



INVESTECH HOLDINGS LIMITED

威訊控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號：1087

2025 年報
ANNUAL REPORT



Contents

目錄

2	Corporate Profile and Corporate Information 公司簡介及公司資料	73	Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告
5	Chairman's Statement 主席報告	80	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表
8	Financial Summary 財務摘要	81	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表
14	Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析	82	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
25	Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷	84	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
31	Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	88	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
51	Report of the Directors 董事會報告	90	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註
		208	Principal Properties 主要物業



CORPORATE PROFILE AND CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司簡介及公司資料

InvesTech Holdings Limited (the “Company”, “our” or “we”, together with its subsidiaries, the “Group”) is mainly engaged in the provision of network system integration including provision of network infrastructure solutions, network professional services and smart office software solutions, and the network equipment rental business. The shares of the Company (the “Shares”) were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) on 16 November 2010.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo

(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”))

Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol (Vice Chairman)

Mr. Zhou Yi (appointed on 16 June 2025 and resigned on 31 October 2025)

Ms. Wang Fang (Vice CEO)

(resigned on 24 June 2025)

Non-executive Director

Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Hon Ming Sang

Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (appointed on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)

Mr. David Tsoi (resigned on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Hon Ming Sang (Chairman)

(appointed on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (appointed on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)

Mr. David Tsoi (Chairman) (resigned on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMMITTEE

Mr. Hon Ming Sang (Chairman)

Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (appointed on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)

Mr. David Tsoi (resigned on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

威訊控股有限公司(「本公司」、「我們的」或「我們」, 連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)主要從事提供網絡系統整合, 包括提供網絡基礎建設解決方案、網絡專業服務及智能辦公軟件解決方案、以及網絡設備租賃業務。本公司的股份(「股份」)於二零一零年十一月十六日在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板掛牌上市。

董事會

執行董事

陳錫強先生

(主席兼總裁(「總裁」))

田一好女士(副主席)

周易先生(於二零二五年六月十六日獲委任及於二零二五年十月三十一日辭任)

王芳女士(副總裁)

(於二零二五年六月二十四日辭任)

非執行董事

王佇維先生

獨立非執行董事

韓銘生先生

鄧澍焙先生(於二零二五年四月三日獲委任)

曾少欣先生(於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任)

蔡大維先生(於二零二五年四月三日辭任)

袁紹槐先生(於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任)

審核委員會

韓銘生先生(主席)

(於二零二五年四月三日獲委任)

鄧澍焙先生(於二零二五年四月三日獲委任)

曾少欣先生(於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任)

蔡大維先生(主席)(於二零二五年四月三日辭任)

袁紹槐先生(於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任)

薪酬及福利委員會

韓銘生先生(主席)

鄧澍焙先生(於二零二五年四月三日獲委任)

曾少欣先生(於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任)

蔡大維先生(於二零二五年四月三日辭任)

袁紹槐先生(於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Hon Ming Sang (*Chairman*)
Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (appointed on 3 April 2025)
Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol (appointed on 30 June 2025)
Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)
Mr. David Tsoi (resigned on 3 April 2025)
Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo (*Chairman*)
Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol
Mr. Hon Ming Sang
Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)
Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Wong Kei Lam (appointed on 24 April 2025)
Mr. Chow Kit Ting (resigned on 24 April 2025)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo
Ms. Wong Kei Lam (appointed on 24 April 2025)
Mr. Chow Kit Ting (resigned on 24 April 2025)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street
Hamilton, HM 12, Bermuda

HEADQUARTER

Room 304-306, 3/F
Tower W1, Oriental Plaza
No. 1 East Chang An Avenue
Dong Cheng District, Beijing
The People's Republic of China

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 02-03, 18/F
AIA Financial Centre
712 Prince Edward Road East
San Po Kong, Kowloon
Hong Kong

提名委員會

韓銘生先生 (*主席*)
鄧澍培先生 (於二零二五年四月三日獲委任)
田一好女士 (於二零二五年六月三十日獲委任)
曾少欣先生 (於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任)
蔡大維先生 (於二零二五年四月三日辭任)
袁紹槐先生 (於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任)

投資委員會

陳錫強先生 (*主席*)
田一好女士
韓銘生先生
曾少欣先生 (於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任)
袁紹槐先生 (於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任)

公司秘書

黃紀琳女士 (於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任)
周傑靈先生 (於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任)

授權代表

陳錫強先生
黃紀琳女士 (於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任)
周傑靈先生 (於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任)

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street
Hamilton, HM 12, Bermuda

總部

中華人民共和國
北京東城區
東長安街1號
東方廣場W1辦公樓
3樓304-306室

香港主要營業地點

香港
九龍新蒲崗
太子道東712號
友邦九龍金融中心
18樓02-03室

CORPORATE PROFILE AND CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司簡介及公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
China Guangfa Bank Co., Ltd.
China Merchants Bank
Hang Seng Bank Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd.

AUDITOR

BDO Limited

SHARE REGISTRAR

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office
Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

LISTING EXCHANGE INFORMATION

Place of Listing

Main Board, The Stock Exchange

STOCK CODE

1087

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.investech-holdings.com

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司
廣發銀行股份有限公司
招商銀行
恒生銀行有限公司
中國工商銀行
興業銀行

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

股份登記處

香港股份過戶登記分處
香港中央證券登記有限公司

交易所上市資料

上市地點
聯交所主板

股份代號

1087

公司網站

www.investech-holdings.com

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of the Company (the "Company" and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I hereby present the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2025 (the "Year").

BUSINESS AND MARKET OVERVIEW

In 2025, the global political, economic, and business landscape continues to face a multitude of complex and formidable challenges. Heightened geopolitical tensions, ongoing economic uncertainties, and the accelerated pace of technological change are constantly impacting the external environment in which our businesses operate. Despite these uncertainties, the Group has remained proactive and resilient. By continuously optimising our product portfolio, focusing on and developing potential customer groups especially in emerging new economy sectors, and actively expanding our presence in overseas markets, the Group aims to restore consistent growth in its business. As a result, both the sales of the Group's IT infrastructure system integration business and smart office software solutions business have achieved growth during the Year.

During the Year, the Group continued to leverage its core competencies by delivering advanced and customised IT infrastructure system integration tailored to the diverse needs of customers across various sectors. In addition, we maintained and deepened our strategic partnerships with leading technology companies, further extending our sales network and enhancing our ability to innovate. These collaborative efforts have reinforced the Group's competitive advantage, enabling us to respond more effectively to market challenges and uncertainties. Through a combination of technological excellence and strategic alliances, we remain well-positioned to capture emerging opportunities and sustain our growth momentum in a dynamic business environment.

With the rapid maturation of large artificial intelligence (AI) models, the Group has, throughout the year, actively integrated our accumulated expertise in the Internet of Things (IoT) with advanced AI applications. We have continued to deliver green and intelligent office solutions that enable real-time optimization. Our solutions intelligently manage lighting, environment, and energy consumption, helping our customers reduce operational costs while enhancing users' comfort and productivity. We remain committed to advancing the evolution toward smarter and more sustainable office environments, thereby further strengthening the Group's competitive edge within the industry, and enhancing the contribution to global environmental protection.

致各位股東：

本人謹代表本公司（「本公司」，連同其附屬公司，「本集團」）董事（「董事」）會（「董事會」），在此提呈本公司截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度（「本年度」）的年度報告。

業務及市場概覽

二零二五年，全球政治、經濟及商業格局持續面臨諸多複雜而嚴峻的挑戰。地緣政治緊張局勢加劇、經濟不確定性持續及科技變革的步伐加快，正不斷影響我們業務營運所處的外部環境。儘管存在該等不確定性，本集團仍保持積極主動和堅韌的態度。通過不斷優化產品組合，聚焦及開發潛在客戶群體（特別是新興新經濟領域），積極拓展海外市場，本集團致力恢復業務的穩定增長。因此，本集團的資訊科技基礎設施系統整合業務及智能辦公軟件解決方案業務的銷售額於本年度均實現增長。

於本年度，本集團繼續憑藉其核心競爭力，提供先進及定製資訊科技基礎設施系統整合方案，以滿足不同領域客戶的多元化需求。此外，我們維持並深化與領先科技公司的戰略夥伴關係，進一步拓展銷售網絡並提升創新能力。該等合作措施強化了本集團的競爭優勢，使我們能夠更有效地應對市場挑戰及不確定因素。憑藉卓越的技術及戰略聯盟，我們始終處於有利地位，能夠在瞬息萬變的商業環境中把握新興機遇並保持增長勢頭。

隨著大型人工智能（AI）模型的快速成熟，本集團於年內積極將我們在物聯網（IoT）領域積累的專業知識與先進的AI應用進行整合。我們持續推出可實現即時優化的綠色智能辦公解決方案。我們的解決方案智能管理照明、環境與能源消耗，協助客戶降低營運成本，同時提升用戶的舒適度與生產效率。我們仍致力於推動向更智能、更可持續的辦公環境發展，從而進一步強化本集團於業內的競爭優勢並為全球環境保護作出更大貢獻。

OUTLOOK

In an era of rapid AI development, the Group will continue to expand its portfolio of high-quality clients in the new economy and emerging productive sectors, with a focus on supporting Chinese enterprises in their global expansion. At the same time, we remain committed to further developing our software solution business and accelerating our presence in overseas markets.

In addition, we recognise the importance of building strong partnerships and fostering collaboration – both domestically and internationally. By embracing open innovation and a collaborative mindset, we aim to stay ahead of technological trends and regulatory changes, while creating new avenues of value for our customers.

Internally, we are harnessing the power of AI and automation to drive greater productivity and operational excellence across our business. These advancements will allow us to further enhance efficiency, improve quality control, and meticulously manage costs, thereby ensuring the Group's long-term sustainability and competitiveness.

APPRECIATION

I would like to extend my heartfelt appreciation to all our shareholders, investors, business partners, and customers for their continued trust and support. I am also deeply grateful to our management team and employees for their unwavering dedication, professionalism, and invaluable contributions. As always, the Group will create more brilliant results and generate better returns for investors and Shareholders in the long run.

Yours faithfully,

Chan Sek Keung, Ringo

Chairman and CEO

27 March 2026

前景展望

在AI高速發展的時代，本集團將繼續於新經濟與新興生產力領域擴大其優質客戶組合，重點支持中國企業的全球擴張。與此同時，我們仍致力於進一步發展我們的軟件解決方案業務並加速我們在海外市場的佈局。

此外，我們深知於國內外建立牢固夥伴關係並推動協同合作的重要性。我們秉持開放創新與協作理念，致力於掌握技術趨勢和監管變動，前瞻佈局，同時為客戶開創全新的價值途徑。

在內部，我們正運用AI與自動化的優勢，全面提升業務的生產力與運營卓越性。該等發展將使我們能夠進一步提高效率、改善品質管控，並精細化成本管理，從而確保本集團的長期可持續發展與競爭力。

致謝

本人謹此衷心感謝所有股東、投資者、業務夥伴及客戶的持續信任與支持，亦深深感謝我們的管理團隊和員工的堅定奉獻、專業態度及寶貴貢獻。本集團將創造更輝煌業績，為投資者及股東創造更好的長期回報。

此致

陳錫強

主席兼總裁

二零二六年三月二十七日

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務摘要

A highlight of results, selected financial ratios, assets and liabilities and cash flows is as follows:

業績、經選定財務比率、資產與負債及現金流量的概要如下：

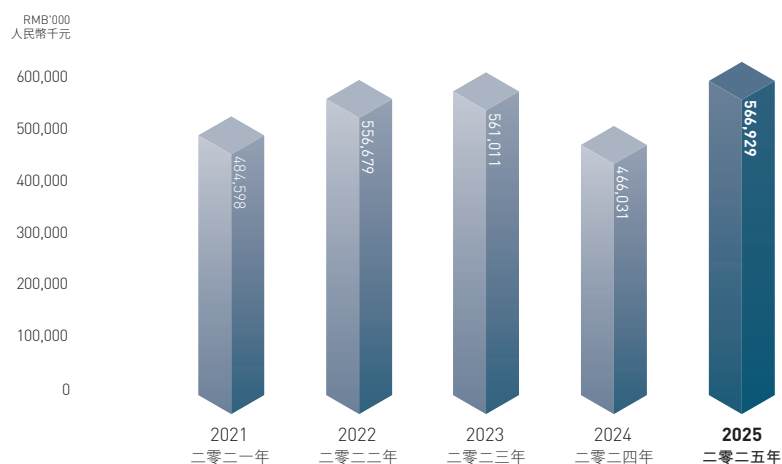
RESULTS INFORMATION

業績資料

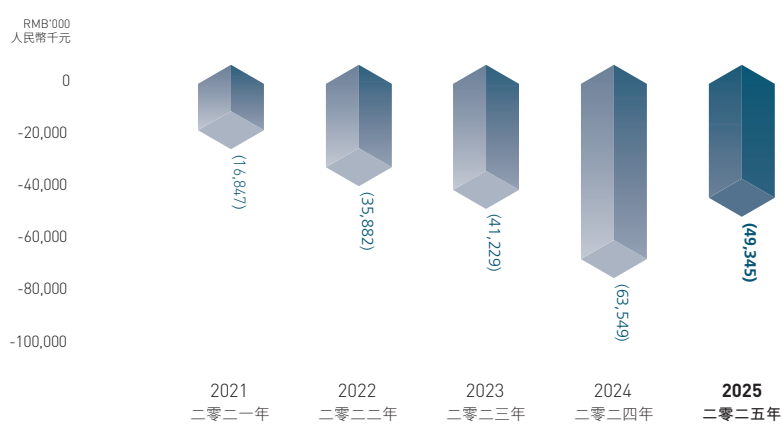
		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	566,929	466,031
Gross profit	毛利	65,642	57,434
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(57,834)	(66,505)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(49,345)	(63,549)
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔年內虧損	(49,345)	(63,549)

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年
Loss per share – Basic and diluted	每股虧損 – 基本及攤薄	(RMB24.69 cents) (人民幣24.69分)	(RMB32.33 cents) (人民幣32.33分)

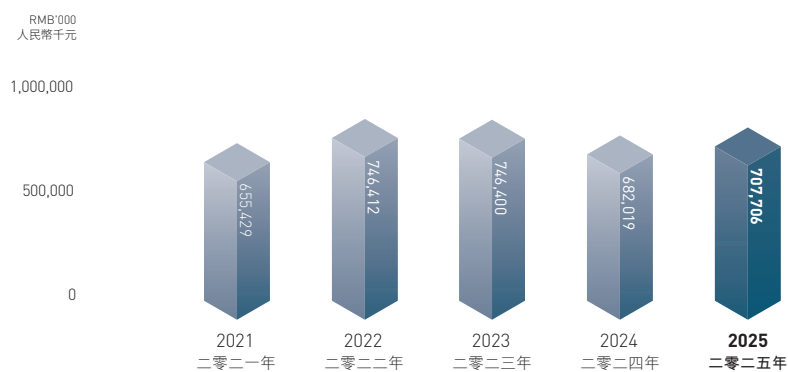
Revenue
收入



Loss Attributable
to the Owners of
the Parent
母公司擁有人
應佔虧損



Total Assets
總資產



SELECTED FINANCIAL RATIOS INFORMATION

經選定財務比率資料

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2025 二零二五年 (approximate) (概約)	2024 二零二四年 (approximate) (概約)	2023 二零二三年 (approximate) (概約)	2022 二零二二年 (approximate) (概約)	2021 二零二一年 (approximate) (概約)
Gross profit margin	毛利率	11.6%	12.3%	12.4%	15.3%	11.8%
Net loss margin ⁽¹⁾	淨虧損率 ⁽¹⁾	(8.7%)	(13.6%)	(6.3%)	(5.9%)	(4.6%)
Current ratio (times)	流動比率(倍)	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.4
Gearing ratio ⁽²⁾	資本負債比率 ⁽²⁾	36.3%	33.7%	31.2%	12.7%	10.8%
Return on total assets ⁽³⁾	總資產回報 ⁽³⁾	(7.1%)	(8.9%)	(4.7%)	(4.7%)	(3.1%)
Return on total equity ⁽³⁾	總權益回報 ⁽³⁾	(26.1%)	(26.5%)	(12.1%)	(10.2%)	(5.6%)

⁽¹⁾ Calculated by using loss for the year divided by revenue.

⁽¹⁾ 按年內虧損除以收入計算。

⁽²⁾ Calculated by using the total of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, promissory note payable and convertible bond divided by total assets.

⁽²⁾ 按計息銀行及其他借款、應付承兌票據以及可換股債券總和除以總資產計算。

⁽³⁾ Calculated by using loss for the year divided by average balances of total assets or total equity.

⁽³⁾ 按年內虧損除以總資產或總權益之平均餘額計算。

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES INFORMATION

資產與負債資料

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日				
		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
		二零二五年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding pledged deposits)	現金及現金等價物 (不包括已抵押存款)	48,182	85,506	76,196	59,436	54,920
Current assets	流動資產	540,126	449,178	464,626	495,651	378,406
Non-current assets	非流動資產	167,580	232,841	281,774	250,761	277,023
Current liabilities	流動負債	483,033	459,920	467,012	382,620	276,936
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	59,443	9,691	12,555	43,699	49,192
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益	165,230	212,408	266,833	309,236	322,750
Non-controlling interests	非控制權益	-	-	-	10,857	6,551

CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

現金流量資料

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
		二零二五年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities	經營活動(所用)/所得 現金流量淨額	(63,598)	7,640	(36,906)	(35,242)	(8,707)
Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities	投資活動(所用)/所得 現金流量淨額	(1,067)	3,280	(20,412)	(24,905)	(6,456)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用) 現金流量淨額	33,181	(3,043)	73,991	63,156	(4,867)

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務摘要

A summary of consolidated financial results for the last five financial years is as follows: 最近五個財政年度的綜合財務業績的概要如下：

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
CONTINUING OPERATION	持續經營業務					
Revenue	收入	566,929	466,031	561,011	556,679	484,598
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(501,287)	(408,597)	(491,313)	(471,308)	(427,490)
Gross profit	毛利	65,642	57,434	69,698	85,371	57,108
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	8,574	4,121	4,206	6,717	5,252
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支	(25,902)	(26,010)	(27,440)	(28,709)	(25,806)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(57,700)	(62,011)	(62,291)	(68,508)	(54,359)
Other expenses, net	其他開支淨額	(35,593)	(26,736)	(6,988)	(19,431)	(1,236)
Finance costs	融資成本	(12,855)	(13,303)	(10,704)	(4,249)	(3,007)
Loss before tax	稅前虧損	(57,834)	(66,505)	(33,519)	(28,809)	(22,048)
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	8,489	2,956	(1,902)	(4,210)	(281)
Loss for the year from continuing operation	來自持續經營業務的年度虧損	(49,345)	(63,549)	(35,421)	(33,019)	(22,329)
DISCONTINUED OPERATION	已終止經營業務					
Profit for the year from discontinued operation	來自已終止經營業務的年度溢利	-	-	-	-	1,329
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(49,345)	(63,549)	(35,421)	(33,019)	(21,000)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	可於其後期間重新分類為損益的其他全面(虧損)/收益:					
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算外國業務之匯兌差額	(225)	(213)	145	1,359	26,064
Recycle of exchange differences upon disposal of foreign operations	出售外國業務時回收匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	(657)
		(225)	(213)	145	1,359	25,407

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
		二零二五年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Other comprehensive (loss)/income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	於其後期間不可重新分類為損益的其他全面(虧損)/收益:					
Exchange differences on translation of the Company's financial statements into presentation currency	換算為本公司財務報表呈列貨幣之匯兌差額	(46)	197	591	2,965	(27,083)
Change in fair value of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產的公允價值變動	-	(1,916)	(5,429)	(21,718)	(70,992)
		(46)	(1,719)	(4,838)	(18,753)	(98,075)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	年度其他全面虧損	(271)	(1,932)	(4,693)	(17,394)	(72,668)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	(49,616)	(65,481)	(40,114)	(50,413)	(93,668)
(Loss)/profit attributable to:	以下各方應佔					
	(虧損)/溢利:					
- Owners of the parent	- 母公司擁有人	(49,616)	(63,549)	(41,229)	(35,882)	(16,847)
- Non-controlling interests	- 非控制權益	-	-	5,808	2,863	(4,153)
		(49,616)	(63,549)	(35,421)	(33,019)	(21,000)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:	以下各方應佔全面(虧損)/收益總額:					
- Owners of the parent	- 母公司擁有人	(49,616)	(65,481)	(46,222)	(53,924)	(89,437)
- Non-controlling interests	- 非控制權益	-	-	6,108	3,511	(4,231)
		(49,616)	(65,481)	(40,114)	(50,413)	(93,668)

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year ended 31 December 2025 (the “Year”), the Group continued to focus on its core business of IT infrastructure system integration and sales of smart office software solutions. The majority of the Group’s revenue was generated from the market in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC” or “China”).

During the Year, the Group encountered a challenging business environment due to ongoing geopolitical uncertainties, market volatility, trade barriers and intense competition within China. Despite these challenges, the Group has managed to enhance its revenue streams throughout the Year. The Group effectively established alliance with various technology giants, enabling it to expand its customer base by targeting domestic new quality productive enterprises and innovative technology enterprises. These alliances are essential for securing new clients and delivering cutting-edge IT infrastructure solutions, and also facilitate the Group to access to new markets and foster the development of advanced systems and solutions that address the evolving needs of the Group’s existing and potential customers. As a result, the Group’s total revenue recorded an increase of approximately RMB100.9 million or approximately 21.7% to approximately RMB566.9 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB466.0 million). The Group’s gross profit increased by approximately RMB8.2 million or approximately 14.3% to approximately RMB65.6 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB57.4 million). Impacted by the fair value loss of investment properties of approximately RMB12.9 million due to the dissatisfactory general market condition of the commercial property market in Hong Kong and the impairment of goodwill related to the Group’s network system integration cash-generating unit of approximately RMB23.5 million recorded for the Year, a net loss for the Year of approximately RMB49.3 million was recorded (2024: approximately RMB63.5 million).

業務回顧

截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度（「本年度」），本集團繼續專注於資訊科技基礎設施系統整合之核心業務以及智能辦公軟件解決方案銷售。本集團的主要收入來源為中華人民共和國（「中國」）市場。

於本年度，由於持續的地緣政治不確定性、市場波動、貿易壁壘及中國國內競爭激烈，本集團面臨充滿挑戰的商業環境。儘管面臨該等挑戰，本集團於整個年度內成功擴大了其收入來源。本集團有效地與多家科技巨頭建立聯盟關係，使其能夠通過瞄準國內新質生產力企業及創新型技術企業來擴大其客戶基礎。該等合作關係對獲取新客戶及提供頂尖的資訊科技基礎設施解決方案而言至關重要，亦有助於本集團打入新市場並推動先進系統及解決方案的開發，從而滿足本集團現有及潛在客戶不斷變化的需求。因此，本集團總收入錄得增加約人民幣100.9百萬元或約21.7%至本年度約人民幣566.9百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣466.0百萬元）。於本年度，本集團毛利增加約人民幣8.2百萬元或約14.3%至約人民幣65.6百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣57.4百萬元）。受香港商業房地產市場的整體市況不理想導致投資物業公允價值虧損約人民幣12.9百萬元及本年度錄得與本集團網絡系統整合現金產生單位有關的商譽減值約人民幣23.5百萬元的影響，本集團錄得本年度虧損淨額約人民幣49.3百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣63.5百萬元）。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

IT Infrastructure System Integration

The China's economic environment showed signs of recovery in 2025, which contributed to growth in the Group's IT infrastructure and system integration business, particularly in the second half of the Year. The Group was able to capitalise on this improving market environment by offering cutting-edge technologies and customised integration services that addressed the evolving needs of its customers. Further leveraging this momentum, the Group continues to expand its customer bases, including new clients across diverse sectors such as new energy, biotechnology, productivity-enhancing enterprises and domestic manufacturers in China. This expansion not only broadened revenue sources but also enhanced the Group's market resilience.

In addition, the Group's sales benefited from referrals generated through strategic alliances. By actively cultivating and leveraging strong relationships with key industry partners, the Group was able to identify and secure new business opportunities that would not have been accessible through traditional sales channels alone. The Group has been appointed as a Gold Partner of Huawei, receiving official authorisation to act as a reseller of Huawei's data communication products in China. This partnership has enabled the Group to offer a comprehensive range of IT products and solutions to its clients, further diversify its product portfolio, and establish a robust foundation for future growth and innovation. The Group also achieved breakthroughs in product mix by not just serving as a long-term partner for CISCO Systems' range of products in Greater China region, but also selling other well-known brand products and related services sourced in China. This diversification reduces reliance on certain supplier and provides a hedge against geopolitical risks.

業務回顧 (續)

資訊科技基礎設施系統整合

於二零二五年中國經濟環境顯示復甦跡象，推動本集團資訊科技基礎設施與系統整合業務增長，本年度下半年尤為顯著。本集團憑藉前沿技術及定制化整合服務滿足客戶不斷變化的需求，成功把握市場回暖機遇。在此勢頭推動下，本集團持續拓展客戶群，包括新能源、生物科技、生產力提升型企業及中國本土製造商等多元領域的新客戶。此次業務擴張不僅拓寬了收入來源，更增強了本集團的市場韌性。

此外，本集團銷售額受益於戰略聯盟的轉介業務。通過積極培育並利用與關鍵行業夥伴的緊密關係，本集團得以發掘並獲取僅憑傳統銷售渠道無法觸及的新商機。本集團已獲委任為華為的金牌合作夥伴，並獲正式授權在中國擔任華為數通產品經銷商。該合作使本集團能夠為客戶提供全面的IT產品及解決方案，進一步豐富產品組合，為未來增長與創新奠定堅實基礎。本集團在產品組合方面也取得突破性進展，不僅在大中華地區長期擔任思科系統各類產品的合作夥伴，同時銷售來自中國的其他知名品牌產品及相關服務。這種多元化降低了對特定供應商的依賴，規避了地緣政治風險。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

IT Infrastructure System Integration (continued)

The sales in Hong Kong region, which was mainly contributed by the provision of a smart library system for Hong Kong government's Leisure and Cultural Services Department (the "Library Project"), recorded revenue of approximately RMB92.7 million (2024: approximately RMB85.2 million), representing an increase of approximately RMB7.5 million, or approximately 8.8% as compared with that of 2024. The Group actively and continuously monitors each phase of the Library Project, and effectively tracks progress to ensure the smooth and planned execution of the Library Project.

Apart from the above, the Group has made considerable progress in diversifying its revenue streams by proactively expanding into overseas markets. In 2025, the Group successfully expanded its business into the Middle East by providing IT system integration services to Lenovo for the establishment of its large-scale super factory. This collaboration not only allowed the Group to participate in a high-profile international project but also demonstrated the Group's capabilities in meeting the technological and operational requirements of demanding global partners.

As a result, the overall IT infrastructure system integration segment of the Group contributed revenue of approximately RMB522.2 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB434.0 million).

Smart Office Software Solutions

During the Year, the Group implemented strategic adjustments to enhance the development of its smart office software solutions business. To expand the customer base, the Group have established partnerships with ByteDance's Feishu and other well-known organisations, which have played a significant role in introducing sizable clients in need of the Group's software solutions. These collaborations not only broaden our market reach but also elevate the value the Group provided to our clients by integrating innovative features and functionalities into our software solutions.

The Group's smart office software solutions continue to evolve, integrating the latest technological advancements and incorporating AI elements to ensure its competitiveness in a rapidly changing market. By enhancing our offerings and introducing valuable services, the Group is dedicated to addressing the diverse needs of customers, and improving their overall productivity and efficiency.

業務回顧 (續)

資訊科技基礎設施系統整合 (續)

香港地區的銷售額主要來自為香港政府康樂及文化事務署提供智能圖書館系統(「圖書館項目」)，錄得收入約人民幣92.7百萬元(二零二四年：約人民幣85.2百萬元)，與二零二四年相比增加約人民幣7.5百萬元或約8.8%。本集團積極並持續地監控圖書館項目的各個階段，且有效追蹤項目進展，以確保圖書館項目順利並按計劃進行。

除上文所述者外，本集團通過積極拓展海外市場，在收入來源多元化方面取得了顯著進展。於二零二五年，本集團成功將業務拓展至中東地區，為聯想建立的大型超級工廠提供資訊科技系統整合服務。此次合作不僅使本集團得以參與備受矚目的國際項目，更彰顯了本集團滿足全球合作夥伴嚴苛的技術與運營要求方面的能力。

因此，於本年度本集團資訊科技基礎設施系統整合分部整體貢獻收入約人民幣522.2百萬元(二零二四年：約人民幣434.0百萬元)。

智能辦公軟件解決方案

本年度，本集團實施戰略調整以推動智能辦公軟件解決方案業務發展。為拓展客戶群，本集團與字節跳動的飛書及其他知名機構建立合作夥伴關係，此舉在引薦需要本集團軟件解決方案的大型客戶方面發揮了重要作用。此類合作不僅擴大了我們的市場覆蓋範圍，更通過將創新特性與功能融入軟件解決方案，提升了本集團為客戶創造的價值。

本集團的智能辦公軟件解決方案持續升級，融合最新技術成果及AI元素，確保在快速變化的市場中保持競爭力。通過優化產品並推出有價值的服務，本集團致力於滿足客戶多樣化需求，全面提升其生產力與工作效率。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Smart Office Software Solutions (continued)

The Group's revenue from the provision of smart office software solutions increased by approximately RMB12.7 million, or approximately 39.7%, to approximately RMB44.7 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB32.0 million).

Other Investments

The Group's other investment mainly consisted of securities and properties investment. As at 31 December 2025, the Group held equity securities listed in Hong Kong worth approximately RMB1.2 million as financial assets for trading (2024: approximately RMB2.0 million) and investment properties at the amount of approximately RMB47.5 million (2024: approximately RMB63.8 million). Impacted by the unfavorable economic climate and weak market sentiment in Hong Kong, the property markets in Hong Kong continued to face challenges during the Year, and affected the financial performance of the Group's property investments. During the Year, the Group recorded a fair value loss on investment properties of approximately RMB12.9 million (2024: approximately RMB16.1 million).

業務回顧 (續)

智能辦公軟件解決方案 (續)

本年度本集團提供智能辦公軟件解決方案的收入增加約人民幣12.7百萬元或約39.7%，達到約人民幣44.7百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣32.0百萬元）。

其他投資

本集團的其他投資主要包括證券及物業投資。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團持有價值約人民幣1.2百萬元的香港上市股本證券作為金融資產進行交易（二零二四年：約人民幣2.0百萬元）及金額約為人民幣47.5百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣63.8百萬元）的投資物業。受香港不利的經濟環境和疲弱的市場情緒影響，香港的物業市場於本年度繼續面臨挑戰，並影響了本集團的物業投資的財務表現。於本年度，本集團錄得投資物業公允價值虧損約人民幣12.9百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣16.1百萬元）。

FINANCIAL REVIEW**Revenue and cost of sales**

Revenue of the Group for the Year was approximately RMB566.9 million (2024: approximately RMB466.0 million), representing an increase of approximately RMB100.9 million, or approximately 21.7% as compared with that of 2024. The increase in revenue was primarily driven by growth in sales from IT infrastructure system integration business benefited from the expansion of the Group's customer base and the enhancement of diversified product mix.

Following the increase in revenue, the cost of sales of the Group increased by approximately RMB92.7 million, or approximately 22.7% to approximately RMB501.3 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB408.6 million). The increase in cost of sales was in line with the increase in revenue of the Group.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The Group achieved gross profit for the Year amounting to approximately RMB65.6 million (2024: approximately RMB57.4 million), representing an increase of approximately RMB8.2 million, or approximately 14.3% as compared with that of 2024. The gross profit margin for the Year was approximately 11.6% (2024: approximately 12.3%), representing a decrease of approximately 0.7% as compared with that of 2024. The gross profit margin remained stable.

Other income and gains

The Group recorded other income and gains of approximately RMB8.6 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB4.1 million), mainly consisted of (i) rental income from investment properties of approximately RMB2.2 million (2024: approximately RMB2.2 million); (ii) the government grants released to the Group of approximately RMB1.5 million (2024: approximately RMB1.0 million); and (iii) a gain on disposal of subsidiaries of approximately RMB3.1 million (2024: Nil).

Selling and distribution expenses

The selling and distribution expenses of the Group decreased by approximately RMB0.1 million or approximately 0.4% to approximately RMB25.9 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB26.0 million). The selling and distribution expenses for the Year was comparable to that of 2024.

財務回顧**收入及銷售成本**

本集團於本年度的收入為約人民幣566.9百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣466.0百萬元），較二零二四年增加約人民幣100.9百萬元或約21.7%。收入增加主要由於本集團客戶基礎擴大及多元化產品組合優化，帶動資訊科技基礎設施系統整合業務的銷售增長。

隨著收入增加，本集團的銷售成本增加約人民幣92.7百萬元或約22.7%至本年度約人民幣501.3百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣408.6百萬元）。銷售成本增加與本集團收入增加一致。

毛利及毛利率

本集團於本年度的毛利約為人民幣65.6百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣57.4百萬元），較二零二四年增加約人民幣8.2百萬元或約14.3%。本年度毛利率約為11.6%（二零二四年：約12.3%），較二零二四年減少約0.7%。毛利率保持穩定。

其他收入及收益

本集團於本年度錄得其他收入及收益約人民幣8.6百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣4.1百萬元），主要包括(i)投資物業產生的租金收入約人民幣2.2百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣2.2百萬元）；(ii)發放予本集團的政府補貼約人民幣1.5百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣1.0百萬元）；及(iii)出售附屬公司收益約人民幣3.1百萬元（二零二四年：無）。

銷售及分銷開支

本集團於本年度的銷售及分銷開支減少約人民幣0.1百萬元或約0.4%至約人民幣25.9百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣26.0百萬元）。本年度之銷售及分銷開支與二零二四年相若。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Administrative expenses

The administrative expenses of the Group decreased by approximately RMB4.3 million or approximately 6.9% to approximately RMB57.7 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB62.0 million), primarily attributable to the decrease in research and development cost of approximately RMB3.0 million.

Other losses

The other losses for the Year represented fair value loss on investment properties of approximately RMB12.9 million (2024: approximately RMB16.1 million). The other losses in 2024 also included net fair value losses on equity investments at fair value through profit or loss of approximately RMB2.9 million.

Impairment of goodwill

During the Year, the Group recorded an impairment of goodwill of approximately RMB23.5 million (2024: approximately RMB8.5 million) in relation to the network system integration cash-generating unit ("CGU") arising from the acquisition of Fortune Grace Management Limited in 2015. The recorded goodwill impairment was primarily due to the anticipated slower gross profit growth and rising operating costs for the Group's smart office software solutions business by taking into account the geopolitical risk and fluctuations in market conditions, including the intensified competition, changing customers preferences with higher demand on functionality, rapid technological changes and industry innovation, which could adversely affect the Group's operating performance and competitive position, and resulting in a downward revision on the projected future cash flow of the Group's network system integration CGU and its recoverable amount. Details of the impairment are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

Despite the recognition of goodwill impairment for the Year, the Group is committed to continually monitoring the influences affecting goodwill and related assumptions, and remains optimistic about future market demand for its smart office software solutions, which is being driven by the ongoing transformation of workplace environments through IT and green technology.

Finance costs

The finance costs of the Group decreased by approximately RMB0.4 million or approximately 3.0% to approximately RMB12.9 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB13.3 million). The finance costs for the Year was comparable to that of 2024.

財務回顧 (續)

行政開支

本集團於本年度的行政開支減少約人民幣4.3百萬元或約6.9%至約人民幣57.7百萬元(二零二四年:約人民幣62.0百萬元),主要由於研發成本減少約人民幣3.0百萬元。

其他虧損

本年度的其他虧損為投資物業公允價值虧損約人民幣12.9百萬元(二零二四年:約人民幣16.1百萬元)。二零二四年的其他虧損亦包括按公允價值計入損益的股本投資公允價值虧損淨額約人民幣2.9百萬元。

商譽減值

於本年度,本集團就二零一五年收購Fortune Grace Management Limited產生的網絡系統整合現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)錄得商譽減值約人民幣23.5百萬元(二零二四年:約人民幣8.5百萬元)。錄得商譽減值主要由於考慮到地緣政治風險及市況波動(包括競爭加劇、客戶偏好不斷變化,對功能有更高要求、快速技術變革及行業創新),預期本集團的智能辦公軟件解決方案業務的毛利增長放緩及經營成本增加,從而可能對本集團的經營表現及競爭地位造成不利影響,並導致下調本集團網絡系統整合現金產生單位的預期未來現金流量及其可收回金額。減值詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

儘管本年度確認商譽減值,本集團仍致力持續監控影響商譽之因素及相關假設並對其智能辦公軟件解決方案的未來市場需求持樂觀態度,這是因為工作環境通過信息技術及綠色科技持續變革。

融資成本

本集團於本年度的融資成本減少約人民幣0.4百萬元或約3.0%至約人民幣12.9百萬元(二零二四年:約人民幣13.3百萬元)。本年度的融資成本與二零二四年相若。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)**Income tax**

The income tax of the Group comprised provision of income tax expense and deferred tax.

The Group recorded net income tax credit for the Year of approximately RMB8.5 million (2024: approximately RMB3.0 million), primarily due to (i) the recognition of the deferred tax credit of approximately RMB2.7 million (2024: approximately RMB3.0 million) arising from the amortisation of other intangible assets; and (ii) reversal of over-provision of tax in prior years of approximately RMB6.1 million (2024: Nil).

The Group recorded provision of income tax expense of approximately RMB0.1 million derived by the assessable profit of the Company's subsidiaries during the Year (2024: approximately RMB0.3 million).

Loss for the Year

The Group recorded a loss for the Year of approximately RMB49.3 million (2024: approximately RMB63.5 million). The decrease in loss was mainly attributable to the combined effect of (i) the increase in gross profit by approximately RMB8.2 million for the Year resulting from the improved sales performance derived by the Group's IT infrastructure system integration business; (ii) the decrease in fair value loss on investment properties by approximately RMB3.2 million from approximately RMB16.1 million in 2024 to approximately RMB12.9 million in 2025; (iii) the fair value gains on equity investments at fair value through profit or loss recorded for the Year of approximately RMB0.8 million as compared with fair value losses of approximately RMB2.9 million recorded in 2024; (iv) the increase in net income tax credit by approximately RMB5.5 million; and (v) the impairment of goodwill related to the Group's network system integration CGU of approximately RMB23.5 million was recorded for the Year (2024: approximately RMB8.5 million).

Liquidity and financial resources

As at 31 December 2025, the Group's gearing ratio, which is calculated by total of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and promissory note payable divided by total assets, was approximately 36.3% (2024: approximately 33.7%). The increase in gearing ratio of the Group was mainly due to the increase in bank borrowings for the Year.

財務回顧 (續)**所得稅**

本集團的所得稅包括所得稅開支的撥備及遞延稅項。

本集團於本年度錄得所得稅抵免淨額約人民幣8.5百萬元(二零二四年:約人民幣3.0百萬元),乃主要由於(i)確認其他無形資產攤銷所產生的遞延稅項抵免約人民幣2.7百萬元(二零二四年:約人民幣3.0百萬元);及(ii)過往年度稅項超額撥備撥回約人民幣6.1百萬元(二零二四年:無)。

本集團於本年度錄得本公司附屬公司應課稅溢利產生的所得稅開支撥備約人民幣0.1百萬元(二零二四年:約人民幣0.3百萬元)。

本年度虧損

本集團錄得本年度虧損約人民幣49.3百萬元(二零二四年:約人民幣63.5百萬元)。虧損減少主要由於以下各項的綜合影響:(i)由於本集團的資訊科技基礎設施系統整合業務的銷售表現改善,本年度毛利增加約人民幣8.2百萬元;(ii)投資物業公允價值虧損由二零二四年的約人民幣16.1百萬元減少約人民幣3.2百萬元至二零二五年的約人民幣12.9百萬元;(iii)本年度錄得按公允價值計入損益的股本投資的公允價值收益約人民幣0.8百萬元,而二零二四年錄得公允價值虧損約人民幣2.9百萬元;(iv)所得稅抵免淨額增加約人民幣5.5百萬元;及(v)本年度錄得與本集團網絡系統整合現金產生單位有關的商譽減值約人民幣23.5百萬元(二零二四年:約人民幣8.5百萬元)。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二五年十二月三十一日,本集團的資本負債比率(按計息銀行及其他借款以及應付承兌票據總額除以總資產計算)約為36.3%(二零二四年:約33.7%)。本年度,本集團之資產負債比率上升,主要因為銀行借款增加。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Liquidity and financial resources (continued)

As at 31 December 2025, the total interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of the Group amounted to approximately RMB229.8 million (2024: approximately RMB201.4 million), among which approximately RMB175.1 million (2024: approximately RMB122.7 million) was unsecured and guaranteed by a director of the Company, and approximately RMB18.0 million (2024: approximately RMB19.8 million) was secured and guaranteed by a director of the Company. As at 31 December 2025, the interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB36.7 million (2024: approximately RMB43.9 million) carried at fixed interest rates and approximately RMB193.1 million (2024: approximately RMB157.5 million) carried at floating interest rates.

Save as aforesaid or as otherwise disclosed in this report, and apart from intragroup liabilities, the Company did not have any other outstanding indebtednesses or contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2025.

Foreign currency risk

As certain of the Group's trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and trade and other payables are denominated in foreign currency, exposure to exchange rate fluctuation arises. The Group has relevant policy to monitor the risk associated with the fluctuation of foreign currency and control such risk, if necessary.

Working capital

Inventories balance as at 31 December 2025 was approximately RMB18.3 million (2024: approximately RMB10.1 million). The average turnover days for inventories was 10 days as at 31 December 2025 (2024: 12 days). Trade and bills receivables balance as at 31 December 2025 was approximately RMB379.1 million (2024: approximately RMB280.6 million). The average turnover days for trade and bills receivables decreased to 212 days as at 31 December 2025 (2024: 230 days).

Trade payables balance as at 31 December 2025 was approximately RMB207.0 million (2024: approximately RMB147.6 million). The average turnover days for trade payables was 129 days as at 31 December 2025 (2024: 142 days).

財務回顧 (續)

流動資金及財務資源 (續)

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團的計息銀行及其他借款總額約為人民幣229.8百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣201.4百萬元），其中約人民幣175.1百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣122.7百萬元）為無抵押及由本公司一名董事擔保，約人民幣18.0百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣19.8百萬元）為有抵押及由本公司一名董事擔保。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，計息銀行及其他借款中約人民幣36.7百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣43.9百萬元）按固定利率計息，而其中約人民幣193.1百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣157.5百萬元）則按浮動利率計息。

除上文所述或本報告另有披露者，以及集團內公司間之負債外，於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本公司並無任何其他未清償債務或或然負債。

外幣風險

本集團因若干貿易及其他應收款項、現金及現金等價物以及貿易及其他應付款項以外幣計值，故面臨匯率波動風險。本集團設有相關政策監控外幣波動相關風險，並於必要時控制該風險。

營運資本

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，存貨結餘約為人民幣18.3百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣10.1百萬元）。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，存貨的平均周轉日數為10日（二零二四年：12日）。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，貿易及票據應收款結餘約為人民幣379.1百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣280.6百萬元）。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，貿易及票據應收款的平均周轉日數減至212日（二零二四年：230日）。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，貿易應付款結餘約為人民幣207.0百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣147.6百萬元）。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，貿易應付款的平均周轉日數為129日（二零二四年：142日）。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Working capital (continued)

Affected by the decrease in average turnover days for both trade and bill receivables and trade payable, the Group's cash conversion cycle for the Year decreased from 100 days in 2024 to 93 days in 2025.

Cash flows

The net cash used in operating activities for the Year amounted to approximately RMB63.6 million.

The net cash used in investing activities for the Year of approximately RMB1.1 million was mainly attributable to the increase in placement of pledged deposits.

The net cash from financing activities for the Year of approximately RMB33.2 million was primarily attributable to the combined effect of: (i) repayment of bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB157.6 million; (ii) new bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB197.2 million; and (iii) repayment of principal portion of lease payments of approximately RMB5.1 million.

Charge on assets

As at 31 December 2025, investment properties of approximately RMB46.0 million (2024: approximately RMB59.4 million) were pledged as security for interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of the Group.

Capital expenditures

The Group had capital expenditures of approximately RMB5.9 million for the Year (2024: approximately RMB3.0 million) for additions to property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.

Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2025, the Group had no significant capital commitments (2024: Nil).

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2025, the capital of the Company comprised ordinary shares only.

財務回顧 (續)

營運資本 (續)

受貿易及票據應收款以及貿易應付款的平均周轉天數減少的影響，本年度本集團的現金周轉期由二零二四年的100日減至二零二五年的93日。

現金流量

於本年度，經營活動所用現金淨額約為人民幣63.6百萬元。

於本年度，投資活動所用現金淨額約為人民幣1.1百萬元，主要是由於存放已抵押存款增加。

本年度融資活動所得現金淨額約為人民幣33.2百萬元，主要是由於以下各項之綜合影響所致：(i)償還銀行及其他借款約人民幣157.6百萬元；(ii)新增銀行及其他借款約人民幣197.2百萬元；及(iii)償還租賃付款的本金部分約人民幣5.1百萬元。

資產質押

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，約人民幣46.0百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣59.4百萬元）的投資物業已質押，為本集團計息銀行及其他借款作擔保。

資本開支

本年度本集團資本開支約人民幣5.9百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣3.0百萬元）用作添置物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產。

資本承擔

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團並無重大資本承擔（二零二四年：無）。

股本架構

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本公司股本僅包括普通股。

INVESTMENT IN LISTED EQUITY INVESTMENTS

During the Year, the Group recorded fair value gains on equity investments at fair value through profit or loss of approximately RMB0.8 million (2024: fair value losses of approximately RMB2.9 million), which was related to the fair value changes on the Group's investment in listed securities. As at 31 December 2025, the Group's equity investments at fair value through profit or loss consisted of four listed equity investments (2024: nine), all of them were shares listed on the Stock Exchange. The global geopolitical tensions and China's economy policies could impact market conditions in Hong Kong and influence the stability and sentiment of the Hong Kong stock market, and affected the performance of the Group's securities investment. The Group will closely monitor the Hong Kong securities market and the performance of its securities investment.

As at 31 December 2025, the fair value of each of the equity investments at fair value through profit or loss was less than 5% of the Group's total assets.

EVENT AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Group has no significant event taken place subsequent to 31 December 2025 and up to the date of this report.

EMPLOYEES

As at 31 December 2025, the total number of employees of the Group was 310 (2024: 323). The breakdown of employees of the Group as at 31 December 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

上市股本投資

於本年度，本集團錄得按公允價值計入損益的股本投資公允價值收益約人民幣0.8百萬元（二零二四年：公允價值虧損約人民幣2.9百萬元），與本集團的上市證券投資公允價值變動有關。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團按公允價值計入損益的股本投資包含四項上市股本投資（二零二四年：九項），所有該等上市股本投資均為聯交所上市股份。全球地緣政治局勢緊張及中國經濟政策可能影響香港市況，並影響香港股市的穩定性及市場情緒，進而影響本集團證券投資的表現。本集團將密切關注香港證券市場及其證券投資的表現。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，各項按公允價值計入損益的股本投資之公允價值均低於本集團總資產之5%。

報告期末後事項

於二零二五年十二月三十一日後及直至本報告日期，本集團並未發生重大事項。

僱員

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團合共有310名（二零二四年：323名）僱員。本集團僱員於二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日的明細如下：

		As at 31 December 2025 於二零二五年 十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年 十二月三十一日
Manufacturing and technical engineering	製造及技術工程	130	136
Sales and marketing	銷售及市場推廣	52	55
General and administration	一般及行政	47	50
Research and development	研發	81	82
Total	總計	310	323

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

EMPLOYEES (continued)

Compensation policy of the Group is determined by evaluating individual performance of the employees and has been reviewed regularly. The Group recognises the accomplishment of the employees by providing comprehensive benefit package, career development opportunities and internal training appropriate to individual needs.

OUTLOOK

The “Going Global” policy and the focus on new productivities clients have created new opportunities for the growth and expansion for the Chinese enterprises. The Group will continue to explore international markets and pursue business opportunities more vigorously, particularly in the Asia Pacific regions. The Group remain cautiously optimistic about the Group’s business prospect.

Given the complexities and challenges posed by an unfavorable market environment impacting the Group’s operations and overall financial performance, the Group will actively adjust its business strategy. We will closely monitor technological advancements, integrate internal resources, and leverage strategic partnerships with leading technology firms to expand our sales network and enhance our competitive advantage. This approach will enable us to respond more effectively to market challenges and uncertainties. Additionally, the Group will implement stringent expenditure controls to manage the risks associated with economic and political conditions.

僱員 (續)

本集團的薪酬政策乃經評估僱員個別表現後釐定，並會定期檢討。本集團透過提供全面福利計劃、事業發展機會及適合個人需要的內部培訓課程以嘉勉僱員的成就。

展望

「走出去」政策及對新生產力客戶的聚焦為中國企業的發展及擴張創造了新機遇。本集團將持續探索國際市場，並更加積極地追求業務機遇，尤其是在亞太地區。本集團對自身業務前景保持謹慎樂觀。

鑒於不利的市場環境對本集團的營運及整體財務表現的影響造成的複雜性及挑戰，本集團將積極調整其業務戰略。我們將密切關注技術發展，整合內部資源，並利用與領先技術公司的戰略合作夥伴關係，以擴大我們的銷售網絡並增強我們的競爭優勢。這種方法將使我們能夠更有效地應對市場挑戰及不確定性。此外，本集團將實施嚴格的開支控制，以管理與經濟及政治狀況相關的風險。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

董事履歷

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo (“Mr. Chan”), aged 66, is the chairman of the Board, an executive Director and the CEO of the Company. Mr. Chan is also the chairman of the investment committee of the Company (the “Investment Committee”). Mr. Chan is in charge of the overall strategic planning, business planning and decision making in all material matters of the Group. Mr. Chan was appointed as non-executive Director on 23 December 2015 and was re-designated as executive Director on 21 September 2016. Mr. Chan was appointed as the chairman of the Board on 25 February 2016 and was appointed as the CEO of the Company on 21 September 2016.

Mr. Chan has obtained a degree of Bachelor of Science in Engineering from The University of Hong Kong in November 1981. Mr. Chan was previously a member of the Chinese People’s Political Consultative Conference for Chengdu, Sichuan Province, the PRC, for over ten years. Mr. Chan has over 30 years of experience in the IT and network industry. Mr. Chan has previously worked for various multi-national corporations such as General Electric Company, Case Communications Limited and Infa Telecom Limited and served in senior executive positions in the Asia Pacific region.

Mr. Chan is currently the sole director of Smoothly Global Holdings Limited, a Shareholder who has an interest in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (“SFO”). He is also the director of the following major subsidiaries of the Company, namely Fortune Grace Management Ltd., Wafer Systems Limited, Wafer Systems (China) Ltd., Beijing Wafer New Century Information Technology Co., Ltd., Wafer Network Systems (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., Wafer (Xi’an) Software Co Ltd., and Wafer Systems (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.

Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol (former name as Tin Yuen Sin Carol) (“Ms. Tin”), aged 60, is a vice-chairman of the Company and an executive Director and a member of the Investment Committee of the Company. Ms. Tin was appointed as an executive Director on 11 April 2022.

Ms. Tin obtained a degree of doctor of business administration honoris causa from the International American University in March 2009. Ms. Tin is an entrepreneur who operates money lending business and fine dining business. Ms. Tin also has extensive experience in trading business in Hong Kong and the People’s Republic of China.

董事

執行董事

陳錫強先生 (「陳先生」)，66歲，為董事會主席、執行董事兼本公司總裁。陳先生亦為本公司投資委員會 (「投資委員會」) 之主席。陳先生負責整體策略規劃、業務規劃及本集團所有重大事宜的決策。陳先生於二零一五年十二月二十三日獲委任為非執行董事，並於二零一六年九月二十一日調任為執行董事。陳先生於二零一六年二月二十五日獲委任為董事會主席，並於二零一六年九月二十一日獲委任為本公司總裁。

陳先生於一九八一年十一月自香港大學取得工程學學士學位。陳先生曾擔任中國四川省成都市的中國人民政治協商會議委員已超過十年。陳先生於資訊科技及網絡產業擁有逾30年經驗。陳先生曾受聘於通用電氣公司、Case Communications Limited及Infa Telecom Limited等多家跨國企業並擔任亞太地區高級行政職位。

陳先生現時為Smoothly Global Holdings Limited的唯一董事、擁有根據證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」) 第XV部第2及3分部條例須向本公司披露的本公司股份及相關股份權益的股東。彼亦為本公司下列主要附屬公司之董事：Fortune Grace Management Ltd.、威發系統有限公司、威發系統 (中國) 有限公司、北京威發新世紀信息技術有限公司、上海滬威網絡系統有限公司、威發 (西安) 軟件有限公司及威發系統 (越南) 有限公司。

田一好女士 (曾用名為田琬善) (「田女士」)，60歲，為本公司副主席兼執行董事兼本公司投資委員會之成員。田女士於二零二二年四月十一日獲委任為執行董事。

田女士，於二零零九年三月在國際美洲大學 (International American University) 取得榮譽工商管理博士學位。田女士為經營借貸業務及高級餐廳業務之企業家。田女士亦於香港及中華人民共和國的貿易業務擁有豐富經驗。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

董事履歷

Executive Directors (continued)

Ms. Tin was an executive director of Carnival Group International Holdings Limited (“Carnival”) (formerly known as Oriental Ginza Holding Limited and CASH Retail Management Group Limited) (stock code: 996), a company whose shares are listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”), for the period from September 2005 to August 2011. Ms. Tin also served as the chairperson of Carnival from November 2006 to August 2011 and was responsible for the overall strategic planning and policy making. Ms. Tin served as a director of Yan Oi Tong from 2017 to 2018. She has been (i) an executive director of Virtual Mind Holding Company Limited (formerly known as CEFC Hong Kong Financial Investment Company Limited) (stock code: 1520), a company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, since October 2019 and its chairman from January 2021 to January 2022; and (ii) an executive director of Finsoft Financial Investment Holdings Limited (stock code: 8018), a company whose shares are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange, since 5 May 2020 and its chairman since 19 May 2020. Ms. Tin is currently a director of Delta Wealth Finance Limited and Delta Wealth Credit Limited.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek (former name as Wong Tat Wai Derek) (“Mr. Wong”), aged 56, is a non-executive Director. Mr. Wong was appointed as Director on 1 August 2019.

Mr. Wong was educated in Canada. Mr. Wong has approximately 20 years of experience in management and operation of textile and knitting, food and beverages business. Mr. Wong was a co-founder and an executive director of Fornton Group Limited (renamed as Momentum Financials Holding Limited, stock code: 1152, a company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) from October 2011 to June 2014.

執行董事 (續)

田女士自二零零五年九月至二零一一年八月期間曾擔任嘉年華國際控股有限公司(「嘉年華」)(前稱東方銀座控股有限公司及時惠環球控股有限公司)(股份代號:996,一間股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市的公司)之執行董事。田女士自二零零六年十一月至二零一一年八月亦曾擔任嘉年華之主席,並負責整體策略規劃及政策制訂。田女士於二零一七年至二零一八年期間擔任仁愛堂總理。彼(i)自二零一九年十月起擔任天機控股有限公司(前稱香港華信金融投資有限公司)(股份代號:1520,一間股份於聯交所主板上市的公司)之執行董事及自二零二一年一月至二零二二年一月期間擔任其主席;及(ii)自二零二零年五月五日起擔任匯財金融投資控股有限公司(股份代號:8018,一間股份於聯交所GEM上市的公司)之執行董事及自二零二零年五月十九日起擔任其主席。田女士現為融富財務有限公司及融富信貸有限公司之董事。

非執行董事

王佇維先生(曾用名為王達偉)(「王先生」), 56歲,為非執行董事。王先生於二零一九年八月一日獲委任為董事。

王先生在加拿大接受教育。王先生在管理及經營紡織及針織業務和餐飲業務方面擁有約20年經驗。王先生為豐臨集團有限公司(已易名為正乾金融控股有限公司,股份代號:1152,其股份在聯交所主板上市的公司)的聯合創辦人之一,於二零一一年十月至二零一四年六月擔任其執行董事。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Hon Ming Sang (“Mr. Hon”), aged 47, is a Committee Member of the 11th Luoding Committee of the Chinese People’s Political Consultative Conference, an independent non-executive Director, a member of the Investment Committee, and the chairman of each of the Audit Committee, the C&B Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Hon was appointed as a Director on 31 January 2023.

Mr. Hon graduated with an honour degree of Professional Accountancy in the School of Accountancy from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a CFA charter holder, a member of The Hong Kong Society of Financial Analysts, a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, an associate member of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and an associate member of The Chartered Governance Institute. Mr. Hon has over 17 years of working experience in listed companies and financial institutions. He has extensive experience in corporate finance, merger and acquisition, investment and financial management and compliance services.

獨立非執行董事

韓銘生先生（「韓先生」），47歲，為中國人民政治協商會議第十一屆羅定市委員會委員、獨立非執行董事、投資委員會之成員，以及審核委員會、薪酬及福利委員會及提名委員會各自之主席。韓先生於二零二三年一月三十一日獲委任為董事。

韓先生畢業於香港中文大學會計學院，獲得專業會計學榮譽學位。彼為特許金融分析師、香港財經分析師學會會員、香港會計師公會會員、英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員、香港公司治理公會會員及特許公司治理公會會員。韓先生擁有超過17年於上市公司及金融機構工作之經驗，彼於企業融資、收購合併、投資及金融管理及合規服務擁有廣泛經驗。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

董事履歷

Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Mr. Hon is currently an independent non-executive director of the following companies listed on either GEM or the Main Board of the Stock Exchange:

獨立非執行董事 (續)

韓先生現於下列於聯交所GEM或主板上市的公司擔任獨立非執行董事：

Name of the listed companies and stock code

上市公司名稱及股份代號

Commencement of appointment

任期起始

Virtual Mind Holdings Company Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 1520) ("Virtual Mind") 天機控股有限公司 (一間於聯交所主板上市之公司, 股份代號: 1520) (「天機」)	since November 2016 自二零一六年十一月起
Finsoft Financial Investment Holdings Limited (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8018) ("Finsoft") 匯財金融投資控股有限公司 (一間於聯交所GEM上市之公司, 股份代號: 8018) (「匯財」)	since June 2020 自二零二零年六月起
Asia Energy Logistics Group Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 351) 亞洲能源物流集團有限公司 (一間於聯交所主板上市之公司, 股份代號: 351)	since November 2020 自二零二零年十一月起
Almana Limited (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 8186) 曼納有限公司 (一間於聯交所GEM上市之公司, 股份代號: 8186)	since January 2026 自二零二六年一月起

Furthermore, Mr. Hon had been an independent non-executive director of SFund International Holdings Limited (a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 1367, listing of which was cancelled on 20 September 2022) ("SFund") from November 2016 to February 2017 and was re-designated as its executive director from February 2017 to August 2022. He had also been appointed as SFund's company secretary, authorised representative and process agent from July 2017 to August 2022. Since 16 August 2022, Mr. Hon has been appointed as the chief financial officer and company secretary of China Gas Industry Investment Holdings Co. Ltd. (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code: 1940).

此外, 韓先生曾於二零一六年十一月至二零一七年二月擔任廣州基金國際控股有限公司 (一間於聯交所主板上市之公司, 股份代號: 1367, 該公司於二零二二年九月二十日取消上市) (「廣州基金」) 之獨立非執行董事, 及於二零一七年二月至二零二二年八月獲調任為該公司之執行董事。彼亦曾於二零一七年七月至二零二二年八月獲委任為廣州基金之公司秘書、授權代表及法律程序文件代理人。自二零二二年八月十六日起, 韓先生已獲委任為China Gas Industry Investment Holdings Co. Ltd. (一間於聯交所主板上市之公司, 股份代號: 1940) 之首席財務官及公司秘書。

Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (“Mr. Tang”), aged 61, is an independent non-executive director of the Company, a member of each of the Audit Committee, the C&B Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Tang was appointed as a Director on 3 April 2025.

Mr. Tang is a practising solicitor and an accredited mediator with the Hong Kong International Arbitration Centre. He is a partner of P. C. Woo & Co., a firm of solicitors with over 80 years of service in Hong Kong.

Mr. Tang is legal advisor of the General Agents and Managers Association of Hong Kong, vice president of the Hong Kong Institute of Patent Attorneys Limited, senior legal adviser to Hong Kong Brands Protection Alliance Limited, founding member, board member and honorary legal counsel of Hong Kong-ASEAN Economic Cooperation Foundation, member of the Standing Committee on Standards and Development of the Law Society of Hong Kong, legal advisor to Kitchee (Sports Management) Limited, a member of the Executive Board of Hong Kong Air Cadet Corps, fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and board member of Monte Jade Science and Technology Association of Hong Kong.

Mr. Tang has been appointed as member of Accounting and Financial Reporting Review Tribunal for the term from 1 October 2025 to 30 September 2027.

Mr. Tang has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Virtual Mind since August 2016. Mr. Tang has been appointed as a member of each of the audit committee, the nomination committee, and the corporate governance committee of Virtual Mind since November 2016. Mr. Tang was a member of the remuneration committee of Virtual Mind from November 2016 to January 2021, and he has been appointed as the chairman of the remuneration committee of Virtual Mind since January 2021. Mr. Tang has also been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Finsoft, and a member of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of Finsoft with effect from 7 July 2023.

獨立非執行董事 (續)

鄧澍培先生 (「鄧先生」)，61歲，為本公司獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、薪酬及福利委員會及提名委員會成員。鄧先生於二零二五年四月三日獲委任為董事。

鄧先生為香港執業事務律師及香港國際仲裁中心認可調解員。彼為香港胡百全律師事務所合夥人，該律師事務所為香港貢獻法律服務超過80年。

鄧先生為香港人壽保險經理協會法律顧問、香港專利師協會副主席、香港工商品牌保護陣綫有限公司榮譽常務法律顧問、香港—東盟經濟合作基金會創會成員、理事及義務法律顧問、香港律師會專業水準及發展常務委員會委員、傑志(體育管理)有限公司法律顧問、香港航空青年團執行委員會委員、香港董事學會資深會員及香港玉山科技協會理事。

鄧先生獲委任為會計及財務匯報覆核審裁處委員，任期自二零二五年十月一日至二零二七年九月三十日。

鄧先生自二零一六年八月起獲委任為天機之獨立非執行董事。鄧先生自二零一六年十一月起獲委任為天機審核委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員會各自的成員。鄧先生於二零一六年十一月至二零二一年一月為天機薪酬委員會成員，並自二零二一年一月起獲委任為天機薪酬委員會主席。鄧先生亦獲委任為匯財之獨立非執行董事，以及匯財審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會各自的成員，自二零二三年七月七日起生效。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

董事履歷

Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (“Mr. Tsang”), aged 39, is an independent non-executive director of the Company, a member of each of the Audit Committee, the C&B Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Investment Committee. Mr. Tsang was appointed as a Director on 24 April 2025.

Mr. Tsang was admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Commerce majoring in finance, human resource management and management by Deakin University in October 2009. Mr. Tsang has extensive experience in business management, management of execution of securities and futures and client management. Mr. Tsang currently is the sole shareholder and sole director of Blumenzo Partners Limited (formerly known as TSY International Trading and Investment Limited), a limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and principally engaged in provision of venue and finance information for its clients for production of online live broadcast or programme. From November 2021 to December 2023, he worked as the managing director of the business development department of Valuable Capital Limited. Mr. Tsang worked as an account manager (brokerage) with CITIC Securities Brokerage (HK) Limited from April 2010 to April 2011, a senior account manager (brokerage) with BOCOM International Securities Limited from April 2011 to September 2016 and a vice president of securities investment department of China Industrial Securities International Brokerage Limited from October 2016 to April 2021. Mr. Tsang was a licensed representative under the SFO to engage in type 1 (dealing in securities) regulated activity from April 2010 to April 2021.

獨立非執行董事 (續)

曾少欣先生(「曾先生」)，39歲，為本公司獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、薪酬及福利委員會、提名委員會及投資委員會各自之成員。曾先生於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任為董事。

曾先生於二零零九年十月獲迪肯大學頒授商業學士學位，主修財務、人力資源管理及管理。曾先生於業務管理、證券及期貨執行管理及客戶管理方面擁有豐富經驗。曾先生現時為Blumenzo Partners Limited (前稱TSY International Trading and Investment Limited)，一間於香港註冊成立的有限公司，主要從事為其客戶提供場地及財務資料以制作線上直播或節目的唯一股東及唯一董事。於二零二一年十一月至二零二三年十二月，彼擔任華盛資本證券有限公司業務拓展部的董事總經理。曾先生於二零一零年四月至二零一一年四月擔任中信證券經紀(中國香港)有限公司的客戶經理(經紀)，於二零一一年四月至二零一六年九月擔任交銀國際證券有限公司的高級客戶經理(經紀)，於二零一六年十月至二零二一年四月擔任興證國際證券有限公司證券投資部的副總裁。曾先生於二零一零年四月至二零二一年四月為證券及期貨條例項下從事第1類(證券交易)受規管活動的持牌代表。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Directors recognise the importance of incorporating the elements of good corporate governance into the management structures and internal control procedures of the Group so as to achieve effective accountability to the Shareholders as a whole. The Board strives to uphold good corporate governance and adopt sound corporate governance practices continuously in the interest of Shareholders to enhance the overall performance of the Group. The Company has adopted and complied with all the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") then in force during the year ended 31 December 2025, except for the following deviation.

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code states that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer (the "CEO") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Being aware of the said deviation from code provision C.2.1, but in view of the current rapid development of the Group, the Board believes that with the support of the management, vesting the roles of both chairman and CEO by Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo can facilitate execution of the Group's business strategies and boost effectiveness of its operation. In addition, under the supervision by the Board which consists of three independent non-executive Directors, the interests of the Shareholders will be adequately and fairly represented. The Company will seek to re-comply with code provision C.2.1 by identifying and appointing a suitable and qualified candidate to the position of the CEO in future.

企業管治

董事認同，為達致向整體股東有效的問責性，在本集團管理架構及內部監控程序引進良好的企業管治元素非常重要。董事會一直努力貫徹良好企業管治，並繼續以股東利益為依歸，採用健全企業管治常規，以提高本集團的整體表現。本公司於截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度已採納及遵守當時生效的聯交所證券上市規則（「上市規則」）附錄C1第二部分的企業管治守則（「企業管治守則」）所載的所有守則條文，惟以下偏離情況除外。

企業管治守則守則條文第C.2.1條規定，主席及總裁（「總裁」）的角色應分開，並不應由同一人士擔任。儘管意識到有偏離守則條文第C.2.1條的情況出現，但鑑於本集團現時迅速發展，董事會相信，在管理層的支持下，由陳錫強先生擔任主席及總裁有助於執行本集團業務策略及提高營運效率。此外，董事會包括三名獨立非執行董事，將令股東利益可在董事會監督下獲得充分及公平代表。日後本公司將透過物色及委任合適的合資格人選擔任總裁一職以尋求重新遵守守則條文第C.2.1條。

MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. On specific enquiries made, all Directors confirmed that they complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding the Directors' securities transactions during the Year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition of the Board

As at 31 December 2025 and at the date of this report, the Board comprised two executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors. The composition of the Board during the Year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo (*Chairman and CEO*)

Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol (*Vice-chairman*)

Mr. Zhou Yi (appointed on 16 June 2025 and resigned on 31 October 2025)

Ms. Wang Fang (*Vice CEO*) (resigned on 24 June 2025)

Non-executive Director

Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Hon Ming Sang

Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (appointed on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)

Mr. David Tsoi (resigned on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

The biographical details of all Directors are set out in pages 25 to 30 of this report. Save as disclosed herein, to the best knowledge of the Company, there is no other financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships among the members of the Board.

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則（「標準守則」）作為董事進行證券交易的行為準則。於作出具體查詢後，全體董事確認彼等於本年度一直遵守標準守則所載規定標準及有關董事進行證券交易的行為準則。

董事會

董事會的組成

於二零二五年十二月三十一日及於本報告日期，董事會由兩名執行董事、一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成。於本年度及直至本報告日期，董事會成員為：

執行董事

陳錫強先生（主席兼總裁）

田一好女士（副主席）

周易先生（於二零二五年六月十六日獲委任及於二零二五年十月三十一日辭任）

王芳女士（副總裁）

（於二零二五年六月二十四日辭任）

非執行董事

王佇維先生

獨立非執行董事

韓銘生先生

鄧樹培先生（於二零二五年四月三日獲委任）

曾少欣先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任）

蔡大維先生（於二零二五年四月三日辭任）

袁紹槐先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任）

全體董事的詳細履歷載於本報告第25頁至30頁。除本報告所披露者外，就本公司所深知，董事會成員之間並無任何其他財務、業務、親屬或其他重大或相關關係。

The composition of the Board is well balanced with each Director having sound industry knowledge, extensive corporate and strategic planning experience and/or expertise relevant to the business of the Group. The Board brings a variety of experiences and expertise to the Company.

Functions of the Board

The Board takes overall responsibility to oversee all major matters of the Group, including the formulation and approval of all policy matters, considering and approving overall development strategies, financial objectives, annual budget, investment proposals, monitoring and controlling the operation and financial performance, risk management and internal control systems of the Group and to assume the responsibilities of corporate governance of the Group.

Directors' appointment, re-election and removal

Each of executive Directors has entered into service contract with the Company. Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo has entered into a service contract with the Company for the period from 23 December 2024 to 22 December 2027. Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol has entered into a service contract with the Company for the period from 11 April 2025 to 31 December 2027.

Non-executive Director, Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek, has entered into service contract with the Company for a terms of three years starting from 1 August 2022, and was further renewed by letter of appointment for the period starting from 1 August 2025 to 31 December 2027.

Each of independent non-executive Directors has entered letter of appointment with the Company. Mr. Hon Ming Sang has entered into letter of appointment with the Company for the period from 31 January 2023 to 30 January 2026, which has been renewed for the period from 31 January 2026 to 31 December 2027. Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon has entered into letter of appointment with the Company for the period from 3 April 2025 to 31 December 2027. Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick has entered into letter of appointment with the Company for the period from 24 April 2025 to 31 December 2027. All are subject to termination in accordance with the provisions of the letter of appointment or by either party giving the other not less than three months' prior written notice.

董事會結構平衡，每名董事均具備與本集團業務有關之深厚行業知識、豐富企業及策略規劃經驗及／或專業知識。董事會為本公司帶來豐富多樣的經驗及專業知識。

董事會的職能

董事會全面負責監管本集團的所有重大事項，包括制定及審批所有政策事宜、考慮及批核本集團的整體發展策略、財務目標、年度預算、投資建議、監管及控制營運及財務表現、風險管理及內部控制體系，以及承擔本集團企業管治的責任。

委任、重選及罷免董事

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約。陳錫強先生已與本公司訂立服務合約，期限為二零二四年十二月二十三日至二零二七年十二月二十二日。田一湄女士已與本公司訂立服務合約，期限為二零二五年四月十一日至二零二七年十二月三十一日。

非執行董事王佇維先生已與本公司訂立服務合約，自二零二二年八月一日起為期三年，並經委任函進一步重續，期間自二零二五年八月一日起至二零二七年十二月三十一日止。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函。韓銘生先生已與本公司訂立委任函，任期自二零二三年一月三十一日至二零二六年一月三十日，並已重續，期間自二零二六年一月三十一日至二零二七年十二月三十一日止。鄧澍焙先生已與本公司訂立委任函，任期為二零二五年四月三日至二零二七年十二月三十一日。曾少欣先生已與本公司訂立委任函，任期為二零二五年四月二十四日至二零二七年十二月三十一日。所有合約均可根據服務合約或委任函的條文或由任何一方發出不少於三個月的先書面通知予以終止。

By virtue of article 102(B) of the New Bye-laws, Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy of the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director so appointed by the Board shall hold office until the first annual general meeting of Shareholders after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting.

In compliance with the code provision B.2.2 of the CG Code, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Furthermore, pursuant to article 99 of the New Bye-laws, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Independent non-executive Directors have played a crucial role in the Board by providing their independent judgment at the Board meeting and scrutinising the Group's performance. Their views carry significant weight in the Board's decision, in particular, they bring an impartial view to bear on issues of the Group's strategy, performance and control. All independent non-executive Directors possess extensive academic, professional and industry expertise and management experience and have provided their professional advices to the Board. The independent non-executive Directors provide independent advice on the Group's business strategy, results and management so that all interests of the Shareholders will be taken into account, and the interests of the Company and the Shareholders can be protected. Such mechanisms have been reviewed on an annual basis by the Board and it has been properly implemented and considered effective during the Year.

In compliance with Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules, the Board consists of three independent non-executive Directors, representing not less than one-third of the Board, among the three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Hon Ming Sang, possessing appropriate professional qualification in accounting or related financial management expertise as required by Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

根據新細則第102(B)條，董事有權不時及隨時委任任何人士為董事以填補董事會的臨時空缺或增添現時董事會人數。任何獲董事會以此種方式委任以填補臨時空缺的董事的任期將直至其獲委任後的首個股東週年大會為止，惟可於該大會上膺選連任。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第B.2.2條，全體董事均須最少每三年輪值退任一次。此外，根據新細則第99條，在每屆股東週年大會上，當時在任的三分之一董事（或若其人數並非三(3)的倍數，則以最接近但不少於三分之一的人數）將輪值告退，惟每名董事須最少每三年於股東週年大會上退任一次。

獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事於董事會內擔當重要角色，於董事會會議上提供獨立判斷並詳查本集團的表現。其意見對董事會的決定起重要作用，特別是，他們就本集團的策略事項、表現及控制提供公正意見。全體獨立非執行董事擁有廣泛的學術、專業及行業專長及管理經驗，及向董事會提供專業意見。獨立非執行董事就本集團業務策略、業績及管理提供獨立意見，兼顧股東的全部利益，並保障本公司及股東的利益。有關機制已由董事會每年審閱，並於本年度妥善實施，並視為有效。

遵照上市規則第3.10(1)條及3.10A條的規定，董事會包括三名獨立非執行董事，佔董事會不少於三分之一的人數，而三名獨立非執行董事中，韓銘生先生具備上市規則第3.10(2)條所規定的合適的會計專業資格或相關財務管理專業知識。

The Company has received the annual written confirmation of independence from each of its independent non-executive Directors. The Company, based on such confirmations, considers that all the independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Hon Ming Sang, Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon and Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick, are independent and they all meet the specific independence guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Chairman and CEO

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code states that the roles of chairman and CEO should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Being aware of the said deviation from code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, but in view of the current rapid development of the Group, the Board believes that with the support of the management, vesting the roles of both chairman and CEO by Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo can facilitate execution of the Group's business strategies and boost effectiveness of its operation. In addition, under the supervision by the Board which consists of three independent non-executive Directors, the interests of the Shareholders will be adequately and fairly represented. The Company will seek to re-comply with code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code by identifying and appointing a suitable and qualified candidate to the position of the CEO in future.

Delegation of powers

The Board delegates the authority and responsibility for implementing day-to-day operations, administration and management of the Group's businesses to the CEO, executive Directors, senior management and certain specific responsibilities to the Board committees of the Company. It is the job of the Board to determine the objectives of the Company and it is the job of the executives and senior management to decide the means by which those objectives are best achieved within rules of conduct and limits of risk that are set by the Board. When the Board delegates aspects of its management and administration functions to members of the management team, it gives clear directions as to the powers of management, in particular, with respect to the circumstances where the management team needs to report back and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company. The delegated functions and work tasks are regularly reviewed.

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事發出的年度獨立性書面確認書。本公司按照有關確認書，認為所有獨立非執行董事（即韓銘生先生、鄧澍焯先生及曾少欣先生）均為獨立人士，且彼等均符合上市規則第3.13條所列之特定獨立指引。

主席與總裁

企業管治守則守則條文第C.2.1條規定，主席及總裁的角色應分開，並不應由同一人士擔任。儘管意識到有偏離企業管治守則守則條文第C.2.1條的情況出現，但鑒於本集團現時迅速發展，董事會相信，在管理層的支持下，由陳錫強先生擔任主席及總裁有助於執行本集團業務策略及提高營運效率。此外，董事會包括三名獨立非執行董事，將令股東權益可在董事會監督下獲得充分及公平代表。日後本公司將透過物色及委任合適的合資格人選擔任總裁一職以尋求重新遵守企業管治守則守則條文第C.2.1條。

授權

董事會授權總裁、執行董事及高級管理層負責本集團業務的日常營運、行政及管理，並將若干特定職責授權本公司董事委員會。董事會負責決定本公司的目標，行政人員及高級管理層負責決定在董事會設定的行為守則及風險限制的範圍內，最有效地達成這些目標的方式。董事會授權管理層負責管理及行政職能會對管理層的權力作出明確指示，特別是管理團隊代表本公司作出決定或訂立任何承擔前須向董事會報告並獲董事會事先批准。所授權的職能及工作任務會定期進行檢討。

Continuous professional development

According to the code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, all directors should participate in a programme of continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company should be responsible for arranging and funding training, placing an appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of the Directors.

All Directors are required to provide the Company with their training records, and the records are maintained by the Company Secretary for annual review by the Nomination Committee of the Company. During the Year, all Directors (i.e. Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo, Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol, Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek, Mr. Hon Ming Sang, Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon and Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick) received training by attending internal or external trainings or by self-study in the topics including board and directors' duties, corporate governance, listing rules and compliance, environmental, social and governance practices, financial reporting, risk management and internal controls, and industry and business updates.

Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (who has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 3 April 2025), Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (who has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 24 April 2025) and Mr. Zhou Yi (who was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 16 June 2025 and resigned with effect from 31 October 2025), obtained the legal advice referred to in Rule 3.09D of the Listing Rules on 2 April 2025, 2 April 2025 and 12 June 2025 respectively, and each of them has confirmed he understood his obligations as a director of a listed issuer.

The Company also updated the Directors and senior management on the latest development regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements from time to time, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

Liability insurance for directors

The Company has subscribed appropriate and sufficient insurance coverage on directors' liabilities in respect of legal actions taken against Directors arising out of corporate activities since 31 March 2015.

持續專業發展

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第C.1.4條，全體董事須參加持續專業發展計劃，以培育及增進彼等之知識及技巧，確保彼等在知情及切合所需情況下繼續對董事會作出貢獻。本公司須負責安排及資助培訓課程，並適切著重董事之角色、職能及職務。

全體董事均須向本公司提供其培訓記錄，記錄由公司秘書保存，供本公司提名委員會每年審閱。於本年度，全體董事（即陳錫強先生、田一好女士、王佇維先生、韓銘生先生、鄧澍焙先生及曾少欣先生）通過參加內外部培訓或自主學習多項議題以接受培訓，議題包括董事會及董事職責、企業管治、上市規則及合規、環境、社會及管治常規、財務報告、風險管理及內部控制以及行業及業務動態。

鄧澍焙先生（自二零二五年四月三日起獲委任為獨立非執行董事）、曾少欣先生（自二零二五年四月二十四日起獲委任為獨立非執行董事）及周易先生（自二零二五年六月十六日起獲委任為執行董事及自二零二五年十月三十一日起辭任）分別於二零二五年四月二日、二零二五年四月二日及二零二五年六月十二日獲得上市規則第3.09D條所述的法律意見，且均已確認明白其作為上市發行人董事的責任。

本公司亦不時向董事及高級管理層告知有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定的最新進展，確保彼等遵守及增強關注良好企業管治常規。

董事責任保險

本公司已自二零一五年三月三十一日起購買適合及充足保險，以覆蓋董事就企業活動期間產生對董事所提出法律訴訟的責任。

Board meetings and Board practices

During the Year, the Board held 14 meetings. Apart from the Board meetings, the Board has passed 2 written resolutions. The Directors can attend meetings in person or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company, being adopted on 31 May 2023 (the "New Bye-Laws"). The company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") will assist the chairman of the Board to prepare the agenda of the meeting and all Directors have the opportunity to include matters in the agenda for the Board meetings. Notices of at least 14 days for regular Board meetings are given to the Directors and Board procedures in compliance with the Articles of New Bye-laws, as well as relevant rules and regulations. The Directors are provided with relevant materials relating to the matters brought before the meetings. All Directors have separate and independent access to the senior management and the Company Secretary at all time and will be able to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expenses. The Company Secretary is also responsible for ensuring the procedures of the Board meetings are observed and providing the Board with opinions on matters in relation to the compliance with the procedures of the Board meetings. All minutes of Board meetings were recorded in sufficient details of the matters considered by the Board and the decisions reached.

During the Year, a meeting between the chairman of the Board and the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of executives or other representatives of the Group was held to discuss issues that they wish to raise at the Board.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established (i) the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee"); (ii) the compensation and benefits committee of the Company (the "C&B Committee"); (iii) the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee"); and (iv) the investment committee of the Company (the "Investment Committee"), with defined terms of reference. The latest versions of the terms of reference of the Board committees which explain their respective role and the authority delegated to them by the Board are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice and other assistance in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

董事會會議及董事會常規

於本年度，董事會召開了十四次會議。除董事會會議外，董事會亦通過了兩項書面決議案。根據本公司於二零二三年五月三十一日採納的細則（「新細則」），董事可親身或透過其他電子通信方式出席會議。本公司的公司秘書（「公司秘書」）將協助董事會主席預備會議議程，所有董事均有機會將任何事宜加入董事會會議議程之內。本公司至少提前十四日向董事發出定期董事會會議通告，而董事會程序均遵守新細則及相關規則及規例。董事將於會議召開之前獲提供與相關事項有關之材料。所有董事均可隨時單獨與高級管理層及公司秘書聯繫，並可尋求獨立專業意見，費用由本公司承擔。公司秘書亦負責確保各董事遵守董事會會議程序，並就遵守董事會會議程序的事宜向董事會提供意見。所有董事會會議的記錄均需足夠詳細地記錄董事會考慮的事項及作出的決定。

於本年度，本公司舉行一次董事會主席與獨立非執行董事之會議（並無執行人員或其他本集團代表出席），以討論彼等希望向董事會提出的事宜。

董事委員會

董事會已成立(i)本公司審核委員會（「審核委員會」）；(ii)本公司薪酬及福利委員會（「薪酬及福利委員會」）；(iii)本公司提名委員會（「提名委員會」）；及(iv)本公司投資委員會（「投資委員會」），並已界定其職權範圍。董事委員會最新版本的職權範圍可於聯交所及本公司網站查詢，當中說明彼等各自的職務及獲董事會授權的權限。董事委員會獲提供足夠的資源履行其責任，及於合理要求時可在適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見及其他援助，費用概由本公司支付。

Audit Committee

Composition

The Company established the Audit Committee pursuant to a resolution of Directors passed on 25 October 2010 in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee has set up the written terms of reference which was revised on 22 March 2012 and further revised on 26 November 2015 and 1 January 2019. The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee are to make recommendation to the Board on the appointment and removal of external auditors, review the financial statements and material advice in respect of financial reporting at least at half-year intervals, and oversee the risk management policies and internal control procedures of the Group constantly. The Audit Committee has adopted the terms of reference which are in line with the applicable code provisions in the CG Code.

The composition of the Audit Committee during the Year and up to the date of this report is as follow:

Mr. Hon Ming Sang (*Chairman*) (appointed on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (appointed on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)

Mr. David Tsoi (*Chairman*) (resigned on 3 April 2025)

Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's interim results for the six month ended 30 June 2025, the annual results for the year ended 31 December 2025, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025 and this report.

During the Year, the Audit Committee held four meetings to make recommendation on the re-appointment of external auditors, review financial statements, financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems of the Company.

審核委員會

組成

本公司的審核委員會乃根據董事於二零一零年十月二十五日通過的決議案並遵照上市規則第3.21條而成立。審核委員會已訂明書面職權範圍，並於二零一二年三月二十二日修訂，及於二零一五年十一月二十六日及二零一九年一月一日作進一步修訂。審核委員會的主要職責乃就委聘及辭退外聘核數師向董事會作出推薦意見、至少每半年審閱財務報表及有關財務報告的重要意見，以及不時監督本集團的風險管理政策及內部監控程序。審核委員會已採納與企業管治守則適用守則條文一致的職權範圍。

於本年度及直至本報告日期審核委員會的組成如下：

韓銘生先生（主席）

（於二零二五年四月三日獲委任）

鄧樹培先生（於二零二五年四月三日獲委任）

曾少欣先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任）

蔡大維先生（主席）

（於二零二五年四月三日辭任）

袁紹槐先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任）

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零二五年六月三十日止六個月的中期業績、截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度的全年業績、截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表及本報告。

於本年度，審核委員會召開四次會議以建議重選外聘核數師、審閱本公司的財務報表、財務報告系統、風險管理及內部監控制度。

C&B Committee

Composition

The Company established the C&B Committee pursuant to a resolution of Directors passed on 25 October 2010 in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules. The C&B Committee has set up with written terms of reference which was revised on 22 March 2012 and 23 December 2022. The primary duties of the C&B Committee are to review and make recommendations to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of the Company. The compensation and remuneration of all Directors and senior management of the Company are subject to regular review by the C&B Committee to ensure that the levels of their compensation and remuneration are appropriate and none of the Directors determine their own remuneration.

The composition of the C&B Committee during the Year and up to the date of this report is as follow:

Mr. Hon Ming Sang (*Chairman*)
Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (appointed on 3 April 2025)
Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)
Mr. David Tsoi (resigned on 3 April 2025)
Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

During the Year, the C&B Committee held four meetings to review and make recommendation on the remuneration policy and structure relating to Directors and senior management of the Company, and approved the remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate objectives and the prevailing market conditions for the new Directors.

薪酬及福利委員會

組成

本公司的薪酬及福利委員會乃根據董事於二零一零年十月二十五日通過的決議案並遵照上市規則第3.25條而成立。薪酬及福利委員會設有書面職權範圍（於二零一二年三月二十二日及二零二二年十二月二十三日修訂）。薪酬及福利委員會的主要職責是就有關本公司全體董事及高級管理層之整體薪酬政策及架構向董事會提供建議。全體董事及本公司高級管理層的薪金及薪酬均由薪酬及福利委員會定期檢討，以確保彼等的薪金及薪酬保持適當水平，且確保概無董事自行釐定自己的薪酬。

於本年度及直至本報告日期薪酬及福利委員會的組成如下：

韓銘生先生（主席）
鄧澍焙先生（於二零二五年四月三日獲委任）
曾少欣先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任）
蔡大維先生（於二零二五年四月三日辭任）
袁紹槐先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任）

於本年度，薪酬及福利委員會召開四次會議，以審閱本公司董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構並就此提出建議，並參考董事會的企業目標及現行市況，審批新董事的薪酬方案。

Remuneration policy for Directors and senior management

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is determined on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The executive Directors also served as the role of senior management of the Company during the Year. Details of the remuneration of the Directors are set out in note 8 of the consolidated financial statements.

The model described in code provision E.1.2(c)(ii) of the CG Code was adopted by the C&B Committee. The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the C&B Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance, experience, responsibility, workload and time devoted to the Company and comparable market statistics. Each of the executive Directors is entitled to a basic salary which is reviewed annually. In addition, each of the executive Directors may receive a discretionary bonus as the Board may recommend. Such amount has to be approved by the C&B Committee.

In addition, the Company maintained share option schemes. The purposes of the share option schemes are to enable the Company to grant options to selected eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high caliber employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any invested entity. One of the share option scheme expired in October 2020 and followed by a new share option scheme adopted on 23 June 2021.

董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策

本集團的僱員薪酬政策按彼等的價值、資歷及能力而釐定。於年內，執行董事亦已擔任本公司高級管理層的角色。董事薪酬的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

企業管治守則守則條文E.1.2(c)(ii)中所述的標準已由薪酬及福利委員會採納。董事酬金乃經考慮本公司經營業績、個人表現、經驗、職責、工作量及投入本公司的時間，以及可資比較的市場統計資料後，由薪酬及福利委員會建議。各執行董事均可享底薪，底薪會按年檢討。另外，各執行董事可按董事會的建議收取酌定花紅，酌定花紅須經薪酬及福利委員會審批。

另外，本公司於年內設有購股權計劃。購股權計劃旨在讓本公司向選定合資格參與人士授出購股權，作為彼等對本集團所作出貢獻之鼓勵或獎勵，及／或令本集團能聘用及留聘優秀僱員，以及吸引對本集團及任何投資實體具有價值的人力資源。其中一項購股權計劃已於二零二零年十月屆滿，並隨後已於二零二一年六月二十三日通過一項新購股權計劃。

Nomination Committee

Composition

The Company established a nominating and corporate governance committee pursuant to a resolution of Directors passed on 25 October 2010 (which was renamed as Nomination Committee on 22 March 2012). The Nomination Committee has set up the written terms of reference which was revised on 22 March 2012, and was further revised on 28 August 2013, 1 January 2019 and 1 July 2025. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis and to recommend to the Board the suitable candidates for Directors after consideration of the nominees' independence and quality in order to ensure fairness and transparency of all nominations.

The composition of the Nomination Committee during the Year and up to the date of this report is as follow:

Mr. Hon Ming Sang (*Chairman*)
Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (appointed on 3 April 2025)
Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol (appointed on 30 June 2025)
Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)
Mr. David Tsoi (resigned on 3 April 2025)
Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

The Nomination Committee adopted the board diversity policy in August 2013. The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. Pursuant to the board diversity policy, selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

During the Year and up to the date of this report, the Board has consisted of one female Director, while the remaining Board members being the male Directors. The Board is satisfied with its gender diversity and will continue to maintain a diverse Board. The Nomination Committee will also pay attention to maintaining and strengthening the concern, selection, and development of high-potential female talents, and nominate and recommend competent and qualified candidates to the Board when necessary. In the future, gender will continue to be fully considered in the selection and development of nominees on the basis of maintaining at least one female Board member.

提名委員會

組成

本公司的提名及企業管治委員會（於二零一二年三月二十二日重新命名為提名委員會）乃根據董事於二零一零年十月二十五日通過的決議案而成立。提名委員會設有書面職權範圍（於二零一二年三月二十二日修訂，並於二零一三年八月二十八日、二零一九年一月一日及二零二五年七月一日進一步修訂）。提名委員會的主要職責乃定期檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成，並在考慮提名人的獨立性及質素後向董事會推薦合適的董事候選人，以確保所有提名公平及具透明度。

於本年度及直至本報告日期提名委員會的組成如下：

韓銘生先生（主席）
鄧澍焙先生（於二零二五年四月三日獲委任）
田一好女士（於二零二五年六月三十日獲委任）
曾少欣先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任）
蔡大維先生（於二零二五年四月三日辭任）
袁紹槐先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任）

提名委員會於二零一三年八月採納董事會多元化政策。本公司明白及信納董事會多元化能提升表現質素的裨益。根據董事會多元化政策，甄選人選將按一系列多元化範疇為基準，包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期。最終將按人選之長處及可為董事會提供之貢獻而作決定。

於本年度及直至本報告日期，董事會有一名女性董事，而其餘董事會成員均為男性董事。董事會滿意董事會的性別多元化，並將繼續維持多元化董事會。提名委員會也會注意保持和加強對女性高潛人才的關注、選拔和培養，在需要時為董事會提名和推薦有能力和合資格的候選人。未來將在維持至少一名董事會成員為女性的基礎上，在物色和培養提名人士時持續充分考量性別因素。

As at 31 December 2025, the Group employed 310 employees (2024: 323), the ratio of male employees to female employees was approximately 75%:25% (2024: 69%:31%).

In assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate as a member of the Board, the Nomination Committee would follow the nomination policy and consider factors including:

- (a) Reputation;
- (b) Skills, knowledge, experience, cultural and educational background, gender, age and other qualities required, with due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board;
- (c) The extent to which the proposed candidate is likely to contribute to the overall effectiveness of the Board and work constructively with the existing Directors;
- (d) The skills and experience that the proposed candidate brings to the role and how he/she will enhance the efficiency and performance of the Board as a whole;
- (e) The nature of existing positions served by the proposed candidate including directorships or other relationship with the Company and/or its Directors and impact they may have on his/her ability to exercise independent judgment; and
- (f) Factors which may affect the proposed candidate's time commitment to the Company.

These factors are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee held six meetings to make recommendation on nomination and appointment of the Directors, review independence of independent non-executive Directors, review the structure, size and composition of the Board and review the Board diversity policy.

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團僱用310名僱員（二零二四年：323名），男僱員與女僱員的比率約為75%:25%（二零二四年：69%:31%）。

在評估建議候選人是否適合擔任董事會成員時，提名委員會將遵從提名政策，而考慮的因素包括：

- (a) 聲譽；
- (b) 技能、知識、經驗、文化及教育背景、性別、年齡及其他所需特質，顧及董事會多元化的裨益；
- (c) 建議候選人對董事會整體效益可能作出貢獻及與現任董事積極合作的程度；
- (d) 建議候選人擔任職務帶來的技能及經驗，以及彼等將如何提升董事會整體效益及表現；
- (e) 建議候選人目前所擔任職位的性質，包括董事或與本公司及／或其董事的其他關係及可能對彼等行使獨立判斷能力造成的影響；及
- (f) 可能影響建議候選人對本公司付出時間的因素。

該等因素僅供參考，並不具全面性及決定性。提名委員會有權提名任何其認為合適的人士。

於本年度，提名委員會召開六次會議以就董事提名及委任作出推薦意見、審查獨立非執行董事的獨立性、檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成以及審閱董事會多元化政策。

Investment Committee

Composition

The Company established the Investment Committee pursuant to a resolution of Directors passed on 21 September 2016. The Investment Committee has set up the written terms of reference on the same date. The primary responsibilities of the Investment Committee are to (i) review, evaluate investment projects and issue opinion for long-term development plan of the Company (including mergers & acquisition, joint venture and equity investments) and make recommendations to the Board; (ii) to study and make recommendations to the Board on the major investment and financing solutions, major capital investment and assets management, and other significant investment matters which may have effect on the development of the Company.

The composition of the Investment Committee during the Year and up to the date of this report is as follow:

Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo (*Chairman*)
Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol
Mr. Hon Ming Sang
Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)
Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

During the Year, the Investment Committee held two meetings to review and make recommendation of several investment projects.

投資委員會

組成

本公司根據於二零一六年九月二十一日通過的董事決議成立了投資委員會。投資委員會於同日制定了書面職權範圍。投資委員會的主要職責為：(i) 審閱及評估投資項目，對本公司長遠發展計劃（包括併購、合營及股本投資）發表意見，並向董事會提供推薦建議；(ii) 研究重大投資及融資方案、重大資本投資及資產管理、可能影響本公司發展之其他重大投資事宜，並向董事會提供推薦建議。

於本年度及直至本報告日期投資委員會的組成如下：

陳錫強先生（主席）
田一好女士
韓銘生先生
曾少欣先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任）
袁紹槐先生（於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任）

於本年度，投資委員會舉行兩次會議，以對若干投資項目進行了審閱並提供推薦建議。

Attendance Record of Directors in 2025

二零二五年董事出席記錄

		Annual General Meeting 股東 週年大會	Board Meetings 董事會會議	Audit Committee Meetings 審核 委員會會議	C&B Committee Meetings 薪酬及福利 委員會會議	Nomination Committee Meetings 提名 委員會會議	Investment Committee Meetings 投資 委員會會議
Number of Meetings	會議次數	1	14	4	4	6	2
Directors:	董事：						
Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo	陳錫強先生	1/1	12/14	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	2/2
Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol ¹	田一好女士 ¹	1/1	11/14	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/0	2/2
Mr. Zhou Yi ²	周易先生 ²	0/0	3/3	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Ms. Wang Fang ³	王芳女士 ³	0/1	5/6	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek	王佇維先生	1/1	12/14	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Mr. Hon Ming Sang ⁴	韓銘生先生 ⁴	1/1	13/14	4/4	4/4	6/6	2/2
Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon ⁵	鄧澍培先生 ⁵	1/1	10/11	3/3	2/2	4/4	N/A不適用
Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick ⁶	曾少欣先生 ⁶	1/1	10/10	2/3	1/1	3/3	2/2
Mr. David Tsoi ⁷	蔡大維先生 ⁷	0/0	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1	N/A不適用
Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai ⁸	袁紹槐先生 ⁸	0/0	3/3	1/1	2/2	2/2	0/0

Notes:

- Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee on 30 June 2025.
- Mr. Zhou Yi was appointed as an executive Director on 16 June 2025 and resigned on 31 October 2025.
- Ms. Wang Fang resigned from an executive Director on 24 June 2025.
- Mr. Hon Ming Sang appointed as the Chairman of the Audit Committee on 3 April 2025.
- Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon appointed as an independent non-executive Director, member of each of the Audit Committee, the C&B Committee and the Nomination Committee on 3 April 2025.
- Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick appointed as an independent non-executive Director, a member of each of the Audit Committee, the C&B Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Investment Committee on 24 April 2025.
- Mr. David Tsoi resigned from an independent non-executive Director, the Chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of each of the C&B Committee and the Nomination Committee on 3 April 2025.
- Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai resigned from independent non-executive Director, a member of each of the Audit Committee, the C&B Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Investment Committee on 24 April 2025.

附註：

- 田一好女士於二零二五年六月三十日獲委任為提名委員會成員。
- 周易先生於二零二五年六月十六日獲委任為執行董事，於二零二五年十月三十一日辭任。
- 王芳女士於二零二五年六月二十四日辭任執行董事。
- 韓銘生先生於二零二五年四月三日獲委任為審核委員會主席。
- 鄧澍培先生於二零二五年四月三日獲委任為獨立非執行董事以及審核委員會、薪酬及福利委員會和提名委員會各自之成員。
- 曾少欣先生於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任為獨立非執行董事以及審核委員會、薪酬及福利委員會、提名委員會和投資委員會各自之成員。
- 蔡大維先生於二零二五年四月三日辭任獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席以及薪酬及福利委員會和提名委員會各自之成員。
- 袁紹槐先生於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任獨立非執行董事以及審核委員會、薪酬及福利委員會、提名委員會和投資委員會各自之成員。

Corporate governance functions

The Company's corporate governance functions are carried out by the Board pursuant to a set of written terms of reference adopted by the Board in compliance with code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, which include (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Group; (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees of the Group and the Directors; and (e) to review the Company's compliance with the applicable CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

Financial reporting

The Board, supported by the finance department, is responsible for the preparation of the Group's financial statements for each financial year which shall give a true and fair view of the financial position, performance and cash flows of the Group for that year. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025, the Board has selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The responsibilities of the Company's external auditors, BDO Limited, on the consolidated financial statements of the Company are set out in the section headed "Independent Auditors' Report" in this report.

企業管治職能

董事會根據董事會為符合企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1條而採納的書面職權範圍履行本公司的企業管治職能，包括(a)制定及審閱本公司的企業管治政策及慣例，並向董事會提出推薦意見；(b)檢討及監察董事及本集團高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展；(c)檢討及監察本公司的政策及慣例是否符合法律及監管規定；(d)制定、檢討及監察適用於本集團僱員及董事的行為守則及合規手冊（如有）；及(e)檢討本公司是否遵守適用的企業管治守則及企業管治報告中作出的披露。

財務呈報

董事會在財務部門的支持下負責編製本集團每個財政年度的財務報表，該等財務報表真實及公正地反映本集團於該年度的財務狀況、表現及現金流量。編製截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度的財務報表時，董事會已選取適用會計政策並貫徹使用，並審慎、公允而合理地作出判斷及估計，以及按持續經營基準編製財務報表。董事有責任作出一切合理而必須的步驟，保護本集團的資產，並且防止及偵查欺詐及其他異常情況。董事會並不知悉任何有關可能對本集團按持續基準繼續經營的能力構成重大疑問的事件或情況的任何重大不明朗因素。

本公司的外聘核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司就本公司綜合財務報表之責任載於本報告「獨立核數師報告」一節。

External auditors' remuneration

During the Year, the fees paid or payable to the Company's external auditors in respect of their audit and non-audit services were as follows:

外聘核數師酬金

於本年度，就核數及非核數服務已付或應付本公司外聘核數師的費用如下：

Type of Services	服務類別	HK\$'000 千港元
Audit services	核數服務	1,200
Non-audit services*	非核數服務*	140
Total	總計	1,340

* including the fees for agreed-upon procedures engagement on the interim condensed financial information of the Group.

* 包括就本集團中期簡明財務資料進行商定程序業務所涉及之費用。

COMPANY SECRETARY

During the Year, Mr. Chow Kit Ting ("Mr. Chow"), the former Company Secretary, resigned as the Company Secretary with effect from 24 April 2025. Following the resignation of Mr. Chow, Ms. Wong Kei Lam ("Ms. Wong") was appointed as the Company Secretary with effect from 24 April 2025.

公司秘書

自二零二五年四月二十四日起，前公司秘書周傑霆先生（「周先生」）於本年度辭任公司秘書。周先生辭任後，黃紀琳女士（「黃女士」）自二零二五年四月二十四日起獲委任為公司秘書。

During the Year, both Mr. Chow and Ms. Wong have provided compliance and full range of company secretarial services to the Company in order to assist the Company to cope with the changing regulatory environment and to suit different commercial needs.

於本年度，周先生及黃女士為本公司提供合規及全面的公司秘書服務，從而協助本公司應對瞬息萬變的監管環境及迎合不同的商業需要。

Ms. Wong is a fellow member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. During the Year, the Board has access to the advice and services of Ms. Wong at all time in accordance with code provision C.6.4 of the CG Code. Ms. Wong had taken no less than 15 hours of professional training during the Year pursuant to the Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

黃女士為香港會計師公會資深會員。於本年度，董事會一直根據企業管治守則C.6.4條守則條文取得黃女士的意見與服務。於本回顧年度，黃女士已根據上市規則第3.29條接受不少於15個小時的專業培訓。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

In accordance with the Listing Rules, any vote of Shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands. Therefore, all votes of the Shareholders at general meetings shall be taken by poll. The results of voting by poll will be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively.

How Shareholders can convene a special general meeting and put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

Pursuant to article 62 of the New Bye-laws, any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary by mail at Room 02-03, 18/F, AIA Financial Centre, 712 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Procedures by which enquiries may be put to the Board

Shareholders may put forward their proposals or inquiries to the Board by sending their written request to the Company's correspondence address in Hong Kong.

INVESTORS AND SHAREHOLDERS RELATIONS

Since the change of domicile with effect from 7 July 2021, the changes in the Company's constitutional documents have been available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

股東權利

根據上市規則，除主席以誠實信用的原則做出決定，容許純粹有關程序或行政事宜的決議案以舉手方式表決外，於股東大會上任何股東必須以投票方式表決。因此，股東於股東大會的所有投票須以投票方式表決。投票結果將分別在聯交所及本公司的網站上公佈。

股東如何召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上提出建議

根據新細則第62條，任何於發出要求當日持有有權於本公司股東大會上投票的本公司繳足股本不少於十分之一的一名或多名股東，有權透過郵寄至香港九龍新蒲崗太子道東712號友邦九龍金融中心18樓02-03室向董事會或公司秘書致函請求董事會召開股東特別大會，以處理該等要求列明的任何事項或決議案，而該等會議須在發出要求後兩個月內召開。如董事會在發出要求後21天內未能召開有關會議，則請求人可自行召開會議，且因董事會未能召開會議而產生的所有合理的費用均須由本公司向請求人付還。

股東可向董事會提出查詢的程序

股東可將書面要求發送至本公司在香港的通信地址，藉此向董事會提交建議或諮詢。

投資者及股東關係

自二零二一年七月七日遷冊生效後，本公司之章程文件變動可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

The Board recognises the importance of maintaining clear, timely and effective communication with Shareholders and investors of the Company. The Board also recognises that effective communication with investors is the key to establish investor confidence and to attract new investors. Therefore, the Group is committed to maintaining a high degree of transparency to ensure that the investors and the Shareholders receiving accurate, clear, comprehensive and timely information of the Group by the publication of annual reports, interim reports, announcements and circulars. The Company also publishes all corporate correspondence on the Company's website at <http://www.investech-holdings.com>. The Board continues to maintain regular dialogues with institutional investors and analysts from time to time to keep them informed of the Group's strategy, operations, management and plans. The Directors and the members of the Board committees would attend and are available to answer questions at general meetings of the Company. Separate resolutions would be proposed at general meetings of the Company on each substantially separate issue.

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns in writing to the Board, which contact details are as follows:

Address: Room 02-03, 18/F, AIA Financial Centre, 712 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Telephone: (+852) 2155 2662

EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company has adopted the shareholder communication policy. The purpose of the policy is to ensure that Shareholders and investors have equal and timely access to the Company's information, enable Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and allow them to participate actively in the Company's affairs. The Company publishes updated information on its business operations and development, financial data, corporate governance practices and other information on its website for public access. Meanwhile, the Company also receives enquiries from Shareholders and investors, handling relevant information requests and ensuring timely and effective communication with Shareholders and investors.

The Group had made effective development in investor relations during the Year under the leadership and support of the Board and management. The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the shareholder communication policy during the Year, and believes that the Company's shareholder communication policy has been properly implemented and was effective during the Year.

董事會認同與本公司股東及投資者保持清晰、及時而有效的溝通的重要性。董事會亦認同與投資者進行有效溝通是建立投資者信心及吸引新投資者的關鍵所在。因此，本集團致力保持高透明度，確保投資者及股東通過刊發年報、中期報告、公告及通函得到準確、清晰、完整而及時的集團資料，而本公司亦在公司網站 <http://www.investech-holdings.com> 刊發全部企業通信。董事會持續與機構投資者及分析員保持定期溝通，不時讓彼等得悉本集團的策略、營運、管理及計劃。董事及董事委員會成員會出席本公司的股東大會並解答問題。各重大議題須以獨立決議案方式於本公司股東大會上呈。

股東可隨時以書面方式向董事會發出查詢及關切，聯繫方式如下：

地址：香港九龍新蒲崗太子道東712號友邦九龍金融中心18樓02-03室
電話：(+852) 2155 2662

與股東及投資者有效溝通

本公司已採納股東通訊政策，目的為確保股東及投資者可平等並及時取得本公司的信息，使股東在知情情況下行使彼等權利及允許彼等積極參與公司事務。本公司於網站刊登有關其業務營運及發展的最新情況、財務數據、企業管治常規及其他資訊，以供公眾人士讀取。同時，本公司亦接收股東及投資者的查詢、處理相關的資料索取要求，確保與股東及投資者維持及時有效的通訊。

於本年度，本集團的投資者關係工作在董事會及經營管理層的領導和支持下有效發展。董事會已審閱股東通訊政策於本年度的執行情況及成效，認為本公司股東通訊政策於本年度已適當實施且為有效。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

During the Year, the Board complied with the code provisions on risk management and internal control as set out in the CG Code. The Board has overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems for the Group. The systems are designed to manage the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The procedures and feature of the Group's risk management and internal control systems are as follows:

For risk management

- Identification: Identify ownership of risks, business objectives and risks that could affect the achievement of objectives.
- Evaluation: Analyze the likelihood and impact of risks and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly.
- Management: Consider the risk responses, ensure effective communication to the Board and on-going monitor the residual risks.

For internal control

- Control Environment: A set of standards, processes and structures that provide the basis for carrying out internal control across the Group.
- Risk Assessment: A dynamic and iterative process for identifying and analysing risks to achieve the Group's objectives, forming a basis for determining how risks should be managed.
- Control Activities: Action established by policies and procedures to help ensure that management directives to mitigate risks to the achievement of objectives are carried out.
- Information and Communication: Internal and external communication to provide the Group with the information needed to carry out day-to-day controls.
- Monitoring: Ongoing and separate evaluations to ascertain whether each components of internal control is present and functioning.

風險管理及內部監控

於本年度，董事會已遵守企業管治守則所載之風險管理及內部監控守則條文。董事會有整體責任評估及釐定本集團為達成戰略目標所願承擔的風險性質及程度，並維持本集團適當及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統。系統旨在管理未能達成業務目標的風險，而且只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統的特徵及程序如下：

風險管理系統

- 識別：識別風險所有權、業務目標及可能影響目標達成的風險。
- 評估：分析風險的可能性及影響並對風險組合作出相應評估。
- 管理：考慮風險應對，確保與董事會已就風險進行有效溝通並持續監察剩餘風險。

內部監控

- 監控環境：為本集團開展內部監控提供基礎的一套標準、程序及結構。
- 風險評估：識別及分析風險以達成本集團目標並就如何管理風險形成依據的動態迭代流程。
- 監控行動：政策及程序為幫助確保減輕風險以達成目標的管理層指令獲執行而制定的行動。
- 資料及通訊：為本集團提供進行日常監控所需資料的內部及外部通訊。
- 監察：為確定內部監控的各組成部份是否存在及運行而進行的持續及單獨評估。

The management of the Company has established a set of comprehensive policies, standards and procedures in areas of operational, financial and risk controls for safeguarding assets against unauthorised use or disposition; for maintaining proper accounting records; and for ensuring the reliability of financial information to achieve a satisfactory level of assurance against the likelihood of the occurrence of fraud and errors.

The Board has overseen the Company's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis. A year end review of the effectiveness of the Company's and its subsidiaries' risk management and internal control systems has been conducted annually and the systems are considered to be effective and adequate. The Company has maintained the internal audit function by engaging an external independent internal control consultant to carry out the analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the systems, and has procedures in place to keep information confidential and manage actual or potential conflicts of interest. Stringent internal structures have been designed to prevent the misuse of inside information and avoid conflicts of interest.

The Group has established systems and procedures for disseminating inside information as defined under the SFO so as to ensure inside information is promptly identified and escalated. Directors and management of the Group have received relevant trainings to ensure inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information is appropriately approved, and the dissemination of such information is efficiently and consistently made.

本公司管理層就業務、財務及風險監控方面制定了一套綜合政策、標準及程序，以保障資產不會在未經授權情況下遭使用或處置；妥善保存會計記錄；並保證財務資料的可靠性，藉以合理保證不會出現欺詐及錯誤情況。

董事會持續監督本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統，每年會對本公司及其附屬公司的風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性進行年終回顧，而該等系統被認為有效且適當。本公司透過委聘一名外部獨立內部控制顧問，以對該等系統是否足夠及有效進行分析及獨立評估，從而維持內部審核功能，並設有程序以確保資料保密及管理實質或潛在的利益衝突。內部架構設計嚴密，以防範不當使用內幕消息及避免利益衝突。

本集團已制定發佈證券及期貨條例界定之內幕消息的系統及程序，以確保內幕消息得以及時識別及向上呈報。董事及本集團管理層接受相關培訓，以確保內幕消息披露得到適當批准前一直對有關消息保密，並有效及一致地傳播此類消息。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

The Directors are pleased to submit herewith this annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025 (the “Year”).

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability and its principal place of business in Hong Kong is Room 02-03, 18/F, AIA Financial Centre, 712 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the Year, the Group was mainly engaged in the provision of network system integration including the provision of network infrastructure solutions, network professional services and smart office software solutions, and the network equipment rental business.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the Year is included in the sections of Chairman’s Statement, Financial Summary and Management Discussion and Analysis which are set out in pages 5 to 24 of this report and the paragraphs below.

The Group complies with the requirements under the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and the SFO for the disclosure of information and corporate governance. The Group also complies with the requirements of the Employment Ordinance and ordinances relating to occupational safety for the interest of employees of the Group. No important business event affecting the Group has occurred since the end of the financial year under review up to the date of this report.

董事欣然提呈本年報及截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度（「本年度」）的經審核綜合財務報表。

香港主要營業地點

本公司為在開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司並於百慕達存續的有限公司，其於香港的主要營業地點位於香港九龍新蒲崗太子道東712號友邦九龍金融中心18樓02-03室。

主要業務

於本年度，本集團主要從事提供網絡系統整合，包括提供網絡基礎建設解決方案、網絡專業服務及智慧辦公軟件解決方案，以及網絡設備租賃業務。

業務回顧

主席報告、財務摘要及管理層討論及分析章節涵蓋本集團的本年度業務回顧，載於本報告第5頁至24頁，以及載於以下段落。

本集團遵守公司條例、上市規則以及證券及期貨條例有關資料披露及企業管治的要求。為本集團僱員的權益著想，本集團亦遵守僱傭條例及有關職業安全條例的要求。自回顧財政年度末起至本報告日期，並無發生影響本集團的重要業務事件。

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group promotes environmental protection by raising the employees' awareness of resources saving and efficient use of energy. In recent years, the Group has implemented several policies to encourage employees for saving energy and paper. All these policies aim at reducing resources and saving costs which are beneficial to the environment and meet the commercial goals of the Group.

For further information about the environment policies and performance of the Company during the Year, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report prepared in accordance with Appendix C2 to the Listing Rules published on the date of publication of this report and available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company accordingly.

KEY RISK FACTORS

The following lists out the key risks and uncertainties facing the Group:

Impact of Local and International Regulations

The business operation of the Group is subject to government policies, relevant regulations and guidelines established by the regulatory authorities. Failure to comply with applicable rules and requirements may lead to penalties, amendments or suspension of the business operation by the authorities. The Group closely monitors changes in government policies, regulations and markets as well as conducting studies to assess the impact of such changes.

Third-Party Risks

The Group has been relying on third-party service providers in parts of business to improve performance and efficiency of the Group. While gaining the benefits from external service providers, management realises that such operational dependency may pose a threat of vulnerability to unexpected poor or lapses in service including reputation damage, business disruption and monetary losses. To address such uncertainties, the Group only engages reputable third party providers and closely monitors their performance.

環境政策及表現

本集團透過提升僱員珍惜資源、善用能源之意識，推動環保。本集團近年已實施多項政策，鼓勵僱員節約能源及用紙。所有該等政策均旨在減省資源及成本，對環境有利，亦符合本集團之商業目標。

有關本公司於本年度環境政策及表現之進一步資料，請參閱根據上市規則附錄C2編製的環境、社會及管治報告，該報告於本報告刊發當日刊發及於聯交所及本公司網站刊載。

主要風險因素

以下列出本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因素：

本地及國際規定的影響

本集團的業務經營受政府政策、監管部門制訂的相關法規及指引所規限。倘未能遵守適用的規則及規定或會導致當局作出處罰、修改或暫停業務經營。本集團密切監察政府政策、法規及市場變動，以及對評估該等變動的影響進行研究。

第三方風險

本集團的部分業務一直依賴第三方服務供應商，以改善本集團的表現及效率。儘管本集團透過外部服務供應商而獲得實益，惟管理層意識到，該營運依賴性可能較易受到其不可預計的惡劣服務或未能提供服務的威脅，包括聲譽受損、業務中斷及金錢損失。為處理該等不明朗因素，本集團只委聘信譽良好的第三方供應商，並密切監察其表現。

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group recognises the accomplishment of the employees by providing comprehensive benefit package, career development opportunities and internal training appropriate to individual needs. The Group provides a healthy and safe workplace for all employees. No strikes and cases of fatality due to workplace accidents are found in the year under review.

The Group encompasses working relationships with suppliers to meet our customers' needs in an effective and efficient manner. Each department works closely to make sure the tendering and procurement process is conducted in an open, fair and just manner. The Group's requirements and standards are also well-communicated to suppliers before the commencement of a project.

The Group values the views and opinions of all customers through various means and channels, including usage of business intelligence to understand customer trends and needs and regular analysis on customer feedback. The Group also conducts comprehensive tests and checks to ensure that only quality products and services are offered to the customers.

SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIVIDEND

The Directors consider that the declaration, payment and amount of the dividend shall be subject to the status of the Group's future development. The Board does not recommend any final dividend for the Year (2024: Nil).

與僱員、客戶及供應商的主要關係

本集團透過提供全面福利計劃、事業發展機會及適合個人需要的內部培訓課程以嘉勉僱員的成就。本集團為所有僱員提供健康及安全的工作環境。於回顧年間並無罷工及因工死亡個案。

本集團載明與供應商的工作關係，以有效快捷之方法滿足客戶的需求。各部門緊密合作，以確保招標及採購程序在公開、公平、公正的原則下進行。供應商亦於開展項目前清楚了解本集團的要求及標準。

本集團重視所有客戶的想法及意見，並透過多項方法及渠道收集，包括運用商業情報以了解客戶趨勢及需要，以及定期分析客戶意見。本集團亦進行綜合測試及檢查，以確保只提供優質產品及服務予客戶。

附屬公司

有關本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註1。

股息

董事認為，股息的宣派、派付及其金額須取決於本集團未來發展狀況。董事會並不建議就本年度宣派任何末期股息（二零二四年：無）。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company will declare and/or recommend the payment of dividends to Shareholders after considering the Company's ability to pay dividends, which will depend upon, among other things, its actual and expected financial performance, its current and future business operation, level of liquidity, capital requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and so on. The Board has complete discretion on whether to pay a dividend, subject to Shareholders' approval, where applicable. Even if the Board decides to recommend and pay dividends, the form, frequency and amount will depend upon its actual financial performance, its current and future business operation, level of liquidity, capital requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions of and affecting the Group. The Board may also consider declaring special dividends from time to time, in addition to the interim and/or final dividends. The Company would review and reassess the dividend policy and its effectiveness on a regular basis or as required.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVE

The Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act of Bermuda, amounted to approximately RMB84.8 million as at 31 December 2025. Such amount includes the Company's share premium, contributed surplus and capital reserve accounts of approximately RMB973.3 million and accumulated losses of approximately RMB888.5 million in aggregate as at 31 December 2025.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company or its subsidiaries were entered into or existed during the Year.

股息政策

本公司將於計及其派息能力後向股東宣派及／或建議派付股息，而派息能力將取決於（其中包括）其實際及預期財務表現、其目前及未來業務營運、資金水平、資本要求、合約及監管限制等。董事會可全權酌情決定是否派付股息，並須經股東批准（如適用）方告作實。即使董事會決定建議及派付股息，惟有關形式、次數及金額將視乎本集團及影響本集團的實際財務表現、其目前及未來業務營運、資金水平、資本要求、合約及監管限制而定。除中期及／或末期股息外，董事會亦可能不時考慮宣派特別股息。本公司將定期或按規定檢討及重新評估股息政策及其成效。

可供分派儲備

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，按百慕達公司法計算，本公司的可供分派儲備為約人民幣84.8百萬元。該金額包括本公司於二零二五年十二月三十一日的股份溢價、繳入盈餘及資本儲備約人民幣973.3百萬元及累計虧損合共約人民幣888.5百萬元。

管理合約

本公司於本年度概無訂立與本公司或其附屬公司整體或任何主要部分業務有關之管理及行政合約或有此類合約存在。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Year, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's top five largest customers comprised approximately 37.2% (2024: 37.4%) of the Group's sales and the sales attributable to the Group's largest customer were approximately 16.4% of the Group's sales. The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's top five largest suppliers comprised approximately 39.3% (2024: 60.2%) of the Group's purchases for the year and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier were approximately 16.8% of the Group's purchases for the year.

So far as is known to the Directors, none of the Directors, their close associates or any Shareholders owning more than 5% of the Company's issued shares (excluding treasury shares) had any interest in the share capital of any of the top five largest customers and suppliers of the Group.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The results of the Group for the Year and the Group's financial position as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 80 to 207 of this report.

The Group's loss attributable to owners of the parent for the Year was approximately RMB49.3 million.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in the investment properties of the Group during the Year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements and its details are also set out in the section headed "Principal Properties" in this report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度，本集團五大客戶應佔之總銷售額佔本集團銷售額約37.2%（二零二四年：37.4%），而本集團最大客戶應佔之銷售額佔本集團銷售額約16.4%。本集團五大供應商應佔之總採購額佔年內本集團採購額約39.3%（二零二四年：60.2%），而本集團最大供應商應佔之採購額佔年內本集團採購額約16.8%。

就董事所知，概無董事、彼等的緊密聯繫人士或持有本公司已發行股份（不包括庫存股）5%以上之任何股東，於本集團任何五大客戶及供應商的股本中擁有任何權益。

財務報表

本集團於本年度的業績與本集團於該日的財務狀況載於本報告第80頁至207頁之綜合財務報表內。

於本年度，母公司擁有人應佔本集團虧損約為人民幣49.3百萬元。

投資物業

於本年度，本集團投資物業變動的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13及其詳情亦載於本報告「主要物業」一節。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度的物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註14。

股本

本公司於本年度的股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註31。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report include:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo (*Chairman and CEO*)
Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol (*Vice-chairman*)
Mr. Zhou Yi (appointed on 16 June 2025 and
resigned on 31 October 2025)
Ms. Wang Fang (*Vice CEO*) (resigned on 24 June 2025)

Non-executive Director

Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Hon Ming Sang
Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon (appointed on 3 April 2025)
Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick (appointed on 24 April 2025)
Mr. David Tsoi (resigned on 3 April 2025)
Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai (resigned on 24 April 2025)

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of independence. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Pursuant to article 99 of the New Bye-laws, at each meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual, general meeting at least once every three years. Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo (executive Director) and Mr. Hon Ming Sang (independent non-executive Director) are the Directors, whom, since their last election, serve the longest in office shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and are eligible to offer themselves for re-election.

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事

於本年度及截至本報告日期，董事包括：

執行董事

陳錫強先生 (*主席兼總裁*)
田一好女士 (*副主席*)
周易先生 (於二零二五年六月十六日獲委任及
於二零二五年十月三十一日辭任)
王芳女士 (*副總裁*) (於二零二五年
六月二十四日辭任)

非執行董事

王佇維先生

獨立非執行董事

韓銘生先生
鄧澍煒先生 (於二零二五年四月三日獲委任)
曾少欣先生 (於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任)
蔡大維先生 (於二零二五年四月三日辭任)
袁紹槐先生 (於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任)

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事就其獨立性發出的年度確認函。本公司認為，所有獨立非執行董事根據上市規則均屬獨立人士。

根據新細則第99條，在每屆大會上，當時在任的三分之一董事須輪值告退，惟每名董事須最少每三年於股東週年大會上退任一次。陳錫強先生（執行董事）及韓銘生先生（獨立非執行董事）為自上次當選以來任職時間最長之董事，彼等須於本公司應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任，並符合資格膺選連任。

擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事概無訂立本公司或其任何附屬公司不可於一年內不付賠償（法定賠償除外）而終止之未屆滿服務合約。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company. Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo has entered into a service contract with the Company for the period from 23 December 2024 to 22 December 2027. Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol has entered into a service contract with the Company for the period from 11 April 2025 to 31 December 2027.

Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek (non-executive Director) has entered into an service contract with the Company for a term of three years starting from 1 August 2022, and was further renewed by letter of appointment for the period starting from 1 August 2025 to 31 December 2027.

Each of independent non-executive Directors has entered letter of appointment with the Company. Mr. Hon Ming Sang has entered into letter of appointment with the Company for the period from 31 January 2023 to 30 January 2026, which has been renewed for the period from 31 January 2026 to 31 December 2027. Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon has entered into letter of appointment with the Company for the period from 3 April 2025 to 31 December 2027. Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick has entered into letter of appointment with the Company for the period from 24 April 2025 to 31 December 2027.

All service contracts or letters of appointment with Directors are subject to termination, among others, by giving not less than three month's written notice.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The C&B Committee considers and recommends to the Board the remuneration and other benefits paid by the Company to the Directors. The remuneration of all Directors is subject to regular monitoring by the C&B Committee to ensure that the levels of their remuneration and compensation are appropriate. Details of Directors' remuneration are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 25 to 30 of this report.

DISCLOSURE OF CHANGE IN INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

Pursuant to rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the change of information on the Directors is as follows:

Mr. David Tsoi resigned as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the Audit Committee, and a member of each of the C&B Committee and the Nomination Committee with effect from 3 April 2025.

董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約。陳錫強先生已與本公司訂立服務合約，期限為二零二四年十二月二十三日至二零二七年十二月二十二日。田一好女士已與本公司訂立服務合約，期限為二零二五年四月十一日至二零二七年十二月三十一日。

王佇維先生（非執行董事）已與本公司訂立服務合約，自二零二二年八月一日起為期三年，並經委任函進一步重續，期間自二零二五年八月一日起至二零二七年十二月三十一日止。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函。韓銘生先生已與本公司訂立委任函，任期自二零二三年一月三十一日至二零二六年一月三十日，並已重續，期間自二零二六年一月三十一日至二零二七年十二月三十一日止。鄧澍培先生已與本公司訂立委任函，任期為二零二五年四月三日至二零二七年十二月三十一日。曾少欣先生已與本公司訂立委任函，任期為二零二五年四月二十四日至二零二七年十二月三十一日。

與董事訂立之所有服務合約或委任函均可由（其中包括）不少於三個月的書面通知予以終止。

董事酬金

薪酬及福利委員會考慮由本公司向董事支付的酬金及其他福利，並就此向董事會提出建議。所有董事的酬金須由薪酬及福利委員會定期檢討，以確保彼等的薪酬水平乃屬適當。有關董事酬金的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

董事的履歷

有關董事的履歷詳情載於本報告第25頁至30頁。

披露董事資料變更

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條，董事資料變更如下：

自二零二五年四月三日起，蔡大維先生辭任獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席以及薪酬及福利委員會及提名委員會各自之成員。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the C&B Committee and the Nomination Committee with effect from 3 April 2025.

Mr. Hon Ming Sang was appointed as the chairman of the Audit Committee with effect from 3 April 2025.

Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai resigned as an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the C&B Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Investment Committee with effect from 24 April 2025.

Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the C&B Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Investment Committee with effect from 24 April 2025.

Mr. Zhou Yi was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 16 June 2025, and resigned with effect from 31 October 2025.

Ms. Wang Fang resigned as an executive Director and the vice chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 24 June 2025.

Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from 30 June 2025.

Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon has been appointed as member of Accounting and Financial Reporting Review Tribunal for the term from 1 October 2025 to 30 September 2027.

Mr. Hon Ming Sang has been appointed as an independent non-executive director, a member of each of the audit committee, the nomination committee and the remuneration committee of the board of directors of Alman Limited (a company listed on GEM with Stock Code: 8186) with effect from 14 January 2026.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has maintained appropriate directors and officers liability insurance and such permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the Year.

自二零二五年四月三日起，鄧澍焙先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事以及審核委員會、薪酬及福利委員會和提名委員會各自之成員。

自二零二五年四月三日起，韓銘生先生獲委任為審核委員會主席。

自二零二五年四月二十四日起，袁紹槐先生辭任獨立非執行董事及審核委員會、薪酬及福利委員會、提名委員會及投資委員會各自之成員。

自二零二五年四月二十四日起，曾少欣先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事及審核委員會、薪酬及福利委員會、提名委員會及投資委員會各自之成員。

自二零二五年六月十六日起，周易先生獲委任為執行董事，並自二零二五年十月三十一日起辭任。

自二零二五年六月二十四日起，王芳女士辭任本公司執行董事及副總裁。

自二零二五年六月三十日起，田一妤女士獲委任為提名委員會成員。

鄧澍焙先生獲委任為會計及財務匯報覆核審裁處委員，任期自二零二五年十月一日至二零二七年九月三十日。

韓銘生先生自二零二六年一月十四日起已獲委任為曼納有限公司（一間於GEM上市之公司，股份代號：8186）董事會轄下獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員。

獲准彌償條文

本公司已為董事及行政人員購買相關責任保障保險，而該惠及董事的獲准彌償條文現正生效，並於整個年度生效。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company, or any of its holding company, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director and a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the Year.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2025, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provision of the SFO) or which were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as follows:

Interest in Shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of issued ordinary Shares held/ interested in 所持有/ 擁有權益之 已發行 普通股數目	Number of underlying shares of the Company held/interested in 所持有/ 擁有權益之 本公司相關 股份數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company (approximate) 佔本公司 已發行股本 百分比(概約)
Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo (“Mr. Chan”) 陳錫強先生(「陳先生」)	Interest of controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾ 受控法團權益 ⁽¹⁾	15,505,941 (L)	-	7.76%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	5,241,850 (L)	-	2.62%
	Beneficial owner ⁽²⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽²⁾	-	36,000 (L)	0.02%
Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol (“Ms. Tin”) 田一好女士(「田女士」)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	18,417,400 (L)	-	9.21%

(L): Long position

董事於交易、安排或合約中之權益

本公司或其任何控股公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司在年末時或於本年度任何時間，並無訂立董事及董事之關連實體於其中擁有重大權益之重大交易、安排或合約。

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，董事及本公司最高行政人員於本公司或任何其相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部）股份、相關股份及債權證中所擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部已知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉（包括根據該證券及期貨條例之規定被當作或視為擁有的權益或淡倉），或須記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定存置之登記冊的權益或淡倉，或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則（「標準守則」）已知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下：

本公司股份及相關股份中的權益

(L) : 好倉

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (continued)

Interest in Shares and underlying shares of the Company

(continued)

Notes:

- (1) Mr. Chan was deemed to be interested in 15,505,941 Shares, representing 15,505,941 Shares held by Smoothly Global Holdings Limited by virtue of it being owned as to 70% by Mr. Chan.
- (2) These underlying Shares are the share options granted to Mr. Chan under the share option schemes of the Company, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Schemes" below.
- (3) The total number of the issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2025 (i.e. 199,888,000 shares) had been used for the calculation of the approximate percentage shareholdings in the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2025, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which had been recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or which had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉 (續)

本公司股份及相關股份中的權益 (續)

附註:

- (1) 由於陳先生擁有 Smoothly Global Holdings Limited 之 70% 權益，故陳先生被視為於 15,505,941 股股份中擁有權益，代表 Smoothly Global Holdings Limited 所持有的 15,505,941 股股份。
- (2) 該等相關股份為根據本公司購股權計劃向陳先生授出的購股權，其詳情載於下文「購股權計劃」一段。
- (3) 本公司於二零二五年十二月三十一日已發行股份總數（即 199,888,000 股股份）用以計算本公司的概約持股百分比。

除上文所披露者外，於二零二五年十二月三十一日，概無本公司董事或最高行政人員於本公司或任何其相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例第 XV 部）股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或視為擁有已記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第 352 條規定由本公司存置之登記冊的權益或淡倉，或根據標準守則已知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

ARRANGEMENT FOR DIRECTORS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed herein, at no time during the Year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director of the Company or their respective spouses or minor children, or were such rights exercised by them, or was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of the Company or any other body corporate.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

Details of the equity-linked agreement that subsisted as at 31 December 2025 are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Schemes" below:

Share Option Schemes *Old Share Option Scheme*

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 25 October 2010 (the "Old Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of enabling the Company to grant options to selected eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high caliber employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any invested entity.

Eligible participants include the Directors, any employee (whether full-time or part-time) or Shareholder, and any customer, supplier, agent, business or joint venture business partner, consultant, distributor, promoter, service provider, adviser or contractor to any member of the Group.

董事購買股份或債權證的安排

除本文所披露者外，本公司概無於本年度任何時間向本公司任何董事、彼等各自的配偶或未滿十八歲的子女授出權利，藉以認購本公司的股份或債權證而獲取利益，而彼等亦無行使任何該等權利；本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排，致使本公司董事可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債務證券（包括債權證）而獲取利益。

股票掛鈎協議

於二零二五年十二月三十一日存續的股票掛鈎協議的詳情載於下文「購股權計劃」一段：

購股權計劃 *舊購股權計劃*

本公司於二零一零年十月二十五日採納購股權計劃（「舊購股權計劃」），目的是令本公司向選定合資格參與人士授出購股權作為彼等對本集團所作貢獻之鼓勵或獎勵，及／或令本集團能聘用及留聘優秀僱員以及吸引對本集團及任何投資實體具有價值的人力資源。

合資格參與者包括董事、任何僱員（全職或兼職）或股東，以及本集團任何成員公司的任何客戶、供應商、代理、業務或合資企業業務合作夥伴、諮詢人、分銷商、發起人、服務提供者、顧問或分包商。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT (continued)

Share Option Schemes (continued)

Old Share Option Scheme (continued)

The maximum number of Share which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Old Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Group shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issued as at the date of listing on the Stock Exchange, i.e. 72,000,000 Shares. The scheme mandate limit was refreshed on the annual general meeting of the Company held on 24 May 2017 to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue on the same day, i.e. 97,500,000 Shares. No option may be granted to any participant of the Share Option Scheme such that the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to that person in any 12-month period up to the date of the latest grant exceeds 1% of the Company's issued share capital from time to time.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Old Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as determined by the Board and not exceeding 10 years from the date of the grant. There is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised. Participants of the Old Share Option Scheme are required to pay the Company HK\$1.0 upon acceptance of the grant on the offer date. The exercise price of the options is determined by the Board in its absolute discretion and shall not be less than which ever is the highest of:

- (a) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of the grant, which must be a business day;
- (b) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five (5) trading days immediately preceding the date of the grant; and
- (c) the nominal value of a Share.

The Old Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 15 November 2010 after which no further options will be granted or offered. As at 31 December 2025, the Old Share Option Scheme has expired.

股票掛鈎協議 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

舊購股權計劃 (續)

根據舊購股權計劃及本集團任何其他計劃將予授出的所有購股權獲行使而可能發行的最高股份數目不得超過聯交所上市日期已發行股份總數的10% (即72,000,000股股份)。計劃授權限額已於二零一七年五月二十四日舉行的本公司股東週年大會中更新至本公司當日已發行股份之10%，即97,500,000股股份。倘行使向某一參與人士授出及將授出的購股權會導致截至最近授出之日止任何十二個月期間內發行及將發行的股份總數超過本公司不時已發行股本的1%，則不得根據購股權計劃向該合資格參與人士授出購股權。

購股權可於董事會所釐定的期間內任何時間按舊購股權計劃的條款行使，惟不得超過授出當日起計10年。購股權於行使前並無最短持有期限。舊購股權計劃的參與人士須於授出日接納購股權時向本公司支付1.0港元。購股權的行使價由董事會全權酌情釐定，惟不得低於下列最高者：

- (a) 授出購股權當日 (必須為營業日) 聯交所每日報價表所列的股份收市價；
- (b) 緊接授出購股權當日前五(5)個交易日聯交所每日報價表所列的股份平均收市價；及
- (c) 股份面值。

舊購股權計劃於二零一零年十一月十五日起計10年期間有效及生效，期滿後不得再授出或授予購股權。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，舊購股權計劃已屆滿。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT (continued)

Share Option Schemes (continued)

New Share Option Scheme

On 3 May 2021, the Board proposed to adopt a new share option scheme (the "New Share Option Scheme") upon the approval by the Shareholders at the Company's extraordinary general meeting held on 23 June 2021 (the "EGM").

On 23 June 2021, the Board announced that the New Share Option Scheme were duly passed by the Shareholders by poll at the EGM.

The summary of the New Share Option Scheme's principal terms was set out in Appendix II of the circular of the Company dated 31 May 2021.

The purposes of the New Share Option Scheme are, through ownership of Shares and/or the increase in value of Shares, to align the participants' interests with those of the Group, to incentivise and reward the participants for their contribution to the long-term growth and profits of the Group and any entity in which any member of the Group holds as to more than 50% of the total equity interest of such entity ("Invested Entity"), and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any of the Invested Entity, with a view to achieving the objective of increasing the value of the Group.

Eligible participants include the Directors, any employee (whether full-time or part-time) of the Company, any supplier of goods or services to, any customer of, and any advisors, consultants, agents and distributors of any member of the Group. Following the amendments to Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules which took effect on 1 January 2023, the Group will only grant options to such eligible participants which are permitted under the Listing Rules.

股票掛鈎協議 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

新購股權計劃

於二零二一年五月三日，董事會建議待股東於本公司於二零二一年六月二十三日舉行的股東特別大會（「股東特別大會」）上批准後採納新購股權計劃（「新購股權計劃」）。

於二零二一年六月二十三日，董事會宣佈，新購股權計劃已以投票方式於股東特別大會獲股東正式通過。

新購股權計劃的主要條款概要載於本公司日期為二零二一年五月三十一日的通函附錄二內。

新購股權計劃旨在透過股份擁有權及／或股份增值，使參與者之利益與本集團之利益保持一致，以激勵及獎勵參與者對本集團及本集團任何成員公司持有超過有關實體總股權50%的任何實體（「投資實體」）之長期增長及溢利作出貢獻，及／或使本集團能招攬及挽留骨幹僱員並吸納對本集團及任何投資實體具有價值之人力資源，從而實現提升本集團價值的目標。

合資格參與人士包括董事、任何本公司僱員（不論全職或兼職），以及向本集團任何成員公司提供貨品或服務的任何供應商、彼等的任何客戶及任何諮詢人、顧問、代理及分銷商。於修訂上市規則第17章於二零二三年一月一日生效後，本集團將僅向合資格參與者授予上市規則准許的購股權。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT (continued)**Share Option Schemes** (continued)**New Share Option Scheme** (continued)

As at 1 January 2025 and 31 December 2025, 7,020,000 Shares may be issued upon the exercise of all share options to be granted under the New Share Option Scheme, representing 10% of the total of 70,200,000 Shares in issue on the adoption date (i.e. 23 June 2021) and approximately 3.51% of the number of issued Shares as at the date of this report. On 13 September 2021, options carrying the rights to subscribe for 6,528,600 Shares under the New Share Option Scheme have been granted, of which all share options were lapsed and no share options were outstanding as at 31 December 2025 and up to the date of this report. As at 1 January 2025 and 31 December 2025, 491,400 options might be granted under the scheme mandate of the New Share Option Scheme. No option may be granted to any eligible participant of the New Share Option Scheme such that the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to that person in any 12-month period up to the date of the latest grant exceeds 1% of the Company's issued share capital from time to time.

Apart from the New Share Option Scheme, the Company also granted share options under the Old Share Option Scheme which expired on 24 October 2020. As at 1 January 2025 and 31 December 2025, 396,000 Shares may be issued pursuant to the Old Share Option Scheme, representing approximately 0.20% of the total number of issued Shares as at 31 December 2025 and the date of this report.

As at 31 December 2025 and the date of this report, the total number of Shares available for issue under the Old Share Option Scheme and the New Share Option Scheme are 396,000, representing approximately 0.20% of the total number of issued Shares as at 31 December 2025 and the date of this report.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the New Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as determined by the Board and not exceeding 10 years from the date of the grant. There is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised.

股票掛鈎協議 (續)**購股權計劃** (續)**新購股權計劃** (續)

於二零二五年一月一日及二零二五年十二月三十一日，根據新購股權計劃將予授出的所有購股權獲行使而可能發行7,020,000股股份，佔於採納日期（即二零二一年六月二十三日）已發行股份總數70,200,000股的10%及於本報告日期已發行股份數目的約3.51%。於二零二一年九月十三日，已根據新購股權計劃授出附有權利可認購6,528,600股股份的購股權，其中所有購股權已失效，且於二零二五年十二月三十一日及直至本報告日期並無購股權尚未行使。於二零二五年一月一日及二零二五年十二月三十一日，可能根據新購股權計劃的計劃授權授出491,400份購股權。倘行使向新購股權計劃任何合資格參與人士授出及將授出的購股權會導致截至最近授出之日止任何十二個月期間內發行及將發行的股份總數超過本公司不時已發行股本的1%，則不得根據新購股權計劃向該合資格參與人士授出購股權。

除新購股權計劃外，本公司亦根據已於二零二零年十月二十四日到期的舊購股權計劃授出購股權。於二零二五年一月一日及二零二五年十二月三十一日，根據舊購股權計劃可能發行396,000股股份，佔於二零二五年十二月三十一日及本報告日期已發行股份總數的約0.20%。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日及本報告日期，舊購股權計劃及新購股權計劃項下可供發行的股份總數為396,000股，佔於二零二五年十二月三十一日及本報告日期已發行股份總數的約0.20%。

購股權可於董事會所釐定的期間內任何時間按新購股權計劃的條款行使，惟不得超過授出當日起計十年。購股權於行使前並無最短持有期限。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT (continued)

Share Option Schemes (continued)

New Share Option Scheme (continued)

Participants of the New Share Option Scheme are required to pay the Company HK\$1.00 upon acceptance of the grant on the offer date and an offer for a grant of option shall remain open for acceptance by the participant concerned for a period of seven (7) days from the offer date (inclusive of the offer date). The exercise price of the options is determined by the Board in its absolute discretion and shall not be less than whichever is the highest of:

- (a) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of the grant, which must be a trading day;
- (b) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five (5) trading days immediately preceding the date of the grant; and
- (c) the par value of a Share on the date of grant.

The New Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 23 June 2021 after which no further options will be granted or offered.

Movements of share options during the Year under the Old Share Option Scheme and the New Share Option Scheme are summarised as follows and details of the same are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

股票掛鈎協議 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

新購股權計劃 (續)

新購股權計劃的參與人士須於授出日接納購股權時向本公司支付1.00港元，而參與者可於要約日期（包括要約日期在內）起計七(7)天期間內接納購股權。購股權的行使價由董事會全權酌情釐定，惟不得低於下列最高者：

- (a) 授出購股權當日（必須為交易日）聯交所每日報價表所列的股份收市價；
- (b) 緊接授出購股權當日前五(5)個交易日聯交所每日報價表所列的股份平均收市價；及
- (c) 於授出日期之股份面值。

新購股權計劃於二零二一年六月二十三日起計十年期間有效及生效，期滿後不得再授出或授予購股權。

於本年度內舊購股權計劃及新購股權計劃項下購股權變動概述如下，有關詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT (continued)

Share Option Schemes (continued)

Movements of the Old Share Option Scheme during the Year

股票掛鈎協議 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

於本年度舊購股權計劃變動

List of Grantees	Balance as at 1 January 2025	Granted during the reporting period	Exercised during the reporting period	Lapsed during the reporting period	Cancelled during the reporting period	Balance as at 31 December 2025	Exercise Price HK\$	Date of grant	Exercise Period
承授人名單	於二零二五年一月一日結餘	於報告期內授出	於報告期內行使	於報告期內失效	於報告期內註銷	於二零二五年十二月三十一日結餘	行使價 港元	授出日期	行使期
Director									
董事									
Chan Sek Keung, Ringo 陳錫強	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000	34.0 (Note 3) (附註3)	25/10/2016	25/10/2016- 25/10/2026 (Note 2) (附註2)
Employee									
僱員									
Wang Fang (Note 4) 王芳 (附註4)	360,000	-	-	-	-	360,000	34.0 (Note 3) (附註3)	25/10/2016	25/10/2016- 25/10/2026 (Note 2) (附註2)
Total 總計	396,000	-	-	-	-	396,000			

Notes:

- The closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$1.73.
- Up to 40% of the options granted (the "First Options") are exercisable during the period from 25 October 2016 to 25 October 2026 (both days inclusive) (the "First Period"); up to 30% of the options granted (the "Second Options") (together with the First Options to the extent the same has not been exercised during the First Period, as the case may be) are exercisable during the period from 25 October 2017 to 25 October 2026 (both days inclusive) (the "Second Period"); up to 30% of the options granted (the "Third Options") (together with the First Options and the Second Options to the extent they have not been exercised during the First Period and the Second Period, as the case may be) are exercisable during the period from 25 October 2018 to 25 October 2026 (both days inclusive) (the "Third Period").
- Since every twenty (20) issued and unissued shares of US\$0.02 each was consolidated into one (1) consolidated share of US\$0.40 each in 2021, the exercise price of the share options granted on 25 October 2016 was adjusted from HK\$1.7 to HK\$34.0.
- Ms. Wang Fang was a former Director who resigned on 24 June 2025.
- The share options continue to be capable of exercise during the prescribed period in accordance with the Old Share Option Scheme and the terms during the time of granting such share options.

附註:

- 本公司股份收市價於緊接購股權授出日期前為1.73港元。
- 最多40%已獲授購股權(「首批購股權」)可於二零一六年十月二十五日至二零二六年十月二十五日(包括首尾兩日)期間(「首批期間」)獲行使;最多30%已獲授購股權(「第二批購股權」)(連同於首批期間未獲行使之首批購股權,視情況而定)可於二零一七年十月二十五日至二零二六年十月二十五日(包括首尾兩日)期間(「第二批期間」)獲行使;最多30%已獲授購股權(「第三批購股權」)(連同於首批期間及第二批期間未獲行使之首批購股權及第二批購股權,視情況而定)可於二零一八年十月二十五日至二零二六年十月二十五日(包括首尾兩日)期間(「第三批期間」)獲行使。
- 由於每二十(20)股已發行及未發行股份(每股面值0.02美元)於二零一一年合併為一(1)股合併股份(每股面值0.40美元),於二零一六年十月二十五日授出之購股權之行使價已由1.7港元調整為34.0港元。
- 王芳女士為前任董事,於二零二五年六月二十四日辭任。
- 根據舊購股權計劃及授出有關購股權時的條款,購股權仍可於指定期限內行使。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT (continued)

Share Option Schemes (continued)

Movements of the New Share Option Scheme during the Year

股票掛鈎協議 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

於本年度新購股權計劃變動

List of Grantees	Balance as at 1 January 2025	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Cancelled during the year	Balance as at 31 December 2025	Exercise Price HK\$	Date of grant	Exercise Period
承授人名單	於二零二五年一月一日結餘	於本年度授出	於本年度行使	於本年度失效	於本年度註銷	於二零二五年十二月三十一日結餘	行使價港元	授出日期	行使期
Directors									
董事									
Chan Sek Keung, Ringo 陳錫強	70,200 (Note 1) (附註1)	-	-	70,200	-	-	1.486	13/9/2021	13/9/2021-12/9/2025 (Note 2) (附註2)
Tin Yat Yu, Carol 田一好	70,200 (Note 1) (附註1)	-	-	70,200	-	-	1.486	13/9/2021	13/9/2021-12/9/2025 (Note 2) (附註2)
Wong Tsu Wai, Derek 王衍維	702,000 (Note 1) (附註1)	-	-	702,000	-	-	1.486	13/9/2021	13/9/2021-12/9/2025 (Note 2) (附註2)
Other participants									
其他參與者									
Wang Fang (Note 3) 王芳 (附註3)	70,200 (Note 1) (附註1)	-	-	70,200	-	-	1.486	13/9/2021	13/9/2021-12/9/2025 (Note 2) (附註2)
Liu Chun Fai (Note 4) 廖晉輝 (附註4)	702,000	-	-	702,000	-	-	1.486	13/9/2021	13/9/2021-12/9/2025 (Note 2) (附註2)
Service providers (Note 5) 服務供應商 (附註5)	4,914,000	-	-	4,914,000	-	-	1.486	13/9/2021	13/9/2021-12/9/2025 (Note 2) (附註2)
Total 總計	6,528,600	-	-	6,528,600	-	-			

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT (continued)**Share Option Schemes** (continued)**Movements of the New Share Option Scheme during the Year**
(continued)

Notes:

1. The closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$1.40.
2. 50% of the share options are exercisable from 13 September 2021 to the end of the validity period (i.e. 12 September 2025) (both dates inclusive); and 50% of the share options are exercisable from 13 September 2022 to the end of the validity period (i.e. 12 September 2025) (both dates inclusive).
3. Ms. Wang Fang was a former Director who resigned on 24 June 2025.
4. Mr. Liu Chun Fai was a former executive Director who resigned on 6 April 2022.
5. Service providers refer to one supplier of services and six consultants of the Group who have contributed to the Group in different aspects. These participants possess extensive experiences, business network and market connections in their particular sectors which, through cooperation with these participants, the Group will be able to utilise their expertise, network and connections to accomplish the long-term growth and profitability of the Group.

During the Year, no share options were granted, exercised or cancelled under the New Share Option Scheme, and 6,528,600 share options were lapsed under the New Share Option Scheme.

股票掛鈎協議 (續)**購股權計劃** (續)**於本年度新購股權計劃變動** (續)

附註：

1. 本公司股份收市價於緊接購股權授出日期前為1.40港元。
2. 50%的購股權可於二零二一年九月十三日起至有效期期末(即二零二五年九月十二日)(包括首尾兩日)期間行使;及50%的購股權可於二零二二年九月十三日起至有效期期末(即二零二五年九月十二日)(包括首尾兩日)期間行使。
3. 王芳女士為前任董事,於二零二五年六月二十四日辭任。
4. 廖晉輝先生為前執行董事,於二零二二年四月六日辭任。
5. 服務供應商指於不同領域為本集團作出貢獻的本集團的一名服務供應商及六名顧問。該等參與人士於其特定領域擁有豐富經驗、商業網路及市場人脈,本集團透過與該等參與人士的合作,將能夠利用彼等之專業知識、網路及人脈實現本集團的長期增長及盈利能力。

於本年度,新購股權計劃項下概無購股權已獲授出、行使或註銷,而6,528,600份購股權根據新購股權計劃失效。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

So far as is known to any Directors or chief executives of the Company, as at 31 December 2025, the persons or corporations (other than Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had interest or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

就任何董事或本公司最高行政人員所知，於二零二五年十二月三十一日，於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉而須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文向本公司披露，或已記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊的人士或法團（董事或本公司最高行政人員除外）如下：

Name of Substantial Shareholders 主要股東姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of issued ordinary shares of the Company held/ interested in 所持有／擁有權益的本公司已發行普通股數目	Number of underlying shares of the Company held/ interested in 所持有／擁有權益的本公司相關股份數目	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company (approximate) 佔本公司已發行股本百分比（概約）
Substantial Shareholder 主要股東				
Wong Tai Kuen 王大權	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	59,740,000 (L)	-	29.89%
Other persons 其他人士				
Smoothly Global Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner ⁽¹⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽¹⁾	15,505,941 (L)	-	7.76%
Wang Fang 王芳	Interest of controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾ 受控法團權益 ⁽¹⁾	15,505,941 (L)	-	7.76%
	Beneficial owner ⁽²⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽²⁾	-	360,000 (L)	0.18%

(L): Long position

(L) : 好倉

Notes:

附註:

- These 15,505,941 Shares are held by Smoothly Global Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and is 70% and 20% owned by Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo and Ms. Wang Fang respectively.
- These underlying Shares are the share options granted to Ms. Wang Fang under the share option schemes of the Company, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Schemes" above.
- The total number of the issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2025 (i.e. 199,888,000 shares) had been used for the calculation of the approximate percentage shareholdings in the Company.

- 該等15,505,941股股份由Smoothly Global Holdings Limited持有，該公司為於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的有限公司，並由陳錫強先生及王芳女士分別擁有70%及20%權益。
- 該等相關股份為根據本公司購股權計劃授予王芳女士的購股權，其詳情載於上文「購股權計劃」一段。
- 本公司於二零二五年十二月三十一日已發行股份總數（即199,888,000股股份）用以計算本公司的概約持股比例。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2025, the Directors are not aware of any other person or corporation (other than Directors or chief executives of the Company) having an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares which would require to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules during the Year.

CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

No contract of significance has been entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the then controlling Shareholders or any of their subsidiaries, at any time during the Year.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors is or was interested in any business apart from the Group's business, that competes or competed or is or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the Group's business at any time during the Year and up to and including the date of this report.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements constitute connected transaction or continuing connected transaction of the Company subject to, among other things, reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The related party transactions disclosed in note 36(a), (b), (c) and (d) to the consolidated financial statements constituted connected transactions of the Company but were exempted from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Rule 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

除上文所披露者外，於二零二五年十二月三十一日，董事概不知悉任何其他人士或法團（董事或本公司最高行政人員除外）於股份及相關股份中擁有須記錄於本公司按證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊內的權益或淡倉。

公眾持股量的充足度

根據本公司從公開途徑所得的資料及就董事所知，於本報告日期，本公司於本年度已按照上市規則規定維持訂明的公眾持股量，即不少於本公司已發行股份的25%。

與控股股東訂立的合約

於本年度內任何時間，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無與當時的控股股東或任何其附屬公司訂立任何重大合約。

董事於競爭業務中的權益

於本年度及直至本報告日期（包括該日）內的任何時間，概無董事在與本集團業務直接或間接存在或很可能存在競爭的任何業務（本集團業務除外）中擁有或曾擁有任何權益。

關連方交易

綜合財務報表附註36披露之所有關連方交易並不構成本公司須遵守（其中包括）上市規則第14A章之申報、公告或獨立股東批准規定之關連交易或持續關連交易。根據上市規則第14A條，綜合財務報表附註36(a)、(b)、(c)及(d)所披露之關連方交易構成本公司關連交易，惟獲豁免申報、公告及獨立股東批准之規定。本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章之披露規定。

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2025, cash and bank balances (excluding pledged deposits) of the Group amounted to approximately RMB48.2 million (2024: approximately RMB85.5 million). Details of such are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2025, the total interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of the Group amounted to approximately RMB229.8 million (2024: approximately RMB201.4 million), among which approximately RMB175.1 million (2024: approximately RMB122.7 million) was unsecured and guaranteed by a director of the Company, and approximately RMB18.0 million (2024: approximately RMB19.8 million) was secured and guaranteed by a director of the Company. As at 31 December 2025, the interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB36.7 million (2024: approximately RMB43.9 million) carried at fixed interest rates and approximately RMB193.1 million (2024: approximately RMB157.5 million) carried at floating interest rates. Details of such are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

EVENT AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in this report, there was no other significant subsequent event undertaken by the Group subsequent to 31 December 2025 and up to the date of this report.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2025, the Group employed 310 employees (2024: 323). The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is determined on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The Company adopted the New Share Option Scheme to provide incentive to its senior management and employees. Please refer to the paragraphs headed "Share Option Schemes" in this report for details of such scheme.

For the Year, the total staff costs (including directors' remuneration) amounted to approximately RMB74.4 million (2024: approximately RMB74.7 million). The Company maintains the New Share Option Scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to the eligible participants for their contributions to the Group.

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團的現金及銀行結餘（不包括已抵押存款）約為人民幣48.2百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣85.5百萬元），有關詳情載於綜合財務報表附註24。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團之計息銀行及其他借款總額約為人民幣229.8百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣201.4百萬元），其中約人民幣175.1百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣122.7百萬元）為無抵押及由本公司一名董事擔保，約人民幣18.0百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣19.8百萬元）為有抵押及由本公司一名董事擔保。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，計息銀行及其他借款中約人民幣36.7百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣43.9百萬元）按固定利率計息，而約人民幣193.1百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣157.5百萬元）則按浮動利率計息。有關詳情載於綜合財務報表附註29。

報告期末後事項

除本報告所披露外，本集團於二零二五年十二月三十一日後及直至本報告日期概無進行其他重大期後事項。

人力資源

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團擁有310名員工（二零二四年：323名）。本集團僱員的薪酬政策乃根據彼等的表現、資歷及能力釐定。本公司採納新購股權計劃，為高級管理層及僱員提供獎勵。有關計劃的詳情請參閱本報告「購股權計劃」各段。

於本年度，員工總成本（包括董事酬金）約為人民幣74.4百萬元（二零二四年：約人民幣74.7百萬元）。本公司設有新購股權計劃，旨在就合資格參與人士對本集團所作貢獻給予鼓勵及獎勵。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out in the section of Financial Summary on pages 8 to 13 of this report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the New Bye-Laws or the laws of the Bermuda, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was continued, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares to existing Shareholders on a pro-rata basis.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities (including sale of treasury shares) during the Year.

AUDITORS

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year have been audited by BDO Limited.

BDO Limited will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of BDO Limited as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Chan Sek Keung, Ringo

Chairman and CEO

Hong Kong

27 March 2026

財務摘要

本集團過往五個財政年度的業績及資產與負債的摘要載於本報告第8頁至13頁財務摘要一節。

優先購股權

根據新細則或百慕達(本公司存續所在的司法權區)之法例概無有關優先購股權之規定以致本公司須按比例向現有股東發行新股。

購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市證券

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券(包括出售庫存股)。

核數師

本集團於本年度之綜合財務報表已經由香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司審計。

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司將告退任,並合資格獲續聘。續聘香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數師之決議案將於本公司應屆股東週年大會提呈。

代表董事會

主席兼總裁

陳錫強

香港

二零二六年三月二十七日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



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To the Shareholders of InvesTech Holdings Limited

威訊控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of InvesTech Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 80 to 207, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2025, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2025, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSA") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致威訊控股有限公司各股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核第80頁至207頁所載之威訊控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表，包括於二零二五年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表，及截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表，及綜合財務報表附註，包括重大會計政策資料。

吾等認為，綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的國際財務報告準則會計準則於各重大方面公平地反映 貴集團於二零二五年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況以及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已遵循香港公司條例的披露規定妥善編製。

意見基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港審核準則(「香港審核準則」)進行審核。吾等在該等準則下的責任於本報告的「核數師就審計綜合財務報表之責任」部分進一步闡述。根據公眾利益實體財務報表審核所適用的香港會計師公會的「專業會計師道德守則」(「守則」)，吾等獨立於 貴集團。吾等亦已根據守則履行其他道德責任。吾等相信，吾等所獲取的審核證據充足及適當地為吾等的審核意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment assessment of goodwill

Refer to notes 3 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 99.

As at 31 December 2025, the carrying amount of the Group's goodwill, net of accumulated impairment of RMB104.6 million, amounted to RMB103.0 million.

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the CGU and also a suitable discount rate to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

We identified impairment assessment of goodwill as a key audit matter because of management's significant judgement and high level of estimation uncertainty involved in the determination of the recoverable amount, and the net carrying amount of goodwill is significant to the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Our response:

- Evaluated the reasonableness of key inputs and assumptions used in the cash flow projections, which include budgeted revenue growth rates, long term growth rate, budgeted gross margins and discount rate, with assistance from our valuation specialists;
- Checked the arithmetic accuracy of the cash flow projections used in the value-in-use calculation;
- Evaluated the reasonableness of disclosures related to goodwill impairment assessment in the consolidated financial statements; and
- Evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent professional valuer used by management.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是吾等根據專業判斷，認為對本期綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。此等事項是在對綜合財務報表整體進行審核並形成意見的背景下來進行處理的，吾等不對此等事項提供單獨的意見。

商譽減值評估

參閱綜合財務報表附註3及16以及第99頁的會計政策。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，貴集團商譽的賬面值（扣除累計減值人民幣104.6百萬元）為人民幣103.0百萬元。

貴集團至少每年釐定商譽是否減值。此需要對分配商譽的現金產生單位（「現金產生單位」）的使用價值進行估計。估算使用價值要求貴集團對來自現金產生單位的預期未來現金流量作出估計，並採用適當的折現率來計算該等現金流量的現值。

由於管理層在釐定可回收金額時涉及重大判斷及高度估計不確定性，商譽的賬面淨值對貴集團的綜合財務報表具有重大意義，故吾等將商譽減值評估確定為一項關鍵審核事項。

吾等的回應：

- 在估值專家的協助下，評估現金流量預測所採用的主要輸入數據及假設（包括預算收入增長率、長期增長率、預算毛利率及折現率）的合理性；
- 核對使用價值計算中所採用的現金流量預測的算術準確性；
- 評估綜合財務報表中有關商譽減值評估披露的合理性；及
- 評估管理層所使用獨立專業估值師的資格、能力及客觀性。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Impairment assessment of trade receivables

Refer to notes 3, 21 and 39 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on pages 113 to 114.

As at 31 December 2025, the Group had trade receivables, net of loss allowance for impairment, of RMB175.8 million, which represented 24.8% of the total assets of the Group. Net reversal of impairment of these financial assets amounted to RMB0.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2025.

The estimation of expected credit losses ("ECLs") for trade receivables requires management's significant judgement and involves high level of estimation uncertainty.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. Management engaged an independent professional valuer to assist with the estimation of ECLs.

We identified impairment assessment of trade receivables as a key audit matter because of the significant judgement and high level of estimation uncertainty involved, and the aggregate carrying amount of the trade receivables is significant to the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Our response:

- Evaluated the appropriateness of estimation techniques used, as well as the reasonableness of inputs and assumptions used, to determine the ECLs. This includes assessment on the groupings of customer categories under the provision matrix used to estimate the ECL for trade receivables, accuracy and relevancy of the historical loss rates and whether they are reasonably adjusted based on recent loss experience and forward-looking factors specific to the debtors, and the realisable value of collaterals where appropriate;
- Checked the arithmetic accuracy of the calculation of ECLs;
- Evaluated the reasonableness of disclosures related to the ECL estimation in the consolidated financial statements; and
- Evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent professional valuer used by management.

關鍵審核事項 (續)

貿易應收款項減值評估

參閱綜合財務報表附註3、21及39以及第113頁至114頁的會計政策。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，貴集團錄得貿易應收款項(扣除減值虧損撥備)人民幣175.8百萬元，佔貴集團資產總值的24.8%。截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，該等金融資產的減值撥回淨額為人民幣0.8百萬元。

管理層需就估計貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)作出重大判斷，且涉及高度估計不確定性。

對歷史上觀察到的違約率、預測經濟狀況及預期信貸虧損之間的相關性評估屬重大估計。預期信貸虧損金額對情況及預測經濟狀況的變化敏感。貴集團的歷史信貸虧損經驗及對經濟狀況的預測亦可能不代表客戶於未來的實際違約。管理層已委聘一名獨立專業估值師協助估計預期信貸虧損。

由於涉及重大判斷及高度估計不確定性，貿易應收款項的賬面總額對貴集團的綜合財務報表具有重大意義，故吾等將貿易應收款項的減值評估確定為一項關鍵審核事項。

吾等的回應：

- 評估釐定預期信貸虧損所使用的估計方法之恰當性，以及所使用輸入數據及假設之合理性。其包括對用於估計貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損的撥備矩陣項下客戶類別分組、歷史虧損率的準確性及相關性及彼等是否根據近期虧損經驗及債務人特有的前瞻性因素作出合理調整，以及抵押品的可變現價值(倘適用)的評估；
- 核對計算預期信貸虧損的算術準確性；
- 評估綜合財務報表中有關估計預期信貸虧損披露的合理性；及
- 評估管理層所使用獨立專業估值師的資格、能力及客觀性。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

年報的其他信息

董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括載 貴公司年報的信息，但不包括綜合財務報表及吾等的核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表作出的意見並不涵蓋其他信息，吾等亦不就此發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

就吾等對綜合財務報表的審核而言，吾等的責任為閱讀其他信息，從而考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或吾等於審核時所獲悉的資料存在重大不符或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。基於吾等已執行的工作，倘吾等認為此其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述，吾等須報告有關事實。就此，吾等並無任何報告。

董事對綜合財務報表的責任

董事負責根據國際財務報告準則會計準則及香港公司條例的披露規定，編製表達真實且中肯意見的綜合財務報表，以及維持董事認為必要的有關內部控制，以確保編製綜合財務報表時不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時，董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事宜，以及使用持續經營會計基礎，惟董事擬清算 貴集團或終止經營或別無其他實際的替代方案則除外。

董事亦負責監督 貴集團財務報告程序。審核委員會協助董事履行此方面的責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSA's, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表之責任

吾等的目標為對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證，並出具載有吾等意見的核數師報告。根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條，吾等的報告僅向全體股東作出，不可用作其他用途。吾等概不就本報告的內容，對任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證乃高水平的保證，但無法保證根據香港審核準則進行的審核總能發現存在的某一重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可由欺詐或錯誤引起，倘合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響使用者根據該等綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定，則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

作為根據香港審核準則進行審核的一部分，於審核期間，吾等運用專業判斷及保持職業懷疑態度。吾等亦：

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表中由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險，設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險，以及獲得充足及適當的審核憑證，作為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及合謀串通、偽造、故意遺漏、誤導性陳述或凌駕內部控制，因此未能發現由此造成的重大錯誤陳述風險比未能發現由於錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述風險更高。
- 了解與審核有關的內部控制，以設計恰當的審核程序，但並非旨在對貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價所用會計政策的適當性及董事所作出的會計估計及相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表之責任 (續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的適當性作出結論，根據所取得的審核憑證，確定是否存在與事件或情況有關的重大不確定性，從而可能導致對貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘吾等認為存在重大不確定性，則須於核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露或，倘有關的披露不足，則須修改吾等的意見。吾等的結論乃基於直至核數師報告日期所取得的審核憑證。然而，未來事件或情況可能導致貴集團終止持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報、結構及內容，包括披露，以及綜合財務報表是否以達致中肯呈報的方式呈報相關交易及事件。
- 規劃並執行集團審核工作，以就集團內實體或業務單位的財務資料獲取充足適當的審核憑證，作為出具集團財務報表意見的基準。我們負責指導、監督和審閱就集團審核開展的工作。我們僅對我們的審核意見負責。

除其他事項外，吾等與審核委員會就計劃的審核範圍及時間安排以及重大審核發現等，包括吾等於審核中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷進行溝通。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Tang Tak Wah

Practising Certificate no. P06262

Hong Kong, 27 March 2026

核數師就審計綜合財務報表之責任 (續)

吾等亦向審核委員會提交聲明，說明吾等已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求，並與其溝通可能合理地被認為會影響吾等獨立性的所有關係及其他事項，以及於適用的情況下，為消除威脅而採取的行動或防範措施。

從與董事溝通的事項中，吾等確定該等對審核當期綜合財務報表最為重要的事項，並因此構成關鍵審核事項。吾等於核數師報告中描述該等事項，惟於法律或法規不允許對有關事項進行公開披露或於極端罕見的情況下，倘合理預期於我們報告中溝通某事項造成的不利後果超過該溝通產生的公眾利益，吾等決定不應於報告中溝通該事項。

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

鄧德華

執業證書號碼P06262

香港，二零二六年三月二十七日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2025
截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度

			2025	2024
			二零二五年	二零二四年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
REVENUE	收入	5	566,929	466,031
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(501,287)	(408,597)
Gross profit	毛利		65,642	57,434
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	5	8,574	4,121
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(25,902)	(26,010)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(57,700)	(62,011)
Other losses	其他虧損		(12,919)	(19,016)
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	16	(23,488)	(8,483)
Reversal of impairment losses of financial assets, net	金融資產減值虧損撥回淨額		814	763
Finance costs	融資成本	7	(12,855)	(13,303)
LOSS BEFORE TAX	除稅前虧損	6	(57,834)	(66,505)
Income tax credit	所得稅抵免	10	8,489	2,956
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	年度虧損		(49,345)	(63,549)

			2025	2024
			二零二五年	二零二四年
LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT	母公司擁有人應佔每股虧損			
- Basic and diluted	- 基本及攤薄	12	(RMB24.69 cents) (人民幣24.69分)	(RMB32.33 cents) (人民幣32.33分)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2025
截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	年度虧損	(49,345)	(63,549)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME	其他全面(虧損)/收益		
Other comprehensive loss that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	可於其後期間重新分類為損益的其他全面虧損：		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算外國業務之匯兌差額	(225)	(213)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	於其後期間不可重新分類為損益的其他全面(虧損)/收益：		
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements into presentation currency	換算財務報表為呈列貨幣之匯兌差額	(46)	197
Changes in fair value of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產的公允價值變動	-	(1,916)
		(46)	(1,719)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	年度其他全面虧損	(271)	(1,932)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	年度全面虧損總額	(49,616)	(65,481)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2025
於二零二五年十二月三十一日

			2025	2024
			二零二五年	二零二四年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	13	47,525	63,806
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	2,057	1,172
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15	10,977	8,495
Goodwill	商譽	16	102,981	126,469
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	17	–	17,714
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	18	4,040	4,162
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產	19	–	11,023
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		167,580	232,841
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	20	18,277	10,122
Trade, bills receivables and contract assets	貿易及票據應收款以及合約資產	21	379,111	280,567
Prepayments, other receivables and other assets	預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產	22	67,415	45,560
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公允價值計入損益的股本投資	23	1,153	2,014
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	24	25,988	25,409
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	24	48,182	85,506
Total current assets	流動資產總值		540,126	449,178
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	25	207,042	147,563
Contract liabilities	合約負債	26	35,384	35,804
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	27	27,358	32,073
Promissory note payable	應付承兌票據	28	–	28,191
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	29	197,435	194,379
Tax payable	應付稅項		15,814	21,910
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		483,033	459,920
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	流動資產淨值／ (負債淨額)		57,093	(10,742)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債		224,673	222,099

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2025
於二零二五年十二月三十一日

			2025	2024
			二零二五年	二零二四年
			RMB'000	RMB'000
		Notes	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		附註		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Promissory note payable	應付承兌票據	28	27,054	-
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	29	32,389	7,034
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	18	-	2,657
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		59,443	9,691
Net assets	資產淨值		165,230	212,408
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	31	13,427	13,427
Reserves	儲備	33	151,803	198,981
Total equity	權益總額		165,230	212,408

On behalf of the board

代表董事會

Chan Sek Keung, Ringo

陳錫強
Director
董事

Tin Yat Yu, Carol

田一妤
Director
董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2025
截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔											
		Issued capital 已發行股本	Share premium 股份溢價	Contributed surplus (e) 撥入盈餘(e)	Share option reserve (f) 購股權儲備(f)	Special reserve (a) 特別儲備(a)	Share award reserve 股份獎勵儲備	Other reserve (b) 其他儲備(b)	Statutory surplus reserve (c) 法定盈餘儲備(c)	Fair value reserve (g) 公允價值儲備(g)	Foreign currency translation reserve (h) 匯兌儲備(h)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Total equity 權益總額
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2025	於二零二五年一月一日	13,427	57,468	809,164	10,609	61,064	2,073	8,145	36,430	(588,977)	(7,317)	(189,678)	212,408
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(49,345)	(49,345)
Other comprehensive loss for the year:	年度其他全面虧損：												
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算外國業務之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(225)	-	(225)
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements into presentation currency	換算財務報表為呈列貨幣之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(46)	-	(46)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(271)	(49,345)	(49,616)
Expiry of share options	購股權屆滿	-	-	-	(4,305)	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,305	-
Deemed contribution on shareholder loan granted	已授出股東貸款的視作供款	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,438	-	-	-	-	2,438
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,676)	588,977	18,504	(576,805)	-
Transfer	轉撥	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	352	-	-	(352)	-
At 31 December 2025	於二零二五年十二月三十一日	13,427	57,468*	809,164*	6,304*	61,064*	2,073*	10,583*	6,106*	-*	10,916*	(811,875)*	165,230

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2025
截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔												
		Issued capital 已發行股本	Share premium 股份溢價	Contributed surplus (e) 撥入盈餘(e)	Share option reserve (f) 購股權儲備(f)	Special reserve (a) 特別儲備(a)	Share award reserve 股份獎勵儲備	Other reserve (b) 其他儲備(b)	Convertible bond equity reserve (d) 可換股債券權益儲備(d)	Statutory surplus reserve (c) 法定盈餘儲備(c)	Fair value reserve (g) 公允價值儲備(g)	Foreign currency translation reserve (h) 匯兌儲備(h)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Total equity 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	9,221	51,921	809,164	10,609	61,064	2,073	6,842	10,113	35,508	(587,061)	(7,301)	(135,320)	266,833
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(63,549)	(63,549)
Other comprehensive loss for the year:	年度其他全面虧損：													
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算外國業務之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(213)	-	(213)
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements into presentation currency	換算財務報表為呈列貨幣之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197	-	197
Change in fair value of a financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產的公允價值變動	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,916)	-	-	(1,916)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,916)	(16)	(63,549)	(65,481)
Issue of shares (note 31)	股份發行(附註31)	4,206	6,017	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,223
Share issue expenses (note 31)	股份發行開支(附註31)	-	(470)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(470)
Deemed contribution on shareholder loan granted	已授出股東貸款的視作供款	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,303	-	-	-	-	-	1,303
Transfer	轉撥	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,113)	922	-	-	9,191	-
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	13,427	57,468*	809,164*	10,609*	61,064*	2,073*	8,145*	-*	36,430*	(588,977)*	(7,317)*	(189,678)*	212,408

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of RMB151,803,000 (2024: RMB198,981,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

* 該等儲備賬目包括綜合財務狀況表內的綜合儲備人民幣151,803,000元(二零二四年:人民幣198,981,000元)。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2025
截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes:

(a) Special reserve

The balances as at 31 December 2025 and 2024 mainly represent:

- (i) the difference between the nominal amount of the shares issued by the parent and the aggregate amount of paid-in capital of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation of the Company in 2008; and
- (ii) the excess, amounting to RMB13,330,000, of the consideration paid by the parent for the acquisition of a subsidiary over the consideration paid by Mr. Chi Shaolin, the then controlling shareholder of the Company, for the acquisition of the subsidiary from a third party.

(b) Other reserve

Other reserve arose from acquisitions of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries or disposals of interests in subsidiaries and represents the difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted, the fair value of the consideration paid or received on transactions with equity owners in the capacity as equity holders that result in changes in ownership interests while retaining control and deemed contribution on transaction with equity owners in the capacity as equity holders.

(c) Statutory surplus reserve

As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations for enterprises in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), the Company's PRC subsidiaries are required to maintain a statutory surplus reserve fund which is non-distributable. The appropriations to such reserve are made out of net profit after tax of the statutory financial statements of the relevant PRC subsidiaries. The statutory surplus reserve fund can be used to make up prior year losses, if any, and can be applied in conversion into capital by means of capitalisation issue.

(d) Convertible bond equity reserve

Convertible bond equity reserve represents amount of the equity component of convertible bond issued by the Company.

(e) Contributed surplus

The Company cancelled the entire amount standing to the credit of the share premium and to transfer the credits arising from such cancellation to an account designated as the contributed surplus account of the Company before the change of domicile from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda becoming effective, i.e. 7 July 2021.

附註：

(a) 特別儲備

於二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日之結餘主要指：

- (i) 母公司所發行股份的面值與根據本公司於二零零八年進行集團重組所收購附屬公司實繳資本總金額的差額；及
- (ii) 母公司就收購一間附屬公司所付代價較本公司當時的控股股東遲少林先生從第三方收購附屬公司時所付代價多出之金額人民幣13,330,000元。

(b) 其他儲備

其他儲備來自於收購附屬公司的非控股權益或出售附屬公司權益，並指經調整之非控股權益數額，以股權持有人的身份與股權所有者進行交易時的已付或已收代價公允價值（該等交易致使所有權權益變化但仍保留控制權）與以股權持有人的身份與股權所有者進行交易時的視作供款之間之差額。

(c) 法定盈餘儲備

中華人民共和國（「中國」）企業的相關法律及法規規定，本公司中國附屬公司須保存不可分派的法定盈餘儲備基金。該等儲備的撥款來自中國相關附屬公司法定財務報表的除稅後純利。法定盈餘儲備基金可用於彌補過往年度虧損（如有），並可以資本化發行的方式轉換為資本。

(d) 可換股債券權益儲備

可換股債券權益儲備指本公司發行的可換股債券的權益部分。

(e) 繳入盈餘

本公司於由開曼群島遷冊百慕達生效（即二零二一年七月七日）前註銷股份溢價之全部進賬金額，並將有關註銷所產生之進賬額轉撥至指定作為本公司實繳盈餘賬。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2025
截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes: (continued)

(f) Share option reserve

Share option reserve comprises the fair value of the share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments in note 2.4 to the consolidated financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to share capital when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits/accumulated losses should the related options expire or be forfeited.

(g) Fair value reserve

Fair value reserve represents cumulative net change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that are held at the end of the reporting period.

(h) Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve represents cumulative foreign exchange differences arising from translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the presentation currency and translation of financial statements of other group entities from functional currency into the presentation currency. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2.4 to the consolidated financial statements.

附註：(續)

(f) 購股權儲備

購股權儲備指包括已授出惟待行使的購股權公允價值（如綜合財務報表附註2.4中以股份為基礎的付款的會計政策進一步說明）。該金額將於相關購股權獲行使時轉撥至股本或如相關購股權到期或被沒收則轉撥至保留溢利／累計虧損。

(g) 公允價值儲備

公允價值儲備指於報告期間末持有的按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產的公允價值累計變動淨額。

(h) 匯兌儲備

匯兌儲備指換算外國業務的財務報表為呈列貨幣及將其他集團實體財務報表由功能貨幣換算為呈列貨幣產生的累計匯兌差額。該儲備根據綜合財務報表附註2.4所載的會計政策處理。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2025
截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度

			2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	Notes 附註			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		來自經營活動現金流量		
Loss before tax		除稅前虧損	(57,834)	(66,505)
Adjustments for:		就下列各項之調整：		
Finance costs	7	融資成本	12,855	13,303
Bank interest income	5	銀行利息收入	(643)	(701)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	6, 14	物業、廠房及設備折舊	946	1,169
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	6, 15	使用權資產折舊	5,183	6,659
Write off property, plant and equipment		物業、廠房及設備撇銷	-	11
Fair value (gains)/losses, net:		公允價值(收益)/虧損淨額：		
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	6, 23	按公允價值計入損益之股本投資	(834)	2,934
Investment properties	6, 13	投資物業	12,919	16,082
Amortisation of other intangible assets	6, 17	其他無形資產攤銷	17,714	20,245
Reversal of impairment losses of trade receivables, net	6, 21	貿易應收款項減值虧損撥回淨額	(814)	(763)
Provision for/(reversal of) write-down of inventories to net realisable value	6	撇減存貨至可變現淨值撥備/(撥回)	1,626	(1,622)
Impairment of goodwill	6, 16	商譽減值	23,488	8,483
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	5, 30	出售附屬公司的收益	(3,128)	-
Share-based payments	32	以股份為基礎付款	670	897
			12,148	192
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		存貨(增加)/減少	(9,781)	7,553
(Increase)/decrease in trade, bills receivables and contract assets		貿易及票據應收款項以及合約資產(增加)/減少	(90,814)	28,746
Increase in prepayments, other receivables and other assets		預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產增加	(23,464)	(12,131)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables		貿易應付款項增加/(減少)	64,604	(22,086)
(Decrease)/increase in contract liabilities		合約負債(減少)/增加	(420)	16,870
(Decrease)/increase in other payables and accruals		其他應付款項及應計費用(減少)/增加	(2,874)	1,683
Cash (used in)/from operations		經營(所用)/所得現金	(50,601)	20,827
Interest paid		已付利息	(12,855)	(11,973)
Income taxes paid		已付所得稅	(142)	(1,214)
Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities		經營活動(所用)/所得現金流量淨額	(63,598)	7,640

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2025
截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	Notes 附註		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	來自投資活動現金流量		
Interest received	已收利息	643	701
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備項目	(1,791)	(947)
Disposal of investment properties through a subsidiary	透過一間附屬公司出售投資物業	1,881	-
Proceeds from disposal of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	出售按公允價值計入損益的股本投資所得款項	1,631	1,963
Proceeds from disposal of a debt investment at fair value through profit or loss	出售按公允價值計入損益的債務投資所得款項	-	1,454
Net cash outflow arising from disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司產生的現金流出淨額	(3)	-
Placement of pledged deposits	存放已抵押存款	(4,404)	(2,566)
Proceeds from release of pledged deposits	解除已抵押存款所得款項	976	2,675
Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities	投資活動(所用)/所得現金流量淨額	(1,067)	3,280
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	來自融資活動現金流量		
New bank and other borrowings	新增銀行及其他借款	197,242	200,207
Repayments of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借款	(157,596)	(195,773)
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債的本金部分	(5,101)	(6,991)
Proceeds from issue of shares	股份發行所得款項	-	10,223
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	-	(470)
Proceeds from loans from a director	來自一名董事的貸款所得款項	-	800
Repayments of loans from a director	償還來自一名董事的貸款	(1,364)	(1,475)
Repayments of promissory note payable	償還應付承兌票據	-	(9,564)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用)現金流量淨額	33,181	(3,043)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物(減少)/增加淨額	(31,484)	7,877
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初現金及現金等價物	85,506	76,196
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	外幣匯率變動影響淨額	(5,840)	1,433
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年末現金及現金等價物	48,182	85,506
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物結餘分析		
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表列報之現金及現金等價物	48,182	85,506

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025
二零二五年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

InvesTech Holdings Limited (the “Company”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 16 November 2007 as an exempted company with limited liability and continued in Bermuda with effect from 7 July 2021 (Bermuda time). The Company’s shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”). The address of the registered office of the Company is located at Canon’s Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton, HM 12, Bermuda. The Company’s principal place of business in Hong Kong is Room 02-03, 18/F, AIA Financial Centre, 712 Prince Edward Road East, San Po Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) are principally engaged in the provision of network system integration including the provision of network infrastructure solutions, network professional services and smart office software solutions, and the network equipment rental business.

1. 公司及集團資料

威訊控股有限公司（「本公司」）為於二零零七年十一月十六日在開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限責任公司，並自二零二一年七月七日（百慕達時間）起在百慕達存續。本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司（「聯交所」）主板上市。本公司註冊辦事處地址位於 Canon’s Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton, HM 12, Bermuda。本公司香港主要營業地點為香港九龍新蒲崗太子道東712號友邦九龍金融中心18樓02-03室。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司（統稱「本集團」）主要從事提供網絡系統整合，包括提供網絡基礎建設解決方案、網絡專業服務及智慧辦公軟件解決方案及網絡設備租賃業務。

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)
Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

1. 公司及集團資料 (續)

附屬公司詳情

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下：

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/註冊及營業地	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊股本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權百分比				Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接		Indirect 間接		
			2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年	2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年	
Chunlin Group Limited 春霖集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	N/A 不適用	-	N/A 不適用	100 Investment holding, provision of administrative support of the Group and property investment 投資控股、提供本集團的行政支援及物業投資	
Chunlin Technology Development (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. ** ("Chunlin Technology Development") 春霖科技發展(深圳)有限公司* (「春霖科技發展」)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB238,268,000 人民幣238,268,000元	N/A 不適用	-	N/A 不適用	100 Technology Development 科技發展	
Sino Profit Trading Limited* 華盈貿易有限公司*	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	US\$100 100美元	-	-	100	100 Property investment 物業投資	
Synergy UniNet Investment Limited 融訊投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	-	100	100 Property investment 物業投資	
Fortune Grace Management Limited* ("Fortune Grace")	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	US\$100 100美元	100	100	-	- Investment holding 投資控股	
Wafer Systems Limited 威發系統有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$67,269,905 67,269,905港元	-	-	100	100 Investment holding 投資控股	
Wafer Systems (China) Limited 威發系統(中國)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$30,000,000 30,000,000港元	-	-	100	100 Investment holding 投資控股	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

1. 公司及集團資料 (續)

附屬公司詳情 (續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/註冊及營業地	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊股本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權百分比				Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接		Indirect 間接		
			2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年	2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年	
Beijing Wafer New Century Information Technology Co., Ltd. ** ("Beijing Wafer") 北京威發新世紀信息技術有限公司* (「北京威發」)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	US\$15,000,000 15,000,000美元	-	-	100	100	Investment holding and network system integration 投資控股及網絡系統整合
Wafer Network Systems (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. **□ 上海滬威網絡系統有限公司□	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	RMB6,580,000 人民幣6,580,000元	-	-	100	100	Network system integration 網絡系統整合
Wafer (Xi'an) Software Co., Ltd. ** ("Xi'an Wafer") 威發(西安)軟件有限公司* (「西安威發」)	PRC/Mainland China 中國/中國大陸	US\$700,000 700,000美元	-	-	100	100	Research and development 研發
Wafer Systems (Asia) Limited 威發系統(亞洲)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$14,000 (2024: HK\$10,000) 14,000港元 (二零二四年: 10,000港元)	-	-	100	100	Network system integration 網絡系統整合
Wafer Systems (Vietnam) Co., Ltd. [^] 威發系統(越南)有限公司 [^]	Vietnam 越南	US\$400,000 400,000美元	-	-	100	100	Network system integration 網絡系統整合

[^] Subsidiaries whose statutory financial statements were not audited by BDO Limited or another member firm of the BDO global network

Wholly-foreign-owned limited liability enterprises

□ Limited liability enterprises

* The English name is for identification purpose only

[^] 其法定財務報表並非由香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司或立信德豪國際網絡其他成員公司審核的附屬公司

外商獨資有限公司

□ 有限責任企業

* 英文名稱僅供識別

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

上表載列董事認為會主要影響年度業績或組成本集團資產淨值主要部分的本公司附屬公司。董事認為提供其他附屬公司資料會導致資料過於冗長。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and IFRIC Interpretations and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties and equity investments at fair value through profit or loss which have been measured at fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out in Note 2.4 below. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2025. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

2.1 編製基準

此等綜合財務報表乃根據國際財務報告準則會計準則及國際財務報告詮釋委員會詮釋以及香港公司條例的披露規定編製。該等綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則規定的適用披露。除投資物業及按公允價值計入損益的股本投資已按公允價值計量外（如下文附註2.4所載的會計政策所說明），其已按照歷史成本慣例編製。此等綜合財務報表乃以人民幣（「人民幣」）呈列，除另有指明外，所有數值已約整至最接近之千位數。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本集團截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度的財務報表。附屬公司為本公司直接或間接控制的實體（包括結構性實體）。當本集團對參與投資對象業務的浮動回報承擔風險或享有權利以及能透過對投資對象的權力（即本集團獲賦予現有以主導投資對象相關活動的既存權利）影響該等回報時，即取得控制權。

倘本公司直接或間接擁有少於投資對象大多數投票或類似權利的權利，則本集團於評估其是否擁有對投資對象的權力時會考慮一切相關事實及情況，包括：

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票持有人的合約安排；
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生的權利；及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 編製基準 (續)

綜合基準 (續)

附屬公司財務報表的報告期間與本公司相同，並採納連貫一致的會計政策編製。附屬公司之業績自本集團取得控制權當日起綜合入賬，並繼續綜合入賬直至該控制權終止當日止。

即使會引致非控制權益結餘為負數，損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分歸屬於本集團母公司擁有人及非控制權益。所有與本集團成員公司交易相關的集團內資產及負債、權益、收入、支出以及現金流量均於綜合時全數抵銷。

倘事實及情況反映上述三項控制因素其中一項或多項有變，則本集團會重估是否仍然控制投資對象。附屬公司擁有權益的變動（並無失去控制權），於入賬時列作權益交易。

倘本集團失去對一間附屬公司之控制權，則會取消確認(i)該附屬公司之資產（包括商譽）及負債、(ii)任何非控制權益之賬面值及(iii)於權益內記錄之累計匯兌差額；及確認(i)所收代價之公允價值、(ii)任何所保留投資之公允價值及(iii)損益賬中任何因此而產生之盈餘或虧損。先前於其他全面收益內確認之本集團應佔部份會視乎情況，按倘本集團直接出售相關資產或負債所要求的相同基準重新分類為損益或保留盈利。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)**Going Concern assumption**

The Group incurred net loss of approximately RMB49,345,000 for the year ended 31 December 2025. As of 31 December 2025, the Group had promissory note payable and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings totalling approximately RMB256,878,000, while its cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately RMB48,182,000.

In view of the above circumstances, the Group has prepared a cash flow forecast of the Group covering a period of fifteen months from the end of the reporting period (the "Forecast Period"). The cash flow forecast incorporates the effects of the following major measures and events that have been implemented or have taken place in order to enhance the Group's liquidity position and enable it to meet its financial obligations during the next fifteen months as and when they fall due:

- (a) the Group has been actively negotiating with banks in a timely manner to ensure such that the relevant facilities and bank borrowing will continue to remain available to the Group;
- (b) the Group is arranging rollover of the Group's revolving loans of approximately RMB151,252,000 upon maturity dates; and
- (c) up to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, Smoothly Global Holdings Limited (being a shareholder of the Company as at the date of these consolidated financial statements) and Delta Wealth Credit Limited (which is beneficially owned by Ms. Tin Yat Yu Carol, being a shareholder and director of the Company as at the date of these consolidated financial statements) agreed to renew and not to demand for repayment for the principal amount of HK\$27,792,000 (equivalent to RMB25,062,000) and the promissory note payable held in the principal amount of HK\$30,000,000 (equivalent to RMB27,054,000), respectively, for at least the next fifteen months from 31 December 2025 except to the extent that the Group has sufficient funds and that the repayment would not adversely affect the Group's ability to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due.

2.1 編製基準 (續)**持續經營假設**

本集團於截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度產生虧損淨額約人民幣49,345,000元。截至二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團的應付承兌票據、計息銀行及其他借款總額約為人民幣256,878,000元，而現金及現金等價物約為人民幣48,182,000元。

鑒於上述情況，本集團已編製涵蓋報告期末起計十五個月期間（「預測期間」）的本集團現金流量預測。現金流量預測已計入以下已實施或發生的主要措施及事件的影響，該等措施及事件旨在增強本集團的流動資金狀況，並使其能夠於未來十五個月履行到期時的財務義務：

- (a) 本集團及時與銀行積極磋商，確保本集團可繼續獲得相關融資及銀行借款；
- (b) 本集團正在安排本集團循環貸款約人民幣151,252,000元於到期日展期；及
- (c) 直至該等綜合財務報表批准日期，Smoothly Global Holdings Limited（於該等綜合財務報表日期為本公司股東）及融富信貸有限公司（由田一好女士（於該等綜合財務報表日期為本公司股東兼董事）實益擁有）分別同意於自二零二五年十二月三十一日起未來至少十五個月重續且不要求償還本金額27,792,000港元（相當於人民幣25,062,000元）及所持有的本金額為30,000,000港元（相當於人民幣27,054,000元）的應付承兌票據，惟除非本集團擁有充足資金且有關償還將不會對本集團履行其到期責任的能力造成不利影響。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Going Concern assumption (continued)

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that, taking into account the above-mentioned measures, the Group would have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due over the Forecast Period. Accordingly, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025 on a going concern basis.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards for the first time for the current year's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 21 *Lack of Exchangeability*

The application of the amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards has no material impact on the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior period. The Group has not applied any revised IFRS Accounting Standards that are not yet effective for the current period.

2.1 編製基準 (續)

持續經營假設 (續)

本公司董事認為，經考慮上述措施，本集團將具備充足營運資金，可於預測期間內為其營運提供資金並履行其到期財務責任。因此，本公司董事認為，按照持續經營基準編製截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表誠屬恰當。

2.2 會計政策變動及披露

本集團已於本年度之綜合財務報表首次採用以下經修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則。

國際會計準則第21號 *缺乏可兌換性*
(修訂本)

應用國際財務報告準則會計準則(修訂本)對本集團本期或過往期間的業績及財務狀況並無重大影響。本集團於本期間並無應用任何尚未生效的經修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

There are a number of new and amendments to standards which have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board that are effective in future accounting periods that the Group has decided not to adopt early.

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i> ¹
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	<i>Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments</i> ²
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	<i>Contracts Referencing Nature – dependent Electricity</i> ²
Amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards	<i>Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standard – Volume 11</i> ²
IFRS 18	<i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> ³
IFRS 19	<i>Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures</i> ³
Amendments to IAS 21	<i>Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency</i> ³

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際財務報告準則會計準則

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈多項新訂及經修訂準則，該等準則於未來會計期間生效，而本集團決定不提早採納。

國際財務報告準則第10號及國際會計準則第28號的修訂	投資者與其聯營公司或合資企業之間的資產出售或注資 ¹
國際財務報告準則第9號及國際財務報告準則第7號的修訂	金融工具的分類及計量之修訂 ²
國際財務報告準則第9號及國際財務報告準則第7號的修訂	涉及依賴自然能源生產電力的合約 ²
國際財務報告準則會計準則的修訂	國際財務報告準則會計準則的年度改進 – 第11冊 ²
國際財務報告準則第18號	財務報表的呈列及披露 ³
國際財務報告準則第19號	不具公共問責性之附屬公司：披露 ³
國際會計準則第21號的修訂	換算為惡性通貨膨脹的呈列貨幣 ³

¹ 於待定日期或之後開始的年度期間生效。

² 於二零二六年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效。

³ 於二零二七年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRS

ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments clarify with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. When the transaction with an associate or joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, any gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business are recognised in the profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, any gains or losses resulting from the remeasurement of retained interest in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture) to fair value are recognised in the profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

IFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements, which was issued by the IASB in April 2024 supersedes IAS 1 and will result in major consequential amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards including IAS 8 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements (renamed from Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors). Even though IFRS 18 will not have any effect on the recognition and measurement of items in the consolidated financial statements, it is expected to have a material effect on the presentation and disclosure of certain items. These changes include categorisation and sub-totals in the statement of profit or loss, aggregation or disaggregation and labelling of information, and disclosure of management-defined performance measures.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際財務報告準則會計準則 (續)

國際財務報告準則第10號及國際會計準則第28號的修訂－投資者與其聯營公司或合資企業之間的資產出售或注資
該等修訂澄清投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間存在資產出售或注資的情況。倘與聯營公司或合營企業的交易採用權益法入賬，則於損益確認因失去對並無包含業務的附屬公司的控制權而產生的任何收益或虧損，惟僅以非相關投資者於該聯營公司或合營企業的權益為限。同樣地，於損益內確認因重新計量任何前附屬公司（已成為聯營公司或合營企業）之保留權益至公允價值而產生之任何收益或虧損，惟僅以非相關投資者於新聯營公司或合營企業之權益為限。

國際財務報告準則第18號－財務報表的呈列及披露

國際財務報告準則第18號財務報表的呈列及披露由國際會計準則理事會於二零二四年四月頒佈，取代國際會計準則第1號，並將導致對國際財務報告準則會計準則（包括國際會計準則第8號財務報表的編製基準（由會計政策、會計估計變動及錯誤重新命名））作出重大相應修訂。即使國際財務報告準則第18號對綜合財務報表項目的確認及計量將不會造成任何影響，但預期將對若干項目的呈列及披露產生重大影響。該等變動包括損益表的分類及小計、資料的彙總／分類及標示，以及管理層界定的績效計量的披露。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Business combinations and goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill at the end of each reporting period. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Optional concentration test

The Group can elect to apply an optional concentration test, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The concentration test is met if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets. The gross assets under assessment exclude cash and cash equivalents, deferred tax assets, and goodwill resulting from the effects of deferred tax liabilities. If the concentration test is met, the set of activities and assets is determined not to be a business and no further assessment is needed.

2.4 重大會計政策資料

業務合併及商譽

商譽初步按成本計量，即已轉讓代價、已確認非控股權益金額及本集團先前持有之被收購方股權之任何公平價值之總和，超逾所收購可識別資產淨值及所承擔負債之差額。倘代價與其他項目的總和低於所收購資產淨值之公平價值，於重新評估後其差額將於損益內確認為議價收購收益。

於初步確認後，商譽按成本減任何累計減值虧損計量。商譽須每年作減值測試，若有事件發生或情況改變顯示賬面值有可能減值時，則會更頻密地進行測試。本集團於各報告期末進行商譽之年度減值測試。為進行減值測試，無論本集團其他資產或負債是否已分配予現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別，因業務合併而購入的商譽自購入之日起獲分配至預期可從合併產生的協同效益中獲益的本集團該等單位或單位組別。

減值乃通過評估與商譽有關的現金產生單位（現金產生單位組別）的可收回金額釐定。當現金產生單位（現金產生單位組別）的可收回金額低於賬面值時，減值虧損便予以確認。已就商譽確認的減值虧損不得於其後期間撥回。

可選集中度測試

本集團可選擇以逐項交易基準應用可選集中度測試，可對所收購之一組活動及資產是否並非一項業務作簡化評估。倘所購入資產總額的公平值幾乎全部集中在單一可識別資產或一組類似資產，則符合集中度測試。評估之總資產不包括現金及現金等價物、遞延稅項資產、及由遞延稅項負債影響產生之商譽。倘符合集中度測試，該組活動及資產被釐定為並非業務及毋須作進一步評估。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Asset acquisitions

When the Group acquires a group of assets and liabilities that do not constitute a business, the Group identifies and recognises the individual identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by allocating the purchase price first to investment properties which are subsequently measured under fair value model and financial assets/financial liabilities at the respective fair values, the remaining balance of the purchase price is then allocated to the other identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction does not give rise to goodwill or bargain purchase gain.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its equity investments and debt investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

資產收購

當本集團收購一組並不構成業務之資產及負債時，本集團透過首先向其後以公允價值模式計量之投資物業及金融資產／金融負債按相關公允價值分配收購價，以識別及確認所收購個別可識別資產及所承擔負債，而收購價餘下結餘其後按其於購買日期之相關公允價值為基準分配至其他可識別資產及負債。有關交易並不會產生商譽或議價收購收益。

公允價值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公允價值計量其股本投資及債務投資。公允價值指於計量日市場參與者之間之有序交易中，就出售資產所收取之價格或轉讓負債所支付之價格。計量公允價值時假設出售資產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或負債之主要市場或（在未有主要市場之情況下）最有利市場進行。主要或最有利市場須為本集團能參與之市場。假設市場參與者基於最佳經濟利益行事，資產或負債之公允價值使用市場參與者為資產或負債定價所用假設計量。

非金融資產之公允價值計量考慮市場參與者在資產最高和最佳使用狀態時使用或將其出售給另一市場參與者所產生經濟利益的能力。

本集團針對不同情況使用不同估值方法，確保有足夠數據計量公允價值，並盡量利用相關可觀察輸入值，減少使用不可觀察輸入值。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 – based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, financial assets, deferred tax assets and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value-in-use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

公允價值於綜合財務報表計量或披露之所有資產及負債，均基於對計量公允價值整體而言屬重要之最低層輸入值按下述公允價值層級分類：

- 第1級 – 基於同等資產或負債於活躍市場之報價（未經調整）
- 第2級 – 基於對公允價值計量而言屬重大的可觀察（直接或間接）最低級別輸入數據的估值方法
- 第3級 – 基於對公允價值計量而言屬重大的不可觀察最低級別輸入數據的估值方法

對於按經常性基準於綜合財務報表確認之資產及負債，本集團於各報告期末重新評估分類（基於對計量公允價值整體而言屬重大之最低級別輸入值），確定有否在不同層級之間轉移。

非金融資產減值

倘有跡象顯示出現減值或要求就資產進行年度減值測試（存貨、金融資產、遞延稅項資產及商譽除外），則會估計該資產的可收回金額。資產的可收回金額按資產或現金產生單位的使用價值及其公允價值減出售成本（以較高者為準），並就個別資產而釐定，除非有關資產並無產生在頗大程度上獨立於其他資產或資產組別的現金流入，在此情況下可收回金額就資產所屬的現金產生單位而釐定。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

非金融資產減值 (續)

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超出其可收回金額時予以確認。於評估使用價值時，估計未來現金流量按可反映現時市場評估的貨幣時間值及資產特定風險的除稅前貼現率折減至現值。減值虧損乃於產生期間計入綜合損益表內與已減值資產功能一致之開支項目內。

於各報告期末會進行評估以釐定有否跡象顯示之前已確認的減值虧損不再存在或減少。倘出現該跡象，則會估計可收回金額。過往確認的資產（商譽除外）減值虧損僅在用以釐定該項資產可收回金額的估計改變時撥回，惟撥回後的數額不得高於假設過往年度並無就資產確認減值虧損而應有的賬面值（扣除任何折舊／攤銷後）。減值虧損的撥回於產生期間計入綜合損益表。

關連方

任何一方如屬以下情況，即視為本集團的關連方：

- (a) 該方為任何人士或其家族的親密成員，而該人士
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團；
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力；或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團之母公司的主要管理人員的其中一名成員；

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Related parties (continued)

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
- (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

關連方 (續)

或

- (b) 該方為符合下列任何條件的實體：
- (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團的成員公司；
 - (ii) 一個實體為另一實體（或另一實體的母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司）的聯營公司或合營公司；
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方的合營公司；
 - (iv) 一個實體為第三方實體的合營公司，而另一實體為第三方實體的聯營公司；
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關連的實體就僱員利益設立的離職福利計劃；
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所定義人士控制或受共同控制；
 - (vii) 對(a)(i)所定義人士對該實體有重大影響力或屬該實體（或該實體的母公司）主要管理人員的其中一名成員；及
 - (viii) 實體或所屬集團之任何成員公司向本集團或本集團母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	shorter of 33.3% or the lease term
Equipment	33.3%
Motor vehicles	33.3%
Others	33.3%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損入賬。物業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括其購入價及令其達致符合預計用途的操作狀況及付運至使用地點的任何直接應佔費用。

在物業、廠房及設備項目投產後產生的開支，例如維修及保養，通常在產生的期間從綜合損益表扣除。倘符合確認標準，則有關重大檢查之開支會按該資產之賬面值資本化為重置資產。倘須定期替換物業、廠房及設備的主要部分，則本集團會將該等部分確認為有特定可使用年期的個別資產，並相應計提折舊。

折舊以直線法計算，按每項物業、廠房及設備項目的估計可使用年期撇銷其成本至其剩餘價值。所使用的主要折舊年率如下：

租賃物業維修	33.3%或租期 (以較短者為準)
設備	33.3%
汽車	33.3%
其他	33.3%

倘若物業、廠房及設備項目的部分具不同可使用年期，該項目的成本按合理基準分配給各部分，其各部分各自計算折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法視適當情況最少於各財政年度年結日檢討及調整。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

(continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment, including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Technology know-how

Technology know-how is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)**物業、廠房及設備與折舊 (續)**

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括初步確認的任何重大部分)乃於出售或當預期使用或出售項目將不會產生未來經濟利益時取消確認。於資產取消確認年度因其出售或報廢並在綜合損益表確認的任何盈虧乃有關資產的出售所得款項淨額與賬面值之差額。

無形資產 (商譽除外)

個別收購之無形資產於初步確認時按成本計量。業務合併中收購之無形資產之成本乃該資產於收購日期之公允價值。無形資產的可使用年限乃評估為有限或無限。可使用年期有限之無形資產的後續計量需於可使用經濟期內攤銷，並在有跡象顯示無形資產可能減值時作出減值評估。可使用年期有限之無形資產之攤銷期及攤銷方法最少於每個財政年度年結日作檢討。

專有技術

專有技術按成本減任何減值虧損入賬，並於10年之估計可使用期內以直線法攤銷。

研究及開發成本

所有研究成本於發生時計入損益表。

開發新產品項目而產生的開支，僅在本集團能夠證明以下各項時，方予以資本化及遞延，即：完成無形資產以供使用或出售的技術可行性、本集團有意完成無形資產且具備使用或出售該資產的能力、該資產如何產生未來經濟利益、具備完成項目的資源及能可靠地計量開發過程中的開支。未符合上述條件的產品開發開支於產生時確認為費用。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognised in profit or loss.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金或作資本增值或該兩種用途而非持作於日常業務過程中出售、用作生產或供應商品或服務或作行政用途的物業。投資物業於初步確認時按成本計量，其後按公允價值計量，而且任何變動均在損益中確認。

投資物業於出售或於投資物業永久停止使用且預期不會從出售中獲得未來經濟利益時終止確認。終止確認該物業而產生之任何收益或虧損（按該資產之出售所得款項淨額與其賬面值之間的差額計算）計入該物業於終止確認期間之損益。

租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為租賃或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制可識別資產使用的權利，則該合約為租賃或包含租賃。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) *Right-of-use assets*

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease terms of the assets as follows:

Buildings	1 to 5 years
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If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人

本集團就所有租賃應用單一確認及計量方法，惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外。本集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃付款，而使用權資產指使用相關資產的權利。

(a) *使用權資產*

使用權資產於租賃開始日期 (即相關資產可供使用當日) 確認。使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量，並就租賃負債之任何重新計量作出調整。使用權資產之成本包括已確認租賃負債金額、已發生初始直接成本及於開始日期或之前支付之租賃付款減已收取之任何租賃優惠。使用權資產於資產之租期內以直線法折舊，如下：

樓宇	1至5年
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倘於租期結束時租賃資產的擁有權轉讓至本集團或成本反映購買選擇權的行使，折舊則根據資產的估計可使用年期計算。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group's lease liabilities are included in interest-bearing bank and other borrowings.

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人 (續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期按於租期內作出之租賃付款現值確認。租賃付款包括固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應收租賃優惠、取決於某一指數或比率之可變租賃付款及預期根據在剩餘價值擔保中將支付之金額。

於計算租賃付款現值時，由於租賃中所隱含之利率不易釐定，本集團於租賃開始日期使用增量借款利率。於開始日期後，租賃負債金額會增加，以反映利息增加及就所付租賃付款作出調減。此外，倘出現修改、租期變動、租賃付款變動(如某一指數或比率變動所產生之未來租賃付款變動)或購買相關資產之選擇權之評估變動，租賃負債之賬面值將予重新計量。

本集團的租賃負債計入計息銀行及其他借款。

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團對自開始日期起計之租期為十二個月或以下並且不包含購買選擇權的機器及設備的短期租賃採用短期租賃確認豁免。短期租賃的租賃付款乃於租期內按直線法確認為開支。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Leases (continued)***The Group as a lessor***

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased assets to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

Investments and other financial assets***Initial recognition and measurement***

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

租賃 (續)

本集團作為出租人

只要租賃條款將租賃資產所有權的絕大部分風險及回報轉移予承租人，租賃乃分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃均分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃的租金收入於相關租賃期內以直線法於損益確認。磋商及安排經營租賃所產生的初始直接成本加至租賃資產的賬面金額，並於租賃期內以直線法確認為開支。

投資及其他金融資產***初步確認及計量***

金融資產於初步確認時分類為其後按攤銷成本計量、按公允價值計入其他全面收益及按公允價值計入損益。

初步確認時的金融資產分類取決於金融資產合約現金流量特徵以及本公司管理金融資產的業務模式。除不包含重大融資部分或本集團已就其應用權宜方法不調整重大融資部分影響的應收款項外，本集團初步以公允價值加交易成本（就並非按公允價值計入損益的金融資產而言）計量金融資產。不包含重大融資部分或本集團已就其應用權宜方法的應收款項根據下文「收入確認」所載政策按國際財務報告準則第15號釐定的交易價格計量。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

投資及其他金融資產 (續)

初步確認及計量 (續)

為按攤銷成本或按公允價值計入其他全面收益對金融資產進行分類及計量，金融資產需要產生未償還本金的純粹支付本金及利息（「純粹支付本金及利息」）的現金流量。現金流量並非純粹支付本金及利息的金融資產按公允價值計入損益分類及計量，而不論採用何種業務模式。

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式指其管理金融資產以產生現金流量的方法。業務模式決定現金流量是否來自於收取合約現金流量、出售金融資產，或兩者兼有。按攤銷成本分類及計量的金融資產是以收取合約現金流量為目的的業務模式持有，而按公允價值計入其他全面收益分類及計量的金融資產是以同時收取合約現金流量及出售為目的的業務模式持有。不屬於上述業務模式的金融資產按公允價值計入損益分類及計量。

所有以一般方式買賣的金融資產均於交易日（即本集團承諾買賣資產之日）確認。一般方式買賣乃指按照一般市場規定或慣例在一定期間內交付資產之金融資產買賣。

後續計量

金融資產會視乎以下分類進行後續計量：

按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產 (債務工具)

按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產其後使用實際利率法計量，並可能受減值影響。當資產終止確認、修改或減值時，收益及虧損於綜合損益表內確認。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)**Subsequent measurement** (continued)

Financial asset designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity investment)

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investment as equity investment designated at fair value through other comprehensive income when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

This category includes equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on equity investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are also recognised as other income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)**投資及其他金融資產 (續)****後續計量 (續)**

指定按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產 (股本投資)

於初步確認時，本集團可選擇於股本投資符合國際會計準則第32號金融工具：呈列項下股本的定義且並非持作買賣時，將其股本投資不可撤回地分類為指定按公允價值計入其他全面收益的股本投資。分類按個別工具基準釐定。

該等金融資產的收益及虧損概不會轉回綜合損益表。當支付權已確立、與股息有關的經濟利益可能流入本集團及能可靠計量股息金額時，股息於綜合損益表內確認為其他收入，惟當本集團於作為收回金融資產部分成本的所得款項中獲益時則除外，於有關情況下，有關收益記錄於其他全面收益。指定按公允價值計入其他全面收益的股本投資不受減值評估影響。

按公允價值計入損益的金融資產

按公允價值計入損益的金融資產按公允價值於綜合財務狀況表列賬，而公允價值變動淨值於綜合損益表內確認。

該類別包括本集團並無不可撤回地選擇按公允價值計入其他全面收益進行分類的股本投資。分類為按公允價值計入損益的金融資產的股本投資的股息亦在支付權已確立時、與股息有關的經濟利益可能流入本集團及能可靠計量股息金額時於綜合損益表內確認為其他收入。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

取消確認金融資產

金融資產 (或部分金融資產或部分同類金融資產組的一部分 (視情況而定) 於下列情況下通常將被取消確認 (即從本集團的綜合財務狀況表中刪除) :

- 收取資產現金流量的權利屆滿; 或
- 本集團轉讓收取資產現金流量的權利, 或承擔根據「過手」安排在無重大延遲的情況下向第三方支付所收取的全部現金流量的責任; 及(a)本集團已轉讓資產的絕大部份風險及回報, 或(b)本集團並無轉讓亦無保留資產的絕大部分風險及回報, 但已轉讓資產控制權。

當本集團已轉讓收取資產現金流量的權利, 或已訂立過手安排, 其評估是否保留資產擁有權風險及回報與其程度。當並無轉讓亦無保留資產的絕大部分風險及回報, 亦無轉讓資產控制權, 則該已轉讓的資產根據本集團持續涉入該資產的程度確認入賬。在這情況下, 本集團亦會確認一項相關負債。該已轉讓的資產及相關負債是以反映本集團所保留權利及責任為基準而計量。

對已轉讓的資產作出擔保方式的持續涉入, 乃按資產的原賬面值及本集團可能被要求償還的代價的最高值兩者的較低者計量。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (“ECLs”) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)**金融資產減值**

本集團就所有並非按公允價值計入損益的債務工具確認預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)撥備。預期信貸虧損基於根據合約到期的合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差額而定，並以原實際利率的概約值貼現。預期現金流量將包括出售所持抵押品的現金流量或合約條款必要的其他信貸提升。

一般法

預期信貸虧損於兩個階段內確認。就自初步確認起信貸風險未有顯著增加的信貸風險承擔而言，預期信貸虧損就未來12個月內可能發生違約事件而導致的信貸虧損(12個月預期信貸虧損)予以計提。就自初步確認起信貸風險已顯著增加的信貸風險承擔而言，不論發生違約的時間(有可使用期限的預期信貸虧損)，於餘下風險承擔年期內的預期信貸虧損均須計提虧損撥備。

於各報告日期，本集團評估自初步確認起金融工具的信貸風險是否顯著增加。在進行評估時，本集團比較金融工具於報告日期發生違約的風險與金融工具於初步確認日期發生違約的風險，並考慮在並無多餘成本及努力下取得的合理可靠資料，包括歷史及前瞻性資料。

當合約付款逾期90日時，本集團將金融資產視為違約。然而，在若干情況下，當內部或外部資料表明本集團不太可能在計及本集團持有的任何信貸提升前悉數收取未償付合約款項時，本集團亦可將金融資產視為違約。金融資產在並無合理預期可收回合約現金流量時撇銷。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach (continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 – Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 – Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 – Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Simplified approach

For trade receivables and contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

一般法 (續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產須按一般法減值及就預期信貸虧損計量在下列階段內分類，惟應用下文詳述簡化法的貿易應收款項除外。

- 第一階段 – 信貸風險自初步確認起並無顯著增加的金融工具，其虧損撥備按相當於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量
- 第二階段 – 信貸風險自初步確認起已顯著增加但並非信貸減值金融資產的金融工具，其虧損撥備按相當於有可使用期限的預期信貸虧損的金額計量
- 第三階段 – 於報告日期已信貸減值的金融資產（惟並非自購買或初始起已信貸減值），其虧損撥備按相當於有可使用期限的預期信貸虧損的金額計量

簡化法

就不包含重大融資組成部分的貿易應收款項及合約資產，或當本集團應用權宜方法不調整重大融資部分影響的情況而言，本集團在計算預期信貸虧損時應用簡化法。根據簡化法，本集團並無追蹤信貸風險的變動，而是於各報告日期根據有可使用期限的預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團已根據其過往信貸虧損經驗設立撥備矩陣，並根據債務人及經濟環境的特定前瞻性因素作出調整。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings, and payables.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals of the Group, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and promissory note payable.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liabilities at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)**金融負債**

金融負債在初步確認時可分類為貸款及借貸及應付款項。

所有金融負債於初步確認時以公允價值計算，而貸款及借款及應付款項則扣除直接應佔交易成本。

本集團之金融負債包括貿易應付款項、計入本集團其他應付款項及應計費用之金融負債、計息銀行及其他借款以及應付承兌票據。

後續計量

金融負債其後會視乎以下分類進行計量：

按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

於初步確認後，按攤銷成本計量的金融負債其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，倘貼現之影響輕微，在此情況下則按成本列賬。取消確認負債及透過實際利率攤銷過程中產生之收益及虧損於綜合損益表中確認。

計算攤銷成本時會考慮收購所產生之任何折讓或溢價，亦包括作為實際利率一部分的費用或成本。實際利率攤銷計入綜合損益表的融資成本項下。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

金融負債 (續)

取消確認金融負債

當負債的責任被解除或取消或屆滿，則金融負債將取消確認。

如現有金融負債由條款有重大差異的相同放款人負債所取代，或現有負債的條款有重大修訂，此類取替或修訂將被視為取消確認原負債及確認新負債處理，有關賬面值的差額於綜合損益表中確認。

抵銷金融工具

金融資產與金融負債對銷，而有關淨額會於現有可強制執行的法律權利可抵銷已確認金額且有意按淨額基準結算或同時變現資產及結清負債時，在綜合財務狀況表中呈報。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值的較低者入賬。成本按先進先出法計算，而在製品及製成品的成本包括直接材料、直接人工及適當比例的間接費用。可變現淨值乃根據估計售價減任何完工及出售時的估計成本。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits and assets similar in nature to cash unless the bank balances are subject to third party contractual restrictions which result in a bank balance no longer meeting the definition of cash.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

The Group provides for warranties in relation to the sale of certain products for general repairs of defects occurring during the warranty period. Provisions for these assurance-type warranties granted by the Group are recognised based on past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)**現金及現金等價物**

綜合現金流量表的現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及活期存款，以及可隨時兌換為確定數額現金的短期高流動性投資（價值波動風險不高，且於取得時通常為三個月內到期），減須按要求償還並屬於本集團現金管理的一部分的銀行透支。

綜合財務狀況表的現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及銀行現金存款（包括定期存款及近乎現金性質資產，除非銀行結餘受第三方合約限制，導致銀行結餘不再符合現金的定義）。

撥備

因過往事件產生現時債務（法定或推定），而未來可能需要資源流出以償還債務，且該債務所涉金額能可靠估計時，則確認撥備。

倘折現影響重大，則已確認的撥備數額為報告期末預期的償還債務所需的未來支出現值。隨時間流逝而增加的折現現值金額於損益表內列為融資成本。

本集團就保修期內出現的瑕疵的一般性保修對關於銷售若干產品的保證作出撥備。就本集團所提供的該等擔保型保修而作出的撥備，乃按過去的維修及退貨情況確認，並在適當的情況下折現至其現值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

所得稅

所得稅包括即期及遞延稅項。有關在損益以外確認的項目的所得稅乃於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

即期稅項資產及負債按預期自稅務機關退回或向稅務機關支付的數額，並根據於報告期末已頒佈或實際頒佈的稅率（及稅法）計量，並經考慮本集團經營所在地適用的詮釋及常規。

遞延稅項採用負債法就於報告期末資產及負債的稅基與財務報告所列賬面值間的所有暫時差異計提撥備。

遞延稅項負債乃就所有應納稅暫時差異確認，但下列情況除外：

- 當一項交易（該交易並非為業務合併）進行時初步確認的商譽或資產或負債產生的遞延稅項負債既不對會計利潤也不對應課稅損益構成影響；及
- 關於附屬公司的投資產生的應課稅暫時差異，如撥回這些暫時差異的時間可受控制且暫時差異於可預見將來可能不會轉回。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)**所得稅 (續)**

遞延稅項資產乃就所有可扣稅暫時差異、未動用稅項抵免及任何未動用稅務虧損的結轉確認。遞延稅項資產以日後可能有用於抵銷可動用可抵扣暫時差異及未動用稅項抵免及未動用稅項虧損的結轉的應課稅溢利為限予以確認，但下列情況除外：

- 當一項交易（該交易並非為業務合併）進行時與初步確認的資產或負債產生的可扣稅暫時差異有關的遞延稅項資產，既不對會計利潤也不對應課稅損益構成影響；及
- 關於附屬公司的投資產生的可扣減暫時差異，遞延稅項資產僅於暫時差異將於可預見將來轉回及有應課稅利潤可用以抵扣暫時差異時方會確認。

於各報告期末審閱遞延稅項資產的賬面值，並扣減至不再可能有足夠應納稅利潤供使用全部或部分遞延稅項資產為止。於各報告期末重新評估未確認的遞延稅項資產，並以可能有足夠應納稅利潤供收回全部或部分遞延稅項資產為限予以確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

所得稅 (續)

遞延稅項資產及負債以資產被變現或負債被清償期間預期適用的稅率計量，並根據報告期末已頒佈或實際頒佈的稅率（及稅法）計算。

僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷，且遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債與同一稅務機關對同一應稅實體或於各未來期間預期有大額遞延稅項負債或資產需要結算或清償時，擬按淨額基準結算即期稅務負債及資產或同時變現資產及結算負債之不同稅務實體徵收之所得稅相關，則遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債可予抵銷。

政府補貼

倘可合理確定將收到政府補貼且本集團符合全部有關條件，則確認該等政府補貼。如屬與費用項目相關的補助金，則於擬補償成本費用化期間系統地確認為收入。

收入確認

來自客戶合約之收入

來自客戶合約之收入於貨品或服務的控制權轉移至客戶時確認，金額反映本集團預期就交換該等貨品或服務而有權取得的代價。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)**Revenue from contracts with customers** (continued)*(a) Sale of goods*

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods by customers. Invoices are usually payable within 30 to 90 days.

*(b) Rendering of services**(i) Installation services*

The Group provides installation services that are either sold separately or bundled together with the sale of goods to a customer. The installation services can be obtained from other providers and do not significantly customise or modify the goods.

Contracts for bundled sales of goods and installation services are comprised of two performance obligations because the promises to transfer the goods and provide installation services are capable of being distinct and separately identifiable. Accordingly, the transaction price is allocated based on the relative stand-alone selling prices of the goods and installation services. Invoices are usually payable within 30 to 90 days.

Revenue from installation services is recognised over time, using an input method to measure progress towards complete satisfaction of the service, because the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced. The input method recognises revenue based on the proportion of the actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total costs for satisfaction of the installation services.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

收入確認 (續)

來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

(a) 銷售貨品

來自銷售貨品的收入在資產控制權轉移予客戶的時間點確認，一般為在客戶交付貨品。發票通常須於30至90日內支付。

*(b) 提供服務**(i) 安裝服務*

本集團提供的安裝服務乃獨立出售或與向客戶銷售貨品捆綁出售。安裝服務可自其他供應商取得，而毋須大幅客製化或改動貨品。

將貨品及安裝服務捆綁出售的合約包括兩項履約責任，原因為承諾轉讓貨品及提供安裝服務可獨立識別及區分。因此，交易價格乃根據貨品及安裝服務的相關獨立售價而分配。發票通常須於30至90日內支付。

來自安裝服務的收入乃隨時間確認，並使用輸入法計量完成履行服務的進度，原因為本集團履約會創造或加強客戶隨著創造或加強資產而控制的資產。輸入法乃根據所產生實際成本相對於履行安裝服務的估計成本總額的比例而確認收入。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(b) Rendering of services (continued)

(ii) Maintenance services

Revenue from the provision of maintenance services is recognised over the scheduled period on a straight-line basis because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group.

(iii) Construction contracts for communication network infrastructure

The Group provides design and build data network infrastructure services to customers. Such contract with a customer relates to work on infrastructure under the control of the customer and therefore the Group's construction activities create or enhance an asset under the customer's control. Invoices are usually payable within 30 to 90 days.

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services for the related project.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

收入確認 (續)

來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

(b) 提供服務 (續)

(ii) 維修服務

提供維修服務的收入乃以直線基準在預定期間內確認，原因為客戶同時收取及消耗本集團所提供利益。

(iii) 通訊網絡基礎設施建造合約

本集團為客戶提供設計及建設數據網絡基礎設施服務。有關客戶合約與受客戶控制的基礎設施工程相關，故本集團的建造活動創造或提升受客戶控制的資產。發票通常須於30至90日內支付。

完成履約責任的進度按產出法計量，即根據直接計量迄今已轉移予客戶之貨物或服務與合約項下承諾提供的餘下貨物或服務價值相比較以確認收入，此最能反映本集團於轉移相關項目的貨物或服務控制權的履約情況。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(b) *Rendering of services* (continued)

- (iv) Construction contracts for smart city and smart IT-related projects

The Group provides design and build smart city and smart IT-related services to customers. Such contract with a customer relates to work on infrastructure under the control of the customer and therefore the Group's construction activities create or enhance an asset under the customer's control. Invoices are usually payable within 14 days.

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on input method, which is to recognise revenue based on the proportion of the actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total costs for satisfaction of the construction services, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services for the related project.

Income from other sources

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

收入確認 (續)

來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

(b) *提供服務* (續)

- (iv) 智慧志城市及智慧資訊科技相關項目的建造合約

本集團向客戶提供設計及建造智慧城市及智慧資訊科技相關服務。有關客戶合約與受客戶控制的基礎設施工程相關，故本集團的建造活動創造或提升受客戶控制的資產。發票通常須於14日內支付。

完成履約責任的進度乃基於輸入法計量，即按產生的實際成本相對履行建造服務的估計總成本比例確認收益，其最能反映本集團於轉讓有關項目貨品或服務控制權方面的履約情況。

其他來源的收入

利息收入

利息收入按應計基準使用實際利率法透過應用將金融工具在預期可使用年期或較短期間（如適用）內的估計未來現金收入準確貼現至金融資產賬面淨值的比率予以確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Contract assets and liabilities

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Contract asset is recognised when the Group completes the delivery under such services contracts but yet certified by customers. Any amount previously recognised as a contract asset is reclassified to trade receivables at the point at which the delivery is certified by customer. If the considerations (including advances received from customers) exceeds the revenue recognised to date under the output method then the Group recognises a contract liability for the difference.

Share-based payments

The Company operates share option schemes for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group and the service providers receive remuneration and fee in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees and service providers render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

合約資產及負債

合約資產指本集團就本集團已轉移予客戶的商品或服務換取代價的權利，而該權利尚未成為無條件。相反，應收款項乃指本集團收取代價的無條件權利，即經過一段時間後即須支付該代價。

倘本集團於轉讓有關產品或服務前收到客戶的付款或款項到期時（以較早者為準）確認合約負債。合約負債於本集團履行合約時（即向客戶轉移相關貨品或服務的控制權）確認為收益。

合約資產於本集團根據該等服務合約完成交付但尚未獲得客戶證明時確認。先前確認為合約資產的任何金額在交付獲得客戶證明時重新分類至應收貿易款項。倘代價（包括收訖之客戶預付款）超出了按產出法確認的收入，則本集團確認差額為合約負債。

以股份為基礎付款

本公司實施購股權計劃，旨在為對本集團業務成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供激勵與獎勵。本集團僱員（包括董事）及提供服務者以股份支付交易之方式收取報酬及袍金，而僱員及提供服務者提供服務作為收取股本工具之代價（「股本結算交易」）。

有關授出與僱員之股本結算交易的成本乃參照其於授出日期的公允價值計量。公允價值乃由外聘估值師以二項式模式計量，其進一步詳情於綜合財務報表附註32中提供。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions to the employees and service providers are recognised in employee benefit expense and administrative expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)**以股份為基礎付款 (續)**

有關僱員及提供服務者之股本結算交易的成本於表現及／或服務條件達成的期間在僱員福利開支及行政開支中，連同相應股權增加一併確認。累計開支於各報告期末就股本結算交易而確認，直至歸屬日期反映歸屬期屆滿的程度及本集團對股本工具數目（將最終歸屬）的最佳估算為止。就某一期間而在損益表中扣除或計入指在該期間開始及結束時確認的累計開支的變動。

釐定回報的授出日期公允價值時，不會計及服務及非市場表現條件，但會評估達成該等條件的可能性，作為本集團對最終將歸屬的權益工具數量的最佳估計。市場執行條件在授出日期公允價值內反映。獎勵所附帶的任何其他條件（但無相關服務規定）被視為非歸屬條件。非歸屬條件在獎勵的公允價值中反映，並導致獎勵即時計入開支，惟同時有服務及／或執行條件者除外。

就最終不會歸屬的獎勵而言，由於非市場執行條件及／或服務條件尚未達成，故概無開支獲確認。倘獎勵包括市場或非歸屬條件，則交易會被視為歸屬，不論市場或非歸屬條件達成與否亦然，惟所有其他執行及／或服務條件須予達成。

尚未行使購股權之攤薄效應在計算每股盈利時反映為額外股份攤薄。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Other employee benefits

Pension scheme

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

For the defined contribution schemes of the Group, the forfeited contributions (by employers on behalf of employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in such contributions) would not be used by the employer to reduce the existing level of contribution.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

其他僱員福利

退休金計劃

本集團於中國內地的附屬公司的僱員須參加由地方市政府經營的中央退休金計劃。附屬公司須按其工資成本的若干百分比向中央退休金計劃供款。根據中央退休金計劃規則，有關供款於應付時在損益表扣除。

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例，為其香港所有僱員營運定額供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃（「強積金計劃」）。供款按僱員基本薪酬某一個百分比作出，並按照強積金計劃之規則，於應付時計入綜合損益表。強積金計劃的資產與本集團的資產分開持有，由一獨立基金管理。本集團所作僱主供款於向強積金計劃作出供款時全數歸僱員所有。

就本集團之界定供款計劃而言，沒收之供款（由僱主代該等在供款悉數歸屬前退出計劃之僱員作出）將不會由僱主用作減少現有水平之供款。

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Foreign currencies

These consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's presentation currency. The Company, which was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda, determines the HK\$ as its functional currency. As the Group mainly operates in Mainland China, RMB is used as the presentation currency of the Company. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

外幣

此等綜合財務報表以本公司的呈報貨幣人民幣呈列。本公司於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續，功能貨幣為港元。因本集團主要於中國內地營運，故本公司將人民幣作為呈報貨幣。本集團內各實體自行決定功能貨幣，各實體的財務報表項目以該功能貨幣計量。記錄於本集團實體的外幣交易最初按交易日各功能貨幣的匯率入賬。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債於報告期末按功能貨幣匯率換算。貨幣項目結算或換算產生的差異均計入損益表。

按歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目根據最初交易日的匯率換算。按外幣公允價值計量的非貨幣項目按釐定公允價值當日的匯率換算。按公允價值計量之非貨幣項目換算所產生盈虧與確認該項目公允價值變動的盈虧的處理方法一致（換言之，於其他全面收益或損益確認公允價值盈虧的項目的匯兌差額，亦分別於其他全面收益或損益確認）。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain subsidiaries are currencies other than RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing exchange rate.

2.4 重大會計政策資料 (續)

外幣 (續)

就終止確認與預付代價有關的非貨幣資產或非貨幣負債而釐定相關資產、開支或收入的初步確認匯率時，初步交易日期為本集團初步確認預付代價產生的非貨幣資產或非貨幣負債的日期。倘有多筆預付款項或收款，本集團將釐定各預付代價付款或收款的交易日期。

若干附屬公司的功能貨幣並非人民幣。於報告期末，該等實體的資產及負債按報告期末的匯率換算為人民幣，且該等公司的損益表按本年度的加權平均匯率換算為人民幣。

因此產生的匯兌差額於其他全面收益確認及累計列入匯兌儲備。在出售外國業務時，該特定外國業務相關的其他全面收益的部分於綜合損益表中確認。

收購外國業務產生的任何商譽及收購產生的資產及負債的賬面值之任何公允價值調整，作為外國業務的資產及負債處理，並按收市匯率換算。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

Going concern consideration

As disclosed in note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statement, the assessment of the going concern assumption by the directors of the Company involved significant judgement at the reporting date about the outcome of inherently uncertain future events and conditions, including the expectation on the relevant banking facilities will remain available and that revolving loans could be rolled over when they fall due.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses can be utilised. Significant management's judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Further details are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計

於編製本集團的綜合財務報表時，管理層須就影響收益、開支、資產與負債的呈報金額和對應披露，以及或然負債的披露作出判斷、估計及假設。該等假設及估計所涉及的不確定性可導致須就日後受影響的資產或負債的賬面值作出重大調整。

判斷

在應用本集團的會計政策的過程中，除涉及估計外，管理層作出了以下對綜合財務報表所確認的金額具有重大影響的判斷：

持續經營考慮

誠如綜合財務報表附註2.1所披露，本公司董事於報告日期就持續經營假設進行評估時，須對本質上存在不確定性的未來事件及情況之結果作出重大判斷，有關事件及情況包括對相關銀行融資將繼續可供動用，以及循環貸款於到期時可獲滾續的預期。

遞延稅項資產

倘有應課稅溢利而可使用可扣減暫時差異及未動用稅務虧損抵銷，則會就所有可扣減暫時差異及未動用稅務虧損確認遞延稅項資產。釐定可確認的遞延稅項資產金額需要管理層依據日後應課稅溢利的時間與水平及日後稅務規劃策略作出重大判斷。更多詳情載於綜合財務報表附註18。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Judgements (continued)

Recognition of deferred tax liabilities for withholding taxes

Deferred tax liabilities should be recognised for withholding tax levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax liabilities that can be recognised, based upon the probability that dividends would be declared. The Group is of the view that it is able to fully control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference arising from dividend distribution of these subsidiaries and it is not probable that these subsidiaries will make such profit distribution in the foreseeable future. Therefore, the Group has not recognised any deferred tax liability for withholding taxes as at 31 December 2025 and 2024.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Measurement of value of construction works for communication networks infrastructure

The management measure the value of completed construction works for communication networks infrastructure based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurement of the value of construction work transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining construction works promised to be completed under the construction contract. The management's estimate of revenue and the completion status of construction works requires significant judgement and has a significant impact on the amount and timing of revenue recognised. The Group has the qualified surveyors to periodically measure the value of the construction work completed for each construction projects and issue the internal construction progress reports. The construction works performed by the Group would also be certified by the independent quantity surveyors periodically according to the construction contracts. The Group regularly reviews and revises the estimation of contract revenue prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses based on the internal construction progress reports and the certification issued by the independent quantity surveyors.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計 (續)

判斷 (續)

就代扣代繳稅確認遞延稅項負債

當在中國內地成立的外資企業向境外投資者宣派股息，須就股息所徵收的代扣代繳稅確認遞延稅項負債。管理層根據宣派股息之可能性釐定可予確認的遞延稅項負債金額時，需行使重大判斷。本集團認為，其能夠完全控制撥回該等附屬公司股息分派所產生臨時差額的時間，且該等附屬公司不大可能會於可見將來作出溢利分派。因此，於二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團並無就代扣代繳稅確認任何遞延稅項負債。

估計不確定因素

下文載述有關未來的主要假設及於報告期末估計不確定因素的其他主要來源，兩者均涉及導致下個財政年度資產及負債賬面值大幅調整的重大風險。

來自客戶合約之收入

計量通訊網絡基礎建築工程價值

管理層以產量法計量已完成通訊網絡基礎建築工程的價值，即基於至今已交付客戶的建築工程相對於建築合約下承諾將完成的餘下建築工程價值的直接計量確認收入。管理層在估計收入及建築工程完成狀態時須作出重大判斷，並對確認收入的金額及時間有重大影響。本集團有合資格測量師定期計量各建築項目的已完成建築工程的價值，並發出內部建築進度報告。本集團執行的建築工程亦會由獨立工料測量師根據建築合約定期認證。隨着工程的進行，本集團會定期基於內部建築進度報告及獨立工料測量師發出的證書，審閱及修訂就各建築合約而編製的合約收入估計。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Measurement of value of construction works for smart city and smart IT-related services

The management measure the value of completed construction works for smart city and smart IT-related services based on input method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services for the related project. The management's estimate of revenue and the completion status of construction works requires significant judgement and has a significant impact on the amount and timing of revenue recognised. The Group estimates total contract costs of construction works, which mainly comprise costs for product cost, labour costs and subcontracting fees, based on quotations from time to time provided by the major subcontractors/suppliers/vendors and the experience of the management of the Group, which involve management's best estimates and judgements. The actual outcome of the contract in terms of its total revenue and budget costs may be higher or lower than the estimates and this would affect the revenue and profit recognised. If the price of product cost or the wages of labour or the subcontracting fees varies significantly in the coming months from the budgets, the contract profit of the project will differ significantly from the estimated contract profit. If estimated costs exceed contract revenue, a contract loss will be recognised.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計 (續)

估計不確定因素 (續)

來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

計量智慧城市及智慧資訊科技相關服務的 建築工程價值

管理層以產量法計量已完成智慧城市及智慧資訊科技相關服務建築工程的價值，即按本集團為履行履約責任的付出或輸入相對履行有關履約責任的預期總輸入的基準確認收益，其最能反映本集團於轉讓有關項目貨品或服務控制權方面的履約情況。管理層在估計收入及建築工程完成狀態時須作出重大判斷，並對確認收入的金額及時間有重大影響。本集團估計建築工程之總合約成本，主要包括根據主要分包商／供應商／賣方不時提供之報價計算之產品成本、勞工成本及分包費用，以及本集團管理層之經驗，當中涉及管理層之最佳估計及判斷。就合約之總收益及預算成本而言，合約之實際結果可能高於或低於估計數額，此將影響已確認之收益及溢利。倘產品成本之價格或勞工工資或分包費用於未來數月與預算有顯著差異，則項目之合約溢利將與估計合約溢利有重大差異。倘估計成本超過合約收益，則將確認合約虧損。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer categories that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit issuance).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical payment profile of the trade receivables. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic products) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計 (續)

估計不確定因素 (續)

貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計量貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損。撥備率以擁有類似虧損模式的多個客戶類別分組 (即按地區、產品種類、客戶種類及評級以及按信貸證或其他信貸保險形式的保障範圍) 的逾期日數為基準。

撥備矩陣初步以本集團過往貿易應收款項付款情況作基準。本集團將以前瞻性資料校準矩陣以調整過往信貸虧損經驗。舉例而言，倘預期預測經濟條件 (即國內生產總值) 將於來年衰退並導致製造業違約數量增加，則過往違約率將作出調整。於各報告日期，更新過往觀察違約率並分析前瞻性估計變動。

評估過往觀察違約率、預測經濟條件及預期信貸虧損之間的關連屬重大估計。預期信貸虧損的金額對情況及預測經濟條件的變動敏感。本集團的過往信貸虧損經驗及經濟條件預測亦未能代表客戶於未來的實際違約。有關本集團貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損的資料披露於綜合財務報表附註21。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the cash-generating unit to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also a suitable discount rate to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 December 2025 was RMB102,981,000 (2024: RMB126,469,000) with the recognition of impairment of RMB23,488,000 during the year ended 31 December 2025 (2024: RMB8,483,000). Further details are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets (including the right-of-use assets) at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value-in-use. The value-in-use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計 (續)

估計不確定因素 (續)

商譽減值

本集團最少每年一次衡量商譽是否出現減值，當中涉及估計商譽所分配至的現金產生單位的使用價值。如要估計使用價值，則本集團必須估計現金產生單位的預期未來現金流量，此外亦須評估適用的折現率，以計算該等現金流量的現值。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，商譽的賬面值為人民幣102,981,000元（二零二四年：人民幣126,469,000元），並於截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度確認減值人民幣23,488,000元（二零二四年：人民幣8,483,000元）。更多詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

非金融資產的減值（商譽除外）

本集團會評估有否跡象表明於各個報告期末所有非金融資產（包括使用權資產）出現減值。非金融資產於有跡象表明賬面值可能無法收回時進行減值測試。倘資產或現金產生單位的賬面值超逾其可收回金額（即資產的公允價值減出售成本和使用價值，以較高者為準），即出現減值。當進行使用價值計算時，本集團須估計現金產生單位預期產生的未來現金流量以及選擇用以計算現值的適當貼現率。如果實際的未來現金流量低於預期，則可能產生重大的減值虧損。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Fair value measurement of equity investments

Where fair value of equity investments cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using valuation techniques. The inputs used in the valuation are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. This valuation requires the Group to make estimates about expected factors which may have impact on the fair value of the equity investments and the discount for lack of marketability, liquidity and control and hence they are subject to uncertainty. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of equity investments. The Group's equity investment at fair value through profit or loss at 31 December 2025 was approximately RMB1,153,000 (2024: RMB2,014,000) and the Group's unlisted equity investment, which was accounted for as a financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income as at 31 December 2024, was approximately RMB11,023,000. Further details are included in notes 19, 23 and 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

Fair value measurement of investment properties

As described in note 13, the investment properties were revalued by independent professional valuers as at 31 December 2025. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions, which are subject to uncertainty.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計 (續)

估計不確定因素 (續)

股本投資的公允價值計量

當股本投資之公允價值不能自活躍市場取得，則使用估值法釐定。該估值所使用的輸入值在可能情況下乃自可觀察市場取得，惟倘不可行，則確定公允價值時需作出一定判斷。此評估要求本集團就可能影響股本投資公允價值及缺乏市場流通性、流動性資金及控制的折讓的預期因素進行估計，因此，其會受不確定因素所影響。有關該等因素假設的變化可能影響股本投資的呈報公允價值。於二零二五年十二月三十一日之本集團按公允價值計入損益的股本投資約為人民幣1,153,000元（二零二四年：人民幣2,014,000元）及於二零二四年十二月三十一日之本集團列作按公允價值計入其他全面收益之金融資產的非上市股本投資約為人民幣11,023,000元。進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註19、23及38。

投資物業之公允價值計量

誠如附註13所述，投資物業於二零二五年十二月三十一日由獨立專業估值師進行重估。有關估值乃根據若干假設作出，故當中仍有不確定因素。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Leases – Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an incremental borrowing rate (“IBR”) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group “would have to pay”, which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary’s functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary’s stand-alone credit rating).

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management monitors the results of the Group’s operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. The Group’s chief operating decision makers, also being the directors, focus on revenue analysis by products and services in the communication system business. No other discrete financial information is provided except for the Group’s results and financial position as a whole. Accordingly, only entity-wide disclosures including geographic information are presented.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計 (續)

估計不確定因素 (續)

租賃 – 估算增量借款利率

本集團無法輕易釐定租賃內所隱含的利率，因此，使用增量借款利率（「增量借款利率」）計量租賃負債。增量借款利率為本集團於類似經濟環境中為取得與使用權資產價值相近之資產，而以類似抵押品與類似期間借入所需資金應支付之利率。因此，增量借款利率反映了本集團「應支付」的利率，當無可觀察的利率時（如就並無訂立融資交易之附屬公司而言）或當須對利率進行調整以反映租賃之條款及條件時（如當租賃並非以附屬公司之功能貨幣訂立時），則須作出利率估計。當可觀察輸入數據可用時，本集團使用可觀察輸入數據（如市場利率）估算增量借款利率並須作出若干實體特定的估計（如附屬公司的獨立信用評級）。

4. 分部資料

管理層獨立監察本集團之經營分部業績，以就資源分配及表現評估作出決策。本集團主要經營決策者（亦即董事）側重於按通信系統業務的產品及服務劃分的收益分析。除本集團的整體業績及財務狀況外，概無提供其他離散財務資料。因此，僅呈列實體層面的披露，包括地理資料。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Mainland China	中國內地	447,345	361,386
Hong Kong	香港	110,830	94,036
Vietnam	越南	3,507	9,490
Other countries/regions	其他國家／地區	5,247	1,119
		566,929	466,031

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

上述收入資料乃以客戶所在地點為依歸。

(b) Non-current assets

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Mainland China	中國內地	113,749	153,360
Hong Kong	香港	49,791	64,295
Vietnam	越南	-	1
		163,540	217,656

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes deferred tax assets and financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income.

上述非流動資產資料乃以資產所在地點為依據，當中不包括遞延稅項資產及按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產。

Information about major customers

The aggregated revenue of RMB151,553,000 (2024: RMB85,190,000) from two customers (2024: one) in the communication system business individually amounted to over 10% to the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2025.

4. 分部資料 (續)

地理資料

(a) 來自外部客戶之收入

(b) 非流動資產

關於主要客戶之資料

截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，來自通訊系統業務兩位（二零二四年：一位）客戶的總收入為人民幣151,553,000元（二零二四年：人民幣85,190,000元），單獨佔本集團總收入的10%以上。

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) Disaggregated revenue information

5. 收入、其他收入及收益

來自客戶合約之收入

(i) 分類收入資料

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Type of goods or services	貨品或服務類別		
Sales of goods	銷售貨品	338,838	263,811
Rendering of services	提供服務	228,091	202,220
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之總收入	566,929	466,031
Timing of revenue recognition	確認收入時間		
Goods transferred at a point in time	於某一時間點轉讓貨品	338,838	263,811
Services transferred over time	隨時間轉讓服務	228,091	202,220
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之總收入	566,929	466,031

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning:

下表列示已計入本報告期初合約負債的已確認收入金額：

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:	已計入報告期初合約負債的已確認收入：		
Sales of goods	銷售貨品	24,660	11,700
Rendering of services	提供服務	11,144	6,755
		35,804	18,455

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(ii) Performance obligations

The amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amounts expected to be recognised as revenue:	預期確認為收入的款項：		
Within one year	一年內	196,542	221,184
After one year	一年後	283,136	321,120
		479,678	542,304

Other income and gains

其他收入及收益

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	643	701
Fair value gains on equity investment at fair value through profit or loss, net (note 23)	按公允價值計入損益之股本投資公允價值收益淨額(附註23)	834	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (note 30)	出售附屬公司的收益(附註30)	3,128	-
Government grants released*	已發放政府補貼*	1,509	1,029
Rental income	租金收入	2,161	2,191
Others	其他	299	200
		8,574	4,121

* There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.

* 並無出現與該等補貼有關的未履行條件或或然事件。

6. LOSS BEFORE TAX

The Group's loss before tax is arrived at after charging/
(crediting):

6. 除稅前虧損

本集團除稅前虧損已扣除／(計入)以下各項：

			2025	2024
			二零二五年	二零二四年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost of inventories sold*	已售存貨成本*		499,811	406,772
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	14	946	1,169
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	15	5,183	6,659
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	16	23,488	8,483
Amortisation of other intangible assets**	其他無形資產攤銷**	17	17,714	20,245
Reversal of impairment losses of trade receivables, net	貿易應收款項減值虧損撥回淨額	21	(814)	(763)
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		1,107	1,124
Research and development costs***	研究及開發成本***		19,455	22,465
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兌差異淨額		413	100
Employee benefit expenses (including directors' and a chief executive's remuneration)	僱員福利開支(包括董事及一名最高行政人員的酬金)			
– Wages and salaries	– 工資及薪金		61,050	60,626
– Pension scheme contributions	– 退休金計劃供款		13,324	14,034
			74,374	74,660
Provision for/(reversal of) write-down of inventories to net realisable value*	計提／(撥回)撇減存貨至可變現淨值*		1,626	(1,622)
Fair value (gains)/losses on equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, net	按公允價值計入損益的股本投資公允價值(收益)／虧損淨額	23	(834)	2,934
Fair value losses on investment properties	投資物業之公允價值虧損	13	12,919	16,082

* Inclusive of provision for/(reversal of) write-down of inventories to net realisable value.

* 包括計提／(撥回)撇減存貨至可變現淨值。

** Included in "Cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

** 已計入綜合損益表項下的「銷售成本」內。

*** Included in "Administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

*** 已計入綜合損益表項下的「行政開支」內。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

7. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款利息	12,333	11,493
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	522	480
Interest on convertible bond	可換股債券利息	-	1,330
		12,855	13,303

7. 融資成本

融資成本分析如下：

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, are as follows:

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬

根據上市規則、香港《公司條例》第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條以及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部予以披露之年內董事及最高行政人員薪酬如下：

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fees:	袍金：		
Executive directors and non-executive directors	執行董事及非執行董事	427	536
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事	350	399
		777	935
Other emoluments of executive directors and non-executive directors:	執行董事及非執行董事的其他酬金：		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物福利	3,475	3,918
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	50	83
		3,525	4,001
		4,302	4,936

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

Certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option schemes of the Company. Further details of which are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements. The fair value of such options, which had been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant.

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors of the Company during the year were as follows:

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Mr. Hon Ming Sang	韓銘生先生	111	111
Mr. Tang Shu Pui, Simon ¹	鄧澍培先生 ¹	82	-
Mr. Tsang Siu Yan, Patrick ²	曾少欣先生 ²	76	-
Mr. David Tsoi ³	蔡大維先生 ³	46	177
Mr. Yuen Shiu Wai ⁴	袁紹槐先生 ⁴	35	111
		350	399

¹ The director was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 3 April 2025.

² The director was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 24 April 2025.

³ The director resigned as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 3 April 2025.

⁴ The director resigned as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 24 April 2025.

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors of the Company during the year (2024: Nil).

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬 (續)

若干董事就其向本集團提供之服務而根據本公司之購股權計劃獲授購股權。其進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。該等購股權之公允價值已於歸屬期間在綜合損益表中確認，並於授出日期釐定。

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內付予本公司獨立非執行董事的袍金如下：

¹ 該董事於二零二五年四月三日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。

² 該董事於二零二五年四月二十四日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。

³ 該董事於二零二五年四月三日辭任本公司獨立非執行董事。

⁴ 該董事於二零二五年四月二十四日辭任本公司獨立非執行董事。

年內並無應付本公司獨立非執行董事的其他酬金(二零二四年：無)。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬 (續)

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事及最高行政人員

		Fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Pension scheme contributions	Total remuneration
			薪金、津貼及實物福利	退休金計劃供款	薪酬總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2025	二零二五年				
Executive directors:	執行董事：				
Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo	陳錫強先生	111	3,096	17	3,224
Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol	田一好女士	111	-	-	111
Ms. Wang Fang ¹	王芳女士 ¹	53	379	33	465
Mr. Zhou Yi ²	周易先生 ²	41	-	-	41
		316	3,475	50	3,841
Non-executive director:	非執行董事：				
Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek	王佇維先生	111	-	-	111
		427	3,475	50	3,952

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬 (續)

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事及最高行政人員 (續)

		Salaries, allowances and benefits	Pension scheme contributions	Total remuneration	
	Fees	in kind			
	袍金	薪金、津貼 及實物福利	退休金 計劃供款	薪酬總額	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
2024					
	二零二四年				
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Mr. Chan Sek Keung, Ringo	陳錫強先生	111	2,827	17	2,955
Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol	田一妤女士	111	-	-	111
Ms. Wang Fang ¹	王芳女士 ¹	111	1,091	66	1,268
Mr. Lu Chengye ³	路成業先生 ³	46	-	-	46
		379	3,918	83	4,380
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:				
Mr. Wong Tsu Wai, Derek	王佇維先生	111	-	-	111
Ms. Chung, Elizabeth Ching Yee ⁴	鍾靜儀女士 ⁴	46	-	-	46
		157	-	-	157
		536	3,918	83	4,537

¹ The director resigned as an executive director of the Company on 24 June 2025.

² The director was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 16 June 2025 and resigned as an executive director on 31 October 2025.

³ The director resigned as an executive director of the Company on 31 May 2024.

⁴ The director resigned as a non-executive director of the Company on 31 May 2024.

¹ 該董事於二零二五年六月二十四日辭任本公司執行董事。

² 該董事於二零二五年六月十六日獲委任為本公司執行董事，並於二零二五年十月三十一日辭任執行董事。

³ 該董事於二零二四年五月三十一日辭任本公司執行董事。

⁴ 該董事於二零二四年五月三十一日辭任本公司非執行董事。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(c) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate and connected entities with such directors

During the year ended 31 December 2025, there are no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of the directors, controlled bodies corporate and controlled entities with such directors (2024: Nil).

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included one (2024: two) executive director of the Company, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining four (2024: three) highest paid employees who are neither director nor chief executive of the Company as at 31 December 2025 are as follows:

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬(續)

(c) 有關以董事、受有關董事控制的法人團體及有關董事的關連實體為受益人的貸款、準貸款及其他交易的資料

截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，並無以董事、受有關董事控制的法人團體及受有關董事控制的實體為受益人的貸款、準貸款及其他交易安排(二零二四年：無)。

9. 五位最高薪僱員

年內五位最高薪僱員包括本公司一位(二零二四年：兩位)執行董事，彼等的薪酬詳情載於上文附註8。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，其餘四位(二零二四年：三位)並非本公司董事或最高行政人員的最高薪僱員的年度薪酬詳情如下：

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物福利	4,433	3,282
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	139	56
		4,572	3,338

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (continued)

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

		Number of employees 僱員人數	
		2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 (equivalent to RMB922,000)	零至1,000,000港元 (相當於人民幣922,000元)	-	1
HK\$1,000,001 (equivalent to RMB922,001) to HK\$1,500,000 (equivalent to RMB1,383,000)	1,000,001港元 (相當於人民幣922,001元)至 1,500,000港元(相當於人民幣 1,383,000元)	3	2
HK\$1,500,001 (equivalent to RMB1,383,001) to HK\$2,000,000 (equivalent to RMB1,844,000)	1,500,001港元 (相當於人民幣1,383,001元) 至2,000,000港元(相當於 人民幣1,844,000元)	1	-
		4	3

9. 五位最高薪僱員(續)

薪酬在以下範圍的非董事及非最高行政人員的最高薪僱員人數如下:

10. INCOME TAX CREDIT

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current – Mainland China	即期—中國內地		
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(5,698)	-
Current – Hong Kong	即期—香港		
Charge for the year	年內支出	96	310
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(352)	-
Deferred income tax (note 18)	遞延所得稅(附註18)	(2,535)	(3,266)
Total tax credit for the year	年內稅項抵免總額	(8,489)	(2,956)

10. 所得稅抵免

The Group is subject to Hong Kong profits tax at the rate of 16.5% (2024: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year, except for one subsidiary of the Company which is a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The first HK\$2,000,000 (equivalent to RMB1,844,000) (2024: HK\$2,000,000 (equivalent to RMB1,843,000)) of assessable profits of this subsidiary is taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

本集團須按16.5%稅率(二零二四年: 16.5%)就年內源自香港的估計應課稅溢利計提香港利得稅撥備,惟本公司的一間附屬公司除外,該公司為符合兩級制利得稅稅率制度的實體。該附屬公司首筆2,000,000港元(相當於人民幣1,844,000元)(二零二四年: 2,000,000港元(相當於人民幣1,843,000元))的應課稅溢利按8.25%的稅率繳稅,其餘應課稅溢利則按16.5%的稅率繳稅。其他地區的應課稅溢利的稅項已按本集團經營業務所在司法權區的當前稅率計算。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

10. INCOME TAX CREDIT (continued)

Except for the following companies, the subsidiaries of the Company established in Mainland China were subject to corporate income tax ("CIT") at the statutory tax rate of 25% in the following years:

		2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年
Beijing Wafer*	北京威發*	15%	15%
Xi'an Wafer*	西安威發*	15%	15%

* The entity is qualified as High and New Technology Enterprises and was entitled to a preferential CIT rate of 15% for the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024.

The subsidiary which operates in Vietnam was subject to CIT at a rate of 17% (2024: 20%) in accordance with the relevant income range for the year ended 31 December 2025.

The Group is operating in certain jurisdictions where the Pillar Two Rules are effective or enacted but not effective. However, as the Group's estimated effective tax rates of all the jurisdictions in which the Group operates are higher than 15%, after taking into account the adjustments under the Pillar Two Rules based on management's best estimate, the management of the Group considered that the Group is not liable to top-up tax under the Pillar Two Rules.

10. 所得稅抵免 (續)

除以下公司外，本公司於中國內地成立之附屬公司於以下年度須按25%法定稅率繳納企業所得稅（「企業所得稅」）：

* 該實體符合高新技術企業資格，且於截至二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度享有優惠企業所得稅率15%。

於截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，在越南運營的附屬公司須按17%（二零二四年：20%）的稅率根據相關收入範圍繳納企業所得稅。

本集團於支柱二規則生效或已頒佈但尚未生效的若干司法權區營運。然而，由於本集團於其營運所在的所有司法權區的估計實際稅率高於15%，經計及基於管理層最佳估計根據支柱二規則作出的調整後，本集團管理層認為，本集團毋須根據支柱二規則繳納補足稅。

10. INCOME TAX CREDIT (continued)

10. 所得稅抵免 (續)

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(57,834)	(66,505)
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 16.5% (2024: 16.5%)	按16.5% (二零二四年： 16.5%)法定稅率計算 的稅項	(9,543)	(10,973)
Different tax rates enacted by local authorities in Mainland China	中國內地地方稅務局 實施的不同稅率	(498)	(1,033)
Different tax rates in different jurisdictions	不同司法權區的不同稅率	(142)	(112)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣稅的開支	6,911	4,561
Income not subject to tax	毋須課稅之收入	(627)	(690)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	尚未確認之稅務虧損的 稅務影響	2,640	5,291
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	動用先前尚未確認之 稅項虧損	(1,180)	-
Overprovision in prior years	於過往年度超額撥備	(6,050)	-
Tax credit at the Group's effective tax rate	按本集團實際稅率計算的 稅項抵免	(8,489)	(2,956)

11. DIVIDEND

No dividend has been paid or proposed by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2025 and subsequent to the end of the reporting period (2024: Nil).

11. 股息

截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度及於報告期末後，本公司概無派付或建議派付股息（二零二四年：無）。

12. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic loss per share amount is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 199,888,000 (2024: 196,569,271) in issue during the year.

12. 母公司擁有人應佔每股虧損

每股基本虧損乃根據本年度母公司擁有人應佔虧損，以及年內已發行普通股加權平均數199,888,000股（二零二四年：196,569,271股）計算。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

12. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT (continued)

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share are based on:

12. 母公司擁有人應佔每股虧損 (續)

每股基本及攤薄虧損之計算以下述各項為依據：

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss	虧損		
Loss attributable to owners of the parent, used in the basic and diluted loss per share calculation	母公司擁有人應佔虧損，用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損	(49,345)	(63,549)

		2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年
Number of shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic and diluted loss per share calculation	用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損的年內已發行普通股加權平均數	199,888,000	196,569,271
Loss per share	每股虧損		
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	(RMB24.69 cents) (人民幣24.69分)	(RMB32.33 cents) (人民幣32.33分)

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of the calculation of basic loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2024 had been adjusted for the bonus elements in the issue of shares of the Company completed on 31 January 2024 as if effective since 1 January 2024.

用於計算截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的每股基本虧損的普通股加權平均數已就本公司於二零二四年一月三十一日完成的股份發行的紅利成份作出調整，猶如自二零二四年一月一日起生效。

The calculation of diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2024 had not been taken into account the effect of the potential ordinary shares on convertible bond as the assumed conversion would result in a decrease in loss per share.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，由於假設轉換將導致每股虧損減少，每股攤薄虧損概不計及可換股債券的潛在普通股的影響而計算。

No adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024 in respect of a dilution as the impact of share options outstanding had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share amounts presented.

由於尚未行使之購股權對呈報之每股基本虧損金額具反攤薄影響，故並無就攤薄對截至二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度呈報之每股基本虧損金額作出調整。

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

13. 投資物業

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Fair value	公允價值		
At beginning of year	於年初	63,806	77,575
Additions	添置	784	-
Disposal	出售	(1,881)	-
Change in fair value	公允價值變動	(12,919)	(16,082)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(2,265)	2,313
At end of year	於年末	47,525	63,806

As at 31 December 2025 and 2024, the Group's investment properties consisted of car parking spaces and office premises located in Hong Kong and Mainland China. All investment properties were held under operating leases to earn rental income or for capital appreciation purposes, and were measured by using the fair value model.

During the year ended 31 December 2025, the additions to the investment properties amounted to RMB784,000, representing six car parking spaces located in Mainland China. During the year ended 31 December 2025, the Group disposed of car parking spaces in Hong Kong at total cash consideration of RMB1,881,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, there was no addition to and disposal of investment properties.

The fair value of the Group's office premises at 31 December 2025 have been arrived at on market value basis carried out by Jones Lang Lasalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited, independent valuers who holds recognised and relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued. During the year ended 31 December 2025, the fair value loss of the office premises was RMB11,250,000 (2024: RMB15,483,000).

於二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團的投資物業包括位於香港及中國內地的停車位及辦公物業。所有投資物業乃根據經營租賃持有以賺取租金收入或作資本增值用途而持有，並以公允價值模式計量。

截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，新增投資物業人民幣784,000元，即位於中國內地之六個停車位。截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團出售位於香港之停車位，現金代價總額為人民幣1,881,000元。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，概無添置及出售投資物業。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團辦公物業之公允價值已由獨立估值師仲量聯行企業評估及諮詢有限公司（持有認可及相關專業資格，並擁有於近期對投資物業之地點及類別進行估值之經驗）按市值基準進行之估值達致。截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，辦公物業之公允價值虧損為人民幣11,250,000元（二零二四年：人民幣15,483,000元）。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The fair value of the car parking spaces are determined by applying the market approach by reference to sales price of comparable market transactions which is publicly available. During the year ended 31 December 2025, the fair value loss of the car parking spaces was RMB1,669,000 (2024: RMB599,000).

The fair value of the car parking spaces are classified as Level 2 recurring fair value measurement. During the year ended 31 December 2025, there was no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between Levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

The fair value of the office premises are classified as Level 3 fair value measurement. A reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balance is provided below:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fair value	公允價值		
At beginning of year	於年初	59,389	72,712
Change in fair value	公允價值變動	(11,250)	(15,483)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(2,147)	2,160
At end of year	於年末	45,992	59,389

13. 投資物業 (續)

停車位的公允價值乃通過應用市場法，參考公開可得之可比市場交易的銷售價格釐定。於截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，停車位的公允價值虧損為人民幣1,669,000元（二零二四年：人民幣599,000元）。

停車位之公允價值分類為第二級經常性公允價值計量。截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，公允價值層級的第一級與第二級之間概無轉移。本集團之政策是於轉移發生之報告期末確認公允價值級別之間的轉移。

辦公物業的公允價值分類為第三級公允價值計量。年初與年末公允價值結餘對賬如下：

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs used in determining the fair value measurement of the office premises, as well as the inter-relationship between key unobservable inputs and fair value, is detailed in the table below:

Valuation techniques used	Significant unobservable inputs used	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
所用的估值技術	所用的重大不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據與公允價值的關係
Market approach – Direct comparison method	Discount/premium on location, building age, floor level, view and facilities of the properties	The higher the premium/ discount the higher/ lower the fair value
市場法—直接比較法	有關物業之地點、樓齡、樓層、視野及設施之折讓/ 溢價	溢價/ 折讓越高，公允價值越高/ 越低

There were no changes to the valuation techniques of level 3 fair value measurements in the year. The fair value measurement is based on the above items' highest and best use, which does not differ from their actual use.

As at 31 December 2025, the Group's investment properties with a carrying value of RMB45,992,000 (2024: RMB59,389,000) were pledged to secure a bank loan of the Group (note 29(c)).

13. 投資物業 (續)

釐定辦公物業的公允價值計量所用的估值技術及重大不可觀察輸入數據以及關鍵不可觀察輸入數據與公允價值之間的相互關係詳述於下表：

年內，第三級公允價值計量的估值技術並無變動。公允價值計量基於上述項目的最高及最佳用途，該用途與其實際用途並無差異。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團賬面值為人民幣45,992,000元（二零二四年：人民幣59,389,000元）的投資物業被質押為本集團銀行貸款作擔保（附註29(c)）。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

14. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業維修 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Equipment 設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
2025	二零二五年					
At 1 January 2025	於二零二五年一月一日					
Cost	成本	2,191	1,500	1,122	2,427	7,240
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,843)	(1,073)	(987)	(2,165)	(6,068)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	348	427	135	262	1,172
At 1 January 2025, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二五年一月一日， 扣除累計折舊	348	427	135	262	1,172
Additions	添置	973	320	327	171	1,791
Depreciation provided during the year	年內計提之折舊	(205)	(366)	(168)	(207)	(946)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	44	(4)	-	-	40
At 31 December 2025, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二五年十二月三十一日， 扣除累計折舊	1,160	377	294	226	2,057
At 31 December 2025	於二零二五年十二月三十一日					
Cost	成本	2,389	1,124	1,449	2,804	7,766
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,229)	(747)	(1,155)	(2,578)	(5,709)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	1,160	377	294	226	2,057

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

14. 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業維修 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Equipment 設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
2024	二零二四年					
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日					
Cost	成本	1,932	1,227	1,121	2,491	6,771
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,445)	(927)	(891)	(2,117)	(5,380)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	487	300	230	374	1,391
At 1 January 2024, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二四年一月一日， 扣除累計折舊	487	300	230	374	1,391
Additions	添置	272	509	-	166	947
Write off	撇銷	-	(11)	-	-	(11)
Depreciation provided during the year	年內計提之折舊	(421)	(375)	(95)	(278)	(1,169)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	10	4	-	-	14
At 31 December 2024, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二四年十二月三十一日， 扣除累計折舊	348	427	135	262	1,172
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日					
Cost	成本	2,191	1,500	1,122	2,427	7,240
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,843)	(1,073)	(987)	(2,165)	(6,068)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	348	427	135	262	1,172

At 31 December 2025 and 2024, no property, plant and equipment were pledged.

於二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日，並無物業、廠房及設備被質押。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

15. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various buildings used in its operations. Buildings in Mainland China generally have lease terms between 2 and 5 years. Buildings in Hong Kong generally have lease terms between 1 and 3 years. There are no lease contracts that include extension and termination options and variable lease payments.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

15. 租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團有用於其業務營運的多個樓宇的租賃合約。中國內地樓宇的租期通常介乎2至5年。香港樓宇的租期通常介乎1至3年。概無租賃合約包括續租及終止選擇權以及可變租賃付款。

(a) 使用權資產

本集團年內使用權資產的賬面值及變動如下：

		Buildings 樓宇 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	13,026
Lease modification	租賃修訂	2,096
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(6,659)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	32
		<hr/>
At 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025	於二零二四年十二月三十一日及 二零二五年一月一日	8,495
New leases	新租賃	4,096
Lease modification	租賃修訂	3,619
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(5,183)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(50)
		<hr/>
At 31 December 2025	於二零二五年十二月三十一日	10,977

15. LEASES (continued)**The Group as a lessee** (continued)**(b) Lease liabilities**

The carrying amount of lease liabilities (included under interest-bearing bank and other borrowings, note 29) and the movements during the year are as follows:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 January	於一月一日之賬面值	8,964	13,824
New leases	新租賃	4,096	-
Accretion of interest recognised during the year (note 7)	年內已確認利息增幅 (附註7)	522	480
Payments	付款	(5,623)	(7,471)
Lease modification	租賃修訂	3,501	2,096
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(55)	35
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之 賬面值	11,405	8,964
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Within one year	一年內	4,289	4,561
Later than one year and not later than two years	一年後但於兩年內	4,844	1,572
Later than two years and not later than five years	兩年後但於五年內	2,272	2,831
		11,405	8,964

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

15. 租賃 (續)**本集團作為承租人** (續)**(b) 租賃負債**

年內租賃負債(計入計息銀行及其他借款項下·附註29)的賬面值及變動如下:

租賃負債的到期日分析披露於綜合財務報表附註39。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

15. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	522	480
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊開支	5,183	6,659
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益表中確認款項總額	5,705	7,139

(d) The total cash outflows for leases are disclosed in note 34(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group as a lessor

Rental income earned from investment properties during the year was RMB2,161,000 (2024: RMB2,235,000). The properties held have committed tenants for 1 year.

The minimum rent receivables under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within one year	一年內	613	2,836

15. 租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人 (續)

(c) 於損益中確認的租賃相關款項如下：

(d) 有關租賃的現金流出總額披露於綜合財務報表附註34(c)。

本集團作為出租人

年內自投資物業賺取的租金收入為人民幣2,161,000元(二零二四年：人民幣2,235,000元)。所持有物業的承諾租期為一年。

根據不可撤銷經營租賃的最低應收租金如下：

16. GOODWILL

16. 商譽

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost:	成本：		
At 1 January and 31 December	於一月一日及十二月三十一日	207,580	207,580
Accumulated impairment:	累計減值：		
At 1 January	於一月一日	(81,111)	(72,628)
Impairment during the year (note 6)	年內減值(附註6)	(23,488)	(8,483)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(104,599)	(81,111)
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值：		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	102,981	126,469

Network system integration cash-generating unit

The carrying amount of goodwill acquired through business combinations allocated to the network system integration cash-generating unit is as follows:

網絡系統整合現金產生單位

透過業務合併收購之商譽的賬面值分配至網絡系統整合現金產生單位如下：

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Before impairment loss	減值虧損前	207,580	207,580
After impairment loss	減值虧損後	102,981	126,469

Goodwill related to the network system integration cash-generating unit arising from the acquisition of Fortune Grace in 2015. Details of the acquisition are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 6 and 13 November 2015. To support the management to determine the recoverable amount of the network system integration cash-generating unit (the "Recoverable Amount of CGU"), the Group engaged an independent professional valuer, Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited, to perform a valuation.

與網絡系統整合現金產生單位相關的商譽於二零一五年收購Fortune Grace時產生。收購詳情載於本公司日期為二零一五年十一月六日及十三日之公告。為協助管理層釐定網絡系統整合現金產生單位的可收回金額(「現金產生單位的可收回金額」)，本集團委聘獨立專業估值師仲量聯行企業評估及諮詢有限公司進行估值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

16. GOODWILL (continued)

Network system integration cash-generating unit

(continued)

The Recoverable Amount of CGU has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period with budgeted revenue growth rates, the budgeted gross margins, the discount rate and the terminal growth rate applied in the cash flow projections. As at 31 December 2025, based on the goodwill impairment assessment results, the Recoverable Amount of CGU and the carrying amount of the network system integration cash-generating unit, comprising the goodwill, other intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of the Group that generate cash flows together with the related goodwill in the respective cash generating unit for the purpose of impairment assessment, were approximately RMB116,015,000 (2024: RMB153,850,000) and RMB139,503,000 (2024: RMB162,333,000) respectively. As the Recoverable Amount of CGU is below its carrying amount, an impairment loss on goodwill of approximately RMB23,488,000 was recorded for the year ended 31 December 2025 (2024: RMB8,483,000).

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the anticipated slower gross profit growth and rising operating costs in the Group's smart office software solutions business have been taken into account in the cash flow projection. By taking into account of the heightened geopolitical risks and fluctuations in market conditions, including the intensified competition, changing customers preferences with higher demand for advanced functionality, rapid technological changes and industry innovation, the directors of the Company considered that these factors could adversely affect the Group's operating performance and competitive position, and resulting in a downward revision on the projected future cash flow of the network system integration cash-generating unit and its recoverable amount. The directors of the Company considered that these reasons directly affected the parameters applied in the assumptions used in the value-in-use calculation for network system integration cash-generating unit as at 31 December 2025 as mentioned below.

16. 商譽 (續)

網絡系統整合現金產生單位 (續)

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使用現金流量預測計算的使用價值釐定，而現金流量預測則以管理層所批准涵蓋五年期預算收入增長率的財務預算、預算毛利率、折現率及應用於現金流量預測的永久增長率為根據。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，根據商譽減值評估結果，現金產生單位的可收回金額約為人民幣116,015,000元（二零二四年：人民幣153,850,000元），而網絡系統整合現金產生單位（就減值評估而言包括本集團商譽、其他無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及產生現金流量的使用權資產連同於各自現金產生單位中的相關商譽）的賬面值約為人民幣139,503,000元（二零二四年：人民幣162,333,000元）。由於現金產生單位的可收回金額低於其賬面值，截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度錄得商譽減值虧損約人民幣23,488,000元（二零二四年：人民幣8,483,000元）。

本公司董事認為，本集團智能辦公軟件解決方案業務預期之毛利增長放緩及經營成本增加已計及現金流量預測。考慮到地緣政治風險升溫及市況波動（包括競爭加劇、客戶偏好不斷變化，對先進功能有更高要求、快速技術變革及行業創新），本公司董事認為該等因素可能對本集團的經營表現及競爭地位造成不利影響，並導致下調網絡系統整合現金產生單位的預期未來現金流量及其可收回金額。本公司董事認為該等原因直接影響下文所述於二零二五年十二月三十一日網絡系統整合現金產生單位的使用價值計算中所應用的假設參數。

16. GOODWILL (continued)**Network system integration cash-generating unit**

(continued)

Assumptions were used in the value-in-use calculation for network system integration cash-generating unit for 31 December 2025 and 2024. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill:

Budgeted revenue growth rates – The budgeted revenue growth rates are based on the historical revenue growth data and market outlook perceived by management. The five-year budget period with estimated revenue growth rate applied at 31 December 2025 range from 4.22% to 8.61% per annum (2024: -1.55% to 11.79% per annum).

Budgeted gross margins – The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected market development. The gross margin for the five-year budget period applied in the cash flow projections range from 20.46% to 26.08% (2024: 21.22% to 29.98%).

Discount rate – The discount rate used is before tax and reflects specific risks relating to the relevant unit. The discount rate applied at 31 December 2025 is 20.75% (2024: 20.11%).

Long term growth rate – The long term growth rate is based on market data and management's expectation on the future development of the technology industry. The long term growth rate applied at 31 December 2025 is 2.00% (2024: 2.00%).

The values assigned to the key assumptions on market development and discount rate are consistent with external information sources.

16. 商譽 (續)**網絡系統整合現金產生單位** (續)

已就計算二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日網絡系統整合現金產生單位之使用價值應用假設。下文載述管理層使用其現金流預測進行商譽減值測試所依據之各個主要假設：

預算收入增長率—預算收入增長率乃根據歷史收入增長數據及管理層對市場前景展望釐定。應用於二零二五年十二月三十一日的五年預算期間之估計收入增長率介乎每年4.22%至8.61% (二零二四年：每年-1.55%至11.79%)。

預算毛利率—預算毛利率之價值乃根據緊接預算年度前之年內已達到之平均毛利率 (就預期市場發展有所增長) 釐定。應用於現金流預測的五年預算期間之毛利率介乎每年20.46%至26.08% (二零二四年：21.22%至29.98%)。

折現率—所用折現率為除稅前折現率，並反映與有關單位相關之特定風險。應用於二零二五年十二月三十一日的折現率為20.75% (二零二四年：20.11%)。

長期增長率—長期增長率乃根據市場數據及管理層對技術行業未來發展的期望釐定。應用於二零二五年十二月三十一日的長期增長率為2.00% (二零二四年：2.00%)。

市場發展之主要假設價值及折現率與外部資料來源一致。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

17. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

17. 其他無形資產

2025		RMB'000
二零二五年		人民幣千元
Cost:	成本：	
At 1 January 2025 and 31 December 2025	於二零二五年一月一日及 二零二五年十二月三十一日	202,446
Accumulated amortisation:	累計攤銷：	
At 1 January 2025	於二零二五年一月一日	184,732
Amortisation provided during the year	年內攤銷撥備	17,714
At 31 December 2025	於二零二五年十二月三十一日	202,446
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值：	
At 31 December 2025	於二零二五年十二月三十一日	-

2024		RMB'000
二零二四年		人民幣千元
Cost:	成本：	
At 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於二零二四年一月一日及 二零二四年十二月三十一日	202,446
Accumulated amortisation:	累計攤銷：	
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	164,487
Amortisation provided during the year	年內攤銷撥備	20,245
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	184,732
Net carrying amount:	賬面淨值：	
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	17,714

As at 31 December 2025 and 2024, the Group's other intangible assets consist of technology know-how, which was arose from the acquisition of Fortune Grace in 2015. The Group prepared impairment testing for other intangible assets together with goodwill related to the network system integration cash generating unit, and no impairment loss was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2024. Details of the impairment testing are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團的其他無形資產包括專有技術，該專有技術於二零一五年收購Fortune Grace時產生。本集團已就其他無形資產連同與網絡系統整合現金產生單位有關的商譽進行減值測試，截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，概無確認減值虧損。有關減值測試的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

18. DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax assets

18. 遞延稅項

遞延稅項資產

		Impairment loss of assets 資產減值 虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	3,547	385	3,932
Credited to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內於損益計入(附註10)	230	-	230
At 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025	於二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二五年一月一日	3,777	385	4,162
Debited to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內於損益扣除(附註10)	(122)	-	(122)
At 31 December 2025	於二零二五年十二月三十一日	3,655	385	4,040

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延稅項負債

		Fair value adjustment on acquisition of a subsidiary 收購一間 附屬公司之 公允價值調整 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	5,693
Credited to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內於損益計入(附註10)	(3,036)
At 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025	於二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二五年一月一日	2,657
Credited to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內於損益計入(附註10)	(2,657)
At 31 December 2025	於二零二五年十二月三十一日	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

18. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of deductible temporary differences of RMB208,713,000 (2024: RMB500,100,000) as the deductible temporary differences have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for years and it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The unused tax losses of the PRC subsidiaries will expire in five years.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

At 31 December 2025, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled RMB125,355,000 at 31 December 2025 (2024: RMB122,436,000).

18. 遞延稅項 (續)

概無就可扣減暫時差異人民幣208,713,000元(二零二四年:人民幣500,100,000元)確認遞延稅項資產,原因為該等可扣減暫時差異產生自於多年內錄得虧損的附屬公司,因此不大可能有應課稅溢利可供可扣減暫時差異使用作抵銷。中國附屬公司的未動用稅項虧損將於五年內到期。

根據中國企業所得稅法,在中國內地成立的外資企業向外國投資者宣派股息,有關股息須繳納10%的代扣代繳稅。此規定自二零零八年一月一日開始生效並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日之後的盈利。倘若中國內地與該等外國投資者所屬司法權區訂有稅收協定,則代扣代繳稅稅率或有所調低。因此,本集團有責任就在中國內地成立的該等附屬公司自二零零八年一月一日起產生的盈利所分派股息繳納代扣代繳稅。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日,並無就本集團在中國內地成立的附屬公司之未宣派盈利應付之代扣代繳稅確認遞延稅項。董事認為,該等附屬公司不可能於可見未來分派有關盈利。於二零二五年十二月三十一日,尚未確認遞延稅項負債之於中國內地附屬公司之投資相關的暫時差異總額為人民幣125,355,000元(二零二四年:人民幣122,436,000元)。

19. FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

On 17 February 2017, the Company entered into a capital injection agreement (“Agreement”) with 華訊方舟科技有限公司 (China Communication Technology Co., Ltd.* “CCT”) which was established in Shenzhen, Guangdong Province of the PRC, and certain shareholders of CCT, pursuant to which the Company would inject an amount of RMB600,000,000 in CCT. The capital injection was completed on 25 July 2018 when the Company became a non-substantial shareholder of CCT and owned approximately 3.95% of the enlarged registered capital of CCT. Upon completion of the capital injection into CCT and other conditions as stipulated in the Agreement, the Group has irrevocably designated this unlisted equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income at initial recognition as the Group considers this investment to be strategic in nature. As at 31 December 2019, resulting from CCT’s capital increase during the year, the Company’s shareholding percentage decreased to approximately 3.91% of the enlarged registered capital of CCT. There was no change on the shareholding percentage during the year ended 31 December 2024.

19. 按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產

於二零一七年二月十七日，本公司與華訊方舟科技有限公司（「華訊方舟」，乃於中國廣東省深圳市成立）及華訊方舟若干股東訂立注資協議（「該協議」），據此，本公司向華訊方舟注資人民幣600,000,000元。注資已於二零一八年七月二十五日完成。本公司已成為華訊方舟的非主要股東，並擁有華訊方舟經擴大註冊資本約3.95%。於注資華訊方舟及該協議規定的其他條件完成後，由於本集團認為該投資屬策略性質，因此在初步確認時將其不可撤銷地指定為按公允價值計入其他全面收益的非上市股本投資。於二零一九年十二月三十一日，因華訊方舟於年內增資，本公司的持股百分比減少至華訊方舟經擴大註冊資本約3.91%。於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，持股比例概無變化。

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產		
Unlisted equity investment, at fair value	按公允價值計算的非上市股本投資		
CCT	華訊方舟	-	11,023

* The English name is for identification purpose only.

* 英文名稱僅供識別

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

19. FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2025, the above unlisted equity investment was disposed of by the Group (note 30). The cumulative net fair value change previously recognised in fair value reserve were transferred to accumulated losses.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the fair value loss, net of the income tax effect, in respect of the above unlisted equity investment recognised in other comprehensive loss amounted to RMB1,916,000. The fair value loss for the year ended 31 December 2024 was primarily attributable to (i) the fair value loss of the investment properties held by CCT; (ii) the decrease in recoverable amount of other receivables held by CCT; and (iii) the increase of unenforced amount under various litigations for enforcement to CCT.

To support the management to determine the fair value of CCT as at 31 December 2024, the Group engaged an independent professional valuer, Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited, to perform a valuation. Details of the summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of the investment together with a quantitation sensitivity analysis are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

20. INVENTORIES

19. 按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產(續)

截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，上述非上市股本投資已由本集團出售(附註30)。過往於公允價值儲備確認之公允價值累計變動淨額已轉撥至累計虧損。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，就其他全面虧損確認的上述非上市股本投資的公允價值虧損(扣除所得稅影響)為人民幣1,916,000元。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的公允價值虧損主要歸因於(i)華訊方舟所持有之投資物業的公允價值虧損；(ii)華訊方舟所持有之其他應收款項可收回金額減少及(iii)多項訴訟下對華訊方舟強制執行的未執行金額增加。

為協助管理層釐定華訊方舟於二零二四年十二月三十一日的公允價值，本集團委聘獨立專業估值師仲量聯行企業評估及諮詢有限公司進行估值。有關投資估值之重大不可觀察輸入數據概要的詳情，連同定量敏感度分析，載於綜合財務報表附註38。

20. 存貨

	2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Merchandised goods 庫存商品	18,277	10,122

21. TRADE, BILLS RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT ASSETS

21. 貿易及票據應收款以及合約資產

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	184,042	132,182
Impairment	減值	(8,257)	(9,194)
Trade receivables, net	貿易應收款項淨額	175,785	122,988
Contract assets	合約資產	200,236	155,853
Bills receivables	票據應收款	3,090	1,726
		379,111	280,567

Trade receivables of the Group represented proceeds receivable from the sale of goods and rendering of services. The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers where payment in advance is normally required. The credit term generally ranges from 30 to 90 days, and a longer credit term will be granted to certain major customers. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control management system to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned, as at 31 December 2025, except for the amounts due from one (2024: one) customer exceeding 10% of the Group's total trade and bills receivables, the remaining balances of the trade receivables related to a large number of diversified customers. There is no significant concentration of credit risk as at 31 December 2025. Trade receivables were interest-free and unsecured as at 31 December 2025.

Contract assets arise from construction services for communication network infrastructure and network system upgrade infrastructure. It primarily relates to the Group's right to consideration for work completed but not yet unconditional at the reporting date. The contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional. The Group's construction contracts include payment schedules which require stage payments over the construction period once milestones are reached. These payment schedules prevent the build-up of significant contract assets. Additionally, 6% of the contract sum for implementation price is kept in contract assets until the end of the retention period as the Group's entitlement to it is conditional on the Group's work satisfactorily passing inspection.

本集團貿易應收款項代表銷售貨品及提供服務應收之所得款項。根據本集團之貿易條款，本集團客戶大多享有信貸期，惟新客戶普遍須預先付款。信貸期一般由30至90日不等，而若干主要客戶將獲授較長之信貸期。每名客戶均有最高信貸額。本集團致力嚴格控制其未償還應收款項，並設有信貸控制管理系統，務求將信貸風險減至最低。高級管理人員會定期檢討逾期欠款。基於上述各項，於二零二五年十二月三十一日，除應收單一（二零二四年：單一）客戶款項超過本集團貿易及票據應收款總額10%外，貿易應收款項的餘下結餘與眾多不同的客戶有關。於二零二五年十二月三十一日概無重大信貸風險集中。於二零二五年十二月三十一日之貿易應收款項為免息及無抵押。

合約資產自通信網絡基礎設施及網絡系統升級基礎設施建造服務所產生。主要涉及本集團於報告日期就已落成但未成為無條件工程的對價權利。合約資產於該權利成為無條件時轉為應收款項。本集團建築合約所包括的付款計劃規定一旦達到重大節點，則須於建築期內分階段付款。該等付款計劃可防止累積重大合約資產。此外，因本集團於合約資產之權利取決於本集團工程能否順利通過檢查，合約金額中用作執行價格的6%作為合約資產直至保留期結束。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

21. TRADE, BILLS RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT

ASSETS (continued)

The movements of the contract assets before the provision of allowance are as follows:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At beginning of year	於年初	155,853	133,580
Transfers in the period from contract assets to trade receivables	期內自合約資產轉撥至貿易應收款項	(40,015)	(75,428)
Increase in contract assets as a result of change in measure of progress	進度計量變動引起的合約資產增加	90,684	93,193
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(6,286)	4,508
At end of year	於年末	200,236	155,853

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables and contract assets of the Group as at the end of the reporting period, based on the transaction date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 3 months	三個月內	277,417	206,051
3 to 6 months	三至六個月	30,766	27,846
6 to 12 months	六至十二個月	33,806	18,638
1 to 2 years	一至兩年	17,552	17,536
Over 2 years	兩年以上	16,480	8,770
		376,021	278,841

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At beginning of year	於年初	9,194	10,102
Reversal of impairment losses, net (note 6)	減值虧損撥回淨額(附註6)	(814)	(763)
Amounts written-off as uncollectible	撇銷不可收回款項	(88)	(157)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(35)	12
At end of year	於年末	8,257	9,194

21. 貿易及票據應收款以及合約資產

(續)

計提撥備前合約資產的變動情況如下：

下表載列於報告期末本集團貿易應收款項及合約資產的賬齡分析，有關分析以交易日期為依據，並已扣除虧損撥備：

貿易應收款項的減值虧損撥備變動如下：

21. TRADE, BILLS RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT ASSETS (continued)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer categories with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

To support the management to determine the ECLs of trade receivables, the Group engaged an independent professional valuer, Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited, to perform a valuation.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables and contract assets using a provision matrix:

As at 31 December 2025

		Current 即期	Within 1 year 1年內	Past due 逾期		Total 總計
				1 to 2 years 1至2年	Over 2 years 超過2年	
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	0.065%	0.896%	9.334%	100.000%	2.149%
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	賬面總值(人民幣千元)	284,611	87,014	5,914	6,739	384,278
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	186	780	552	6,739	8,257

As at 31 December 2024

		Current 即期	Within 1 year 1年內	Past due 逾期		Total 總計
				1 to 2 years 1至2年	Over 2 years 超過2年	
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	0.087%	0.683%	9.926%	100.000%	3.192%
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	賬面總值(人民幣千元)	197,469	67,313	16,310	6,943	288,035
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	172	460	1,619	6,943	9,194

21. 貿易及票據應收款以及合約資產 (續)

本集團於各報告日期使用撥備矩陣進行減值分析計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃根據具有類似虧損模式的多個客戶類別分組的逾期日數釐定。計算反映概率加權結果、貨幣時值及於報告日期可得有關過往事項、當前狀況及未來經濟條件預測的合理可靠資料。一般而言，貿易應收款項並無合理預期可收回合約現金流量則予以撇銷。

為協助管理層釐定貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損，本集團委聘一名獨立專業估值師仲量聯行企業評估及諮詢有限公司進行估值。

下表載列本集團使用撥備矩陣計算的貿易應收款項及合約資產之信貸風險資料：

於二零二五年十二月三十一日

於二零二四年十二月三十一日

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

21. TRADE, BILLS RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT

ASSETS (continued)

The maturity profile of the bills receivables of the Group as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 3 months	三個月內	2,305	28
3 to 6 months	三至六個月	685	1,698
6 to 12 months	六至十二個月	100	-
		3,090	1,726

21. 貿易及票據應收款以及合約資產

(續)

於報告期末本集團票據應收款的到期情況如下：

22. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

22. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Advances to suppliers	向供應商墊款	42,703	24,169
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	24,932	21,611
		67,635	45,780
Impairment allowance	減值撥備	(220)	(220)
		67,415	45,560

22. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS (continued)

Where applicable, an impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date by considering the probability of default and expected credit losses are estimated by applying a loss rate approach with reference to the historical loss record of the Group. The loss rate is adjusted to reflect the current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate. The financial assets included in the above balance were categorised in stage 1 at the end of the reporting period. In calculating the expected credit loss rate, the Group considers the historical loss rate and adjusts for forward-looking macroeconomic data. As at 31 December 2025 and 2024, the Group assessed the expected loss rate for the deposits and other receivables to be minimal.

The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk. Long ageing balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its deposits and other receivable balances. Movements in the provision for impairment of deposits and other receivables are as follows:

22. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產 (續)

在適用情況下，於各報告日期通過考慮違約可能性進行減值分析及使用虧損率法估計預期信貸虧損，當中參考本集團的過往虧損記錄。虧損率會作出調整以反映現時狀況及對未來經濟狀況的預測（如適用）。於報告期末，上述結餘內的金融資產劃分為第一階段。計算預期信貸虧損率時，本集團考慮過往虧損率及就前瞻性宏觀經濟數據作出調整。於二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團評估按金及其他應收款項的預期虧損率將極微。

本集團致力嚴格控制其未償還應收款項，務求將信貸風險減至最低。賬齡較長的結餘由高級管理層定期審閱。本集團並無就其按金及其他應收款項結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信用提升。按金及其他應收款項之減值撥備變動如下：

	2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At beginning and end of year	220	220

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

23. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

23. 按公允價值計入損益的股本投資

	2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Listed equity investment, at fair value 按公允價值計算之 上市股本投資	1,153	2,014

The balance represented listed equity securities investments that offer the Group the opportunity for return by way of fair value changes and dividend income. The equity investments are classified as held for trading and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

As at 31 December 2025, equity investments at fair value through profit or loss represents an investment portfolio comprising four (2024: nine) equity securities listed in Hong Kong of which three (2024: eight) are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange and the remaining one (2024: one) are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange.

The total fair value gains of RMB834,000 was recognised for changes in fair value of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss in "Other income and gains" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2025 (2024: fair value losses of RMB2,934,000 in "Other losses").

The fair values of equity investments as at 31 December 2025 have been determined by reference to the quoted market prices available on the Stock Exchange.

結餘指上市股本證券投資，其為本集團提供透過公允價值變動及股息收入取得回報的機遇。股本投資分類為持作交易，並按公允價值計入損益。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，按公允價值計入損益的股本投資為一個由4項（二零二四年：9項）在香港上市的股本證券組成的投資組合，其中3項（二零二四年：8項）在聯交所主板上市，其餘1項（二零二四年：1項）在聯交所GEM上市。

人民幣834,000元的公允價值收益總額已於截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合損益表中的「其他收入及收益」內確認為按公允價值計入損益的股本投資公允價值變動（二零二四年：「其他虧損」中為公允價值虧損人民幣2,934,000元）。

股本投資於二零二五年十二月三十一日的公允價值乃參考於聯交所可得的市場報價釐定。

24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

24. 現金及現金等價物及已抵押存款

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances	現金及現金結餘	48,182	85,506
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	25,988	25,409
		74,170	110,915
Less: Pledged deposits:	減：已抵押存款：		
Pledged for contract bidding	就競投合約作抵押	(1,730)	(2,926)
Pledged for contract execution	就合約執行作抵押	(24,258)	(22,483)
		(25,988)	(25,409)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	48,182	85,506

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to RMB46,007,000 (2024: RMB63,142,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

於報告期末，本集團以人民幣計值之現金及銀行結餘為人民幣46,007,000元（二零二四年：人民幣63,142,000元）。人民幣不可自由兌換為其他貨幣，然而，根據中國內地《外匯管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》，本集團可透過獲授權經營外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兌換成其他貨幣。

銀行現金按每日銀行存款利息之浮動利率賺取利息。銀行結餘及已抵押存款存放於信譽良好且最近無違規記錄的銀行。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

25. TRADE PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade payables of the Group, based on the invoice date, as at the end of the reporting period, is as follows:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 3 months	三個月內	105,311	47,439
3 to 12 months	三至十二個月	53,540	43,366
1 to 2 years	一至兩年	11,239	25,508
Over 2 years	超過兩年	36,952	31,250
		207,042	147,563

The Group normally obtains credit terms ranging from 1 to 3 months from its suppliers. Trade payables are unsecured and interest-free.

25. 貿易應付款項

於報告期末本集團貿易應付款項按發票日期作出的賬齡分析如下：

本集團一般獲供應商給予介乎一至三個月的信貸期。貿易應付款項為無抵押及免息。

26. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
<i>Advances received from customers</i>	自客戶收取的預收款項		
Sales of goods	銷售貨品	27,002	24,660
Rendering of services	提供服務	8,382	11,144
Total contract liabilities	合約負債總額	35,384	35,804

26. 合約負債

合約負債詳情如下：

27. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

27. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2025	2024
		二零二五年	二零二四年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loans from directors	來自董事的貸款	4,484	1,089
Accruals	應計費用	12,930	20,836
Other taxes payable	其他應付稅項	760	3,159
Other payables	其他應付款項	9,184	6,989
Total other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用總額	27,358	32,073

As at 31 December 2025, included in the Group's other payables and accruals were loans from directors of the Company at an aggregate amount of HK\$4,973,000 (equivalent to RMB4,484,000) (2024: HK\$1,159,000 (equivalent to RMB1,089,000)), which were unsecured, interest-free and repayable within one year.

Save as disclosed above, the remaining other payables and accruals are interest-free and have an average term of three months.

28. PROMISSORY NOTE PAYABLE

On 8 June 2023, the Company issued a promissory note to Delta Wealth Credit Limited, which is beneficially owned by Ms. Tin Yat Yu, Carol ("Ms. Tin"), being an executive director and a substantial shareholder of the Company, in principal amount of HK\$41,792,000 (equivalent to RMB38,683,000) as part of the consideration for the acquisition of Sino Profit Trading Limited. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company and Delta Wealth Credit Limited (collectively, the "Parties") reached an agreement to modify certain terms of the promissory note by extending the maturity date for one year. During the year ended 31 December 2025, the Parties agreed to further extend the maturity date for two years. In the opinion of the directors, the modification was considered as non-substantial and the impact was immaterial. As at 31 December 2025, the promissory note was unsecured and interest-free with maturity date on 6 December 2027 (2024: unsecured and interest-free with maturity date on 6 December 2025).

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團其他應付款項及應計費用為來自本公司董事總金額為4,973,000港元（相當於人民幣4,484,000元）（二零二四年：1,159,000港元（相當於人民幣1,089,000元））的貸款，該貸款為無抵押、免息及須於一年內償還。

除上文所披露者外，餘下其他應付款項及應計費用為免息，及平均還款期為三個月。

28. 應付承兌票據

於二零二三年六月八日，本公司發行承兌票據予融富信貸有限公司（由田一好女士（「田女士」），為本公司執行董事及主要股東）實益擁有，本金額為41,792,000港元（相等於人民幣38,683,000元），為收購華盈貿易有限公司的部分代價。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司與融富信貸有限公司（統稱「訂約方」）達成協議，以修訂承兌票據的若干條款，將到期日延長一年。截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，訂約方同意進一步將到期日延長兩年。董事認為，有關修訂被視為非實質性且影響並不重大。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，承兌票據為無抵押及免息，到期日為二零二七年十二月六日（二零二四年：無抵押及免息，到期日為二零二五年十二月六日）。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

29. 計息銀行及其他借款

		2025 二零二五年			2024 二零二四年		
		Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000
		實際利率(%)	到期	人民幣千元	實際利率(%)	到期	人民幣千元
Current	流動						
Lease liabilities (note 15(b))	租賃負債(附註15(b))	4.00-5.44	2026	4,289	4.00-5.44	2025	4,561
Bank loans – unsecured (note 29(a), (b))	銀行貸款—無抵押 (附註29(a)、(b))	2.35-7.10	2026	175,180	3.05-8.83	2025	137,711
Bank loans – secured (note 29(a), (b), (c))	銀行貸款—有抵押 (附註29(a)、(b)、(c))	4.93	2026	17,966	6.58	2025	19,776
Other loans – unsecured (note 29(b), (d), (e), (f))	其他貸款—無抵押 (附註29(b)、(d)、(e)、(f))	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	–	1.50-12.00	2025	32,331
				197,435			194,379
Non-current	非即期						
Lease liabilities (note 15(b))	租賃負債(附註15(b))	4.00-5.44	2028-2029	7,116	4.00-5.44	2028-2029	4,403
Other loans – unsecured (note 29(b), (d), (f))	其他貸款—無抵押 (附註29(b)、(d)、(f))	5.25-8.00	2027	25,273	8.00	2026	2,631
				32,389			7,034
				229,824			201,413

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 December 2025, a director of the Company provided guarantees to certain subsidiaries of the Company in respect of outstanding revolving bank loans in aggregate of RMB160,180,000 (2024: RMB112,711,000).

As at 31 December 2025, a director of the Company also provided guarantee to subsidiaries of the Company in respect of non-revolving bank loans of RMB32,966,000 (2024: RMB29,776,000).

附註:

- (a) 於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本公司一名董事就未償還循環銀行貸款合共人民幣160,180,000元(二零二四年：人民幣112,711,000元)向本公司若干附屬公司提供擔保。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本公司一名董事亦就非循環銀行貸款人民幣32,966,000元(二零二四年：人民幣29,776,000元)向本公司附屬公司提供擔保。

29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

Notes (continued):

- (b) As at 31 December 2025, except for unsecured bank loans of US\$1,524,000 (equivalent to RMB10,651,000) and HK\$138,088,000 (equivalent to RMB124,528,000), secured bank loan of HK\$19,923,000 (equivalent to RMB17,966,000) and unsecured other loan of HK\$28,025,000 (equivalent to RMB25,273,000) which were denominated in US\$ and HK\$, all borrowings are denominated in RMB. As at 31 December 2024, except for unsecured bank loans of US\$138,000 (equivalent to RMB1,003,000) and HK\$101,413,000 (equivalent to RMB95,298,000), secured bank loan of HK\$21,045,000 (equivalent to RMB19,776,000) and unsecured other loans at an aggregate amount of HK\$37,204,000 (equivalent to RMB34,961,000) which were denominated in US\$ and HK\$, all borrowings were denominated in RMB.
- (c) As at 31 December 2025, the investment properties of the Group at an aggregate amount of RMB45,992,000 (2024: RMB59,389,000) were pledged to secure a bank loan of HK\$19,923,000 (equivalent to RMB17,966,000) (2024: HK\$21,045,000 (equivalent to RMB19,776,000)). The loan portion of repayment after one year under the loan agreement containing a repayment on demand clause was classified as current liability. Except for this secured bank loan, all the unsecured bank loans as at 31 December 2025 and 2024 were repayable within one year.
- (d) A loan agreement with principal amount of HK\$2,800,000 (equivalent to RMB2,525,000) (2024: HK\$2,800,000 (equivalent to RMB2,631,000)) was entered into between a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and a related company named Finsoft Finance Limited. Ms. Tin, holding not more than 30% of the ultimate holding company of the related company, is also a director of the related company and the Company. As at 31 December 2025, the loan was unsecured, bearing interest rate of 8% per annum with maturity date on 18 November 2027 (2024: unsecured, bearing interest rate of 8% per annum with maturity date on 22 December 2026).

29. 計息銀行及其他借款 (續)

附註 (續) :

- (b) 於二零二五年十二月三十一日，除以美元及港元計值的無抵押銀行貸款1,524,000美元（相當於人民幣10,651,000元）及138,088,000港元（相當於人民幣124,528,000元）、有抵押銀行貸款19,923,000港元（相當於人民幣17,966,000元）及無抵押其他貸款28,025,000港元（相當於人民幣25,273,000元）外，所有借款均以人民幣計值。於二零二四年十二月三十一日，除以美元及港元計值的無抵押銀行貸款138,000美元（相當於人民幣1,003,000元）及101,413,000港元（相當於人民幣95,298,000元）、有抵押銀行貸款21,045,000港元（相當於人民幣19,776,000元）及無抵押其他貸款總額37,204,000港元（相當於人民幣34,961,000元）外，所有借款均以人民幣計值。
- (c) 於二零二五年十二月三十一日，本集團總金額為人民幣45,992,000元（二零二四年：人民幣59,389,000元）的投資物業已抵押以取得銀行貸款19,923,000港元（相當於人民幣17,966,000元）（二零二四年：21,045,000港元（相當於人民幣19,776,000元））。根據載有按要求償還條款的貸款協議於一年後償還的貸款部分分類為流動負債。除該有抵押銀行貸款外，於二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日的所有無抵押銀行貸款均須於一年內償還。
- (d) 本公司一間全資附屬公司與一間名為匯財貸款有限公司的關連公司訂立本金額為2,800,000港元（相當於人民幣2,525,000元）（二零二四年：2,800,000港元（相當於人民幣2,631,000元））的貸款協議。田女士（持有關連公司最終控股公司不超過30%權益）亦為關連公司及本公司董事。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，該貸款為無抵押、按年利率8%計息，到期日為二零二七年十一月十八日（二零二四年：無抵押、按年利率8%計息，到期日為二零二六年十二月二十二日）。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

Notes (continued):

- (e) The balance as at 31 December 2024 included a loan from a director of the Company of HK\$4,253,000 (equivalent to RMB3,997,000) which was unsecured and bearing interest at a rate of 12% per annum with maturity date on 28 December 2025.
- (f) The carrying amount of a loan from Smoothly Global Holdings Limited, a shareholder of the Company, amounting to HK\$25,225,000 (equivalent to RMB22,748,000) (2024: HK\$30,151,000 (equivalent to RMB28,333,000)) is unsecured with annual effective interest rate of 5.25% and will mature on 24 November 2027 (2024: unsecured and bearing interest at a rate of 1.5% per annum with maturity date on 24 November 2025).

29. 計息銀行及其他借款 (續)

附註 (續) :

- (e) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日的結餘包括來自本公司一名董事的貸款4,253,000港元 (相當於人民幣3,997,000元) , 該筆貸款為無抵押及按年利率12%計息, 到期日為二零二五年十二月二十八日。
- (f) 本公司股東Smoothly Global Holdings Limited的貸款賬面值為25,225,000港元 (相當於人民幣22,748,000元) (二零二四年: 30,151,000港元 (相當於人民幣28,333,000元)) 為無抵押, 實際年利率為5.25%, 到期日為二零二七年十一月二十四日 (二零二四年: 無抵押及按年利率1.5%計息, 到期日為二零二五年十一月二十四日)。

29. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

Notes (continued):

Based on the scheduled repayment terms set out in the loan agreements and ignoring the effect of any repayment on demand clause, the maturity of borrowings would be as follows:

29. 計息銀行及其他借款 (續)

附註(續):

根據貸款協議所載的計劃償還條款而不計任何按
要求償還條款的影響，借款的到期日如下：

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Analysed into:	分析為：		
Banks loans repayable:	應償還的銀行貸款：		
Within 3 months	三個月內	46,964	11,982
3 to 12 months	三至十二個月	105,839	124,948
1 to 2 years	一至兩年	24,517	2,737
Over 2 years	兩年以上	15,826	17,820
Subtotal	小計	193,146	157,487
Other borrowings repayable:	其他應償還借款：		
Within 3 months	三個月內	1,061	7,394
3 to 12 months	三至十二個月	3,228	29,498
1 to 2 years	一至兩年	30,117	4,203
Over 2 years	兩年以上	2,272	2,831
Subtotal	小計	36,678	43,926
Total	總計	229,824	201,413

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

30. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 17 December 2025, the Group disposed of its 100% equity interests of Chunlin International Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Chunlin Group") for a cash consideration of HK\$7.8 to an independent third party. The net liabilities of the Chunlin Group at the date of disposal were as follows:

30. 出售附屬公司

於二零二五年十二月十七日，本集團以現金代價7.8港元向獨立第三方出售其於春霖國際有限公司及其附屬公司（統稱「春霖集團」）的全部股權。春霖集團於出售日期的負債淨額如下：

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net liabilities disposal of:	出售負債淨額：	
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產	11,023
Other receivables	其他應收款項	57
Bank balances	銀行結餘	3
Trade and other payables	貿易應付款項及其他應付款項	(14,211)
		(3,128)
Total net liabilities disposed of	已出售總負債淨額	
		(3,128)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries:	出售附屬公司的收益：	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	—*
Net liabilities disposed of	已出售負債淨額	3,128
		3,128
Net cash outflow arising from disposal of subsidiaries:	出售附屬公司產生的現金流出淨額	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	—*
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已出售現金及現金等價物	(3)
		(3)
Net cash outflow	現金流出淨額	(3)

* Less than RMB1,000.

* 少於人民幣1,000元。

31. SHARE CAPITAL
Shares

31. 股本
股份

		2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足：		
199,888,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.01 each (2024: 199,888,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.01 each)	199,888,000股每股面值0.01美元 之普通股（二零二四年： 199,888,000股每股面值 0.01美元之普通股）	US\$1,998,880 1,998,880美元	US\$1,998,880 1,998,880美元
Equivalent to	相當於	RMB13,427,000 人民幣13,427,000元	RMB13,427,000 人民幣13,427,000元

A summary of movements in the Company's share capital is as follows:

本公司股本變動概要如下：

		Number of shares in issue 已發行股份 數目	Share capital Equivalent to	
			US\$'000	RMB'000
			千美元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	140,688,000	1,407	9,221
Issue of shares (note)	發行股份（附註）	59,200,000	592	4,206
At 31 December 2024, 1 January 2025 and 31 December 2025	於二零二四年十二月三十一日、 二零二五年一月一日及 二零二五年十二月三十一日	199,888,000	1,999	13,427

Notes:

On 31 January 2024, 59,200,000 new shares were issued at a price of HK\$0.19 per share to a subscriber namely Mr. Wong Tai Kuen at cash consideration, net of expenses, of HK\$10,731,000 (equivalent to RMB9,753,000). The related transaction costs amounted to HK\$518,000 (equivalent to RMB470,000).

附註：

於二零二四年一月三十一日，以每股0.19港元的價格向認購人王大權先生發行59,200,000股新股，現金代價（扣除開支）為10,731,000港元（相當於人民幣9,753,000元）。相關交易成本為518,000港元（相當於人民幣470,000元）。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

(a) 2010 Share Option Scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "2010 Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any invested entity. Eligible participants of the 2010 Share Option Scheme include the Company's directors, including executive directors and independent non-executive directors, employees of the Group, the Company's shareholders, any non-controlling shareholder in the Company's subsidiaries, holders of any security issued or proposed to be issued by any member of the Group or any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest, and any other person including any consultant, distributor, contractor, supplier, agent, customer, business partner, joint venture business partner, promoter or service provider of any member of the Group whom the board of directors considers, in its sole discretion, has contributed or will contribute to the Group. The 2010 Share Option Scheme became effective on 25 October 2010 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. As such, the 2010 Share Option Scheme expired in October 2020.

32. 購股權計劃

(a) 二零一零年購股權計劃

本公司設有購股權計劃（「二零一零年購股權計劃」），旨在向對本集團業務成就有所貢獻之合資格參與人士提供獎勵及獎賞，及／或讓本集團能聘用及留聘優秀僱員以及吸引對本集團及任何投資實體具有價值的人力資源。二零一零年購股權計劃合資格參與人士包括本公司董事（包括執行董事及獨立非執行董事）、本集團僱員、本公司股東、本公司附屬公司之非控股股東、本集團之任何成員公司或本集團持有任何股權的任何實體發行或擬發行的任何證券持有人，以及任何其他人士，包括任何顧問、分銷商、承包商、供應商、代理、顧客、商業合作夥伴、合營企業商業合作夥伴、發起人或董事會可全權決定的對本集團已經或將會作出貢獻的本集團任何成員公司的任何提供服務者。二零一零年購股權計劃於二零一零年十月二十五日生效，除非經取消或修訂，否則將自該日起有效10年。因此，二零一零年購股權計劃已於二零二零年十月屆滿。

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

(a) 2010 Share Option Scheme (continued)

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The following share options were outstanding under the 2010 Share Option Scheme during the year:

		2025 二零二五年		2024 二零二四年	
		Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價 HK\$ 港元	Number of options 購股權數目 '000 千份	Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價 HK\$ 港元	Number of options 購股權數目 '000 千份
At 1 January and 31 December	於一月一日及 十二月三十一日	34	396	34	396

Note:

Due to the share consolidation in 2021, the exercise price of the share options granted on 25 October 2016 was adjusted from HK\$1.7 to HK\$34.0.

No share options under the 2010 Share Option Scheme were granted, exercised, cancelled, or lapsed during the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024.

32. 購股權計劃 (續)

(a) 二零一零年購股權計劃 (續)

購股權不賦予其持有人收取股息或於股東大會投票之權利。

以下為年內根據二零一零年購股權計劃尚未行使之購股權：

附註：

由於二零二一年的股份合併，於二零一六年十月二十五日授出的購股權的行使價由1.7港元調整至34.0港元。

截至二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，概無根據二零一零年購股權計劃已授出、行使、註銷或失效之購股權。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

(a) 2010 Share Option Scheme (continued)

Category of participants	參與者類別	Number of share options 購股權數目 '000 千份	Exercise price per share* 每股行使價* HK\$ 港元	Grant date of share option 購股權授出日期	Exercise period 行使期
Director	董事	14	34	25-10-2016 二零一六年 十月二十五日	25-10-2016 to 25-10-2026 二零一六年十月二十五日至 二零二六年十月二十五日
		11	34	25-10-2016 二零一六年 十月二十五日	25-10-2017 to 25-10-2026 二零一七年十月二十五日至 二零二六年十月二十五日
		11	34	25-10-2016 二零一六年 十月二十五日	25-10-2018 to 25-10-2026 二零一八年十月二十五日至 二零二六年十月二十五日
		36			
Employee	員工	144	34	25-10-2016 二零一六年 十月二十五日	25-10-2016 to 25-10-2026 二零一六年十月二十五日至 二零二六年十月二十五日
		108	34	25-10-2016 二零一六年 十月二十五日	25-10-2017 to 25-10-2026 二零一七年十月二十五日至 二零二六年十月二十五日
		108	34	25-10-2016 二零一六年 十月二十五日	25-10-2018 to 25-10-2026 二零一八年十月二十五日至 二零二六年十月二十五日
		360			
		396			

* The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

* 購股權之行使價須於供股或發行紅股或在本公司股本出現其他類似變動時予以調整。

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

(a) 2010 Share Option Scheme (continued)

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year ended 31 December 2016 was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

Dividend yield (%)	0.00
Expected volatility (%)	59.63
Risk-free interest rate (%)	1.56
Expected life of options (year)	10
Exercise multiple	2.393

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data over the past three years and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

(b) 2021 Share Option Scheme

On 23 June 2021, a share option scheme (the "2021 Share Option Scheme") was approved by the shareholders of the Company and adopted by the Company.

The purposes of the 2021 Share Option Scheme are, through ownership of shares and/or the increase in value of shares, to align the participants' interests with those of the Group, to incentivise and reward the participants for their contribution to the long-term growth and profits of the Group and any of the invested entity, and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any of the invested entity, with a view to achieving the objective of increasing the value of the Group.

32. 購股權計劃 (續)

(a) 二零一零年購股權計劃 (續)

截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止年度，已授出以權益結算購股權之公允價值，乃於授出日期採用二項式模式估計，並考慮所授出購股權的條款及條件。下表列出計算模式所用的輸入資料：

股息收益率(%)	0.00
預期波幅(%)	59.63
無風險利率(%)	1.56
購股權預期年限(年)	10
行使倍數	2.393

購股權之預期年限以過往三年之歷史數據為基準，且未必反映可能發生的行使模式。預期波幅反映過往波幅顯示未來趨勢的假設，同樣未必反映實際結果。

(b) 二零二一年購股權計劃

於二零二一年六月二十三日，購股權計劃（「二零二一年購股權計劃」）已獲本公司股東批准，並由本公司採納。

二零二一年購股權計劃旨在透過股份擁有權及／或股份增值，將參與者之利益與本集團之利益保持一致，以激勵及獎勵參與者對本集團及任何投資實體之長期增長及溢利作出貢獻，及／或使本集團能招攬及挽留優秀僱員並吸納對本集團及任何投資實體具有價值之人力資源，從而實現提升本集團價值的目標。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

(b) 2021 Share Option Scheme (continued)

Eligible participants include the directors of the Company, any employee (whether full-time or part-time) of the Company or shareholder, any supplier of goods or services to, any customer of, and any advisors, consultants, agents and distributors of any member of the Group.

The maximum number of share options permitted to be granted under the 2021 Share Option Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue on the adoption date. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the 2021 Share Option Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

32. 購股權計劃 (續)

(b) 二零二一年購股權計劃 (續)

合資格參與人士包括本公司董事、任何本公司僱員(不論全職或兼職)或股東,以及向本集團任何成員公司提供貨品或服務的任何供應商、任何客戶及任何諮詢人、顧問、代理及分銷商。

根據二零二一年購股權計劃獲准授出的購股權的最高數目於行使時相等於本公司於採納日期已發行股份之10%。各合資格參與人士於任何12個月期間內按二零二一年購股權計劃獲授出購股權之可發行股份數目上限,為不多於本公司於任何時間已發行股份之1%。授出任何超過此上限之購股權必須於股東大會上得到股東批准。

向本公司董事、行政總裁或主要股東或彼等之任何聯繫人士授出購股權須經獨立非執行董事事先批准。此外,於任何12個月期間內,如向本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等之任何聯繫人士授出購股權涉及之股份,超過本公司於任何時間已發行股份0.1%,或總值超過5百萬港元(根據授出日期本公司之股份收市價計算),則須經股東於股東大會上事先批准。

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

(b) 2021 Share Option Scheme (continued)

Participants of the 2021 Share Option Scheme are required to pay the Company HK\$1.00 upon acceptance of the grant on the offer date. The exercise price of the options is determined by the board of directors in its absolute discretion and shall not be less than whichever is the highest of:

- (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of the grant, which must be a trading day;
- (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five (5) trading days immediately preceding the date of the grant; and
- (c) the par value of a Share on the date of grant.

The 2021 Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 23 June 2021 after which no further options will be granted or offered.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The following share options were outstanding under the 2021 Share Option Scheme during the year:

		2025 二零二五年		2024 二零二四年	
		Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價	Number of options 購股權數目	Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價	Number of options 購股權數目
		HK\$ 港元	'000 千份	HK\$ 港元	'000 千份
At 1 January	於一月一日	1.486	6,529	1.486	6,529
Lapsed during the year	於本年度失效	1.486	(6,529)	-	-
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	N/A 不適用	-	1.486	6,529

During the year ended 31 December 2025, no share options were granted, exercised or cancelled under the 2021 Share Option Scheme, and 6,528,600 share options were lapsed under the 2021 Share Option Scheme. During the year ended 31 December 2024, no share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the 2021 Share Option Scheme.

32. 購股權計劃 (續)

(b) 二零二一年購股權計劃 (續)

二零二一年購股權計劃的參與人士須於要約日接納購股權時向本公司支付1.00港元。購股權的行使價由董事會全權酌情釐定，惟不得低於下列最高者：

- (a) 授出購股權當日（必須為交易日）聯交所每日報價表所列的股份收市價；
- (b) 緊接授出購股權前五(5)個交易日聯交所每日報價表所列的股份平均收市價；及
- (c) 於授出日期之股份面值。

二零二一年購股權計劃於二零二一年六月二十三日起計十年期間有效及生效，期滿後不得再授出或授予購股權。

購股權並無賦予持有人享有股息或於股東大會投票的權利。

以下為年內根據二零二一年購股權計劃尚未行使之購股權：

截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，二零二一年購股權計劃項下概無購股權已獲授出、行使或註銷，而二零二一年購股權計劃項下6,528,600份購股權已獲失效。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，二零二一年購股權計劃項下概無購股權已獲授出、行使、註銷或失效。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

(b) 2021 Share Option Scheme (continued)

On 13 September 2021, the Company offered to grant share options of the Company to grantees (the "Grantees"), which are subject to the acceptance of the Grantees and the payment of HK\$1.00 by each of the Grantees upon acceptance of the options, which carry the rights to subscribe for a total of 6,528,600 ordinary shares, pursuant to the 2021 Share Option Scheme. Details of the share options outstanding under 2021 Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2024 are stated as follows:

Category of participants	參與人士類別	Number of share options 購股權數目 '000 千股	Exercise price per share* 每股行使價* HK\$ 港元	Grant date of share option 購股權授出日期	Exercise period 行使期
Directors	董事	456,300	1.486	13/9/2021 二零二一年 九月十三日	13/9/2021-12/9/2025 二零二一年九月十三日至 二零二五年九月十二日
		456,300	1.486	13/9/2021 二零二一年 九月十三日	13/9/2022-12/9/2025 二零二二年九月十三日至 二零二五年九月十二日
Other participants	其他參與者	2,808,000	1.486	13/9/2021 二零二一年 九月十三日	13/9/2021-12/9/2025 二零二一年九月十三日至 二零二五年九月十二日
		2,808,000	1.486	13/9/2021 二零二一年 九月十三日	13/9/2022-12/9/2025 二零二二年九月十三日至 二零二五年九月十二日
		6,528,600			

The share option expense under the 2021 Share Option Scheme recognised by the Group is RMB670,000 (2024: RMB897,000) during the year ended 31 December 2025.

32. 購股權計劃 (續)

(b) 二零二一年購股權計劃 (續)

於二零二一年九月十三日，本公司已根據二零二一年購股權計劃向承授人（「承授人」）提呈授出本公司購股權，惟須待承授人接納及各承授人於接納購股權時支付1.00港元後，承授人將可認購合共6,528,600股普通股。於二零二四年十二月三十一日，二零二一年購股權計劃項下尚未行使購股權的詳情載列如下：

截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團確認二零二一年購股權計劃項下之購股權開支為人民幣670,000元（二零二四年：人民幣897,000元）。

32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

(b) 2021 Share Option Scheme (continued)

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year ended 31 December 2021 was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

Dividend yield (%)	0.00
Expected volatility (%)	81.95
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.52
Expected life of options (year)	4
Exercise multiple	0-3.34

The expected life of options is based on the historical data over the past three years and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

At the end of the year, the Company had 396,000 share options outstanding under the 2010 Share Option Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 396,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of US\$3,960 (equivalent to RMB27,676) (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the Company had 396,000 share options outstanding under the 2010 Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 0.2% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

33. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 84 to 87 of the consolidated financial statements.

32. 購股權計劃 (續)

(b) 二零二一年購股權計劃 (續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已授出以股權結算購股權之公允價值，乃於授出日期採用二項式模型估計，並考慮所授出購股權的條款及條件。下表列出模型所用的輸入資料：

股息收益率(%)	0.00
預期波幅(%)	81.95
無利率風險(%)	0.52
購股權預期年限(年)	4
行使倍數	0 - 3.34

購股權之預期年限以過往三年之歷史數據為基準，且未必為可能發生行使模式的指標。預期波幅反映歷史波幅顯示未來趨勢的假設，同樣未必為實際結果。

於年末，本公司擁有396,000份購股權尚未根據二零一零年購股權計劃行使。根據本公司現時的股本架構，悉數行使尚未行使購股權可能會導致額外發行396,000股本公司普通股及增加股本3,960美元（相當於人民幣27,676元）（未扣除發行開支）。

於批准該等綜合財務報表日期，本公司擁有396,000份購股權尚未根據二零一零年購股權計劃行使，相當於該日本公司已發行股份約0.2%。

33. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度之儲備金額及其變動於綜合財務報表第84頁至87頁之綜合權益變動表呈列。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

34. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2025, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use asset and lease liabilities of RMB7,715,000 (2024: RMB2,096,000) and RMB7,597,000 (2024: RMB2,096,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for buildings.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had non-cash transaction for the extinguishment of debt component of convertible bond by way of a new other borrowing of RMB28,063,000.

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities 2025

34. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 重大非現金交易

截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團就建築物租賃安排有使用權資產及租賃負債之非現金添置分別為人民幣7,715,000元（二零二四年：人民幣2,096,000元）及人民幣7,597,000元（二零二四年：人民幣2,096,000元）。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團就通過新的其他借款人民幣28,063,000元清償可換股債券債務部分進行非現金交易。

(b) 融資活動所產生之負債變動

二零二五年

		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Loans from directors 來自董事之貸款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings* 計息銀行及其他借款* RMB'000 人民幣千元	Promissory note payable 應付承兌票據 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2025	於二零二五年一月一日	8,964	1,089	192,449	28,191
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量產生之變動：				
New bank and other borrowings	新增銀行及其他借款	-	-	197,242	-
Repayments of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借款	-	-	(157,596)	-
Lease payments	租賃付款	(5,101)	-	-	-
Transfer	轉讓	-	4,392	(4,392)	-
Repayments of loan from a director	償還來自一名董事的貸款	-	(800)	(564)	-
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量產生之變動總額	(5,101)	3,592	34,690	-
Other changes:	其他變動：				
New leases	新租賃	4,096	-	-	-
Lease modification	租賃修訂	3,501	-	-	-
Interest expense	利息開支	522	-	12,333	-
Interest paid classified as operating cash flows	分類為經營現金流量之已付利息	(522)	-	(12,333)	-
Foreign exchange movements	匯兌變動	(55)	(197)	(8,720)	(1,137)
At 31 December 2025	於二零二五年十二月三十一日	11,405	4,484	218,419	27,054

* The interest-bearing bank and other borrowings excluding the lease liabilities.

* 計息銀行及其他借款不包括租賃負債。

34. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

2024

34. 綜合現金流量表附註 (續)

(b) 融資活動所產生之負債變動 (續)

二零二四年

		Lease liabilities	Loans from directors	Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings*	Convertible bond	Promissory note payable
		租賃負債	董事之貸款	計息銀行及其他借款*	可換股債券	應付承兌票據
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	13,824	1,718	155,737	26,364	36,700
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量產生之變動:					
New bank and other borrowings	新增銀行及其他借款	-	-	200,207	-	-
Repayments of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借款	-	-	(195,773)	-	-
Lease payments	租賃付款	(6,991)	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from loans from a director	來自一名董事的貸款所得款項	-	800	-	-	-
Repayments of loan from a director	償還來自一名董事的貸款	-	(1,475)	-	-	-
Repayments of promissory note payable	償還應付承兌票據	-	-	-	-	(9,564)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量產生之變動總額	(6,991)	(675)	4,434	-	(9,564)
Other changes:	其他變動:					
Lease modification	租約修改	2,096	-	-	-	-
Extinguishment	清償	-	-	28,063	(28,063)	-
Interest expense	利息開支	480	-	11,493	1,330	-
Interest paid classified as operating cash flows	分類為經營現金流量之已付利息	(480)	-	(11,493)	-	-
Foreign exchange movements	匯兌變動	35	46	4,215	369	1,055
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	8,964	1,089	192,449	-	28,191

* The interest-bearing bank and other borrowings excluding the lease liabilities.

* 計息銀行及其他借款不包括租賃負債。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

34. NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(c) Total cash outflows for leases

The total cash outflows for leases included in the consolidated statement of cash flows is as follows:

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within operating activities	經營活動內	522	480
Within financing activities	融資活動內	5,101	6,991
		5,623	7,471

35. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of the Group's assets pledged for the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings are included in note 29(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with its related parties during the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024:

- (a) On 24 December 2020, the Group entered into a loan facility agreement of HK\$10,000,000 (equivalent to RMB9,018,000) with a director of the Company. As at 31 December 2025, HK\$1,159,000 (equivalent to RMB1,045,000) was outstanding under this loan facility (note 27) (2024: HK\$1,159,000 (equivalent to RMB1,089,000)). The outstanding balance under this loan facility as at 31 December 2025 and 2024 was unsecured, interest-free and repayable within one year.

34. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(c) 租賃之現金流出總額

載於綜合現金流量表的租賃之現金流出總額如下：

35. 資產抵押

就本集團計息銀行借款所抵押的本集團資產詳情載於綜合財務報表附註29(c)。

36. 關連方交易及關連交易

除綜合財務報表其他部分所披露的交易外，於截至二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度本集團與其關連方進行下列交易：

- (a) 於二零二零年十二月二十四日，本集團與本公司一名董事訂立貸款融資額度協議10,000,000港元（相當於人民幣9,018,000元）。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，該貸款融資額度下1,159,000港元（相當於人民幣1,045,000元）尚未償還（附註27）（二零二四年：1,159,000港元（相當於人民幣1,089,000元））。於二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日，該貸款融資額度下未償還結餘為無抵押、免息及須於一年內償還。

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) On 29 June 2023, the Group entered into loan agreement of HK\$3,600,000 (equivalent to RMB3,246,000) with a director of the Company. As at 31 December 2025, HK\$3,814,000 (equivalent to RMB3,439,000) was outstanding under this loan facility (note 27) (2024: HK\$4,253,000 (equivalent to RMB3,997,000) (note 29(e))). The outstanding balance under this loan facility as at 31 December 2025 was unsecured, interest-free with maturity date on 28 December 2026 (2024: unsecured, bearing interest at a rate of 12% per annum with maturity date on 28 December 2025).

(c) Outstanding balances with related parties

Details of the Group's outstanding balances with its related parties as at the end of the reporting period are disclosed in notes 27, 28 and 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

(d) Compensation of management personnel of the Group

During the year, the Company did not identify any personnel as key management other than the directors of the Company. Further details of directors' and the chief executive's emoluments are included in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

36. 關連方交易及關連交易 (續)

(b) 於二零二三年六月二十九日，本集團與本公司一名董事訂立貸款協議3,600,000港元（相當於人民幣3,246,000元）。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，該貸款融資項下3,814,000港元（相當於人民幣3,439,000元）尚未償還（附註27）（二零二四年：4,253,000港元（相當於人民幣3,997,000元）（附註29(e)））。於二零二五年十二月三十一日，該貸款融資項下的未償還結餘為無抵押，免息，到期日為二零二六年十二月二十八日（二零二四年：無抵押，按年利率12%計息，到期日為二零二五年十二月二十八日）。

(c) 與關連方之未償還餘額

本集團於報告期末與關連方之未償還餘額詳情於綜合財務報表附註27、28及29披露。

(d) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬

年內，除本公司董事外，本公司並無識別任何人士為主要管理層。董事及最高行政人員薪酬之進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

2025

Financial assets

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Total
	Financial assets at amortised cost	按公允價值 計入損益的 金融資產	總計
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and bills receivables	貿易及票據應收款	178,875	178,875
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	計入預付款項、其他應收款項 及其他資產的金融資產	24,712	24,712
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公允價值計入損益之 股本投資	-	1,153
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	25,988	25,988
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	48,182	48,182
		277,757	278,910

37. 按類別劃分金融工具

報告期末各類別金融工具的賬面值如下：

二零二五年

金融資產

Financial liabilities

金融負債

		Financial liabilities at amortised cost
	按攤銷成本 列賬之 金融負債	RMB'000
		人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	207,042
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	計入其他應付款項及應計費用之 金融負債	13,668
Promissory note payable	應付承兌票據	27,054
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	229,824
		477,588

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

(continued)

2024

Financial assets

37. 按類別劃分金融工具 (續)

二零二四年

金融資產

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
	Financial assets at amortised cost	按公允價值 計入損益的 金融資產	按公允價值 計入其他全面 收益的金融資產	總計
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and bills receivables	貿易及票據應收款	124,714	-	124,714
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產	21,391	-	21,391
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公允價值計入損益之股本投資	-	2,014	2,014
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產	-	-	11,023
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	25,409	-	25,409
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	85,506	-	85,506
		257,020	2,014	11,023
				270,057

Financial liabilities

金融負債

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	
	按攤銷成本 列賬之 金融負債	
	RMB'000	
	人民幣千元	
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	147,563
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	計入其他應付款項及應計費用之金融負債	8,078
Promissory note payable	應付承兌票據	28,191
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	201,413
		385,245

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

	Carrying amounts		Fair values	
	賬面值		公允價值	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	二零二五年	二零二四年	二零二五年	二零二四年
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Financial assets				
Equity investment at fair value through profit or loss	1,153	2,014	1,153	2,014
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	11,023	-	11,023
	1,153	13,037	1,153	13,037

The Group's corporate finance team is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The corporate finance team reports directly to the chief executive officer. At each reporting date, the corporate finance team analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and the major inputs applied in the valuation which performed by an independent professional valuer, if any. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief executive officer.

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade and bills receivables, current financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, pledged deposits, trade payables, promissory note payable, interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and the current financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

38. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級

本集團金融工具(賬面值與公允價值合理相若者除外)之賬面值及公允價值如下:

本集團屬下的企業財務組負責就金融工具的公允價值計量制定政策及程序。企業財務組直接向總裁匯報。於各報告日期，企業財務組分析金融工具價值變動及應用於獨立專業估值師進行之估值的主要輸入數據(如有)。估值已由總裁審閱及批准。

經管理層評估後，現金及現金等價物、貿易及票據應收款、計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的流動金融資產、已抵押存款、貿易應付款項、應付承兌票據、計息銀行及其他借款以及計入其他應付款項及應計費用的流動金融負債的公允價值與其賬面值相若，主要由於該等工具的到期期限較短。

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The fair value of the unlisted equity investment designated as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income at 31 December 2024 was estimated using a summation method with majority of component assets are valued by market-based valuation technique based on assumptions that are not supported by observable market prices or rates. The valuation requires the directors to determine comparable public companies (peers) based on industry, size, leverage and strategy, and to calculate an appropriate price multiple, such as price to book ("P/B") multiple, and enterprise value to sales ("EV/S") multiple, for each comparable company identified. The multiple is calculated by dividing the enterprise value of the comparable company by an earnings measure. The trading multiple is then discounted for considerations such as illiquidity and size differences between the comparable companies based on company-specific facts and circumstances. The discounted multiple is applied to the corresponding earnings measure of the unlisted equity investment to measure the fair value. The directors believe that the estimated fair values resulting from the valuation technique, which are recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related changes in fair values, which are recorded in other comprehensive income, are reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate values at the end of the reporting period.

38. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級 (續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日指定為按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產的非上市股本投資的公允價值，已根據並非由可觀察市場價格或利率支持的假設使用主要組成部分資產以市場為基準估值方法進行估值的合計法作出估計。估值規定董事根據行業、規模、槓桿及策略釐定可資比較公眾公司(同業)，並就各間已識別可資比較公司計算適用價格倍數，如價格比賬面價值(「P/B」)倍數和企業價值比銷售(「EV/S」)倍數。倍數以可資比較公司的企業價值除以盈利計量計算。交易倍數其後按公司特定事實及情況就代價(如非流動資金及可資比較公司之間的規模差異)折現。折現倍數應用於非上市股本投資的相應盈利計量以計量公允價值。董事相信，記錄於綜合財務狀況表的估值方法所致預計公允價值及記錄於其他全面收益的公允價值相關變動均屬合理，且為報告期末最適當的價值。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of financial investments fall under level 3 together with a quantitation sensitivity analysis at 31 December 2024:

38. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級 (續)

公允價值等級

下表概述歸屬於第3級金融投資估值之重大不可觀察輸入數據以及於二零二四年十二月三十一日之定量敏感度分析：

Description 描述	Valuation technique 估值方法	Unobservable input 不可觀察輸入數據	Amount of unobservable input 不可觀察輸入數值	Sensitivity of fair value to the input 公允價值對輸入數據之敏感度
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income 按公允價值計入其他全面收益之金融資產	Summation method (With majority of the component assets valued by market approach) 合計法 (主要組成部分資產以市場法進行估值)	Valuation multiple: 估值倍數:		
		Price to book 價格比賬面價值	0.42 to 0.92 0.42至0.92	10% increase/decrease in multiple would result in increase/decrease in fair value by 0.37% 倍數增加/減少10%將導致公允價值增加/減少0.37%
		Enterprise value to sales 企業價值比銷售	1.54 to 7.58 1.54至7.58	10% increase/decrease in multiple would result in increase/decrease in fair value by 14.26%/0.00% 倍數增加/減少10%將導致公允價值增加/減少14.26%/0.00%
		Discount for lack of marketability (%) 缺乏市場流通性折讓 (%)	33.78% 33.78%	10% increase/decrease in discount would result in decrease/increase in fair value by 15.10% 折讓增加/減少10%將導致公允價值減少/增加15.10%
		Discount for lack of control (%) 缺乏控制權折讓 (%)	25.10% 25.10%	10% increase/decrease in discount would result in decrease/increase in fair value by 36.79% 折讓增加/減少10%將導致公允價值減少/增加36.79%

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The discount for lack of marketability represents the discounts determined by the Group that market participants would take into account when pricing the investments.

The valuation multiples represent the market multiples derived from the comparable companies (peers) and were applied to the financials of the financial assets to arrive the fair value.

The discount for lack of control represents the amount by which the pro rata value of a non-controlling interest is less than the pro rata value of a controlling interest over which a business enterprise reflects lack of a control.

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value:

38. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級 (續)

公允價值等級 (續)

缺乏市場流通性折讓即市場參與者在為投資定價時會考慮之本集團所釐定之折讓。

估值倍數即來自可資比較公司(同業)的市場倍數,並應用於金融資產的財務業績以達致公允價值。

缺乏控制權折讓即業務企業反映缺乏控制權的非控制權益比例值少於控制權益比例值的金額。

下表列示本集團金融工具的公允價值計量等級:

按公允價值計量的資產:

		Fair values measurement using 公允價值計量採用			Total
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) 活躍市場報價 (第1級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察 輸入數據 (第2級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀察 輸入數據 (第3級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 31 December 2025	於二零二五年 十二月三十一日				
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公允價值計入損益的 股本投資	1,153	-	-	1,153
As at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日				
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公允價值計入損益的 股本投資	2,014	-	-	2,014
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允價值計入其他 全面收益的金融資產	-	-	11,023	11,023
		2,014	-	11,023	13,037

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The movements in fair value measurements within Level 3 during the year are as follows:

Equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January	於一月一日	11,023	12,939
Total unrealised losses recognised in other comprehensive income	於其他全面收益確認的未變現虧損總額	-	(1,916)
Disposal (note 30)	出售(附註30)	(11,023)	-
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	-	11,023

38. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級(續)

公允價值等級(續)

年內第3級公允價值計量的變動如下:

按公允價值計入其他全面收益的股本投資

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and cash and cash equivalents. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and bills receivables, trade and bills payables, which arise directly from its operations.

It is, and has been throughout the year under review, the Group's policy that trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken with due care.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括計息銀行及其他借款以及現金及現金等價物。該等金融工具的主要目的乃為本集團的業務籌集資金。本集團有多項其他金融資產和負債，例如貿易及票據應收款、貿易及票據應付款，均直接自本集團業務產生。

於整個回顧年度內，本集團一貫政策為審慎進行金融工具交易。

來自本集團金融工具的主要風險為利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險和流動性風險。董事會審閱和批准管理上述各項風險的政策，有關政策概述如下。

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Group's debt obligations in US\$, RMB and HK\$ with floating interest rates.

The Group's policy is to manage its interest costs using a mix of fixed and floating rate debts with respect to the prevailing interest rate environment. The Group mitigates the risk by monitoring closely the movements in interest rates and reviewing its banking facilities regularly. The Group has not used any interest rate swap to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's loss before tax and equity in response to changes in interest rates of the Group's floating rate debts in US\$, RMB and HK\$ (with all other variables held constant).

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

利率風險

本集團所面對的利率變動風險，主要涉及本集團的美元、人民幣及港元浮息債務。

本集團的政策乃按現行利率環境，利用定息和浮息債務的組合管理利息成本。本集團藉密切監視利率走勢及定期檢討銀行信貸以緩解有關風險。本集團並無使用任何利率掉期以對沖所面對的利率風險。

下表載列本集團除稅前虧損和權益對本集團美元、人民幣及港元浮息債務的利率變動（所有其他變數維持不變）的敏感度。

		Increase/ (decrease) in interest rate basis points 利率基點 上升/(下跌)	(Increase)/ decrease in loss before tax 除稅前虧損 (增加)/減少	(Decrease)/ increase in equity* 權益 (減少)/增加*
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
2025	二零二五年			
US\$ debts	美元債務	100	(107)	-
RMB debts	人民幣債務	100	(400)	-
HK\$ debts	港元債務	100	(1,425)	-
US\$ debts	美元債務	(100)	107	-
RMB debts	人民幣債務	(100)	400	-
HK\$ debts	港元債務	(100)	1,425	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

		Increase/ (decrease) in interest rate basis points 利率基點 上升／(下跌) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(Increase)/ decrease in loss before tax 除稅前虧損 (增加)／減少 RMB'000 人民幣千元	(Decrease)/ increase in equity* 權益 (減少)／增加* RMB'000 人民幣千元
2024	二零二四年			
US\$ debts	美元債務	100	(10)	-
RMB debts	人民幣債務	100	(414)	-
HK\$ debts	港元債務	100	(1,151)	-
US\$ debts	美元債務	(100)	10	-
RMB debts	人民幣債務	(100)	414	-
HK\$ debts	港元債務	(100)	1,151	-

* Excluding retained profits/accumulated losses

Foreign currency risk

The Group's companies operated in different locations with most of the transactions settled in local currency and did not have significant exposure to risk resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to impairment is not significant. For transactions that are not denominated in the functional currency of the relevant operating unit, the Group does not offer credit terms without the specific approval of the head of credit control.

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

利率風險 (續)

* 不計及保留溢利／累計虧損

匯率風險

本集團的公司於不同地區營運，大部分交易以當地貨幣結算，並無面臨外匯匯率變動導致的重大風險。

信貸風險

本集團僅與被認可和信譽卓著的第三方進行交易。本集團的政策為須對所有有意以除賬期交易的客戶進行信貸審核程序。此外，應收款結餘持續受監察，而本集團的減值風險並不重大。對於並非以有關經營單位的功能貨幣計算的交易，本集團在未取得信貸監控部主管特別批准下，不會提供除賬期。

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

As at 31 December 2025

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

信貸風險 (續)

最高風險承擔及年末階段分類

下表載列基於本集團信貸政策的信貸品質及最高信貸風險承擔，其主要以逾期資料為基準（除非可於毋須付出不必要的成本或努力取得其他資料），以及於十二月三十一日的年末階段分類。呈列數據為金融資產的總賬面值。

於二零二五年十二月三十一日

	12-month ECLs 12個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetime ECLs			Total 總計
		有可使用期限預期信貸虧損			
		Stage 1 第1級	Stage 2 第2級	Stage 3 第3級	
RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Trade and bills receivables and contract assets*	-	-	-	387,368	387,368
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets - Normal**	24,932	-	-	-	24,932
Pledged deposits - Not yet past due	25,988	-	-	-	25,988
Cash and cash equivalents - Not yet past due	48,182	-	-	-	48,182
	99,102	-	-	387,368	486,470

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued)

As at 31 December 2024

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

信貸風險 (續)

最高風險承擔及年末階段分類 (續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日

	12-month ECLs 12個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetime ECLs			Simplified approach 簡化法 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
		有可使用期限預期信貸虧損				
		Stage 1 第1級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Stage 2 第2級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Stage 3 第3級 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
Trade and bills receivables and contract assets*	貿易及票據應收款以及合約資產*	-	-	-	289,761	289,761
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產	21,611	-	-	-	21,611
- Normal**	- 正常**	21,611	-	-	-	21,611
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	25,409	-	-	-	25,409
- Not yet past due	- 尚未逾期	25,409	-	-	-	25,409
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	85,506	-	-	-	85,506
- Not yet past due	- 尚未逾期	85,506	-	-	-	85,506
		132,526	-	-	289,761	422,287

* For trade and bills receivables and contract assets to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

** The credit quality of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. While the credit quality of the loan receivables is considered to be "doubtful" since it had a significant increase in credit risk.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

* 就本集團應用減值簡化法的貿易及票據應收款和合約資產而言，根據撥備矩陣的資料披露於綜合財務報表附註21。

** 計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產的金融資產的信貸品質在並無逾期及並無資料表明金融資產自初步確認起信貸風險顯著增加時被視為「正常」。而由於應收貸款的信貸風險顯著增加，故其信貸品質被視為「可疑」。

有關本集團所面對因貿易應收款項而產生的信貸風險的進一步定量數據，載於綜合財務報表附註21。

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g., trade receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk rests with the board of directors of the Company, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. Having considered the forthcoming business plan, the Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate banking facilities and continuously monitoring working capital forecast and actual cash flows. Should there be any significant change in banking facilities available, the Group will adjust the working capital forecast and business plan accordingly to maintain its liquidity.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. Where the loan agreement contains a repayable on demand clause which gives the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time, the maturity analysis of such borrowings is classified based on the scheduled repayment terms set out in the loan agreement.

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動性風險

本集團利用經常性流動資金策劃工具監控資金短缺的風險。此項工具考慮金融工具和金融資產(例如貿易應收款項)的到期日以及預測的經營現金流。

流動性風險的最終責任由本公司董事會承擔。本公司董事會為本集團的短期、中長期資金建立適當的流動性風險管理框架以及流動性管理規定。經考慮日後之經營規劃，本集團維持充足銀行融資及持續監督營運資金預測及實際現金流量，藉以管理流動性風險。倘有可供使用銀行融資出現任何重大變動，本集團將相應地調整營運資金預測及經營計劃，維持其流動性。

下表詳述根據協定還款期編製之本集團非衍生金融負債之餘下合約到期日。載有須按要求償還條款的貸款協議賦予放款人無條件權利隨時催收貸款，有關借款到期日分析乃按貸款協議所載的計劃償還條款分類。

2025 二零二五年		Less than 3 months 3個月以下 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Between 3 to 12 months 3至12個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Between 1 to 2 years 1至2年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Between 2 to 5 years 2至5年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Over 5 years 5年以上 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	105,311	53,540	11,239	36,952	-	207,042
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	計入其他應付款項及應計費用之金融負債	13,668	-	-	-	-	13,668
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,061	3,228	4,844	2,272	-	11,405
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (excluding lease liabilities)	計息銀行及其他借款(租賃負債除外)	46,963	105,839	49,790	5,020	10,807	218,419
Promissory note payable	應付承兌票據	-	-	27,054	-	-	27,054
		167,003	162,607	92,927	44,244	10,807	477,588

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

流動性風險 (續)

2024		Less than 3 months	Between 3 to 12 months	Between 1 to 2 years	Between 2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
二零二四年		3個月以下	3至12個月	1至2年	2至5年	5年以上	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	47,439	43,366	25,508	31,250	-	147,563
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	計入其他應付款項及應計費用之金融負債	8,078	-	-	-	-	8,078
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,618	2,943	1,572	2,831	-	8,964
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (excluding lease liabilities)	計息銀行及其他借款(租賃負債除外)	17,758	151,503	5,368	3,450	14,370	192,449
Promissory note payable	應付承兌票據	-	28,191	-	-	-	28,191
		74,893	226,003	32,448	37,531	14,370	385,245

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its businesses and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2025 and 2024.

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標是保障本集團以持續經營方式繼續營運以及維持穩健的資本比率，以支持其業務和實現股東價值最大化。

本集團因應經濟狀況的轉變和相關資產的風險特點來管理資本結構並對其作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構，本集團可調整向股東派發的股息、向股東退還股本或發行新股份。本集團並無受到任何外界施加的資本要求所規限。於截至二零二五年及二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，並無對管理資本的目標、政策或程序作出任何改動。

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Capital management (continued)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is calculated by total of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and promissory note payable divided by the total assets. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

資本管理 (續)

本集團採用資本負債比率監視資本，資產負債比率乃按計息銀行及其他借款以及應付承兌票據之總額除以總資產計算。報告期末的資本負債比率如下：

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (note 29)	計息銀行及其他借款 (附註29)	229,824	201,413
Promissory note payable (note 28)	應付承兌票據 (附註28)	27,054	28,191
		256,878	229,604
Total assets	總資產	707,706	682,019
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	36.3%	33.7%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

31 December 2025

二零二五年十二月三十一日

40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

40. 本公司財務狀況表

有關本公司於報告期末的財務狀況表的資料如下：

		2025 二零二五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSET	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司投資	174,670	209,651
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Prepayments, other receivables and other assets	預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產	164	707
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	62,772	78,875
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	8	433
Total current assets	流動資產總額	62,944	80,015
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	1,971	2,696
Loans from directors	來自董事的貸款	4,484	1,089
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	14,739	7,143
Promissory note payable	應付承兌票據	-	28,191
Interest-bearing other borrowings	計息其他借款	-	32,331
Tax payable	應付稅款	-	6,020
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	21,194	77,470
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動淨資產	41,750	2,545
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債	216,420	212,196
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債		
Promissory note payable	應付承兌票據	27,054	-
Interest-bearing other borrowings	計息其他借款	22,748	-
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	49,802	-
Net assets	淨資產	166,618	212,196
EQUITY	權益		
Share capital (note 31)	股本(附註31)	13,427	13,427
Reserves (note)	儲備(附註)	153,191	198,769
Total equity	權益總額	166,618	212,196

On behalf of the board

代表董事會

Chan Sek Keung, Ringo
陳錫強
Director
董事

Tin Yat Yu, Carol
田一妤
Director
董事

40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Note:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

40. 本公司財務狀況表 (續)

附註：

本公司儲備之概要如下：

		Share premium	Contributed surplus	Share option reserve	Capital reserve	Other reserve	Convertible bond equity reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價	繳入盈餘	購股權儲備	資本儲備	其他儲備	可換股債券權益儲備	匯兌儲備	累計虧損	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	51,921	809,164	10,609	106,715	-	10,113	58,048	(803,179)	243,391
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年度虧損及全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(373)	(51,099)	(51,472)
Issue of shares	發行股份	6,017	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,017
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	(470)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(470)
Transfer	轉撥	-	-	-	-	-	(10,113)	-	10,113	-
Deemed contribution on shareholder loan granted	已授出股東貸款的視作出資	-	-	-	-	1,303	-	-	-	1,303
At 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2025	於二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二五年一月一日	57,468	809,164	10,609	106,715	1,303	-	57,675	(844,165)	198,769
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年度虧損及全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	586	(48,602)	(48,016)
Expiry of share options	購股權到期	-	-	(4,305)	-	-	-	-	4,305	-
Deemed contribution on shareholder loan granted	已授出股東貸款的視作供款	-	-	-	-	2,438	-	-	-	2,438
At 31 December 2025	於二零二五年十二月三十一日	57,468	809,164	6,304	106,715	3,741	-	58,261	(888,462)	153,191

41. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 March 2026.

41. 批准綜合財務報表

董事會於二零二六年三月二十七日批准及授權刊發本綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL PROPERTIES

主要物業

At 31 December 2025
於二零二五年十二月三十一日

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

投資物業

Location 地點	Group's effective interest in the properties 本集團於物業 的實際權益	Usage 用途	Term of lease 租期
Units 707 and 708 on 7th Floor, Capital Centre, No. 151 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔告士打道151號 資本中心7樓707單位及708單位	100%	Commercial 商用	Medium-term 中期
The car parking spaces No. 87 on Car Park Level CP3, Towers 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33, No. 31 Grandeur Road, Parc Oasis, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍 又一居瑰麗路31號 26、27、28、29、30、31、32及33座 停車場CP3層87號停車位	100%	Car parking spaces 停車位	Medium-term 中期
The car parking space No. 276 on Car Park Level 2 in Site B, No. 5 Parc Oasis Road, Parc Oasis, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍又一居 又一居道5號 B地塊停車場2層276號停車位	100%	Car parking spaces 停車位	Medium-term 中期
The car parking space Nos. 1-3, 1-6, 1-527, 1-601, 1-602, 1-708 at Car Park basement, Logan JiuHua Mansion, Hi Tech Zone, Ningbo City, Zhejiang Province 浙江省寧波市高新區 龍光•久樺府地下停車場 1-3、1-6、1-527、1-601、1-602、1-708號停車位	100%	Car parking spaces 停車位	Medium-term 中期



INVESTTECH HOLDINGS LIMITED
威訊控股有限公司