2024		2,801,631	16,041	2,817,672
Change in fair value		551,923	-	551,923
Payments		-	(5,965)	(5,965)
New leases		-	` 311 [′]	` ¹ 311 [′]
Termination of lease contracts		-	(1,775)	(1,775)
Accretion of interest recognised during period	ng the	<u> </u>	245	245
At 30 June 2024 (unaudited)		3,353,554	8,857	3,362,411
	Shares with		Interest- bearing	
	preferential		bank	
	rights RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	borrowings RMB'000	Total RMB'000
	TAME 000	TAME 000	TAME 000	TOND 000
At 1 January 2025	3,956,817	5,877	-	3,962,694
Change in fair value	128,265	-	-	128,265
Equity transfer between				
shareholders	54,513	-	<u>-</u>	54,513
Changes from financing cash flows	-	- (4.000)	50,000	50,000
Payments	-	(4,003)	-	(4,003)
New leases Interest expenses	-	6,769	- 115	6,769 115
Accretion of interest recognised	-	-	110	115
during the period	<u> </u>	150		150
At 30 June 2025	4,139,595	8,793	50,115	4,198,503

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

32. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(b)Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the consolidated statements of cash flows is as follows:

	Year ended 31 December			Six months	ended 30 June
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Within operating activities Within financing activities	4,339 13,624	1,439 15,062	166 10,569	94 5,964	120 4,003
Total	17,963	16,501	10,735	6,058	4,123

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Name and relationship:

Name of related party Relationship with the Group

Wuxi Nianhua Yun Technology Service Co., Ltd. 無錫拈花雲 科技服務有限公司

Associate of the Group

(b) Related party transactions

The Group had the following transactions with a related party during the Relevant Periods and the six months ended 30 June 2024:

	Year er	nded 31 Decemb	Six months ended 30 June		
	2022	2022 2023 2024			2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (Unaudited)	RMB'000
Sales of products to: Wuxi Nianhua Yun Technology Service Co., Ltd.	3,870	2,811			<u>-</u>

(c) Outstanding balances with related parties

The Group

	As	As at 31 December			
	2022	2022 2023 2024			
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Due from a related company: Trade related Wuxi Nianhua Yun Technology					
Service Co., Ltd.	2,747	1,852	1,407	1,407	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) Outstanding balances with related parties (continued)

The Company

	As	As at 30 June		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Amounts due from a subsidiary: Deepexi Guangzhou Technology Co., Ltd.	206	206		
Amounts due to subsidiaries: Shenzhen Dipu Intelligent Technology				
Co., Ltd.	2,584	7,957	27,487	19,692
Hangzhou Dipu Technology Co., Ltd.	1,038	93	100	-
Shanghai Dipu Technology Co., Ltd. Deepexi Guangzhou Technology Co.,	971	695	-	-
Ltd. Hong Kong Deepexi Technology	-	2,489	460	808
Limited	-	_	_	151
Chengdu Dipu Technology Co., Ltd.		1		8
Total	4,593	11,235	28,047	20,659

Amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

(d) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

		As at 31 December		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Salaries, bonuses, allowances and				
benefits in kind	7,468	6,608	6,123	2,596
Pension scheme contributions Equity-settled share-based payment	97	161	219	138
expenses	4,819	62,946	29	104,260
Total	12,384	69,715	6,371	106,994

Further details of directors' and the chief executive's remuneration are included in note 9 to the financial statements.

34. COMMITMENTS

At the end of each of the Relevant Periods, the Group did not have any significant contractual commitments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at the end of each of the Relevant Periods were as follows:

The Group

As at 31 December 2022

The Group	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income RMB'000	Financial assets at amortised cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Equity investment designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (note 18) Trade and bills receivables (note 20) Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets (note 21) Pledged deposits (note 23) Cash and cash equivalents (note 23)	1,180 - - - -	41,034 8,011 140 549,138	1,180 41,034 8,011 140 549,138
Total	1,180	598,323	599,503
Financial liabilities			
The Group	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Shares with preferential rights (note 27) Trade payables (note 24) Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals (note 25) Lease liabilities (note 15)	2,580,608	16,920 4,290 17,798	2,580,608 16,920 4,290 17,798
Total	2,580,608	39,008	2,619,616

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at the end of each of the Relevant Periods were as follows: (continued)

The Group (continued)

As at 31 December 2023

The Group		Financial assets at amortised cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade and bills receivables (note 20) Financial assets included in prepayments, other rec	ceivables and other	74,367	74,367
assets (note 21)		7,861	7,861
Pledged deposits (note 23)		387	387
Cash and cash equivalents (note 23)		336,798	336,798
Total		419,413	419,413
Financial liabilities			
	Financial liabilities at fair value		
	through profit or	Financial liabilities at	
The Group	loss	amortised cost	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Shares with preferential rights (note 27)	2,801,631	-	2,801,631
Trade payables (note 24)	-	30,033	30,033
Financial liabilities included in other payables and		4.070	4.070
accruals (note 25) Lease liabilities (note 15)	-	1,970 16,041	1,970 16,041
Lease liabilities (HOLE 13)	<u>-</u>	10,041	10,041
Total	2,801,631	48,044	2,849,675

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at the end of each of the Relevant Periods were as follows: (continued)

The Group (continued)

As at 31 December 2024

The Group	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Financial assets at amortised cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Financial assets at FVTPL Trade and bills receivables (note 20) Financial assets included in prepayments, other	426 -	166,233	426 166,233
receivables and other assets (note 21)	-	7,446	7,446
Pledged deposits (note 23) Cash and cash equivalents (note 23)		1,282 208,317	1,282 208,317
Total	426	383,278	383,704
Financial liabilities			
	Financial liabilities		
The Group	at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Shares with preferential rights (note 27) Trade payables (note 24)	3,956,817	83,623	3,956,817 83,623
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals (note 25) Lease liabilities (note 15)		20,291 5,877	20,291 5,877
Total	3,956,817	109,791	4,066,608

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at the end of each of the Relevant Periods were as follows: (continued)

The Group (continued)

As at 30 June 2025

The Group	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Financial assets at amortised cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Financial assets at FVTPL Trade and bills receivables (note 20) Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets (note 21) Restricted cash(note 23) Pledged deposits (note 23) Cash and cash equivalents (note 23) Total	378 - - - - - 378	146,795 13,664 8,404 1,272 183,385 353,520	378 146,795 13,664 8,404 1,272 183,385 353,898
Financial liabilities		555,525	
The Group	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Shares with preferential rights (note 27) Interest-bearing bank borrowings (note 26) Trade payables (note 24) Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals (note 25) Lease liabilities (note 15)	4,139,595 - - - -	50,115 52,932 7,380 8,793	4,139,595 50,115 52,932 7,380 8,793
Total	4,139,595	119,220	4,258,815

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, pledged deposits, trade and bills receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, trade payables and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The finance manager of the Group is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The Group's finance manager reports directly to the chief financial officer. At the end of each of the Relevant Periods, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of financial assets at FVTPL are based on quoted market prices.

The fair values of unlisted equity investment designated at fair value through other comprehensive income have been estimated using a market-based valuation technique based on assumptions that are not supported by observable market prices or rates. The valuation requires the directors to determine comparable public companies (peers) based on industry, size, leverage and strategy, and to calculate an appropriate price multiple. The multiple is calculated by dividing the enterprise value of the comparable company by net assets measure. The trading multiple is then discounted for considerations such as illiquidity and size differences between the comparable companies based on company-specific facts and circumstances. The discounted multiple is applied to the corresponding net assets measure of the unlisted equity investment to measure the fair value. The directors believe that the estimated fair values resulting from the valuation technique, which are recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related changes in fair values, which are recorded in other comprehensive income, are reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate values at the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of the financial instrument together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range	Sensitivity of fair value to the input
Equity investment designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Valuation multiples	Average P/B multiple of peers	1.3	increase/decrease in multiple would result in increase/decrease in fair value by RMB59,000
		Discount for lack of marketability	29.2%	5% increase/decrease in discount would result in increase/decrease in fair value by RMB24,000

For the methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values of shares with preferential rights, details are disclosed in note 27 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value:

As at	: 31	Decem	ber	2022

	Fair	Fair value measurement using		
	Quoted prices		Significant	
	in active	Significant	Unobservable	
	markets	observable inputs	inputs	Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Equity investment designated at fair value through other				
comprehensive income		<u> </u>	1,180	1,180

The Group did not have any financial assets measured at fair value as at 31 December 2023.

As at 31 December 2024				
	Fair va	alue measurement	using	
		Significant	Significant	
	Quoted prices	observable	unobservable	
	in active markets	inputs	inputs	Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial assets at FVTPL	426			426
As at 30 June 2025				
	Fair va	alue measurement	using	
		Significant	Significant	
	Quoted prices	observable	unobservable	
	in active markets	inputs	inputs	Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial assets at FVTPL	378	-		378

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy(continued)

Liabilities measured at fair value:

As at 31	December	2022
ASALSI	December	2022

As at 31 December 2022				
	Fair	value measuremer	nt using	
		Significant	Significant	
	Quoted prices	observable	unobservable	
	in active markets	inputs	inputs	Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Shares with preferential rights			2,580,608	2,580,608
As at 31 December 2023				
	Fair	value measuremer	nt using	
		Significant	Significant	
	Quoted prices	observable	unobservable	
	in active markets	inputs	inputs	Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Shares with preferential rights			2,801,631	2,801,631
As at 31 December 2024				
7.6 dt 61 B666111861 2021	Fair	value measuremer	nt usina	
		Significant	Significant	
	Quoted prices	observable	unobservable	
	in active markets	inputs	inputs	Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	rotar
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Shares with preferential rights	-	-	3,956,817	3,956,817
As at 30 June 2025				
	Fair	value measuremer		
		Significant	Significant	
	Quoted prices	observable	unobservable	
	in active markets	inputs	inputs	Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Shares with preferential rights			4,139,595	4,139,595

During the Relevant Periods, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments mainly comprise cash and bank balances and trade and bills receivables. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of loss resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Fluctuations in exchange rates between RMB and USD in which the Group conducts business may affect the Group's financial condition and results of operations.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of each of the Relevant Periods to a reasonably possible change in foreign currency exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's loss before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities) and the Group's equity.

	Increase/(decrease) in USD/RMB rate %	Increase/(decrease) in loss before tax/equity RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2022 If the RMB weakens against the USD If the RMB strengthens against the USD	10 (10)	(26,063) 26,063
Year ended 31 December 2023 If the RMB weakens against the USD If the RMB strengthens against the USD	10 (10)	(3,182) 3,182
Year ended 31 December 2024 If the RMB weakens against the USD If the RMB strengthens against the USD	10 (10)	(3,272) 3,272
Six months ended 30 June 2025 If the RMB weakens against the USD If the RMB strengthens against the USD	10 (10)	(2,973) 2,973

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

37 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets and the exposure to credit risk for the financial guarantee contracts.

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AS at S	ı Decelli	וסט	~~	

AS at 31 December 2022	12-month ECLs Stage 1 RMB'000	Stage 2 RMB'000	Stage 3 RMB'000	Simplified approach RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	-	-	-	45,475	45,475
- Normal**	8,011	-	-	-	8,011
Pledged deposits - Not yet past due Cash and cash equivalents	140	-	-	-	140
- Not yet past due	549,138	-	-	-	549,138
Total	557,289			45,475	602,764
As at 31 December 2023					
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECLs			
		. .		Simplified	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	-	-	-	84,465	84,465
- Normal**	7,861	-	-	-	7,861
Pledged deposits - Not yet past due Cash and cash equivalents	387	-	-	-	387
- Not yet past due	336,798	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	336,798
Total	345,046	<u> </u>		84,465	429,511

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued)

As at 31 December 2024

	12-month				
	ECLs	L	ifetime ECLs		
				Simplified	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	7.11.12 000	, <u></u>		7 11112 000	
Trade and bills receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	-	-	-	185,057	185,057
- Normal**	7,446	-	-	-	7,446
Pledged deposits	•				·
- Not yet past due	1,282	_	_	_	1,282
Cash and cash equivalents	1,202				1,202
- Not yet past due	208,317				208,317
- Not yet past due	200,317	<u>-</u> -	 -		200,317
Total	047.045			405.057	400 400
Total	217,045			185,057	402,102
As at 30 June 2025					
	12-month				
	ECLs	L	ifetime ECLs		
				Simplified	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	T ()
				арргоаоп	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	l otal RMB'000
	RMB'000				
Trade and bills receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	RMB'000 -				
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	-			RMB'000	<i>RMB</i> '000
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal**	RMB'000 - 13,664			RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal** Pledged deposits	13,664			RMB'000	163,671 13,664
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal** Pledged deposits - Not yet past due	-			RMB'000	<i>RMB</i> '000
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal** Pledged deposits - Not yet past due Restricted cash	- 13,664 1,272			RMB'000	RMB'000 163,671 13,664 1,272
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal** Pledged deposits - Not yet past due Restricted cash - Not yet past due	13,664			RMB'000	163,671 13,664
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal** Pledged deposits - Not yet past due Restricted cash - Not yet past due Cash and cash equivalents	13,664 1,272 8,404			RMB'000	163,671 13,664 1,272 8,404
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal** Pledged deposits - Not yet past due Restricted cash - Not yet past due	- 13,664 1,272			RMB'000	RMB'000 163,671 13,664 1,272
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal** Pledged deposits - Not yet past due Restricted cash - Not yet past due Cash and cash equivalents - Not yet past due	13,664 1,272 8,404 183,385			RMB'000 163,671 - - -	RMB'000 163,671 13,664 1,272 8,404 183,385
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal** Pledged deposits - Not yet past due Restricted cash - Not yet past due Cash and cash equivalents	13,664 1,272 8,404			RMB'000	163,671 13,664 1,272 8,404

^{*} For trade and bills receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

^{**} The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management of the Group to finance the operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

31 December 2022				
	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade payables	16,920	_	_	16,920
Lease liabilities	11,553	6,822	-	18,375
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	4,290	_	_	4,290
Shares with preferential rights	2,580,608		<u>-</u>	2,580,608
+	0.040.074	0.000		0.000.400
Total	2,613,371	6,822	- -	2,620,193
31 December 2023				
	Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade payables	30,033	-	_	30,033
Lease liabilities Financial liabilities included in	11,572	4,980	-	16,552
other payables and accruals	1,970	_	_	1,970
Shares with preferential rights	2,801,631	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,801,631
Total	2,845,206	4,980	<u>-</u>	2,850,186
	,,	,,,,,,		, ,
31 December 2024				
	Within 1 year RMB'000	1 to 5 years RMB'000	Over 5 years RMB'000	Total RMB'000
	2 000	2 000	2	2 000
Trade payables	၀၁ ဧ၁၁			
	83,623	4.020	-	83,623
Lease liabilities Financial liabilities included in	4,397	1,630	- -	83,623 6,027
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	4,397 20,291	1,630 -	- -	6,027 20,291
Financial liabilities included in	4,397	1,630 - -	- - - -	6,027
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	4,397 20,291	1,630 - - 1,630	- - - - -	6,027 20,291
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Shares with preferential rights Total	4,397 20,291 3,956,817	<u> </u>	- - - - -	6,027 20,291 3,956,817
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Shares with preferential rights	4,397 20,291 3,956,817 4,065,128	1,630	- - - -	6,027 20,291 3,956,817 4,066,758
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Shares with preferential rights Total	4,397 20,291 3,956,817	<u> </u>	Over 5 years	6,027 20,291 3,956,817
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Shares with preferential rights Total 30 June 2025	4,397 20,291 3,956,817 4,065,128 Within 1 year RMB'000	1,630 1 to 5 years		6,027 20,291 3,956,817 4,066,758 Total RMB'000
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Shares with preferential rights Total 30 June 2025 Trade payables	4,397 20,291 3,956,817 4,065,128 Within 1 year RMB'000 52,932	1,630 1 to 5 years RMB'000		6,027 20,291 3,956,817 4,066,758 Total RMB'000 52,932
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Shares with preferential rights Total 30 June 2025 Trade payables Lease liabilities Financial liabilities included in	4,397 20,291 3,956,817 4,065,128 Within 1 year RMB'000 52,932 5,701	1,630 1 to 5 years		6,027 20,291 3,956,817 4,066,758 Total RMB'000 52,932 9,058
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Shares with preferential rights Total 30 June 2025 Trade payables Lease liabilities Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	4,397 20,291 3,956,817 4,065,128 Within 1 year RMB'000 52,932 5,701 7,380	1,630 1 to 5 years RMB'000		6,027 20,291 3,956,817 4,066,758 Total RMB'000 52,932 9,058 7,380
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Shares with preferential rights Total 30 June 2025 Trade payables Lease liabilities Financial liabilities included in	4,397 20,291 3,956,817 4,065,128 Within 1 year RMB'000 52,932 5,701	1,630 1 to 5 years RMB'000		6,027 20,291 3,956,817 4,066,758 Total RMB'000 52,932 9,058
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Shares with preferential rights Total 30 June 2025 Trade payables Lease liabilities Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Interest-bearing bank borrowings	4,397 20,291 3,956,817 4,065,128 Within 1 year RMB'000 52,932 5,701 7,380 50,115	1,630 1 to 5 years RMB'000		6,027 20,291 3,956,817 4,066,758 Total RMB'000 52,932 9,058 7,380 50,115

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the six months ended 30 June 2025

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Capital management

The Group's primary objective for managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the Relevant Periods.

38. EVENTS AFTER THE RELEVANT PERIODS

There were no significant events subsequent to 30 June 2025.

39. SUBSEQUENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

No audited financial statements have been prepared by the Company, the Group or any of the companies now comprising the Group in respect of any period subsequent to 30 June 2025.